

50.003 : Elements of Software Construction

C4G1 - Project Meeting 3 Report

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|------------------|------------|
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Task Distribution

| Tasks | Group Members |
|--|--|
| Frontend (Figma, react implementation, design changes) | Stavya, Yang Kun, Luvyn |
| Backend (SQL query, API calls, routing, controller, models) | Jung Yi, Ryan, Jia Zhen, Hung |
| Testing (Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Test Cases, Graph) | Jung Yi, Ryan, Jia Zhen, Hung, Stavya, Yang Kun, Luvyn |

Changes made since PM2

| Feedback | Changes |
|--|---|
| Sequence Diagram missing reply message | Added reply message |
| Domain Class Diagram missing | Added Domain Class Diagram |
| Use case names "Manage Booking" and "Manage Account" vague and unclear | Changed to "Update Account Details" and "View Booking" (clearer action taken) |

Features Implemented

Front-end

1. **Landing Page:** Initial page users see when they visit the website.
2. **Hotel Search Page:** Allows users to search for hotels based on various criteria.
3. **Booking Page:** Page where users can book selected hotels.
4. **Payment Page:** Facilitates the payment process for hotel bookings.
5. **Hotel Room Details:** (Not yet implemented)

Back-end

1. **Search Models Implementation:**
 - Search based on destination, number of guests, check-in, and check-out dates.
 - Display a list of hotels filtered by these criteria.
2. **Hotel Listing by Destination:**
 - Use multiple parameters to refine the search results.
 - Fetch hotel information, including prices and additional parameter filters.
 - i. Filters for ratings, price, amenities not completed yet. Search is only constrained by the number of guests, dates, and destination currently.
3. **Second Phase:**
 - Plan to introduce additional filters for a more refined search experience.

SQL Querying

1. **Controller Implementation:**
 - Integrates SQL queries to handle various search and filter functionalities.
 - Not yet integrated into the system.

Frontend Unit Testing

Unit Testing for Search Hotel Use Case

Unit testing for src/HotelSearchPage/filterSection.js and src/HotelSearchPage/filterSection.css

| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| TC_FC_001 | Check if 'Filter By' heading is rendered | FilterSection component is available | Render FilterSection component | 'Filter By' heading should be in the document | None | FilterSection component | Pass (Time: 31 ms) - The 'Filter By' heading was rendered successfully . |
| TC_FC_002 | Check if 'Total Price' label is rendered | FilterSection component is available | Render FilterSection component | 'Total Price' label should be in the document | None | FilterSection | Pass (Time: 6 ms) - The 'Total Price' label was rendered successfully . |
| TC_FC_003 | Check if 'Max' and 'Min' input fields are rendered | FilterSection component is available | Render FilterSection component | 'Max' and 'Min' input fields should be in the document | None | FilterSection | Pass (Time: 9 ms) - The 'Max' and 'Min' input fields were rendered successfully . |
| TC_FC_004 | Check if 'Star Rating' label is rendered | FilterSection component is available | Render FilterSection component | 'Star Rating' label should be in the document | None | FilterSection | Pass (Time: 5 ms) - The 'Star Rating' label was rendered successfully . |
| TC_FC_005 | Check if star rating buttons (1 to 5) are rendered | FilterSection component is available | Render FilterSection component | Star rating buttons (1 to 5) should be | None | FilterSection | Pass (Time: 7 ms) - The star rating buttons (1 to 5) were |

| | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | in the document | | | rendered successfully . |
| TC_FC_006 | Check if 'Guest Rating' label is rendered | FilterSection component is available | Render FilterSection component | 'Guest Rating' label should be in the document | None | FilterSection | Pass (Time: 6 ms) - The 'Guest Rating' label was rendered successfully . |
| TC_FC_007 | Check if guest rating radio buttons ('Any', 'Wonderful 9+', 'Very Good 8+', 'Good 7+') are rendered | FilterSection component is available | Render FilterSection component | Guest rating radio buttons ('Any', 'Wonderful 9+', 'Very Good 8+', 'Good 7+') should be in the document | None | FilterSection | Pass (Time: 8 ms) - The guest rating radio buttons ('Any', 'Wonderful 9+', 'Very Good 8+', 'Good 7+') were rendered successfully . |
| TC_FC_008 | Check if the correct guest rating radio button is selected | FilterSection component is available | Click on 'Any' and 'Wonderful 9+' radio buttons | 'Any' and 'Wonderful 9+' radio buttons should be checked respectively | None | FilterSection | Pass (Time: 10 ms) - The correct guest rating radio button ('Any' and 'Wonderful 9+') was selected successfully . |

Unit Testing for destinationSearch.js

| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|---|
| TC001 | Test input field renders correctly | Component is mounted | None | Input field with placeholder 'Where to?' is rendered | Input field is visible | DestinationSearch | Input field rendered successfully |
| TC002 | Test debounce search functionality | Component is mounted | User types 'Par' in the input field | Search function is called with 'Par' after debounce | Search results are displayed | DestinationSearch | Search function debounced successfully |
| TC003 | Test suggestion list renders correctly | User has typed a query | User focuses on the input field | Suggestion list is rendered with filtered destinations | Suggestion list is visible | DestinationSearch | Suggestion list rendered successfully |
| TC004 | Test suggestion click functionality | Suggestions are displayed | User clicks on a suggestion | Query is updated with the clicked suggestion and suggestions are hidden | Input field contains clicked suggestion | DestinationSearch | Query updated and suggestions hidden successfully |

Unit Testing for pageHeader.js

| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| TC001 | Test header renders correctly | Component is mounted | None | Header element is rendered with a list of items | Header is visible | PageHeader | Header rendered successfully |
| TC002 | Test logo renders correctly | Component is mounted | None | Logo image is rendered with correct src | Logo is visible | PageHeader | Logo rendered successfully |
| TC003 | Test Sign In link functionality | Component is mounted | User clicks on Sign In link | User is navigated to #signin | User is on the sign-in section | PageHeader | Sign In link navigated successfully |
| TC004 | Test Contact Us link functionality | Component is mounted | User clicks on Contact Us link | User is navigated to #contacts | User is on the contact us section | PageHeader | Contact Us link navigated successfully |
| TC005 | Test currency button functionality | Component is mounted | User clicks on SGD button | Currency dropdown is displayed | Currency dropdown is visible | PageHeader | Currency button clicked successfully |

