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```
[1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.linspace(-10, 10, 400)

def sigmoid(x):
    return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))

def sigmoid_derivative(x):
    s = sigmoid(x)
    return s * (1 - s)

def tanh(x):
    return np.tanh(x)

def tanh_derivative(x):
    return 1 - np.tanh(x)**2

def relu(x):
    return np.maximum(0, x)

def relu_derivative(x):
    return np.where(x > 0, 1, 0)

def leaky_relu(x):
    return np.where(x > 0, x, 0.01 * x)

def leaky_relu_derivative(x):
    return np.where(x > 0, 1, 0.01)

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 10))
```

Simple 0 4 Python 3 (ipykernel) | Idle Mem: 281.54 MB Mode: Command Ln 1, Col 1 exp5.ipynb 0 Type here to search ENG 10:34 US 23-09-2025

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```
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 10))

activations = {
    'Sigmoid': (sigmoid, sigmoid_derivative),
    'Tanh': (tanh, tanh_derivative),
    'ReLU': (relu, relu_derivative),
    'Leaky ReLU': (leaky_relu, leaky_relu_derivative)
}

for i, (name, (act_func, der_func)) in enumerate(activations.items(), 1):
    plt.subplot(4, 2, 2*i - 1)
    plt.plot(x, act_func(x))
    plt.title(f'{name} Activation')
    plt.grid(True)

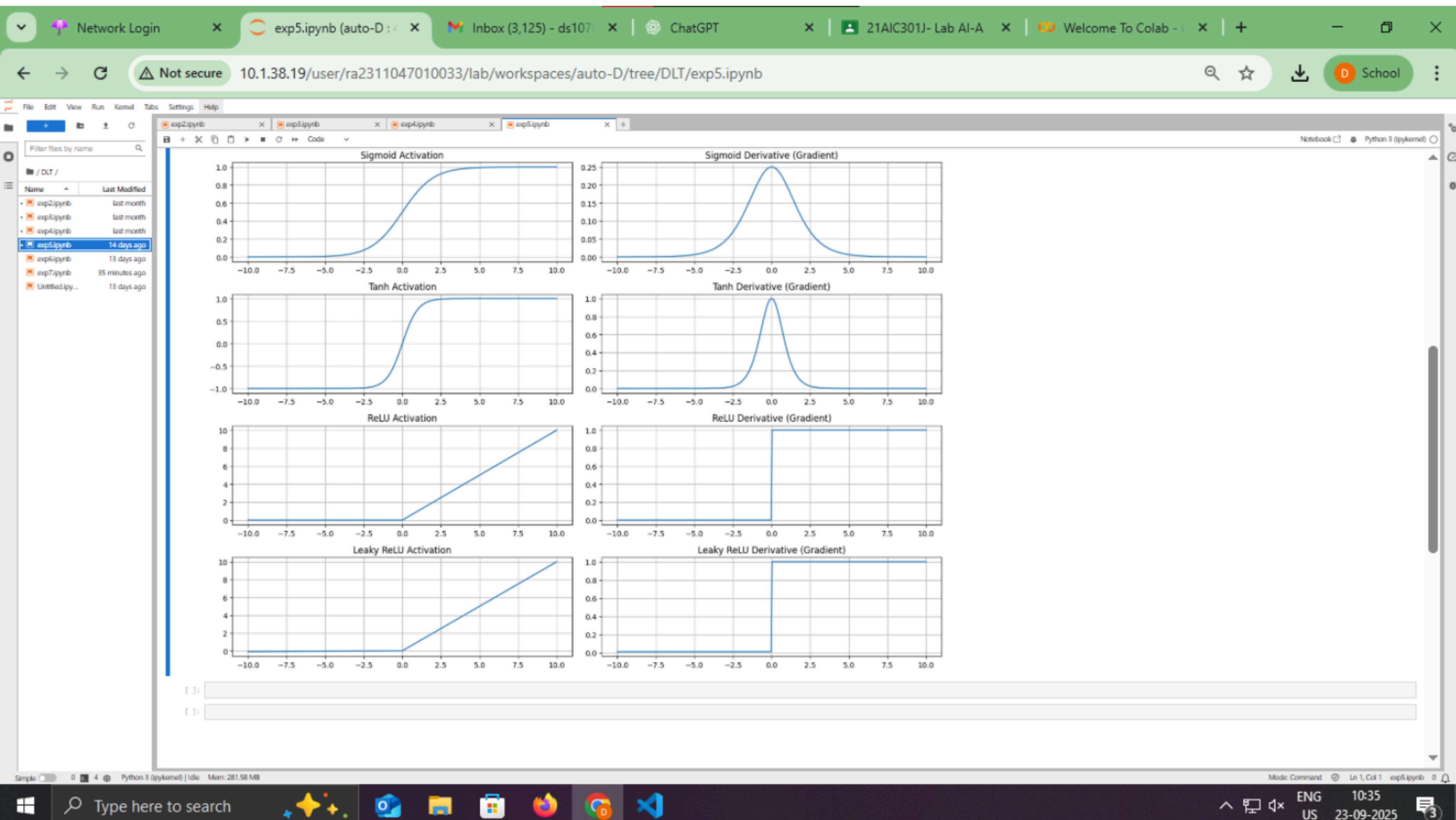
    plt.subplot(4, 2, 2*i)
    plt.plot(x, der_func(x))
    plt.title(f'{name} Derivative (Gradient)')
    plt.grid(True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Sigmoid Activation Sigmoid Derivative (Gradient)

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## ex-5. Study of activation functions and its role

22/08/23

Aim:- To study the different activation functions used in neural networks and analyze their role in introducing non-linearity, enabling the network to learn complex patterns.

