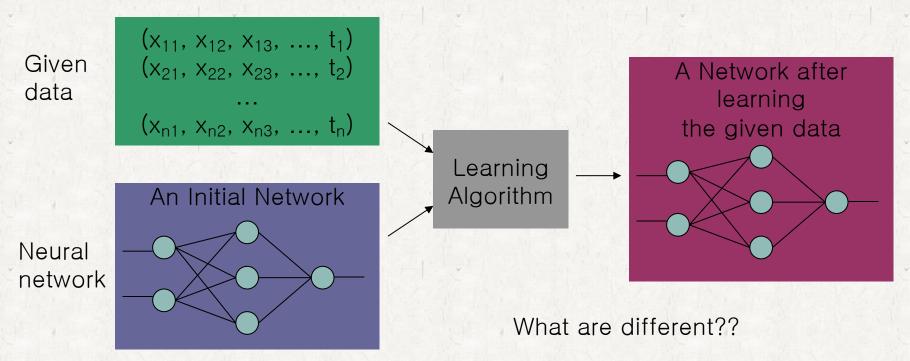


Error Back Propagation



Learning Algorithm (1)

- Preparation for Learning
 - Given input-output data of the target function to learn
 - Given structure of network (# of nodes in hidden layer)
 - Randomly initialized weights





Learning Algorithm (2)

Basic Idea of Learning

Find weights
$$\mathbf{w} = (w_1, w_2, ..., w_n)$$
 so that $NN(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x}) \approx \mathbf{t}$ for all (\mathbf{x}, t)

$$NN(w,x) \approx t$$
 for all (x,t)

$$\Leftrightarrow 0 \approx \sum_{(x,t) \in Data} |t - NN(w,x)|$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 0 \approx \sum_{(x,t) \in Data} (t - NN(w,x))^{2}$$

$$E(\mathbf{w}) = \sum_{(\mathbf{x}, t) \in Data} (t - NN(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x}))^{2}$$

is minimized



Learning Algorithm (3)

Basic Idea of Learning

Find weights $\mathbf{w} = (w_1, w_2, ..., w_n)$ which minimize

$$E(\mathbf{w}) = \sum_{(\mathbf{x}, t) \in Data} (t - NN(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x}))^2 \qquad \mathbf{w} = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n)$$

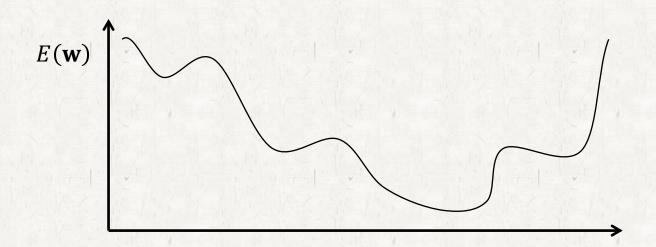


Gradient Descent Method (1)

• How?

Find weights $\mathbf{w} = (w_1, w_2, ..., w_n)$ which minimize

$$E(\mathbf{w}) = \sum_{(\mathbf{x},t)\in Data} (y - NN(\mathbf{x};\mathbf{w}))^{2}$$

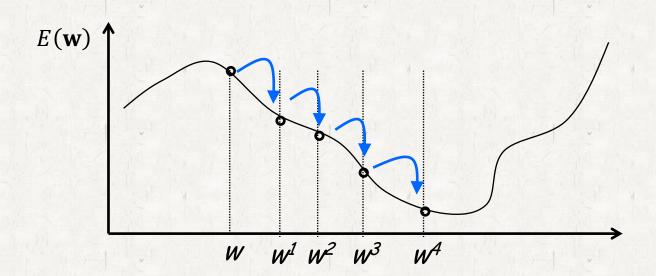




Gradient Descent Method (2)

4. Repeat until the gradient is zero

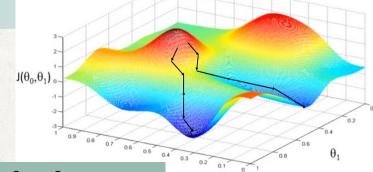
$$w^{t+1} = w^t - \eta \left. \frac{\partial E}{\partial w} \right|_{w = w^t}$$





Gradient Descent Method (3)

Multi-variable case



Randomly choose an initial solution, w_0^0 w_1^0

Repeat

$$\left. w_0^{t+1} = w_0^t - \eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_0} \right|_{w_0 = w_0^t, w_1 = w_1^t}$$

