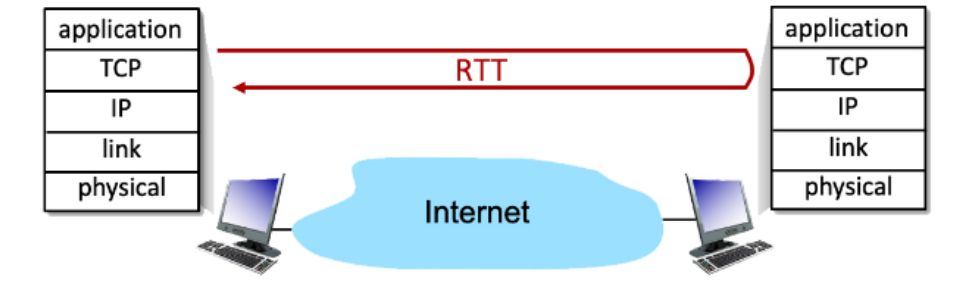


# 1-TCP RTT Estimation

## Worksheet 2 Solutions

Suppose that TCP's current estimated values for the round trip time (*estimatedRTT*) and deviation in the RTT (*DevRTT*) are 300 msec and 18 msec, respectively. Suppose that the next three measured values of the RTT are 380 msec, 220 msec, and 200 msec respectively.



Compute TCP's new value of *DevRTT*, *estimatedRTT*, and the TCP timeout value after each of these three measured RTT values is obtained. Use the values of  $\alpha = 0.125$ , and  $\beta = 0.25$ . Round your answers to two decimal places after leading zeros

### Solution:

*DevRTT* is calculated with the following equation:

$$\text{EstimatedRTT} = (1-0.25) \cdot \text{DevRTT} + 0.25 \cdot |\text{estimatedRTT} - \text{sampleRTT}|$$

EstimatedRTT is calculated with the following equation:

$$\text{estimatedRTT} = (1-0.125) \cdot \text{estimatedRTT} + 0.125 \cdot \text{sampleRTT}$$

$$\text{TCP timeout} = \text{estimatedRTT} + (4 \cdot \text{DevRTT})$$

1.	The	estimatedRTT	for	RTT1	is	310
2.	The	DevRTT	for	RTT1	is	33.5
3.	The	timeout	for	RTT1	is	444

1.	The	estimatedRTT	for	RTT2	is	298.75
2.	The	DevRTT	for	RTT2	is	47.62
3.	The timeout for RTT2 is 489.25					

1.	The	estimatedRTT	for	RTT3	is	286.4
2.	The	DevRTT	for	RTT3	is	60.40
3.	The	timeout	for	RTT3	is	528.00