# THE FRAGMENT CLASS

#### TABLET UIS

Tablets have larger displays than phones do

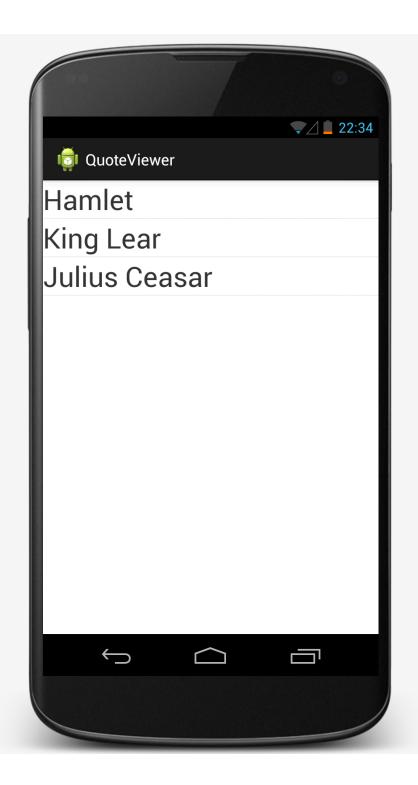
They can support multiple UI panes / user behaviors at the same time

The 1 activity – 1 thing the user can do heuristic may not work for larger devices

### QUOTEVIEWER

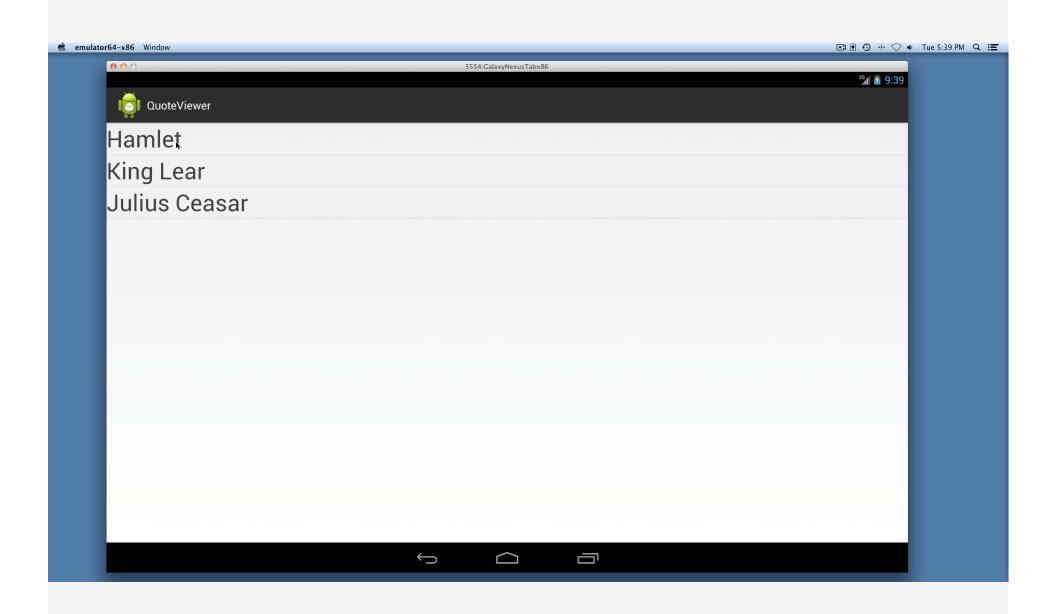
#### Application uses two Activities

- Ones shows titles of Shakespeare plays & allows user to select one title
- The other shows a quote from selected play