Unit testing for dateInput.js

| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----|
|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----|

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|-------|---|----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| TC001 | Test DateRange Picker renders correctly | Component is mounted | None | DateRangePicker is rendered with placeholders 'Check-in' and 'Check-out' | DateRange Picker is visible | DateInput | DateRangePicker rendered successfully |
| TC002 | Test date range selection functionality | Component is mounted | User selects a date range | setDateRange function is called with the selected date range | Date range is updated | DateInput | Date range selected successfully |
| TC003 | Test renderInput function | Component is mounted | None | Two TextFields are rendered with the selected dates | Two TextFields are visible | DateInput | TextFields rendered successfully |
| TC004 | Test start date input field | Component is mounted | User enters a start date | TextField for start date is updated with the entered date | Start date field contains entered date | DateInput | Start date input updated successfully |
| TC005 | Test end date input field | Component is mounted | User enters an end date | TextField for end date is updated with the entered date | End date field contains entered date | DateInput | End date input updated successfully |
| TC006 | Test localization provider | Component is | None | LocalizationProvider uses AdapterDays | Dates are handled | DateInput | LocalizationProvider |

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|--|--|---------|--|-------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | | mounted | | for date handling | using Dayjs adapter | | initialized successfully |
|--|--|---------|--|-------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|

Backend Unit Testing (Search Hotel - HBS_UC_1)

Unit Testing for [controller/searchHotelController.js](#): This tests are meant for input validation, Hotel retrieval and filtering as well as the implemented caching mechanism

| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| TC_UT_001 | Validate retrieval of hotels by destination | DestinationCache is empty | req.params.id = '123', req.body = { checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10' } | List of hotels and their prices for the given destination ID | Destination '123' cached | searchHotelByDestination | Destination 123 cached |
| TC_UT_002 | Ensure caching mechanism for destination hotels | DestinationCache contains hotels for id '123' | req.params.id = '123', req.body = { checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10' } | List of hotels and their prices retrieved from cache | Cache hit for destination '123' | getCacheHotelsByDestination | Cache accessed: destination 123 |
| TC_UT_003 | Validate filtering by star rating | HotelPrices and HotelsMaps are populated | filters = { starRatingFloor: 4 } | List of hotels with a star rating of 4 or higher | Filter applied and valid hotels returned | filterHotels | Filter applied successfully |
| TC_UT_004 | Validate filtering by price range | HotelPrices and Hotels | filters = { priceFloor: 100, | List of hotels with prices within the | Filter applied and valid | filterHotels | Filter applied successfully |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|--|--|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Maps are populated | priceCeil: 200 } | specified range | hotels returned | | |
| TC_UT_005 | Validate retrieval of hotel details by ID | Hotel ID is valid and room prices are available | req.param s.id = '123', req.body = { destination_id: '456', checkin: '2024-11-01' } | Hotel details and room prices for the given hotel ID | Hotel details and room prices retrieved | searchHotelById | Hotel details retrieved |
| TC_UT_006 | Ensure error handling for missing mandatory fields in hotel search | None | req.param s.id = "", req.body = { checkin: "", checkout: "" } | Error message indicating missing mandatory fields | Error message displayed | searchHotelByDestination | Error handled correctly |
| TC_UT_007 | Validate the filtering placeholder function | HotelPrices and Hotels Maps are populated | filters = {} | Unfiltered list of hotels and their prices | Placeholder filter applied successfully | placeholderFilterHotels | Placeholder filter applied |

Unit testing for models/hotel.js are meant to test the fetchHotelsByDestination and fetchHotel functions.

| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function | Log |
|--------------|--|--------------|----------------------|---|--|--------------------------|------|
| TC_UT_008 | Test fetchHotelsByDestination() returns map of hotel instances | None | destination_id: RsBU | Map of hotel instances identified by its corresponding hotel id | Hotels by destination fetched successfully | fetchHotelsByDestination | Pass |
| TC_UT_009 | Test fetchHotel() returns Hotel instance | None | id: 'diH7' | Hotel instance for the given ID | Hotel fetched successfully | fetchHotel | Pass |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| TC_UT_01 0 | Ensure error handling when fetching hotels by destination failed | None | destination_id: 'Invalid' | Error thrown and logged | Error handled correctly | fetchHotelsByDestination | Pass |
| TC_UT_01 1 | Ensure error handling when fetching a hotel by hotel id failed | None | id: 'Invalid' | Error thrown and logged | Error handled correctly | fetchHotel | Pass |

Unit testing for the [models/hotelPrices.js](#) are meant to test the fetchHotelPricesByDestination function.

| Test Case ID | Description | Pre-condition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|---------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| TC_UT_01 2 | Validate fetching hotel prices with successful API response | API response is valid and complete | destination_id: 'D123', checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | Map of hotel prices with HotelPrice instances | Hotel prices fetched successfully | fetchHotelPricesByDestination | |
| TC_UT_01 3 | Validate handling of incomplete API response with polling | API response is incomplete initially | destination_id: 'D123', checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | Map of hotel prices after polling completes | API polling handled correctly | fetchHotelPricesByDestination | |
| TC_UT_01 4 | Ensure error handling | API request fails | destination_id: 'D123', checkin: | Error thrown and logged | Error handled correctly | fetchHotelPricesByDestination | Error fetching hotel prices |

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| | when API fails | | '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | | | | |
| TC_UT_015 | Validate handling of exceeded API poll limits | API response never completes | destination_id: 'D123', checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | Error indicating poll limit exceeded | Error handled correctly | fetchHotelPricesByDestination | |

Unit testing of the [models/hotel.js](#) are meant to test the fetchHotelsByDestination and fetchHotel functions.

| Test Case ID | Description | Pre condition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| TC_UT_016 | Validate fetching of hotels by destination | None | destination_id: 'D123' | Map of hotels with hotel instances | Hotels fetched successfully | fetchHotelsByDestination | Hotels fetched for destination D123 |
| TC_UT_017 | Ensure error handling when fetching hotels by invalid destination | None | destination_id: 'Invalid' | Error thrown and logged | Error handled correctly | fetchHotelsByDestination | Error fetching hotels by destination |
| TC_UT_018 | Validate fetching a hotel by ID | None | id: 'H1' | Hotel instance for the given ID | Hotel fetched successfully | fetchHotel | Hotel fetched for ID H1 |

