



리눅스프로그래밍

MQTT 응용







Python에서 Flask 웹 프레임워크와 함께 사용되는 환경 변수로 Flask 애플리케이션이 포함된 Python 파일의 이름으로 설정하는 환경변수는 무엇인가요?

FLASK_APP









학습 내용

- 1 시뮬레이션 plot(온도, 습도, 조도)
- 2 시뮬레이션 looping(온도, 습도, 조도)
- ③ SensorData 테이블 변경
- 4 MQTT응용



参 MQTT를 응용할 수 있다.



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🛒 시뮬레이션 plot(온도, 습도, 조도)



```
import datetime
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
# Simulation parameters
start_date = datetime.datetime(2023, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0)
end date = datetime.datetime(2023, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0)
time delta = datetime.timedelta(minutes=10)
timestamps = [start_date + i*time_delta for i in range(int((end_date - start_date) /
time_delta))]
```



🛒 시뮬레이션 plot(온도, 습도, 조도)



Simulating temperature, humidity, and illuminance temperature = [random.uniform(20, 30) for _ in range(len(timestamps))] humidity = [random.uniform(40, 60) for _ in range(len(timestamps))] illuminance = [random.uniform(500, 1000) for _ in range(len(timestamps))]

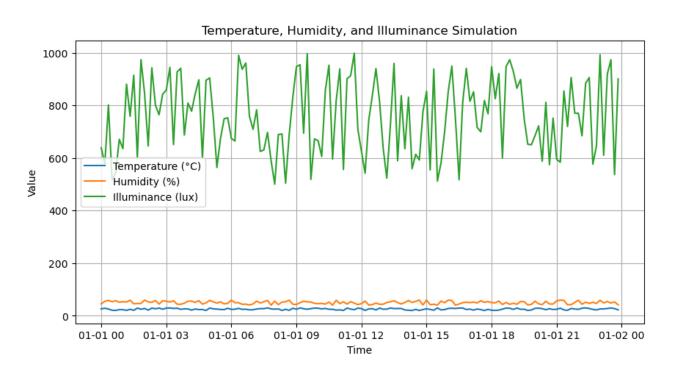


🛒 시뮬레이션 plot(온도, 습도, 조도)



```
# Plotting the simulation results
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(timestamps, temperature, label='Temperature (°C)')
plt.plot(timestamps, humidity, label='Humidity (%)')
plt.plot(timestamps, illuminance, label='Illuminance (lux)')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Value')
plt.title('Temperature, Humidity, and Illuminance Simulation')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

🗾 시뮬레이션 plot(온도, 습도, 조도)





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🛒 시뮬레이션 looping(온도, 습도, 조도)



```
import datetime
import random
import time
# Simulating temperature, humidity, and illuminance in real-time (infinite loop)
while True:
  current time = datetime.datetime.now()
  temperature = random.uniform(20, 30)
  humidity = random.uniform(40, 60)
  illuminance = random.uniform(500, 1000)
```

🛒 시뮬레이션 looping(온도, 습도, 조도)



print(f"Time: {current_time} - Temperature: {temperature:.2f}°C, Humidity: {humidity:.2f}%, Illuminance: {illuminance:.2f} lux")

time.sleep(1) # Delay for real-time effect

🛒 시뮬레이션 looping(온도, 습도, 조도)



Time: 2023-01-01 00:00:00 - Temperature: 25.73°C, Humidity: 45.30%,

Illuminance: 915.96 lux

Time: 2023-01-01 00:10:00 - Temperature: 25.66°C, Humidity: 52.23%,

Illuminance: 612.27 lux

Time: 2023-01-01 00:20:00 - Temperature: 28.20°C, Humidity: 56.63%,

Illuminance: 928.46 lux

Time: 2023-01-01 00:30:00 - Temperature: 25.00°C, Humidity: 48.64%,

Illuminance: 735.56 lux

Time: 2023-01-01 00:40:00 - Temperature: 25.93°C, Humidity: 51.59%,

Illuminance: 710.53 lux

Time: 2023-01-01 00:50:00 - Temperature: 23.92°C, Humidity: 50.91%,

Illuminance: 873.47 lux













🛒 SensorData 테이블 변경 전