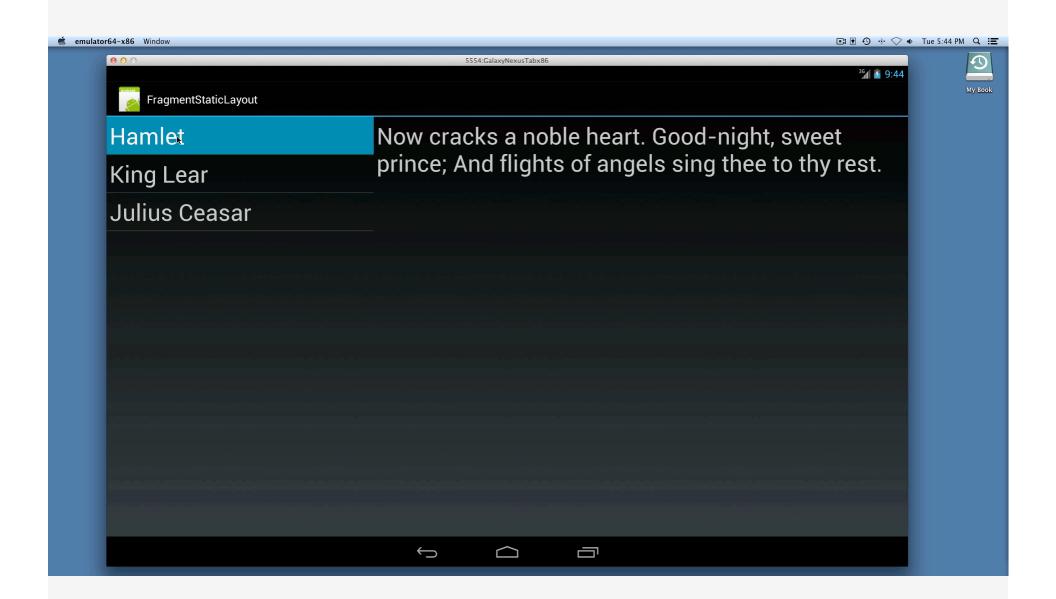
### THE QUOTEVIEWER UI

This layout is reasonable on a phone But inefficient on a larger device



### BETTER LAYOUT

Use two cooperating layout units on one screen



#### FRAGMENT

Represents a behavior / portion of UI within an Activity

Multiple Fragments can be embedded in an Activity to create a multi-pane UI

A single Fragment can be reused across multiple Activities

#### FRAGMENT LIFECYCLE

Fragment lifecycle is coordinated with the lifecycle of its containing Activity

Fragments have their own lifecycles and receive their own callbacks

#### FRAGMENT LIFECYCLE STATES

#### Resumed

Fragment is visible in the running activity

#### **Paused**

Another activity is in the foreground and has focus, containing activity is visible

#### Stopped

The fragment is not visible

### LIFECYCLE CALLBACK METHODS

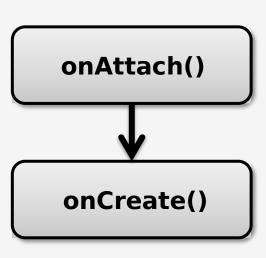
#### ACTIVITY CREATED: ONATTACH()

Fragment is first attached to its activity

onAttach()

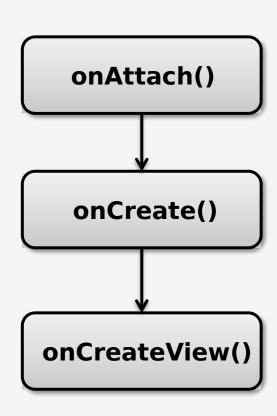
### ONCREATE()

Initialize the fragment



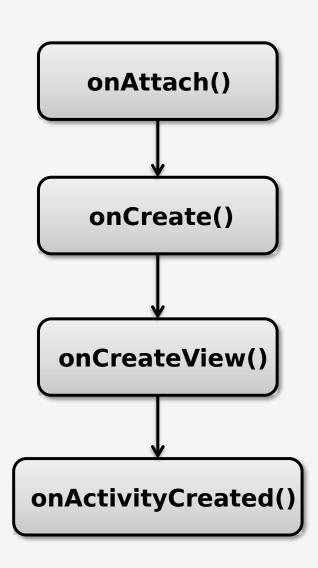
#### ONCREATEVIEW()

Fragment sets up & returns its user interface



#### ONACTIVITYCREATED()

Containing activity has completed onCreate() and the fragment has been installed



### ACTIVITY STARTED: ONSTART()

Hosting Activity about to become visible

onStart ()

#### ACTIVITY RESUMED: ONRESUME()

Hosting Activity is about to become visible and ready for user interaction

onResume()