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| TC_UT_019 | Ensure error handling when fetching a hotel by invalid ID | None | id: 'Invalid' | Error thrown and logged | Error handled correctly | fetchHotel | Exceeded API poll limit |
|-----------|---|------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|

Unit testing of the models/room.js are meant to test the fetchRoomPrices functions.

| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Post Condition | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|-----------------|---------------------------|
| TC_UT_020 | Test fetchRoomPrices() can return list of Room instances | API response is valid and complete | id: 'H123', destination_id: 'D123', checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | Array of Room instances | Rooms specific to hotel id fetched successfully | fetchRoomPrices | API polled successfully |
| TC_UT_021 | Validate handling of incomplete API response with polling | API response is incomplete initially | id: 'H123', destination_id: 'D123', checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | Array of Room instances after polling completes | API polling handled correctly | fetchRoomPrices | API polled multiple times |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| TC_UT_02 2 | Ensure error handling when API fails | API request fails | id: 'H123', destination_id: 'D123', checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | Error thrown and logged | Error handled correctly | fetchRoomPrices | Error fetching room prices |
| TC_UT_02 3 | Validate handling of exceeded API poll limit | API response never completes | id: 'H123', destination_id: 'D123', checkin: '2024-11-01', checkout: '2024-11-10', lang: 'en_US', currency: 'USD', guests: '2' | Error indicating poll limit exceeded | Error handled correctly | fetchRoomPrices | Poll limit exceeded |

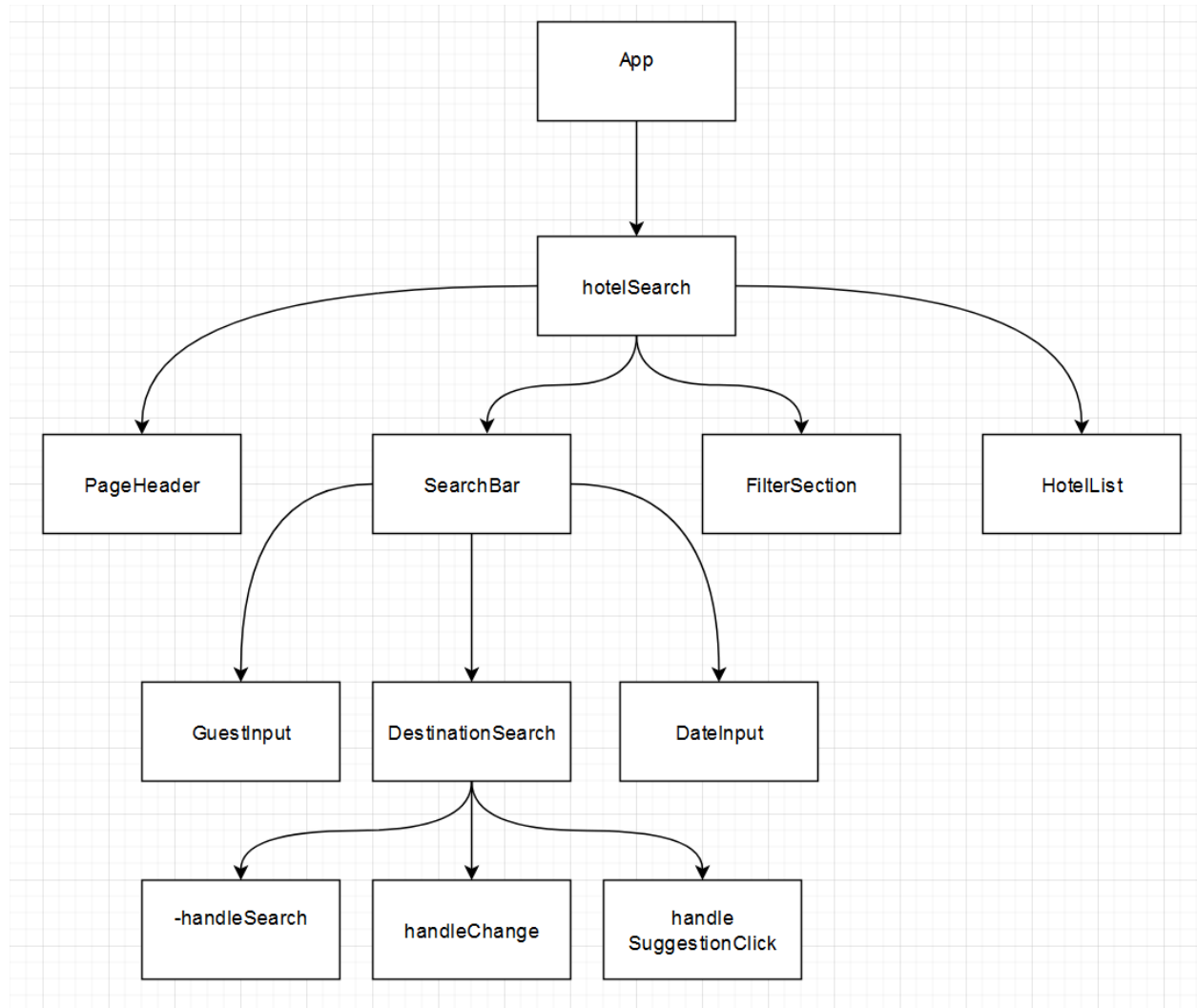
Testing Plan

The team is currently in the process of integrating the frontend and backend functionalities. As such we have included our plans for integration testing under this section for our testing plan.

| Phase | Activity | Duration |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Unit Testing and Integration Testing | Completion of Unit Testing and Begin Integration Testing | 1 week (Week 11) |
| Integration Testing and E2E testing | Completion of Integration Testing and Begin E2E testing | 1 week (Week 12) |
| Week 13 | Completion of E2E testing and project handover | 1 week (Week 13) |

Integration Testing

For the integration testing we would like to ensure that the various components within the system are working together correctly once unit testing of the backend controllers and models have been concluded. We plan to use the bottom-up approach for our integration testing.



