# Homework 1. Frequent itemset

#### Double Click here to edit this cell

• Name: 전기범

• Student ID: 201703091

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Remark. Do not import numpy, pandas, sklearn, or any module implementing the solution directly

## Frequent itemset

- **Support** is an indication of how frequently the itemset *X* appears in the dataset *T*.
- The support of X with respect to T is defined as the proportion of transactions t in the dataset which contains the itemset X.

$$\operatorname{supp}(X) = \frac{|\{t \in T; X \subseteq t\}|}{|T|}$$

• Frequent itemset is an itemset whose support  $\geq min\_sup$ .

## Data set

• Each line in the following can be imagined as a market basket, which contains items you want to buy.

```
In [1]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL

data_str = 'apple,beer,rice,chicken\n'
    data_str += 'apple,beer\n'
    data_str += 'apple,beer\n'
    data_str += 'apple,mango\n'
    data_str += 'milk,beer,rice,chicken\n'
    data_str += 'milk,beer,rice\n'
    data_str += 'milk,beer\n'
    data_str += 'milk,beer\n'
    data_str += 'milk,mango'
```

## Problem 1 (2 pts)

- Define a function **record\_gen** generating a list of items each **next**.
- It must be a generator.
- Use *yield* instead of *return*

```
In [2]: # YOUR CODE MUST BE HERE

def gen_record(s):
    an = ', '.join(s.split(",")).split("\n")
    for i in range(len(an)):
        yield an[i].split(', ')

In [3]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL
    test = gen_record(data_str)
    next(test)

Out[3]: ['apple', 'beer', 'rice', 'chicken']
```

#### Your output must be:

```
['apple', 'beer', 'rice', 'chicken']
In [4]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL
next(test)
Out[4]: ['apple', 'beer', 'rice']
```

#### Your output must be:

```
['apple', 'beer', 'rice']
```

## Problem 2 (10 pts)

- Define a function **gen\_frequent\_1\_itemset** generating 1-itemset.
- It must be a generator.
- We want to find frequent 1-itemset (itemset containing only 1 item)

```
In [5]: # YOUR CODE MUST BE HERE
          def gen frequent 1 itemset(dataset, min sup=0.5):
               word cnt={}
               for i in range(len(dataset)):
                   for word in dataset[i]:
                       try:
                           word cnt[word]+=1
                       except KeyError:
                           word cnt[word]=1
               for key,cnt in word cnt.items():
                   if cnt>=len(data_str.split("\n"))*min_sup:
                       yield key
  In [6]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL
          dataset = list(gen record(data str))
           for item in gen frequent 1 itemset(dataset, 0.5):
               print(item)
          print('No more items')
          apple
          beer
          rice
          milk
          No more items
Your output must be:
   rice
   beer
   milk
   apple
   No more items
          # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL
  In [7]:
          dataset = list(gen record(data str))
           for item in gen frequent 1 itemset(dataset, 0.7):
```

beer No more items

beer

print(item)
print('No more items')

No more items

```
In [8]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL
dataset = list(gen_record(data_str))
for item in gen_frequent_1_itemset(dataset, 0.2):
        print(item)
print('No more items')

apple
beer
rice
chicken
mango
milk
No more items
```

```
rice
chicken
beer
mango
milk
apple
No more items
```

# Problem 3 (10 pts)

- Define a function *gen\_frequent\_2\_itemset* generating 2-itemset.
- It must be a generator.
- We want to find frequent 2-itemset (itemset containing only 2 items)

```
In [9]: # YOUR CODE MUST BE HERE
        def gen frequent 2 itemset(dataset, min sup=0.5):
            d=set()
            data_set=[]
            for i in range(len(dataset)):
                 a=dataset[i]
                 for j in range(len(a)):
                     d.add(a[j])
            d=list(d)
            for x in range(len(d)):
                 for y in range(x+1,len(d)):
                    data_set.append((d[x],d[y]))
            set cnt = {}
            for in range(len(dataset)):
                 for a in range(len(data set)):
                     cnt = 0
                     if data_set[a][0] in dataset[_]:
                         cnt+=1
                     if data_set[a][1] in dataset[ ]:
                         cnt+=1
                     if cnt==2:
                         try:
                             set cnt[data set[a]] += 1
                         except KeyError:
                             set_cnt[data_set[a]] = 1
            for key, cnt in set cnt.items():
                 if cnt >= len(data str.split("\n")) * min sup:
                    yield key
```

```
In [10]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL
data = list(gen_record(data_str))
for item in gen_frequent_2_itemset(data, 0.5):
        print(item)
print('No more items')

('beer', 'rice')
No more items
```

```
('beer', 'rice')
No more items
```

```
In [11]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL
data = list(gen_record(data_str))
for item in gen_frequent_2_itemset(data, 0.3):
        print(item)
print('No more items')

('apple', 'beer')
('beer', 'rice')
('milk', 'beer')
No more items
```

```
('beer', 'rice')
('beer', 'milk')
('apple', 'beer')
No more items
```

```
In [12]: # DO NOT EDIT THIS CELL

dataset = list(gen_record(data_str))
    for item in gen_frequent_2_itemset(dataset, 0.2):
        print(item)
    print('No more items')
```

```
('chicken', 'beer')
('chicken', 'rice')
('apple', 'beer')
('apple', 'rice')
('beer', 'rice')
('milk', 'beer')
('milk', 'rice')
No more items
```

### Your output must be:

```
('chicken', 'rice')
('beer', 'rice')
('beer', 'chicken')
('beer', 'milk')
('milk', 'rice')
('apple', 'rice')
('apple', 'beer')
No more items
```

## **Ethics:**

If you cheat, you will get negatgive of the total points. If the homework total is 22 and you cheat, you get -22.

# What to submit

- Run all cells
- Goto "File -> Print Preview"
- Print the page
- Submit in class
- No late homeworks accepted
- Your homework will be graded on the basis of correctness and programming skills

Deadline: 3/18