#### ACTIVITY PAUSED: ONPAUSE()

Hosting Activity is visible, but does not have focus

onPause()

### ACTIVITY STOPPED: ONSTOP()

Hosting Activity is no longer visible

onStop()

### ACTIVITY DESTROYED: ONDESTROYVIEW()

View previously created by onCreateView() has been detached from the Activity

Typical Actions

Clean up view resources

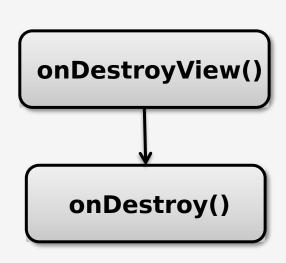
onDestroyView()

#### ONDESTROY()

Fragment is no longer in use

Typical Actions

Clean up Fragment resources

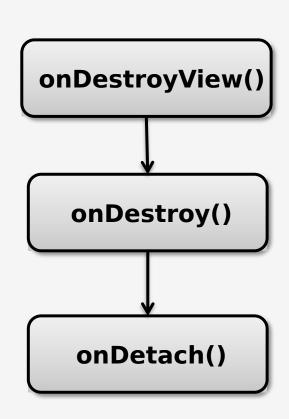


#### ONDETACH()

Fragment no longer attached to its activity

Typical Actions

Null out references to Hosting Activity



#### ADDING FRAGMENTS TO ACTIVITIES

Two general ways to add Fragments to an Activity's layout

Declare it statically in the Activity's layout file

Add it programmatically using the fragmentManager

#### FRAGMENT LAYOUT

Layout can be inflated/ implemented in onCreateView() onCreateView() must return the View at the root of the Fragment's layout

This View is added to the containing Activity

# FragmentStaticLayout

```
public class QuoteViewerActivity extends Activity implements
        ListSelectionListener {
    public static String[] mTitleArray;
    public static String[] mQuoteArray;
    private QuotesFragment mDetailsFragment;
    private static final String TAG = "QuoteViewerActivity";
   @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        // Get the string arrays with the titles and gutges.
        mTitleArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Titles);
        mQuoteArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Quotes);
        setContentView(R.layout.main);
        // Get a reference to the QuotesFragment
        mDetailsFragment = (QuotesFragment) getFragmentManager()
                .findFragmentById(R.id.details);
```

# FragmentStaticLayout

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="match parent"
    android:baselineAligned="false"
    android:orientation="horizontal" >
    <fragment</pre>
        android:id="@+id/titles"
        android:layout width="0px"
        android:layout_height="match_parent"
        android:layout weight="1"
        class="course.examples.Fragments.StaticLayout.TitlesFragment" />
    <fragment</pre>
        android:id="@+id/details"
        android:layout width="0px"
        android:layout height="match parent"
        android:layout weight="2"
        class="course.examples.Fragments.StaticLayout.QuotesFragment" />
</LinearLayout>
```

### FragmentStaticLayout

```
@Override
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    Log.i(TAG, getClass().getSimpleName() + ":entered onCreate()");
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
}
```

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical" >

    <TextView
        android:id="@+id/quoteView"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="match_parent"
        android:padding="5dip"
        android:textSize="32sp" >
        </TextView>
</LinearLayout>
```

