# Group_Subquery

**1) Display the first name of all the candidates who are Democrats. (use subquery)**

```
50  Select fname from Hert_candidate where partyid = (select partyid
51  from Hert_party where partydesc = 'Democrat');
```

Script Output ✕  ▶ Query Result ✕

📌 🖨 🔁 ❌ SQL | All Rows Fetched: 2 in 0.034 seconds

| | FNAME |
|---|---|
| 1 | abraham |
| 2 | abraham |

**2) Display the party description of the all the candidates whose last name ends with 'C' regardless of case. (Use subquery)**

```
55  Select partydesc from Hert_party where partyid IN (select partyid
56  from Hert_candidate WHERE lname like '%C' collate binary_ci);
```

Script Output ✕  ▶ Query Result ✕

📌 🖨 🔁 ❌ SQL | All Rows Fetched: 0 in 0.038 seconds

| PARTYDESC |
|---|

**3) Display the first name of all the candidates who are either Democrats or Republicans regardless of case. (use subquery, use in clause)**

```
59  SELECT fname from Hert_candidate where partyid in (select partyid
60  from Hert_party where partydesc = 'Democrat' collate binary_ci
61  or partydesc = 'Republican' collate binary_ci);
```

Script Output ✕  ▶ Query Result ✕

📌 🖨 🔁 ❌ SQL | All Rows Fetched: 4 in 0.039 seconds

| | FNAME |
|---|---|
| 1 | abraham |
| 2 | abraham |
| 3 | cheryl |
| 4 | albert |

4) Create a second table called candidate2 that contains all the data from the candidate table using create table as... statement. The new table should contain only the first name, lastname and the salary, lowered by 10% for all the candidates who are Republicans

```
64    CREATE TABLE Hert_candidate2 as
65    select fname, lname, salary - (salary * 10/100) as "salary"
66    from Hert_candidate
67    where partyid =
68    (select partyid from Hert_party where partydesc = 'Republican');
69    select * from Hert_candidate2;
```

Script Output ✕   ▷ Query Result ✕

📌 🧽 💾 🖨 📄 | Task completed in 0.047 seconds

```
table HERT_CANDIDATE2 created.
```