Integration Test Cases

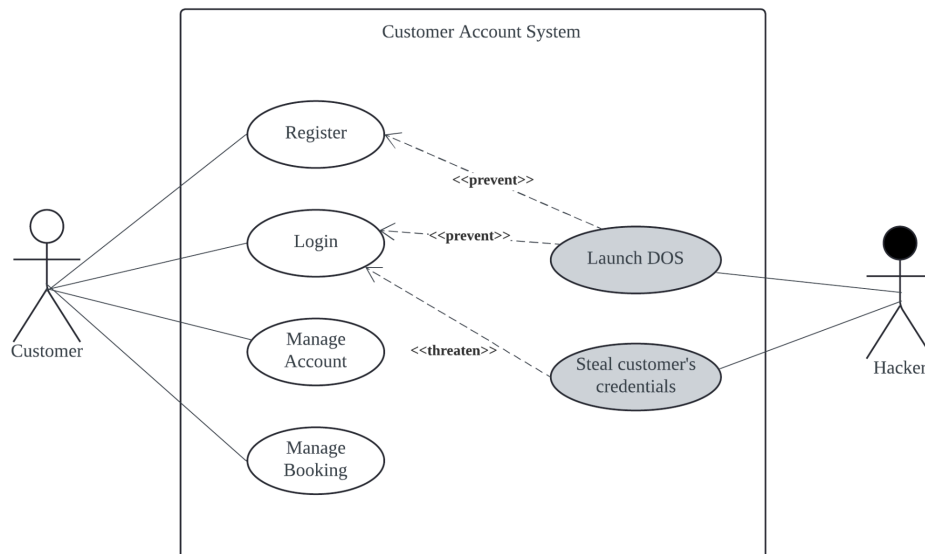
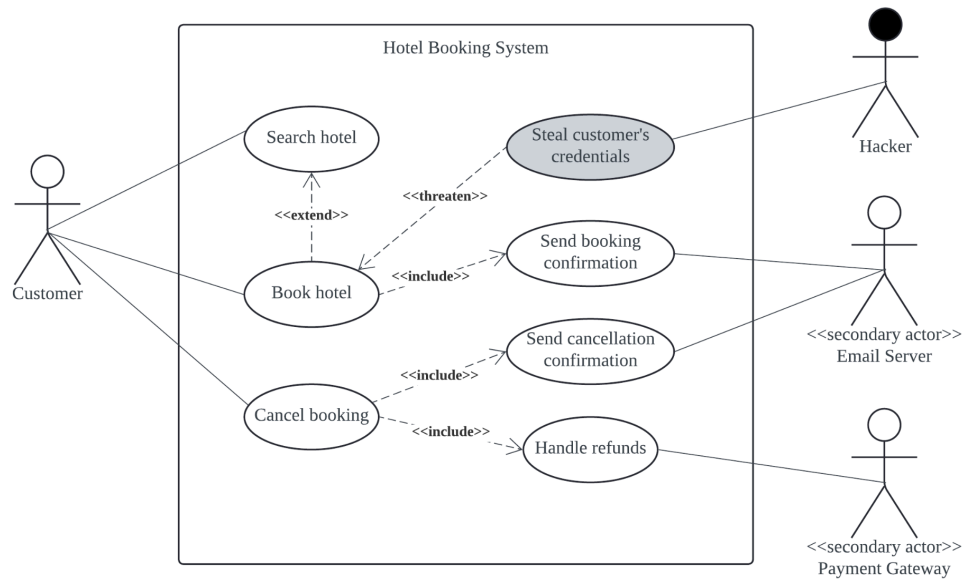
| Test Case ID | Description | Precondition | Input | Expected Output | Function/Module | Log |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----|
| IT001 | Test DestinationSearch component independently | Component is isolated | User types in search field | Filtered destinations are displayed | DestinationSearch | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| IT002 | Test DateInput component independently | Component is isolated | User selects a date range | Selected date range is updated | DateInput | |
| IT003 | Test GuestInput component independently | Component is isolated | User selects number of guests | Selected number of guests is updated | GuestInput | |
| IT004 | Integrate SearchBar with DestinationSearch | SearchBar and DestinationSearch components are available | User types in search field within SearchBar | Filtered destinations are displayed | SearchBar, DestinationSearch | |
| IT005 | Integrate SearchBar with DateInput | SearchBar and DateInput components are available | User selects a date range within SearchBar | Selected date range is updated | SearchBar, DateInput | |
| IT006 | Integrate SearchBar with GuestInput | SearchBar and GuestInput components are available | User selects number of guests within SearchBar | Selected number of guests is updated | SearchBar, GuestInput | |
| IT007 | Test FilterSection component independently | Component is isolated | User interacts with filters | Filters are updated accordingly | FilterSection | |
| IT008 | Integrate hotelSearch with SearchBar | hotelSearch and SearchBar components are available | User interacts with SearchBar | Search criteria are updated | hotelSearch, SearchBar | |
| IT009 | Integrate hotelSearch with FilterSection | hotelSearch and FilterSection components are available | User interacts with FilterSection | Filters are applied to search results | hotelSearch, FilterSection | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| IT0 10 | Integrate hotelSearch with HotelList | hotelSearch and HotelList components are available | Search criteria and filters are applied | Filtered hotel list is displaye d | hotelSearch, HotelList | |
| IT0 11 | Integrate hotelSearch with PageHeader | hotelSearch and PageHeader components are available | User interacts with header options | Header interacti ons are handled correctly | hotelSearch, PageHeader | |
| IT0 12 | Full integration test of hotelSearch | All components are available | User interacts with search, filters, and header | Correctly filtered hotel list is displaye d | hotelSearch, SearchBar, FilterSection, HotelList, PageHeader | |