#### ADDING FRAGMENTS DYNAMICALLY

While an Activity's running you can add a Fragment to it's layout

Get reference to the FragmentManager

Begin a FragmentTransaction

Add the Fragment

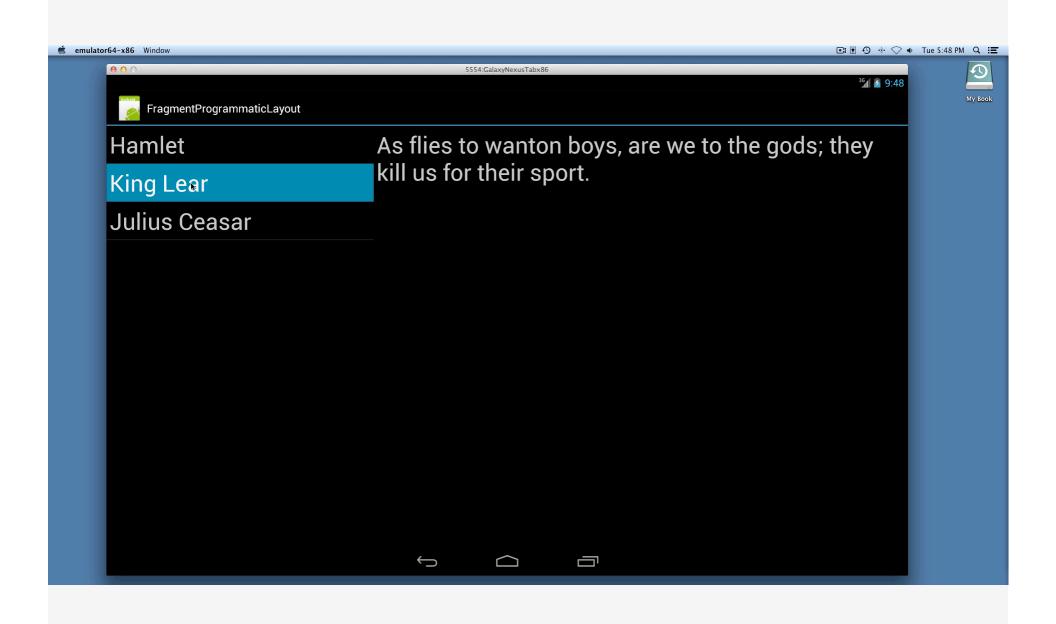
Commit the FragmentTransaction

### FragmentProgrammaticLayout

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   // Get the string arrays with the titles and gutges
   mTitleArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Titles);
   mQuoteArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Quotes);
    setContentView(R.layout.main);
    // Get a reference to the FragmentManager
    FragmentManager fragmentManager = getFragmentManager();
    // Begin a new FragmentTransaction
    FragmentTransaction fragmentTransaction = fragmentManager
            .beginTransaction();
    // Add the TitleFragment
    fragmentTransaction.add(R.id.title_frame, new TitlesFragment());
   // Add the QuoteFragment
   fragmentTransaction.add(R.id.quote frame, mQuoteFragment);
   // Commit the FragmentTransaction
   fragmentTransaction.commit();
```

# FragmentProgrammaticLayout

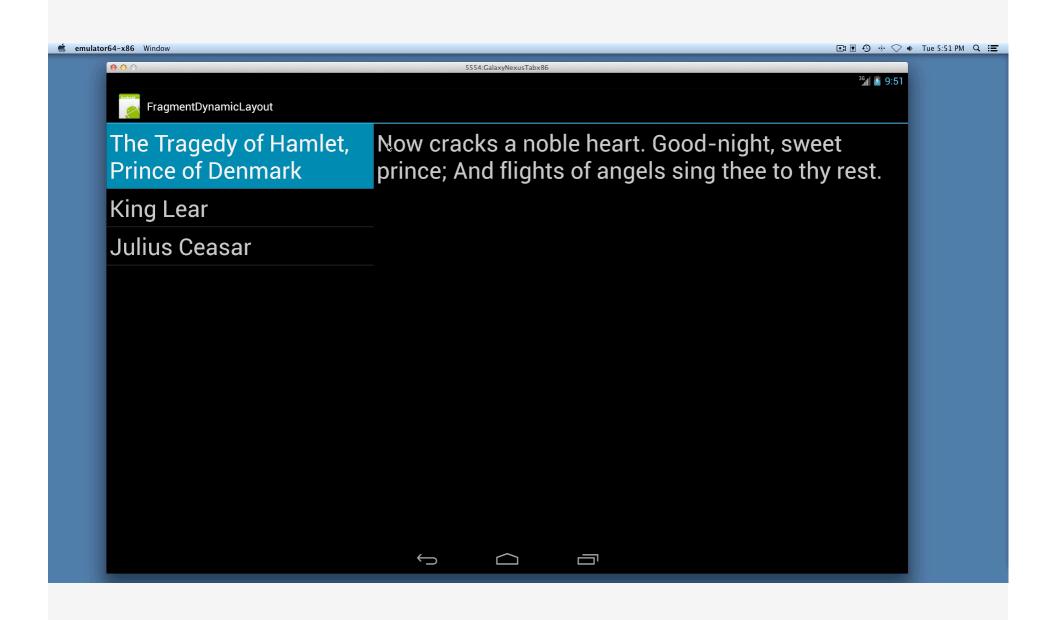
```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    android:id="@+id/activityFrame"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="match parent"
    android:orientation="horizontal"
    android:baselineAligned="false">
    <FrameLayout</pre>
        android:id="@+id/title frame"
        android:layout width="0dp"
        android:layout height="match parent"
        android:layout weight="1" >
    </frameLayout>
    <FrameLayout</pre>
        android:id="@+id/quote frame"
        android:layout width="0dp"