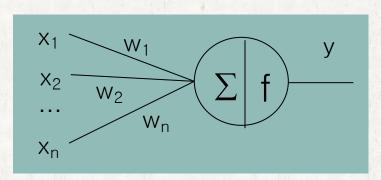
$$w_1^{t+1} = w_1^t - \eta \left. \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_1} \right|_{w_0 = w_0^t, w_1 = w_1^t}$$

Until stopping condition is satisfied

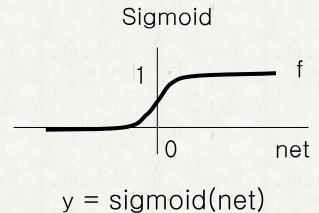


Activation Function (1)

- Error Back Propagation
 - ANN learning algorithm based on gradient descent method
 - Using derivatives to change the weights so that the error is minimized
 - Hard limit is not differentiable. -> Sigmoid



net =
$$x_1W_1 + x_2W_{j2} + ... + x_nW_n$$

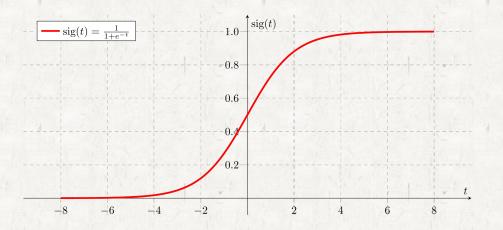




Activation Function (2)

Sigmoid function

$$y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$



$$y' = \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}\right)^{2} e^{-x}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}\right) \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}\right) \left(\frac{1+e^{-x}-1}{1+e^{-x}}\right)$$

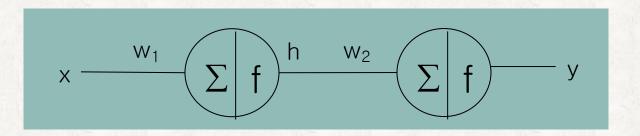
$$= \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}\right) \left(1-\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}\right)$$

$$= y(1-y)$$



Simple Examples (1)

- Training of a Simple Neural Network
 - Let's assume that there is one training data (x_t, y_t)



$$s_{1} = x_{t} \cdot w_{1}$$

$$h = sigmoid(s_{1})$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{2}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_{2}} \frac{\partial s_{2}}{\partial w_{2}}$$

$$s_{2} = h \cdot w_{2}$$

$$y = sigmoid(s_{2})$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}(y_{t} - y)^{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{1}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_{2}} \frac{\partial s_{2}}{\partial h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial s_{1}} \frac{\partial s_{1}}{\partial w_{1}}$$



Simple Examples (2)

Training of a Simple Neural Network

$$s_{1} = x_{t} \cdot w_{1}$$

$$h = sigmoid(s_{1})$$

$$s_{2} = h \cdot w_{2}$$

$$y = sigmoid(s_{2})$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}(y_{t} - y)^{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_2} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_2} \frac{\partial s_2}{\partial w_2}$$
$$= -(y_t - y)y(1 - y)h$$

$$\frac{\partial s_1}{\partial w_1} = x_t$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial s_2} = y(1 - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial s_1} = h(1 - h)$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial y} = -(y_t - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial s_2}{\partial w_2} = h$$

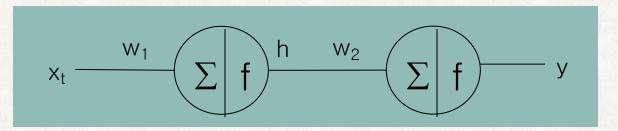
$$\frac{\partial s_2}{\partial h} = w_2$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_1} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_2} \frac{\partial s_2}{\partial h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial s_1} \frac{\partial s_1}{\partial w_1}$$
$$= -(y_t - y)y(1 - y)w_2h(1 - h)x_t$$



Simple Examples (3)

Training of a Simple Neural Network



$$(x_t, y_t) = (1,1), w_1 = 1, w_2 = 1, \eta = 0.1$$

$$s_1 = x_t \cdot w_1 = 1$$

$$h = sigmoid(s_1) = 0.731$$

$$s_2 = h \cdot w_2 = 0.731$$

$$y = sigmoid(s_2) = 0.675$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}(y_t - y)^2 = \frac{0.343^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_2} = -(y_t - y)y(1 - y)h$$
$$= -0.325 \cdot 0.675 \cdot 0.325 \cdot 0.731$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_1} = -(y_t - y)y(1 - y)w_2h(1 - h)x_t$$
$$= -0.325 \cdot 0.675 \cdot 0.325 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.731 \cdot 0.269 \cdot 1$$



Simple Examples (4)