UML Diagrams

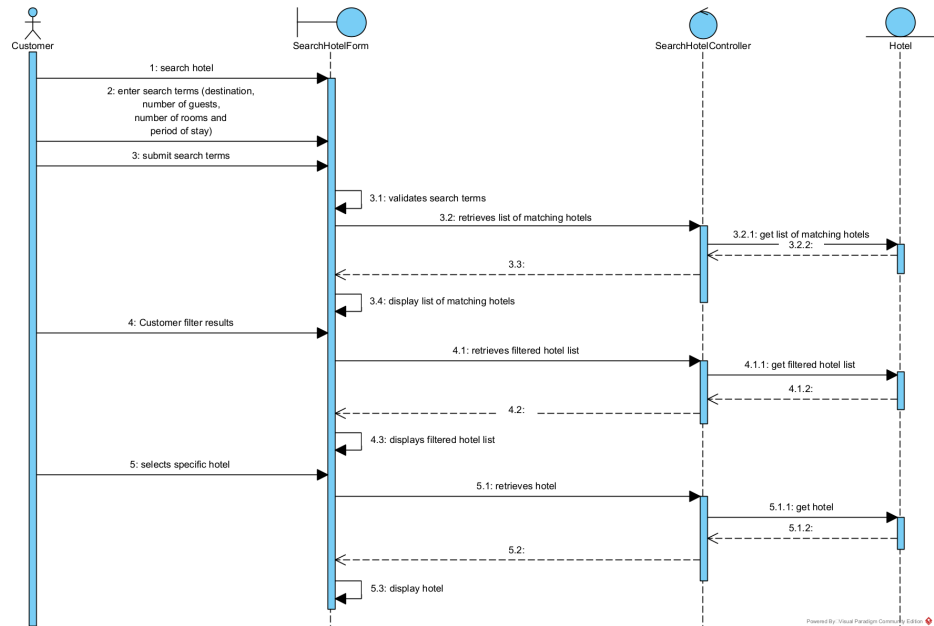
Use Case Diagram



Use Case Descriptions

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | HBS_UC_1 |
| Use Case Name | Search Hotel |
| Author | Ryan Lee |
| Date Created | 3/7/2024 |
| Description | This use case allows customers to search for hotels by destination, dates of stay, number of guests, and number of rooms. For each field, the customer selects input values from a predefined list. Upon submission, the system displays a list of matching hotels along with the cheapest room for each hotel. Customers can filter the list by star ratings, guest ratings, and price range. The customer can then select a specific hotel from the list to view a list of matching room types provided and any other additional information. |
| Primary Actor | Customer |
| Secondary Actor | Ascenda Hotel API |
| Precondition | 1. Hotel Listing API is available and functioning |
| Postconditions | 1. System displays details for specific hotel |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer inputs destination, date of stay, number of guests and number of rooms (select from list of valid input values) 2. Customer submits inputs 3. System validates inputs 4. System retrieves list of matching hotels 5. System displays list of matching hotels 6. Customer filters results by star ratings, guest ratings, and price range 7. System retrieves list of filtered matching hotels 8. System displays list of filtered matching hotels 9. Customer selects specific hotel from result list 10. System displays details of the selected hotel such as matching room details, ratings, and any other additional information 11. Extension point : customer books hotel (HBS_UC_2) 12. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3a. Missing mandatory search criterion/criteria <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System prompts customer for the missing mandatory search fields 2. Use case resumes at main flow step 1 |

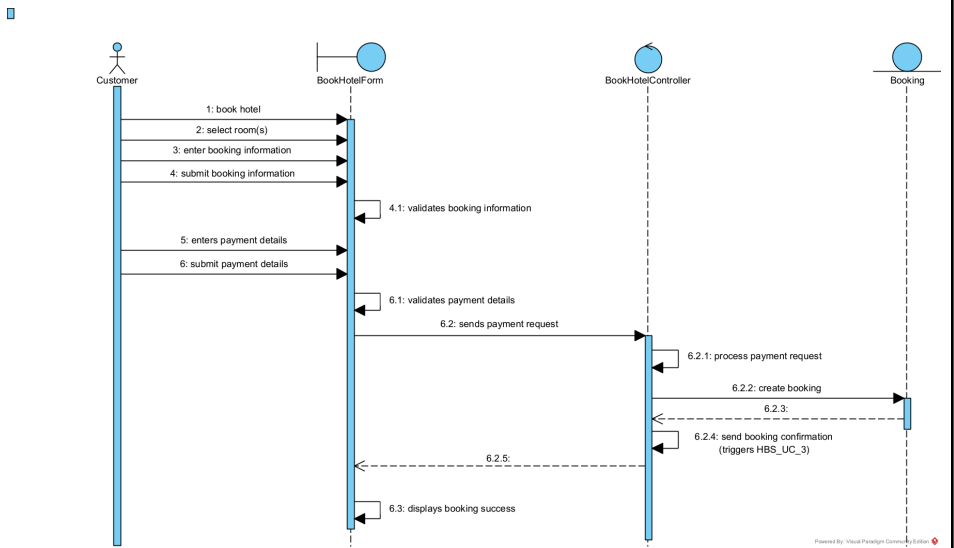
Sequence Diagram



| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | HBS_UC_2 |
| Use Case Name | Book Hotel |
| Author | Ryan Lee |
| Date Created | 3/7/2024 |
| Description | This use case allows the customer to book a hotel room and make payment via payment gateway. To book a hotel room, the customer enters the following information: first name & last name, phone number & email address, special requests to hotel, payment information (credit card number, expiry date, CVV/CVC), and the billing address. If the customer is logged in, then certain fields are automatically filled in (depending on what information the customer has saved in their account). After payment is processed and booking is confirmed, the system will trigger the send booking confirmation use case (HBS_UC_3) in which the email server will send an email to the customer with booking confirmation and information. |
| Include Use Cases | 1. Send Booking Confirmation (HBS_UC_3) |
| Extends Use Cases: | 1. Search hotel (HBS_UC_1) |
| Primary Actor | Customer |
| Secondary Actor | Payment Gateway |
| Precondition | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer has selected (searched up) a hotel 2. Payment Gateway is available and functioning |
| Postconditions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hotel room is booked and customer receives a booking confirmation via email 2. Booking details are recorded in database (via Create Booking API) |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer selects room(s) to book 2. Customer enters required booking information (e.g. customer's email) 3. Customer submits booking information 4. System validates booking information 5. Customer enters payment details 6. Customer submits payment details 7. System validates payment details 8. System sends payment request to Payment Gateway 9. Payment Gateway processes the payment and returns a |

