# 1 /ect/init.d/目录下创建nginx文件，将下面代码写入

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| #!/bin/sh  #  # nginx - this script starts and stops the nginx daemon  #  # chkconfig: - 85 15  # description: NGINX is an HTTP(S) server, HTTP(S) reverse \  # proxy and IMAP/POP3 proxy server  # processname: nginx  # config: /etc/nginx/nginx.conf  # config: /etc/sysconfig/nginx  # pidfile: /var/run/nginx.pid  # Source function library.  . /etc/rc.d/init.d/functions  # Source networking configuration.  . /etc/sysconfig/network  # Check that networking is up.  [ "$NETWORKING" = "no" ] && exit 0  nginx="/usr/sbin/nginx"  prog=$(basename $nginx)  NGINX\_CONF\_FILE="/etc/nginx/nginx.conf"  [ -f /etc/sysconfig/nginx ] && . /etc/sysconfig/nginx  lockfile=/var/lock/subsys/nginx  make\_dirs() {  # make required directories  user=`$nginx -V 2>&1 | grep "configure arguments:" | sed 's/[^\*]\*--user=\([^ ]\*\).\*/\1/g' -`  if [ -z "`grep $user /etc/passwd`" ]; then  useradd -M -s /bin/nologin $user  fi  options=`$nginx -V 2>&1 | grep 'configure arguments:'`  for opt in $options; do  if [ `echo $opt | grep '.\*-temp-path'` ]; then  value=`echo $opt | cut -d "=" -f 2`  if [ ! -d "$value" ]; then  # echo "creating" $value  mkdir -p $value && chown -R $user $value  fi  fi  done  }  start() {  [ -x $nginx ] || exit 5  [ -f $NGINX\_CONF\_FILE ] || exit 6  make\_dirs  echo -n $"Starting $prog: "  daemon $nginx -c $NGINX\_CONF\_FILE  retval=$?  echo  [ $retval -eq 0 ] && touch $lockfile  return $retval  }  stop() {  echo -n $"Stopping $prog: "  killproc $prog -QUIT  retval=$?  echo  [ $retval -eq 0 ] && rm -f $lockfile  return $retval  }  restart() {  configtest || return $?  stop  sleep 1  start  }  reload() {  configtest || return $?  echo -n $"Reloading $prog: "  killproc $nginx -HUP  RETVAL=$?  echo  }  force\_reload() {  restart  }  configtest() {  $nginx -t -c $NGINX\_CONF\_FILE  }  rh\_status() {  status $prog  }  rh\_status\_q() {  rh\_status >/dev/null 2>&1  }  case "$1" in  start)  rh\_status\_q && exit 0  $1  ;;  stop)  rh\_status\_q || exit 0  $1  ;;  restart|configtest)  $1  ;;  reload)  rh\_status\_q || exit 7  $1  ;;  force-reload)  force\_reload  ;;  status)  rh\_status  ;;  condrestart|try-restart)  rh\_status\_q || exit 0  ;;  \*)  echo $"Usage: $0 {start|stop|status|restart|condrestart|try-restart|reload|force-reload|configtest}"  exit 2  esac |

# 2 修改脚本中的两个路径

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| nginx=”/usr/local/nginx/sbin/nginx” 修改成nginx执行程序的路径。  NGINX\_CONF\_FILE=” /usr/local/nginx/conf/nginx.conf” 修改成配置文件的路径。 |

# 3 部分nginx下次启动报找不到pid的错, 是因为/var/run/下的nginx.pid路径被删除,重新设置pid路径即可

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| 1修改，/usr/local/nginx/conf/nginx.conf将这一行  #pid nginx/logs/nginx.pid  的注释去掉，让nginx加载这个目录的pid，不去使用/var/run下的pid  2 创建  在nginx下创建logs目录，新建一个nginx.pid的文件即可 |

# 4 ngxin加入服务，设置开机启动

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| 1 chkconfig --add nginx  2 chkconfig nginx on |