Getting Started with Docker

1. First, we will update and install the docker container using this command:

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~

Q ≡ + ×

junu@abrar-21141023:~

sudo apt-get install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io
```

Then using this command, we will check if docker has been successfully installed

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker --version
Docker version 27.0.3, build 7d4bcd8
```

- 2. Let's go through some basic Docker commands:
 - Pull an image
 - Run the container using the image we pulled

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker pull hello-world
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/hello-world
Digest: sha256:94323f3e5e09a8b9515d74337010375a456c909543e1ff1538f5116d38ab3989
Status: Image is up to date for hello-world:latest
docker.io/library/hello-world:latest
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker run hello-world

Hello from Docker!
This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.
```

 I will create a file named "i_am_learning_docker" in my tmp folder, and commit these changes to an Ubuntu container I just created

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker run -it ubuntu
root@5221a415e090:/# touch /tmp/i_am_learning_docker
root@5221a415e090:/# exit
exit
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID IMAGE
                            COMMAND
                                          CREATED
5221a415e090 ubuntu
                            "/bin/bash"
                                          33 seconds ago
                            "/hello"
a17cc9dadae9
              hello-world
                                          2 minutes ago
8310e5b36d6d
                            "/hello"
              hello-world
                                          25 minutes ago
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker commit 5221a415e090 my-ubuntu
sha256:fbb7dffda5ace81fe6b3b410d32d4e3075c794ae71ddd3745093c0
```

To remove the container

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker rm 5221a415e090
5221a415e090
```

Creating a Docker Image using Dockerfile

1. Creating a new directory for my Docker project and then create a file named Dockerfile(no extension):

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~/Desktop$ mkdir my_docker_project
junu@abrar-21141023:~/Desktop$ cd my_docker_project/
junu@abrar-21141023:~/Desktop/my_docker_project$ nano Dockerfile
```

Add the following content to the Dockerfile

```
GNU nano 6.2

FROM ubuntu:latest

RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y nginx

EXPOSE 80

CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]
```

Save and exit the file(Ctrl+X, then Y)

Build the Docker image

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~/Desktop/my_docker_project$ docker build -t my-nginx .
[+] Building 14.4s (6/6) FINISHED
    => [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile
    => => transferring dockerfile: 148B
```

- FROM ubuntu:latest: This sets the base image to the latest Ubuntu.
- RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y nginx: This updates the package lists and installs Nginx.
- EXPOSE 80: This informs Docker that the container will listen on port 80.
- CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]: This is the command that will run when the container starts

Running a container as a single task:

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~/Desktop/my_docker_project$ docker run --rm my-nginx echo "Hello from Docker"
Hello from Docker
```

- --rm: This flag tells Docker to remove the container after it exits.
- echo "Hello from Docker": This is the single task we're running instead of the default CMD.

Running a container in interactive mode and installing packages:

- First I'll start an interactive mode
- Update package lists

```
<mark>junu@abrar-21141023:</mark>~$ docker run -it ubuntu
root@dfbd1cbabf89:/# apt-get update
```

Install Packages(Python-3)

```
root@dfbd1cbabf89:/# apt-get install -y python3
```

Check the Python Version

```
root@dfbd1cbabf89:/# python3 --version
Python 3.12.3
```

Run a database container, show logs, and access interactively

1. Start a MySQL container in the background

```
-21141023:~$ docker run -d --name mydb -e MYSQL ROOT PASSWORD=secret mysql:latest
Unable to find image 'mysql:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/mysql
7af76bb36546: Pull complete
db774776bbe8: Pull complete
8b850c913cab: Pull complete
f3d9d23107fd: Pull complete
1e5123b24fcc: Pull complete
1c0467c26f4a: Pull complete
f65dd49246d7: Pull complete
08151edac83e: Pull complete
7b4cbb0e2b3a: Pull complete
36c68f7d2e61: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:8b879a3959bc59adcb7281a41950d39cf8c9b3fb23b87b9b62318ce884a7c383
Status: Downloaded newer image for mysql:latest
54904236d647ab7f55abbbe90f689da7421a41a2554433eb6614f12b238f5164
```