Training of a Simple Neural Network

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_2} = -(y_t - y)y(1 - y)h
= -0.325 \cdot 0.675 \cdot 0.325 \cdot 0.731 = -0.052
\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_1} = -(y_t - y)y(1 - y)w_2h(1 - h)x_t
= -0.325 \cdot 0.675 \cdot 0.325 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.731 \cdot 0.269 \cdot 1 = -0.014$$

$$(x_t, y_t) = (1,1)$$

$$w_1^0 = 1$$

$$w_2^0 = 1$$

$$\eta = 0.1$$

$$w_1^1 = w_1^0 - \eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_1}$$

$$1.0014 = 1 + 0.1 \cdot 0.014$$

$$w_2^1 = w_2^0 - \eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_2}$$

$$1.0052 = 1 + 0.1 \cdot 0.052$$

Randomly choose an initial solution, $w_1^0 w_2^0$

Repeat

$$\left| w_1^{t+1} = w_1^t - \eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_0} \right|_{w_1 = w_1^t, w_2 = w_2^t}$$

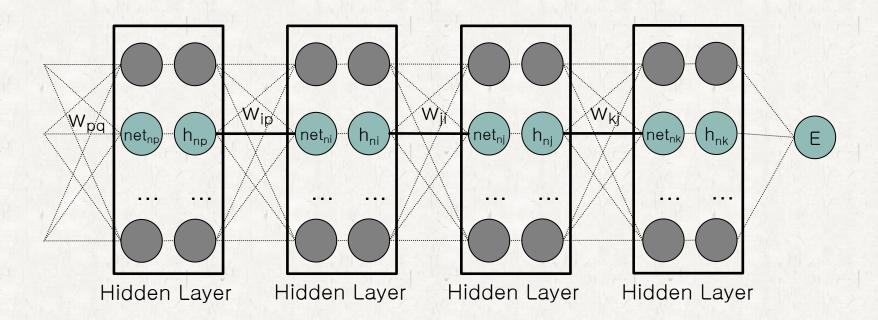
$$w_2^{t+1} = w_2^t - \eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_2} \Big|_{w_1 = w_1^t, w_2 = w_2^t}$$

Until stopping condition is satisfied



Error Back Propagation (1)

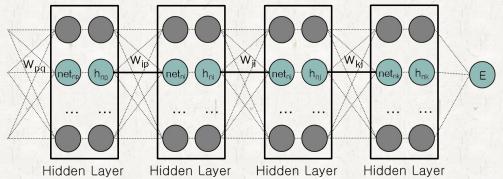
- Weights between deep layers
 - For $D_n = (x_{n1}, x_{n2}, ..., x_{nd}, t_{n1}, t_{n2}, ..., t_{nm})$





Error Back Propagation (2)

Weights between deep layers



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{kj}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{nk}} \frac{\partial net_{nk}}{\partial w_{kj}} = \delta_{nk} h_{nj} \qquad \delta_{nk} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{nk}}$$

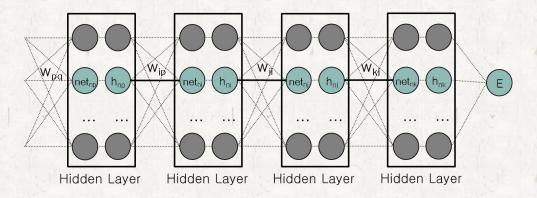
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{nj}} \frac{\partial net_{nj}}{\partial w_{ji}} = \delta_{nj} h_{ni} \qquad \delta_{nj} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{nj}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ip}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{ni}} \frac{\partial net_{ni}}{\partial w_{ip}} = \delta_{ni} h_{np} \qquad \delta_{ni} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{ni}}$$



Error Back Propagation (3)

Weights between deep layers



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{kj}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{nk}} \frac{\partial net_{nk}}{\partial w_{kj}} = \delta_{nk} h_{nj} \qquad \delta_{nk} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial h_{nk}} \frac{\partial h_{nk}}{\partial net_{nk}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{nj}} \frac{\partial net_{nj}}{\partial w_{ji}} = \delta_{nj} h_{ni} \qquad \delta_{nj} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^{K} \delta_{nk} w_{kj}\right) \frac{\partial h_{nj}}{\partial net_{nj}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ip}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial net_{ni}} \frac{\partial net_{ni}}{\partial w_{ip}} = \delta_{ni} h_{np} \qquad \delta_{ni} = \left(\sum_{j=1}^{J} \delta_{nj} w_{ji}\right) \frac{\partial h_{ni}}{\partial net_{ni}}$$