| | |
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| | <p>confirmation</p> <p>10. System confirms the booking and create booking in database</p> <p>11. System triggers send booking confirmation use case (HBS_UC_3)</p> <p>12. System displays “booking success” message</p> <p>13. Use case ends</p> |
| Alternate Flow | <p>2a. Customer is logged in</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System auto fills form based on information saved to customer’s account 2. Customer fills in remaining fields 3. Use case resumes at main flow step 3 <p>4a. Invalid or missing booking information</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System prompts customer for missing/incorrect information 2. Use case resumes at main flow step 2 <p>5a. Customer is logged in and has saved payment information</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System auto fills payment details form based on payment information saved to customer’s account 2. Customer can modify the fields 3. Use case resumes at main flow step 7 <p>6a. Customer is logged in and does not have payment information saved to account</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System asks customer if they wish to save payment information to account 2. System says payment information to account if customer indicates to do so 3. Use case resumes at main flow step 8 <p>7a. Invalid or missing payment details (that can be detected without Payment Gateway)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System prompts customer to fill in missing details or correct incorrect information 2. Use case resumes at main flow step 6 <p>9a. Payment declined by Payment gateway</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System informs customer that the payment was declined 2. a) Customer can retry the payment with different payment details by resuming use case at main flow step 6 b) Customer can cancel the booking process. Use case ends. |

Sequence Diagram



| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | HBS_UC_3 |
| Use Case Name | Send Booking Confirmation |
| Author | Ryan Lee |
| Date Created | 3/7/2024 |
| Description | <p>This use case allows the system to send a booking confirmation email to a customer (via the email server) after they have made a successful booking. This use case is included in the book hotel use case (HBS_UC_2) as it is part of the booking process, triggered when the customer's booking is confirmed. The email should notify customer that their booking was successful and provide them all relevant information: destination ID, hotel ID, booking display information (number of nights, start date, end date, adults, children, message to hotel, room types), price, booking reference (booking ID), guest information (salutation, first name, last name), payee information (payment ID, payee ID). The email should also contain a unique URL that redirects the customer to a page that allows them to cancel that booking if they so wish.</p> |
| Primary Actor | |
| Secondary Actor | Email Server |
| Precondition | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Email server is available and functioning 2. Customer made successful booking (system triggers this use case) |
| Postconditions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer receives a booking confirmation email with all relevant details |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System compiles customer's booking details 2. System generates booking confirmation from compiled data 3. System composes an email with booking confirmation details 4. System sends composed email to the customer's email address via the email server 5. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4a. Email server fails to send email <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System retries sending the email via email server a specified number of times 2. If the email still cannot be sent, the system logs the failure and notifies system administrator 3. Use case ends |

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | HBS_UC_4 |
| Use Case Name | Cancel Booking |
| Author | Ryan Lee |
| Date Created | 3/7/2024 |
| Description | This use case enables customers to cancel their previously made hotel booking. This use case includes the send handle refunds use case (HBS_UC_5) which triggers after the system processes cancellation, in which the system interacts with the payment gateway for any necessary refunds. Upon successful cancellation, the system will trigger the included send cancellation confirmation use case (HBS_UC_6), in which a cancellation confirmation email is sent to the customer. This use case is reached by customers via the special URL in their booking confirmation email, unique to that particular booking. |
| Include Use Cases | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Handle Refunds (HBS_UC_5) 2. Send Cancellation Confirmation (HBS_UC_6) |
| Primary Actor | Customer |
| Secondary Actor | |
| Precondition | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer has existing booking that they wish to cancel 2. Payment gateway and email server are available and functioning |
| Postconditions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Booking is cancelled 2. Customer receives a cancellation confirmation email 3. Booking status is updated to 'cancelled' in database |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer navigates to booking cancellation page unique to their booking, via URL in booking confirmation email 2. System prompts customer to confirm cancellation 3. Customer confirms booking cancellation 4. System processes cancellation request 5. System triggers handle refunds (HBS_UC_5) use case 6. System updates booking status to 'cancelled' in database 7. System triggers send cancellation confirmation (HBS_UC_6) use case 8. System displays "Booking cancelled successfully." 9. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | <p>4a. Too late to cancel booking</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System notifies customer that it is too late to cancel the booking 2. Use case ends |