        android:layout height="match parent"
        android:layout weight="2" >
    </FrameLayout>
</LinearLayout>
```



#### DYNAMIC LAYOUT

Fragment transactions allow you to dynamically change your app's user interface

Can make the interface more fluid & take better advantage of available screen space



# FragmentDynamicLayout

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    Log.i(TAG, getClass().getSimpleName() + ":entered onCreate()");
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   // Get the string arrays with the titles and gutges
   mTitleArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Titles);
    mQuoteArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Quotes);
    setContentView(R.layout.main);
   // Get references to the TitleFragment and to the QuotesFragment
   mTitleFrameLayout = (FrameLayout) findViewById(R.id.title fragment container);
   mQuotesFrameLayout = (FrameLayout) findViewById(R.id.quote fragment container);
   // Get a reference to the FragmentManager
   mFragmentManager = getFragmentManager();
   // Start a new FragmentTransaction
    FragmentTransaction fragmentTransaction = mFragmentManager
            .beginTransaction();
   // Add the TitleFragment to the layout
    fragmentTransaction.add(R.id.title_fragment_container,
           new TitlesFragment());
   // Commit the FragmentTransaction
    fragmentTransaction.commit();
    // Add a OnBackStackChangedListener to reset the layout when the back stack changes
    mFragmentManager
            .addOnBackStackChangedListener(new FragmentManager.OnBackStackChangedListener() {
                public void onBackStackChanged() {
                    setLayout();
           });
```