### Objectives

- 1) To understand the mathematical behaviour of commonly used activation functions.
- 2) To implement Sigmoid, Tanh, ReLU and Softmax functions
- 3) To compare the effect of different activation functions on model performance
- 4) To observe the importance of non-linearity in neural network

### \* Pseudocode:-

Import necessary libraries

Define activation functions

$$\text{sigmoid}(x) = 1(1 + \exp(-x))$$

$$\text{Tanh}(x) = (\exp(x) - \exp(-x))$$

$$\text{ReLU}(x) = \max(0, x)$$

$$\text{Softmax}(x) = \exp(x) / (\sum \exp(x))$$

## Load data set (MNIST)

for each activation function in [sigmoid, tanh, ReLU],  
Build a neural network with that activation Train  
the network on training data.

Evaluate on test data.

Store accuracy

Compare accuracy results

END

### \* Observations:-

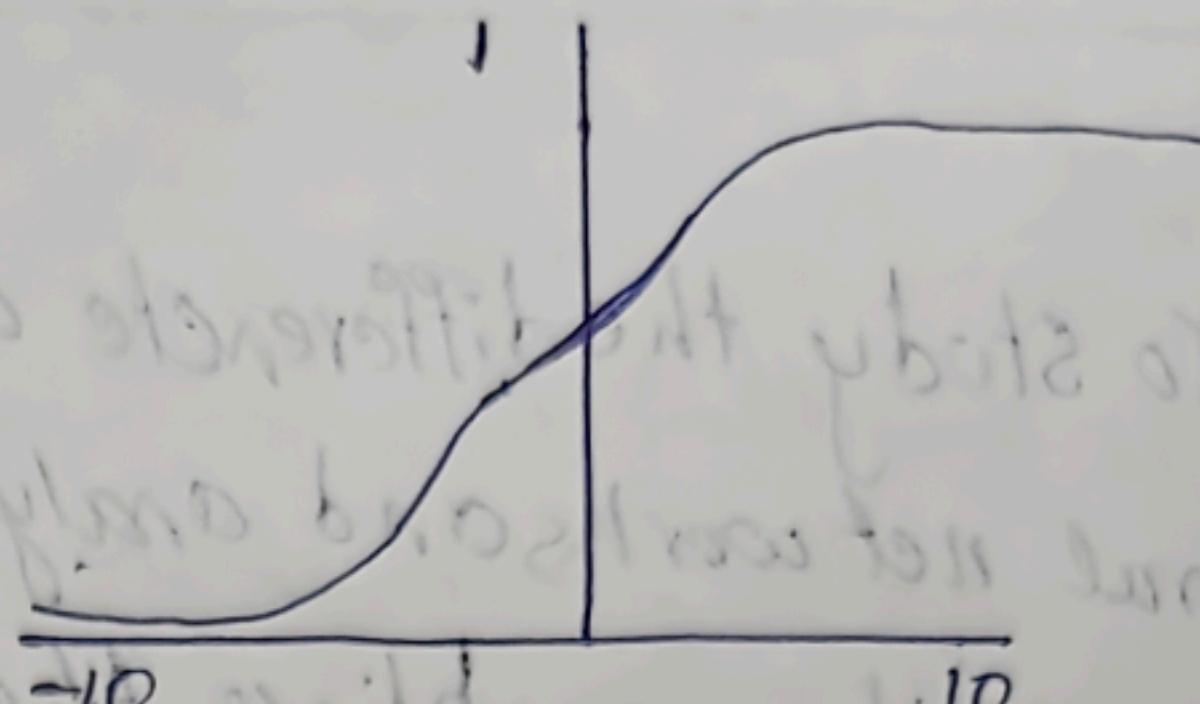
- (1) Sigmoid :- smooth, but differs from vanishing gradient for large positive/negative inputs
- (2) Tanh :- Better than sigmoid, output range (-1, 1) but still faces vanishing gradient
- (3) ReLU :- most effective in deep networks, avoids vanishing gradient, fast convergence.
- (4) Softmax :- used in output layer for multi-class problems

Conclusion :- Activation functions introduce non-linearity into neural networks, enabling them to approximate complex mapping between inputs and outputs.

~~Review~~

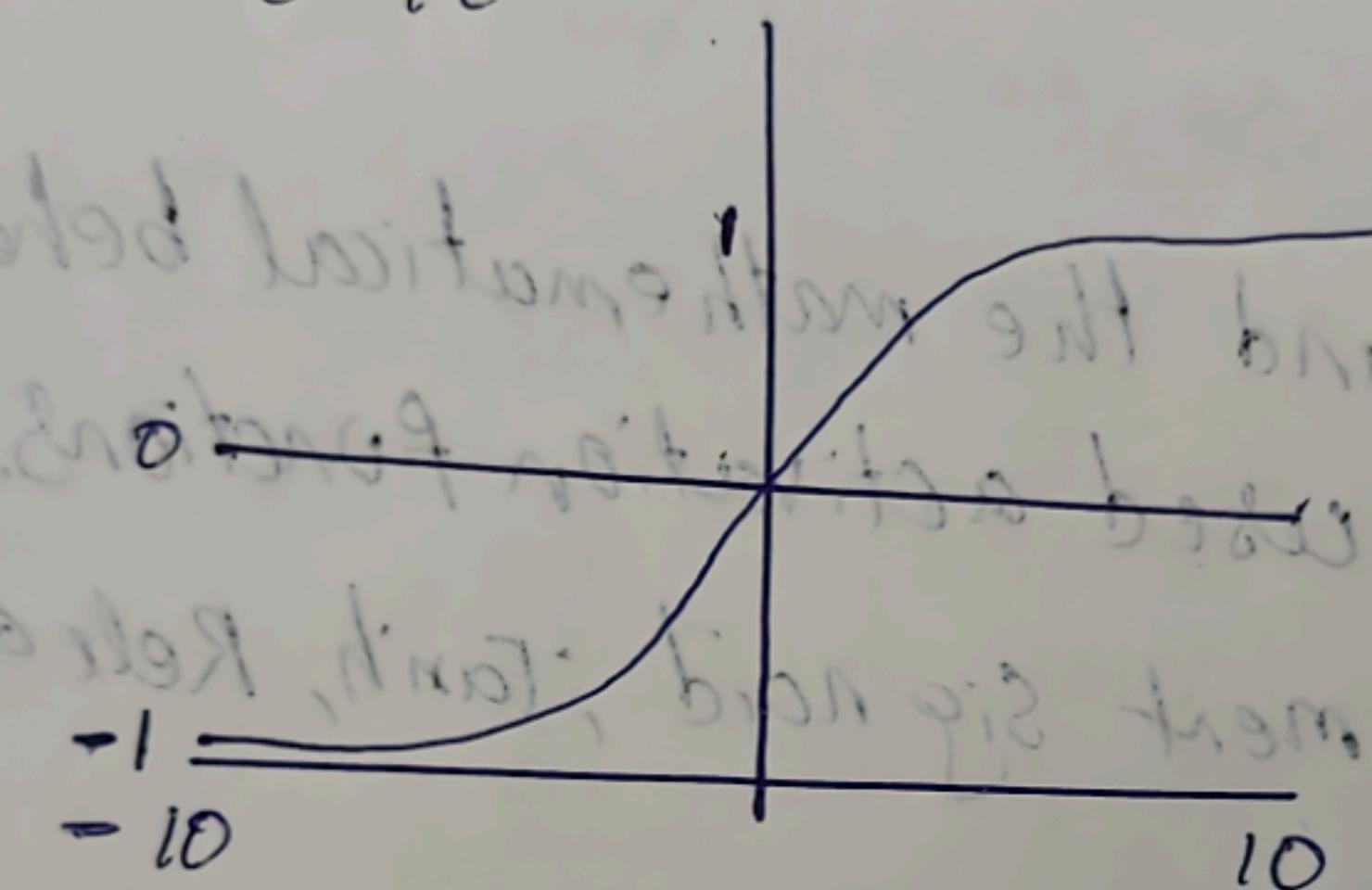
Sigmoid

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

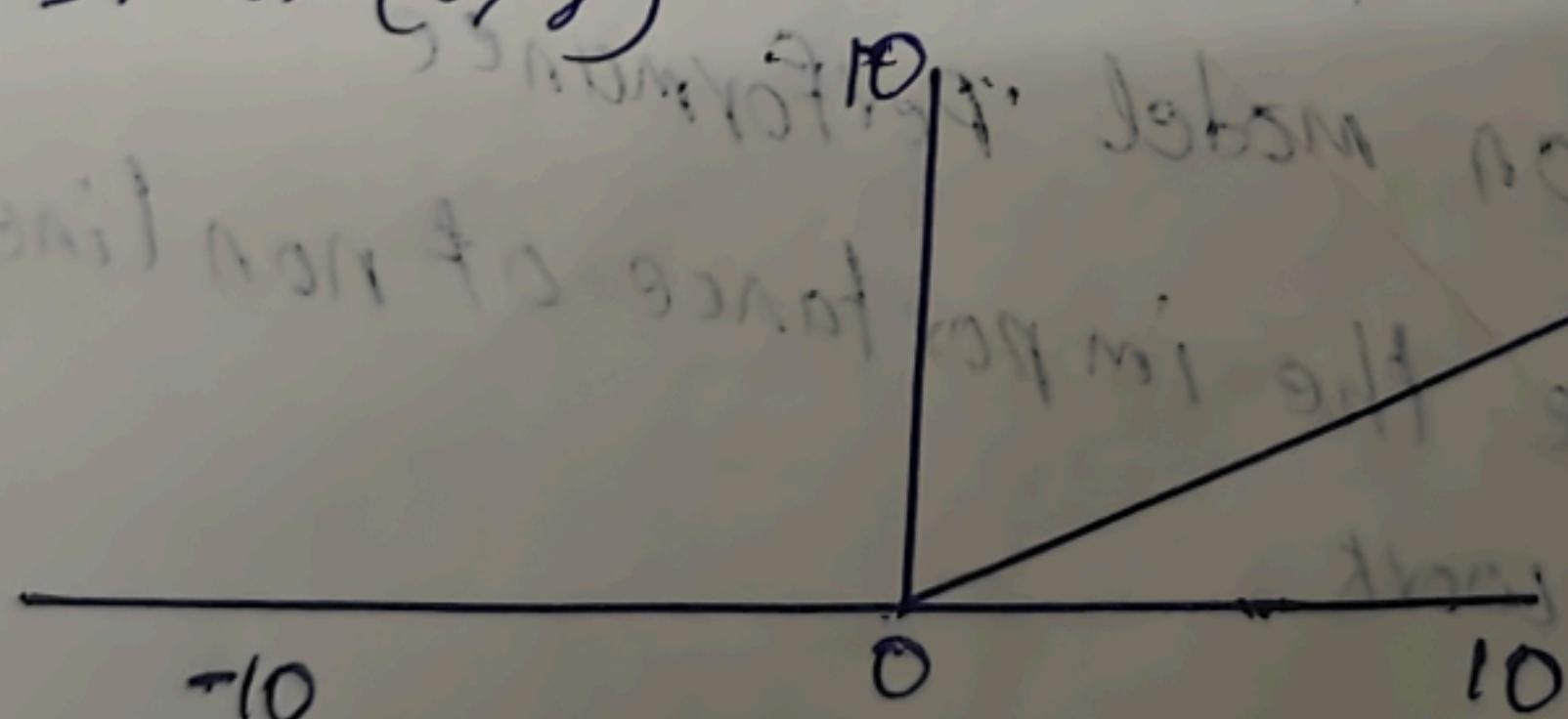


tanh

$$\tanh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$



Relu :-



Result:-

successfully implemented activation functions and its different roles [Sigmoid; Tanh, ReLU]