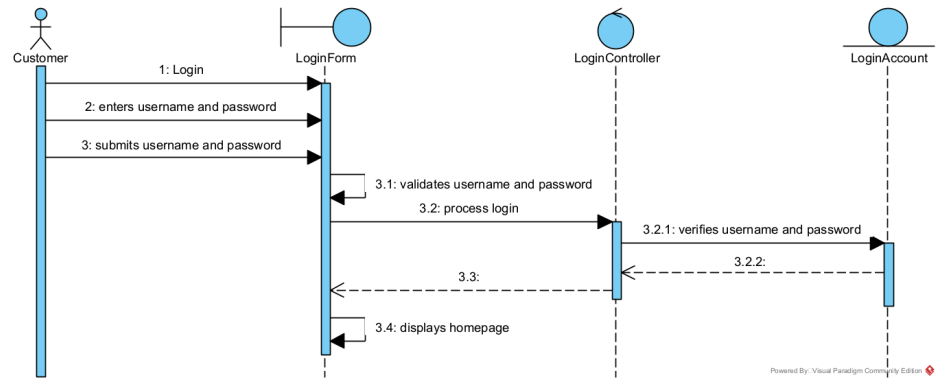
| | |
|------------------|---|
| | <div>4b. Booking status is already cancelled</div> <div><div>1. System notifies customer that the booking is already cancelled</div><div>2. Use case ends</div></div> <div>5a. Refund request rejected by payment gateway</div> <div><div>1. System informs customer that refund request has been rejected and thus booking cancellation request is also incomplete</div><div>2. Use case ends</div></div> |
| Sequence Diagram | <pre>sequenceDiagram actor Customer participant CancelBookingForm participant CancelBookingController participant Booking Customer->>CancelBookingForm: 1: cancel booking CancelBookingForm->>CancelBookingController: 2.1: process cancellation request CancelBookingController->>CancelBookingForm: 2.1.1: handle refunds (triggers HBS_UC_5) CancelBookingController->>Booking: 2.1.2: updates booking status Booking-->>CancelBookingController: 2.1.3: CancelBookingController->>CancelBookingForm: 2.1.4: sends cancellation confirmation email (triggers HBS_UC_6) CancelBookingController-->>CancelBookingForm: 2.1.5: CancelBookingForm-->>Customer: 2.2: displays cancellation successful</pre> <p>The diagram illustrates the process of cancelling a booking. It involves four participants: Customer, CancelBookingForm, CancelBookingController, and Booking. The process begins with the Customer sending a 'cancel booking' message to the CancelBookingForm. The CancelBookingForm then sends a 'process cancellation request' message to the CancelBookingController. The controller performs several internal actions and sends messages to the Booking entity: 'handle refunds (triggers HBS_UC_5)', 'updates booking status', and 'sends cancellation confirmation email (triggers HBS_UC_6)'. The Booking entity returns a message to the controller. Finally, the controller sends a 'displays cancellation successful' message back to the Customer.</p> |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | HBS_UC_5 |
| Use Case Name | Handle Refunds |
| Author | Ryan Lee |
| Date Created | 3/7/2024 |
| Description | This use case enables the process of refunding the customer when they cancel a booking. This use case is included in the cancel booking use case (HBS_UC_4), triggered after the cancellation request is processed (refund request allowed by system). The system interacts with the payment gateway to process the refund request. |
| Primary Actor | |
| Secondary Actor | Payment Gateway |
| Precondition | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Booking cancellation request is processed and confirmed by system 2. Payment gateway is available and functioning |
| Postconditions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Payment gateway processes and confirms refund request transaction |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System fetches booking details needed for refund request 2. System sends a refund request to the payment gateway with the calculated amount and transaction details 3. The payment gateway processes the refund 4. The payment gateway returns confirmation of refund to the system 5. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3a. Refund request rejected by payment gateway <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System informs customer that refund request has been rejected and thus booking cancellation request is also incomplete 2. Use case ends |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Use Case ID | HBS_UC_6 |
| Use Case Name | Send Cancellation Confirmation |
| Author | Ryan Lee |
| Date Created | 3/7/2024 |
| Description | This use case allows the system to send a cancellation confirmation email to a customer (via the email server) after they have successfully cancelled a booking. This use case is included in the cancel booking use case (HBS_UC_4), triggered when the booking cancellation is confirmed. The email should notify the customer that their booking cancellation was successful. |
| Primary Actor | |
| Secondary Actor | Email Server |
| Precondition | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Email server is available and functioning 2. Customer successfully cancelled booking (refunded) |
| Postconditions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer receives an email confirming their booking cancellation |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System composes an email notifying customer of successful booking cancellation 2. System sends composed email to the customer's email address via the email server 3. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | <p>2a. Email server fails to send email</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System retries sending the email via email server a specified number of times 2. If the email still cannot be sent, the system logs the failure and notifies system administrator 3. Use case ends |

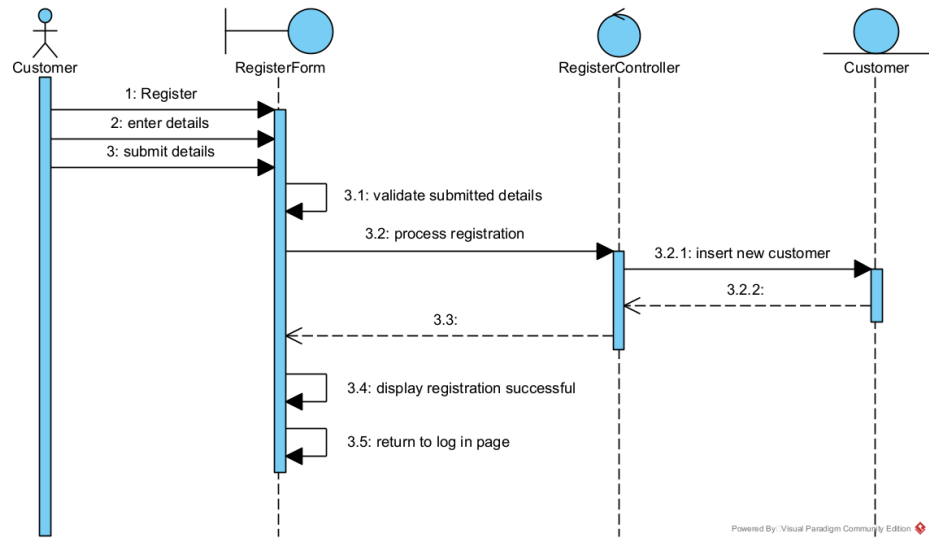
| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Use Case ID | CAS_UC_1 |
| Use Case Name | Login |
| Author | Ryan Lee |
| Date Created | 3/7/2024 |
| Description | This use case enables customers to login to their accounts before making a booking. While logging in is not required for booking, it provides additional convenience by autofilling the customer's saved details and preferences when making a booking. Once a customer is logged in, they can proceed to fill in and save said details and preferences to their account. |
| Primary Actor | Customer |
| Secondary Actor | |
| Precondition | 1. Customer has to have valid account |
| Postconditions | 1. System displays the relevant homepage with customer authenticated and logged in. |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer navigates to login page 2. Customer enters username and password 3. Customer submits username and password 4. System validates the username and password 5. System processes login 6. System verifies the username and password 7. System returns to homepage (logged in) 8. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4a. Missing username and/or password <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System prompts customer for username and password 2. Use case resumes at main flow step 2 6a. Invalid username and/or password <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System displays "Invalid username and/or password" message 2. System prompts customer for username and password 3. Use case resumes at main flow step 2 7a. Customer wishes to save booking details & preferences <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer navigates to "Manage Account" page 2. Customer enters details & preferences they wish to save to their account (for autofill purposes) 3. Customer submits form 4. System saves information to database 5. Use case ends |

Sequence Diagram



| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | CAS_UC_2 |
| Use Case Name | Register |
| Author | Yee Jia Zhen |
| Date Created | 4 July 2024 |
| Description | This use case is for new users to create an account for the hotel booking web application. |
| Primary Actor | Customer |
| Secondary Actor | |
| Precondition | 1. Customer is not an existing user |
| Postconditions | 1. Customer account created |
| Main Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer navigates to the register account page 2. Customer fill in their details 3. Customer submit the register account form 4. System validates submitted details 5. System process registration 6. System adds customer to database 7. System displays registration successful message 8. System returns to log in page 9. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4a. Username or email taken <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System prompts customer for new username or email 2. Use case resumes at main flow step 3 4b. Weak password <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System prompts customer for a strong password 2. Use case resumes at main flow step 3 |