2. Viewing the container logs

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker logs mydb
2024-07-03 22:01:06+00:00 [Note] [Entrypoint]: Entrypoint script for MySQL Server 9.0.0-1.el9 started.
```

Accessing the MySQL shell in the container and running a SQL command

Pushing my image to Docker Hub

- 1. Log in to Docker Hub
 - Creating an account in Docker Hub
 - Going to settings>security to retrieve my personal access token(PAT)
 - Login to docker

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker login
Log in with your Docker ID or email address to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over
to https://hub.docker.com/ to create one.
You can log in with your password or a Personal Access Token (PAT). Using a limited-scope PAT grants better security and is re
quired for organizations using SSO. Learn more at https://docs.docker.com/go/access-tokens/
Username: junaidabrar
Password:
WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /home/junu/.docker/config.json.
Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See
https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credential-stores
Login Succeeded
```

2. Tag and push the image to the Docker Hub

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker tag my-nginx junaidabrar/my-nginx:v1
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker push junaidabrar/my-nginx:v1
The push refers to repository [docker.io/junaidabrar/my-nginx]
64f149096e3c: Pushed
a30a5965a4f7: Mounted from library/ubuntu
```

Creating a private registry

1. Running a local registry using this command, named "registry"

```
junumabrar-21141023: $ docker run -d -p 5000:5000 --name registry registry:2
Unable to find image 'registry:2' locally
2: Pulling from library/registry
73baa7ef167e: Pull complete
d49090716641: Pull complete
bc8f2b8a18ff: Pull complete
9d41963883ad: Pull complete
ad02dd2076d6: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:79b29591e1601a73f03fcd413e655b72b9abfae5a23f1ad2e883d4942fbb4351
Status: Downloaded newer image for registry:2
0506ca85cf7d9307f4736362b118cf2b2c3d94d64dbada114ddf8c67186b1ba9
```

2. I am tagging my image for the local registry and then push it.

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker tag my-nginx localhost:5000/my-nginx
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ docker push localhost:5000/my-nginx
Using default tag: latest
The push refers to repository [localhost:5000/my-nginx]
```

Creating a simple website in a Docker container

1. Make a directory, change to that directory, and then use *nano* to create an HTML file

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ mkdir simple_website
junu@abrar-21141023:~$ cd simple_website/
junu@abrar-21141023:~/simple_website$ nano index.html
```

Paste this in the index, html file

```
GNU nano 6.2

**PDOCTYPE html>

**chtml>

*chody>

**ch1>Hello Docker! This is me, Juniad Abrar, tinkering with Docker</h1>

**cbutton onelick "showImage()" Show Image</button>

**cimg idf "nyImage" **max" https://www.docker.com/sites/default/files/d8/2019-07/Moby-logo.png" **tyler." display:none;">

**script**

function showImage() {

**var x = document.getElementById("myImage");

if (x.style.display === "none") {

**x.style.display = "block";

} else {

**x.style.display = "none";

}

**script>

**/body>

**/body>

**/html>
```

Create a new Dockerfile using nano and add this content to the Dockerfile

```
GNU nano 6.2
FROM nginx:alpine
COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html
```

Now let's build the image and run the container

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~/simple_website$ docker build -t my-website .
```

Run the container

junu@abrar-21141023:~/simple_website\$ docker run -d -p 8080:80 my-website fb25b0444f44846d34524d53bb618bae05acebc301a59cfb84e8e9f97d403062

2. Now I can access the website at http://localhost:8080



Hello Docker! This is me, Juniad Abrar, tinkering with Docker

Show Image

Migrating the container to another machine

- 1. On the Source the Machine
 - Saving my-website image to a file named my-website.tar

```
junu@abrar-21141023:~/simple_website$ docker save my-website > my-website.tar
```

Now after transferring 'my-website.tar' file, I can:

• Load the image

Command: docker load < my-website.tar

• Run the container

Command: docker run -d -p 8080:80 my-website

2. Now I should be able to access the website at http://destination-ip:8080 in my destination machine's web browser.