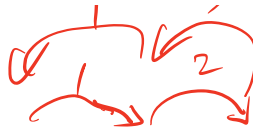


RANDOM WALK



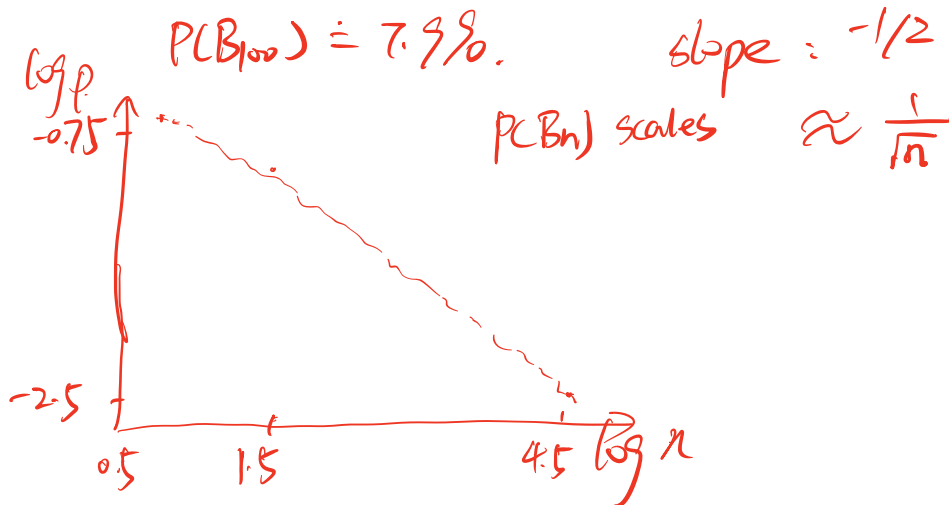
... -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 ...

$B_n = \{ \text{After } n \text{ steps, back to the origin} \}$
 $n=100$

$\Omega = \{L, R\}^n, LRRL\ldots$

$$P(B) = \frac{|B_n|}{|\Omega|} = \frac{\binom{n}{n/2}}{2^n} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \# \text{ steps to left} \\ = \# \text{ steps to right} \end{array} \right.$$

n is even



Now consider this:

$\Rightarrow F_n$: "Back to origin for the first time"

$$P(F_n) < P(B_n)$$

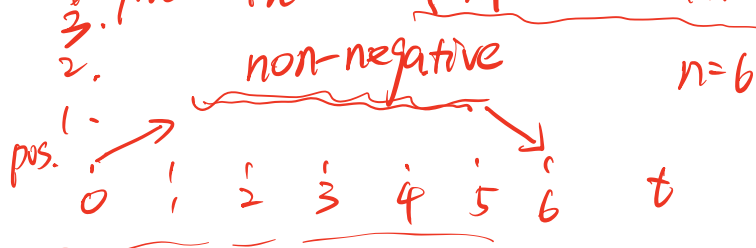
Ω	$ F_n $			
$n:$	2	4	6	8
$ F_n :$	2	2	4	10_n

....



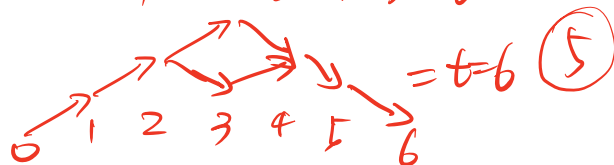
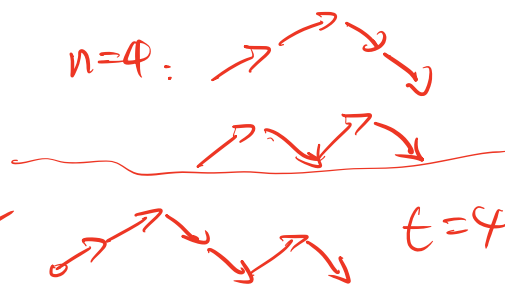
intuition: has to stay on one side

Define P_n : $|P_n| = 2 \cdot |P_{n-2}|$



how to calculate $|P_n|$?

n	2	4	6
$ P_n $	1	2	5



t : 1st time it hits zero.

$P_{n,t} \rightarrow P_{n,t} \Rightarrow |P_{n,t}| = |P_{t-2}| \cdot |P_{n-t}|$

$\Rightarrow |P_n| = |P_0| \cdot |P_{n-2}| +$

$|P_2| \cdot |P_{n-4}| + \dots +$

$|P_{n-2}| \cdot |P_0|$