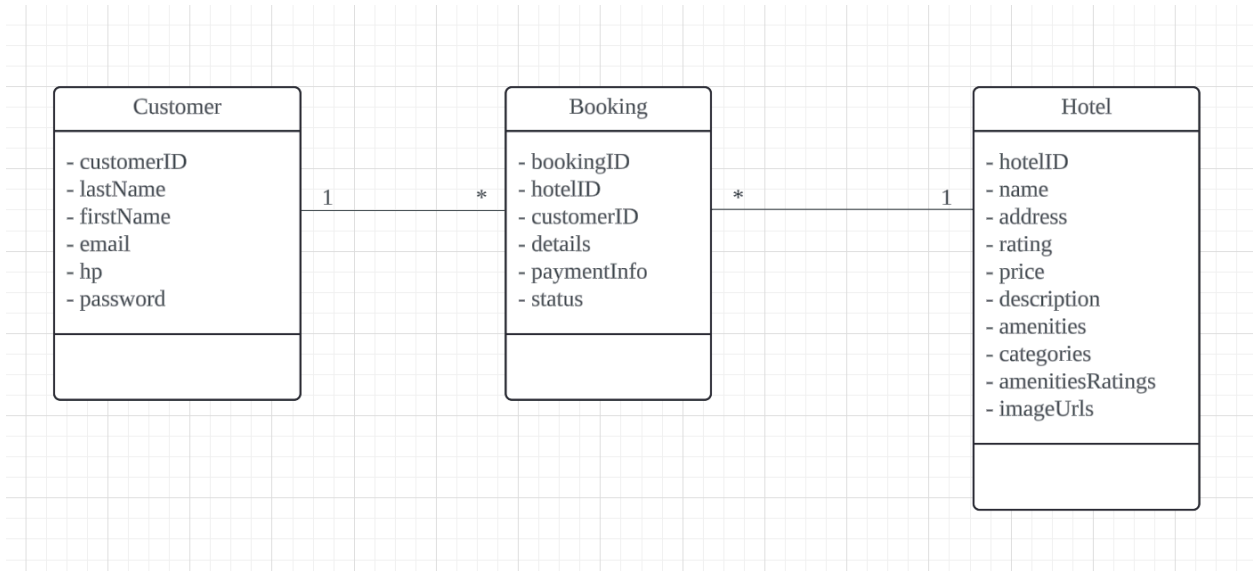
Sequence Diagram



| | |
|------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | CAS_UC_3 |
| Use Case Name | Update Account Details |
| Author | Yee Jia Zhen |
| Date Created | 4 July 2024 |
| Description | This use case allows customers to view and amend their personal information that they have provided during registration. |
| Primary Actor | Customer |
| Secondary Actor | |
| Precondition | 1. Customer has a valid account |
| Postconditions | 1. Customer account details successfully updated |
| Main Flow | <div>1. Customer navigates to account page</div> <div>2. Customer edit their personal information</div> <div>3. Customer save their edits</div> <div>4. System validates their personal information</div> <div>5. System process account updates</div> <div>6. System updates the database</div> <div>7. System display new information</div> <div>8. Use case ends</div> |
| Alternate Flow | <div>4a. Username or email taken</div> <div>3. System prompts customer for new username or email</div> <div>4. Use case resumes at main flow step 3</div> <div>4b. Weak password</div> <div>3. System prompts customer for a strong password</div> <div>4. Use case resumes at main flow step 3</div> |
| Sequence Diagram | <pre>sequenceDiagram actor Customer as Customer participant UpdateAccountForm as UpdateAccountForm participant UpdateAccountController as UpdateAccountController participant Customer as Customer Customer->>UpdateAccountForm: 1: update account details UpdateAccountForm->>UpdateAccountForm: 2: save edits UpdateAccountForm->>UpdateAccountForm: 2.1: validate edits UpdateAccountForm->>UpdateAccountController: 2.2: process account updates UpdateAccountController->>Customer: 2.2.1: update personal information Customer-->>UpdateAccountController: 2.2.2: UpdateAccountController-->>UpdateAccountForm: 2.3: UpdateAccountForm->>UpdateAccountForm: 2.4: display new information</pre> <p>Sequence Diagram illustrating the process of updating account details:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Customer (Actor) sends message 1: update account details to UpdateAccountForm (Boundary).UpdateAccountForm (Boundary) sends message 2: save edits to itself.UpdateAccountForm (Boundary) sends message 2.1: validate edits to itself.UpdateAccountForm (Boundary) sends message 2.2: process account updates to UpdateAccountController (Control).UpdateAccountController (Control) sends message 2.2.1: update personal information to Customer (Actor).Customer (Actor) sends message 2.2.2: to UpdateAccountController (Control).UpdateAccountController (Control) sends message 2.3: to UpdateAccountForm (Boundary).UpdateAccountForm (Boundary) sends message 2.4: display new information to itself. <p>Powered By: Visual Paradigm Community Edition</p> |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Use Case ID | CAS_UC_4 |
| Use Case Name | View Booking |
| Author | Yee Jia Zhen |
| Date Created | 4 July 2024 |
| Description | This use case allows customers to view their hotel booking(s) information and gives them the option to cancel their booking(s). |
| Primary Actor | Customer |
| Secondary Actor | |
| Precondition | 1. Customer has a valid account |
| Postconditions | 1. Customer's booking(s) successfully cancelled 2. Customer booking(s) successfully changed. |
| Main Flow | 1. Customer navigates to bookings page 2. System displays customer's booking(s) 3. Use case ends |
| Alternate Flow | 2a. Customer wishes to cancel booking 1. Customer selects cancel booking option, triggering cancel booking use case (HBS_UC_4) 2. Use case ends |
| Sequence Diagram | <pre>sequenceDiagram actor Customer participant ViewBookingForm Customer->>ViewBookingForm: 1: view booking activate ViewBookingForm ViewBookingForm->>ViewBookingForm: 1.1: display bookings deactivate ViewBookingForm</pre> <p>Powered By: Visual Paradigm Community Edition</p> |

Domain Class Diagram



Solution Class Diagram

SCD for compulsory use cases. Still figuring out certain parameters and hence have generalised them as string arrays - will revise these later (iterative process).

