데이터문제해결1 과제3

1 0 0 1 0 2600

3 0 0 0 0 0 2622

컴퓨터공학과 17011599 안정연

1. Library(MASS) 를 통해 birthwt 데이터를 불러온다.

```
> library(MASS)
> birthwt
```

0 18 107 1

0 21 124

89

91

```
low age lwt race smoke ptl ht ui ftv bwt 85 0 19 182 2 0 0 0 1 0 2523 86 0 33 155 3 0 0 0 0 3 2551 87 0 20 105 1 1 0 0 0 1 2557 88 0 21 108 1 1 0 0 1 2 2594
```

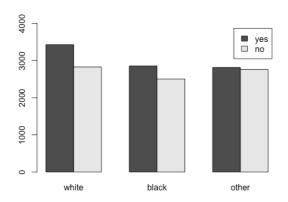
2. 인종과 흡연유무에 따른 평균 bwt를 따로 테이블로 추출한다.

```
> tx <- birthwt %>%
+ group_by(race, smoke) %>%
+ summarise(bwt_mean = mean(bwt),bwt_sd = sd(bwt))
`summarise()` regrouping output by 'race' (override with `.groups` argument)
# A tibble: 6 x 4
# Groups: race [3]
   race smoke bwt_mean bwt_sd
  <int> <int> <dbl> <dbl>
          0
1
     1
                <u>3</u>429. 710.
                <u>2</u>827. 626.
2
     1
           1
              <u>2</u>854.
3
     2
           0
                        621.
          1 <u>2</u>504
     2
                        637.
5
          0 <u>2</u>816. 709.
     3
     3
          1 2757. 810.
```

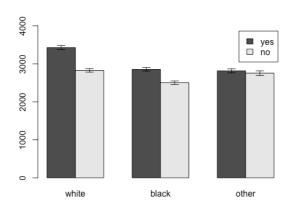
3. Standard error를 구하기 위해 다음과 같이 데이터를 처리해준다.

```
> bwt.mean <- tx['bwt_mean']</pre>
> bwt.sd <- tx['bwt_sd']</pre>
> bwt.sd.u <- bwt.mean[1:6,] + bwt.sd[1:6,]</pre>
> bwt.sd.u
  bwt_mean
1 4138.849
2 3453.319
3 3475.754
4 3141.057
5 3525.131
6 3567.211
> bwt.sd.l <- bwt.mean[1:6,] - bwt.sd[1:6,]</pre>
> bwt.sd.l
  bwt_mean
1 2718.651
2 2200.374
3 2233.246
4 1866.943
5 2106.432
6 1947.122
```

- 4. Barplot을 이용하여 그래프를 그린다.
 - > b<-barplot(t1, beside = TRUE, ylim = c(0,4000),legend.text = c("yes","no"),names=c("white","black","other"))



- 5. arrows 함수를 이용해 오차그래프를 그린다.
 - > arrows(b,as.matrix(bwt.sd.u),b,as.matrix(bwt.sd.l),angle = 90,length = 0.08, code=3)



- 6. Black의 경우 smoking 별 차이가 유의미하다는 아이콘과 설명을 추가한다.
 - > axis(1,at = c(4.5,5.5),tick = TRUE, pos = 3100, label=c("",""))
 - > text(5,3100,"**",pos = 3,offset = -0.05)