```
MariaDB [mydb]> desc SensorData;
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra
     int(11) NO PRI NULL auto_increment
id
         | int(11) | YES | MUL | NULL
 sensor id
 reading
          float YES NULL
 timestamp
          | datetime | YES | NULL
```

MariaDB [mydb]> alter TABLE SensorData add column temperature float;

MariaDB [mydb]> alter TABLE SensorData add column humidity float;

MariaDB [mydb]> alter TABLE SensorData add column illuminance float;

MariaDB [mydb]>

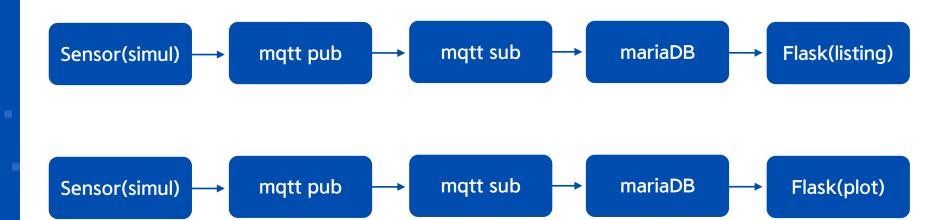
MariaDB [mydb]> desc SensorData;

🛒 SensorData 테이블 변경 후

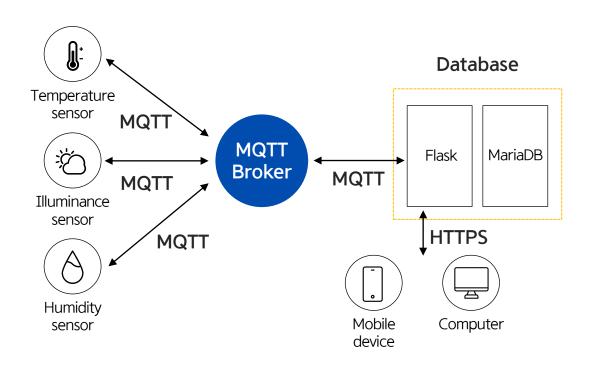


```
MariaDB [mydb]> desc SensorData;
| int(11) | NO | PRI | NULL | auto increment |
id
sensor id int(11) YES MUL NULL
 reading | float | YES | NULL
 timestamp | datetime | YES | NULL
temperature | float | YES | NULL
 humidity | float | YES | NULL
 illuminance float YES
                        NULL
```



















🛒 MQTT응용. 1. 연결 설정, simul_sensors_mqtt_db.py



```
(.venv) $ cat simul_sensors_mqtt_db.py
import datetime
import random
import time
import paho.mqtt.client as mqtt
import pymysql
```

```
# MQTT Broker configuration
broker_address = 'broker.hivemq.com'
broker_port = 1883
publish_topic = 'sensors'
subscribe_topic = 'sensors'
```





```
# MariaDB database configuration
db_host = 'localhost'
db_user = 'scott'
db_password = 'tiger'
db_name = 'mydb'
table_name = 'SensorData'
```



```
# MQTT client setup and connection
mqtt_client = mqtt.Client()
mqtt_client.connect(broker_address, broker_port)
```

MQTT client subscription and loop mqtt_client.subscribe(subscribe_topic) mqtt_client.on_message = on_message mqtt_client.loop_start()

Start the simulation and publishing process simulate_and_send(mqtt_client)

🛒 MQTT응용. 3. MQTT Receiving and DB storing



```
# MQTT message callback
def on_message(client, userdata, message):
  try:
    payload = message.payload.decode()
    data = eval(payload) # Safely convert the string payload to a dictionary
    # Connect to the MariaDB database
    db_connection = pymysql.connect(host=db_host, user=db_user,
password=db_password, database=db_name)
    cursor = db_connection.cursor()
```

🛒 MQTT응용. 3. MQTT Receiving and DB storing



```
# Extract values from the received data
timestamp = datetime.datetime.strptime(data['time'], '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
sensor id = data['sensor id']
reading = data['reading']
temperature = data['temperature']
humidity = data['humidity']
illuminance = data['illuminance']
```

🛒 MQTT응용. 3. MQTT Receiving and DB storing



```
query = f"INSERT INTO {table_name} (sensor_id, reading, timestamp, temperature,
humidity, illuminance) VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)"
    cursor.execute(query, (sensor_id, reading, timestamp, temperature, humidity,
illuminance))
    db_connection.commit()
    # Close the database connection
    db connection.close()
    print(f"Received and stored: Time: {timestamp}, SID: {sensor_id}, Reading:
{reading}, Temp: {temperature}°C, Humi: {humidity}%, Illuminance: {illuminance} lux")
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error: {e}")
```

🛒 MQTT응용. 4. simulate_and_send



