정보검색 과제 2: word2vec

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1. 서술형: word2vec 이해

$$\begin{aligned} & = \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4$$

$$(f) (i) \frac{\partial \sum_{n \in i \in n, j \in n} J(V_{c_{i}}, w_{c + i_{i}}, U)}{\partial U} = \sum_{\substack{n \in i \in n, j \in n \\ i \neq 0}} J(U_{c_{i}}, w_{c + i_{i}}, U) / \partial U_{c_{i}}$$

$$(ii) \frac{\partial}{\partial U_{c_{i}}} \int_{i \neq 0} J(V_{c_{i}}, w_{c + i_{i}}, U) / \partial U_{c_{i}}$$

$$(iii) \frac{\partial}{\partial U_{c_{i}}} \int_{i \neq 0} J(U_{c_{i}}, w_{c + i_{i}}, U) / \partial U_{c_{i}}$$

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2. 코드: word2vec 구현

(a)

1) sigmoid = $1/(1 + e^{-x})$

```
def sigmoid(x):
    """
    Compute the sigmoid function for the input here.
    Arguments:
    x -- A scalar or numpy array.
    Return:
    s -- sigmoid(x)
    """

    ### YOUR CODE HERE (~1 Line)
    s = 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
    ### END YOUR CODE

    return s
```

2) naiveSoftmaxLossAndGradient centerWord에 대한 하나의 outSideWord의 가중치를 계산하는 함수

```
### YOUR CODE HERE (~6-8 Lines)

uv = np.dot(outsideVectors, centerWordVec) # uv.shape: (d, c) by (c, ) -> (d, )
y_hat = softmax(uv) # sum = 1
y_o = y_hat[outsideWordIdx] # w=o에 해당하는 확률만
loss = np.log(y_o) # if y_o == 0.9 -> -0.1, y_o == 0.04 -> -96

# -uoT + sum(y * u)
gradCenterVec = -outsideVectors[outsideWordIdx] + np.sum(y_hat * outsideVectors.T, axis = 1)

gradOutsideVecs = centerWordVec * y_hat.reshape(-1, 1) # (c, ) * (d, ), w != o 일 경우
gradOutsideVecs[outsideWordIdx] = centerWordVec * (y_o - 1) # w = o 일 경우

### Please use the provided softmax function (imported earlier in this file)
### This numerically stable implementation helps you avoid issues pertaining
### to integer overflow.

### END YOUR CODE

return loss, gradCenterVec, gradOutsideVecs
```

3) skipgram centerWord에 대한 outSideWord들의 가중치를 계산하는 함수 (naiveSoftmaxLossAndGradient 이용)

```
### YOUR CODE HERE (~8 Lines)
centerWordVec = centerWordVectors[word2Ind[currentCenterWord]] #Vc

for i in outsideWords:
  # word2vecLossAndGradient == naiveSoftmaxLossAndGradient|
  loss1, gradCenterVec, gradOutsideVecs = word2vecLossAndGradient(centerWordVec, word2Ind[i], outsideVectors, dataset)
  loss = loss1 # Vc와 wt-m, . . . , wt+m 에 대한 loss 값 음수 합
  gradCenterVecs[word2Ind[currentCenterWord]] -= gradCenterVec
  gradOutsideVectors -= gradOutsideVecs

### END YOUR CODE

return loss, gradCenterVecs, gradOutsideVectors
```

(b) sgd.py sgd메소드 구현 loss, grad = fx x 가중치 학습

```
loss = None
### YOUR CODE HERE (~2 lines)
loss, grad = f(x)
x -= step*grad
### END YOUR CODE
```

(c) run.py를 수행, word vectors.png 결과 2번의 40000 수행 한 결과 같은 Loss값, 같은 png 플롯 결과가 도출됨

```
iter 39910: 28.128782 iter 39920: 28.066185 iter 39940: 28.262813 iter 39940: 28.262813 iter 39950: 28.361684 iter 39950: 28.381884 iter 39950: 28.381884 iter 39950: 28.383794 iter 39980: 28.181798 iter 39990: 28.383794 iter 39990: 38.383794 iter 39990: 38.383794
```

결론: 생각보다 loss는 낮아지지 않았기 때문에 처음엔 코드가 잘못된 줄 알았지만, 여러 실험, 조사 후 이게 맞다는 것을 알게 되었다. 생각보다 (female, woman), (worth, bad) 등 눈에 띄게 관련된 단어가 근접하게 plot된 것을 보고 신기하였지만, 이정도로 정확하다고 할 순없을 것 같다. 추가적인 학습이 요구될 것으로 보인다.