# FragmentDynamicLayout

```
// Called when the user selects an item in the TitlesFragment
@Override
public void onListSelection(int index) {
   // If the QuoteFragment has not been added, add it now
   if (!mQuoteFragment.isAdded()) {
       // Start a new FragmentTransaction
        FragmentTransaction fragmentTransaction = mFragmentManager
                .beginTransaction();
        // Add the QuoteFragment to the layout
        fragmentTransaction.add(R.id.quote fragment container,
                mQuoteFragment);
        // Add this FragmentTransaction to the backstack
        fragmentTransaction.addToBackStack(null);
        // Commit the FragmentTransaction
       fragmentTransaction.commit();
       // Force Android to execute the committed FragmentTransaction
        mFragmentManager.executePendingTransactions();
    if (mQuoteFragment.getShownIndex() != index) {
        // Tell the QuoteFragment to show the quote string at position index
        mQuoteFragment.showQuoteAtIndex(index);
```

#### CONFIGURATION CHANGES

If you call setRetainInstance(true), Android won't destroy the Fragment on configuration changes

#### CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Results in some changes to lifecycle callback sequence

onDestroy() will not be called

onCreate() will not be called

#### FRAGMENTSTATICCONFIGLAYOUT

Functionality is similar to previous examples

#### FRAGMENTSTATICCONFIGLAYOUT

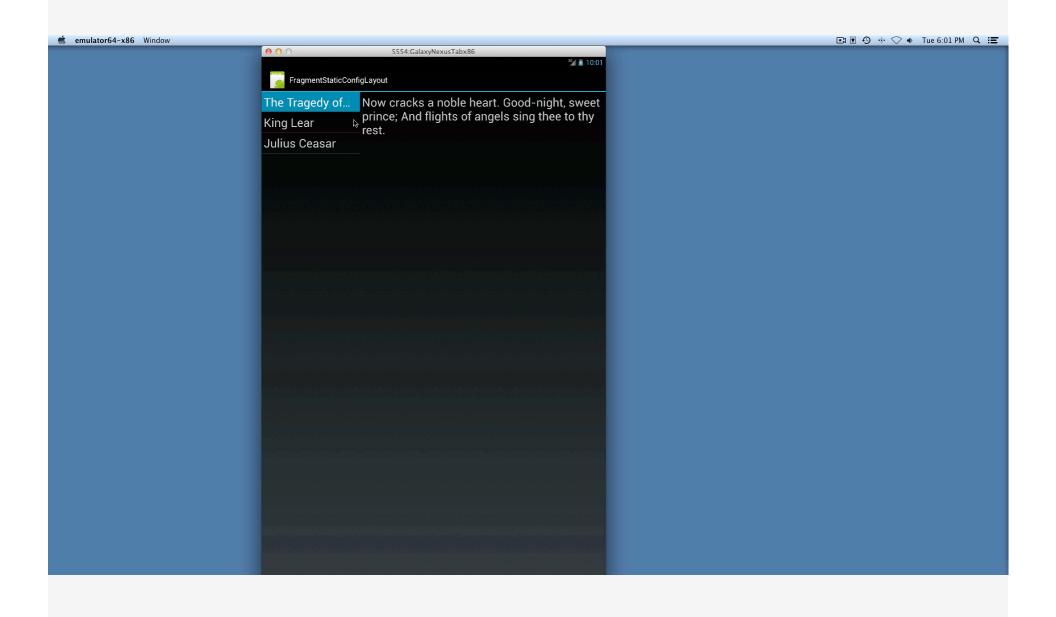
In landscape mode
Both Fragments use a large font
TitleFragment takes more
horizontal space & allows long
titles to span multiple lines

#### FRAGMENTSTATICCONFIGLAYOUT

In portrait mode

Both Fragments use a smaller font

TitleFragment will use less space and will ellipsize long titles, limiting them to a single line



# FragmentDynamicLayout

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    Log.i(TAG, getClass().getSimpleName() + ":entered onCreate()");
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   // Get the string arrays with the titles and gutges
   mTitleArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Titles);
    mQuoteArray = getResources().getStringArray(R.array.Quotes);
    setContentView(R.layout.main);
   // Get references to the TitleFragment and to the QuotesFragment
   mTitleFrameLayout = (FrameLayout) findViewById(R.id.title fragment container);
   mQuotesFrameLayout = (FrameLayout) findViewById(R.id.quote fragment container);
   // Get a reference to the FragmentManager
   mFragmentManager = getFragmentManager();
   // Start a new FragmentTransaction
    FragmentTransaction fragmentTransaction = mFragmentManager
            .beginTransaction();
   // Add the TitleFragment to the layout
    fragmentTransaction.add(R.id.title_fragment_container,
           new TitlesFragment());
   // Commit the FragmentTransaction
    fragmentTransaction.commit();
    // Add a OnBackStackChangedListener to reset the layout when the back stack changes
    mFragmentManager
            .addOnBackStackChangedListener(new FragmentManager.OnBackStackChangedListener() {
                public void onBackStackChanged() {
                    setLayout();
           });
```

# FragmentDynamicLayout

```
// Called when the user selects an item in the TitlesFragment
@Override
public void onListSelection(int index) {
   // If the QuoteFragment has not been added, add it now
   if (!mQuoteFragment.isAdded()) {
       // Start a new FragmentTransaction
        FragmentTransaction fragmentTransaction = mFragmentManager
                .beginTransaction();
        // Add the QuoteFragment to the layout
        fragmentTransaction.add(R.id.quote fragment container,
                mQuoteFragment);
        // Add this FragmentTransaction to the backstack
        fragmentTransaction.addToBackStack(null);
        // Commit the FragmentTransaction
       fragmentTransaction.commit();
       // Force Android to execute the committed FragmentTransaction
        mFragmentManager.executePendingTransactions();
    if (mQuoteFragment.getShownIndex() != index) {
        // Tell the QuoteFragment to show the quote string at position index
        mQuoteFragment.showQuoteAtIndex(index);
```