```
# Function to simulate and send values in real-time
def simulate and send(client):
  while True:
    current_time = datetime.datetime.now()
    sensor_id = random.uniform(1,4)
    reading = random.uniform(20, 30)
    temperature = random.uniform(20, 30)
    humidity = random.uniform(40, 60)
    illuminance = random.uniform(500, 1000)
```



```
data = {
   'time': current_time.strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'),
   'sensor id': sensor id.
   'reading': reading,
   'temperature': temperature,
   'humidity': humidity,
   'illuminance': illuminance
client.publish(publish_topic, str(data)) # Publish data to MQTT broker
```

🛒 MQTT응용. 4. simulate_and_send, simul_sensors_mqtt_db.py



print(f"Time: {current_time} - SID: {sensor_id:.2f}°C, Reading: {reading:.2f}°C, Temp: {temperature:.2f}°C, Humi: {humidity:.2f}%, Illuminance: {illuminance:.2f} lux")

time.sleep(1) # Delay for real-time effect





🛒 MQTT응용. 5. Flask(helloflask_mgtt_db.py)



from flask import Flask, render_template, json, request import pymysql.cursors

```
app = Flask(__name__)
```

Connect to the database connection = pymysql.connect(host='localhost', /* MariaDB 연결 정보 생략 */

Route for displaying the sensor data @app.route('/') def display_sensor_data():

🛒 MQTT응용. 5. Flask(helloflask_mqtt_db.py)



with connection.cursor() as cursor:

```
cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM SensorData ORDER BY id DESC LIMIT 100')
sensor data data = cursor.fetchall()
print(sensor_data_data)
```

return render_template('index_mqtt.html', sensor_data=sensor_data_data)

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
  app.run(debug=True)
```



🥰 MQTT응용. 6. Flask(templates/index_mqtt.html)



```
<h1>Sensor Data</h1>
<thead>
  ID Feading Timestamp
   temperature
   humidity
   illuminance
  </thead>
```



🛒 MQTT응용. 6. Flask(templates/index_mqtt.html)



```
{% for data in sensor_data %}
    {% for item, value in data.items(): %}
      {{ value }}
    {% endfor %}
    {% endfor %}
```

🛒 MQTT응용. MariaDB 테이블



```
MariaDB [mydb]> select * from SensorData;
 1 | 1 | 25.5 | 2023-07-14 13:55:11 | NULL |
                                       NULL | NULL |
2 | 2 | 30.2 | 2023-07-14 13:55:11 | NULL | NULL | NULL |
         1 | 26.8 | 2023-07-14 13:55:11 | NULL | NULL | NULL |
         3 | 18.9 | 2023-07-14 13:55:11 | NULL |
                                       NULL | NULL |
4 |
... 중간 생략
91 | 2 | 22.8739 | 2023-07-14 20:11:28 | 21.9702 | 40.5939 |
                                             568.771
92 |
         2 | 20.0096 | 2023-07-14 20:11:29 | 21.9162 | 57.0926 |
                                             988.962
         3 | 23.0763 | 2023-07-14 20:11:31 | 26.3231 | 48.2287 | 582.964
  94
         3 | 20.7948 | 2023-07-14 20:11:32 | 25.8389 | 40.1456 | 521.737
  95 |
  97
         2 | 26.242 | 2023-07-14 20:11:34 | 25.7664 | 51.936 | 590.64 |
```



FLASK_APP



Python에서 Flask 웹 프레임워크와 함께 사용되는 환경 변수 Flask 애플리케이션이 포함된 Python 파일의 이름으로 설정

🥰 환경 변수 FLASK_APP



Linux/macOS(터미널 사용)

- \$ export FLASK_APP=your_app.py
- \$ flask run



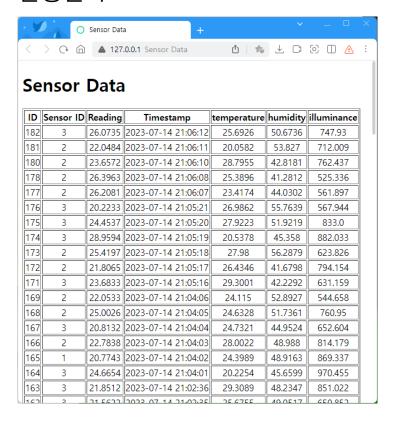


♥ 실행결과

(.venv) \$ export FLASK_APP=helloflask_mqtt_db
(.venv) \$ flask run



♥ 실행결과







01 • 시뮬레이션 plot(온도, 습도, 조도)

02 • 시뮬레이션 looping(온도, 습도, 조도)

03 · SensorData 테이블 변경

04 · MQTT응용