Final Project: Is Your College Worthy? (Tuition VS Salary)

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Import first data:

First data source, tuition_cost, is from "College tuition, Diversity, and Pay" in rfordatascience/tidetuesday/2020-03-10, which is originally acquired from the US Department of Education and the Chronicle of Higher Education.

Data Cleaning for tuition_cost data

In the tuition_cost data, relevant columns are selected (name of the school, state, state code, type of the school, length of the degree). Also, room and board fee and tuition are combined as total tuition and fee.

Below is the snippet of tuition_cost data

```
head(tuition_cost,10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 7
##    name   state state_code type  degree_length in_state_tuitio~ out_of_state_tu~
##    <chr>  <chr> <chr>      <chr> <chr>                    <dbl>            <dbl>
##  1 Aanii~ Mont~ MT         Publ~ 2 Year                    2380             2380
##  2 Abile~ Texas TX         Priv~ 4 Year                   45200            45200
##  3 Abrah~ Geor~ GA         Publ~ 2 Year                   12602            21024
##  4 Acade~ Minn~ MN         For ~ 2 Year                   17661            17661
##  5 Acade~ Cali~ CA         For ~ 4 Year                   44458            44458
##  6 Adams~ Colo~ CO         Publ~ 4 Year                   18222            29238
##  7 Adelp~ New ~ NY         Priv~ 4 Year                   54690            54690
##  8 Adiro~ New ~ NY         Publ~ 2 Year                   17035            21595
##  9 Adria~ Mich~ MI         Priv~ 4 Year                   48405            48405
## 10 Advan~ Virg~ VA         For ~ 2 Year                   13680            13680
```

Import second data:

Second data source, student_diversity by college/university, along with school type, degree length, state, in-state vs out-of-state is from the Chronicle of Higher Education.

Data Cleaning for student_diversity data

In the student_diversity data, the main data cleansing task is to modify name of institution to match the "name" column and "state" column in the tuition_cost data, in order to combine dataset. Several data wrangling steps were applied. First is to change the column name "INSTITUTION" to "name". After that, convert any abbreviation of University from "U." to "University". From the first glance, the name of state is

located at the very end of the name of institution. The next step is to extract state from school name with the help of state.name which contains the list of all the state name and column "state" is created. Last but not least, state name inside the name of institution needed to remove. Using str_count to count the letters within state in each observation and str_sub help to keep the name of school only in the "name" column. Str_trim and str_squish are used to remove unnecessary spaces in "name".

Below is the snippet of student_diversity_cleaned data

```
head(student_diversity_cleaned,10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 11
##    name  ENROLLMENT  WOMEN `AMERICAN INDIA~ ASIAN BLACK HISPANIC
##    <chr>      <dbl>  <dbl>            <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>
##  1 Univ~     195059 134722              876  1959 31455    13984
##  2 Ivy ~      91179  53476              357  1369 12370     5533
##  3 Libe~      81459  48329              447   856 14751     1186
##  4 Lone~      69395  41268              168  4198 12094    23751
##  5 Miam~      66046  38323               47   655 10722    44870
##  6 Gran~      62304  46647              586  2446 13856     8933
##  7 Texa~      61642  29277              173  3545  1879    11256
##  8 Univ~      60767  33482              120  3343  6400    13108
##  9 Ohio~      58322  28658               76  3339  3108     2049
## 10 Hous~      58276  34007              116  5391 18520    18411
## # ... with 4 more variables: `NATIVE HAWAIIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER` <dbl>,
## #   WHITE <dbl>, `TOTAL MINORITY` <dbl>, state <chr>
```

Combine tuition_cost and student_diversity data based on "name" and "state"

So far, student_diversity and tuition_cost are modified to share two common column, "name" – name of the school and "state" – the state that the school is located. Thus, student_diversity and tuition_cost datasets are merged for late development. There are a few schools appears in the tuition_cost dataset but not in the student_diversity and "NA" value appear. It is reasonable and schools with "NA" value are removed from the combined dataset. The combined dataset is arranged by state and the name of the school.

Below is the snippet of tuition_with_diversity data

```
head(tuition_with_diversity,10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 16
##    name  state state_code type  degree_length in_state_tuitio~ out_of_state_tu~
##    <chr> <chr> <chr>      <chr> <chr>                    <dbl>            <dbl>
##  1 Alab~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 2 Year                    4440             8880
##  2 Alab~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 4 Year                   16490            24818
##  3 Amri~ Alab~ AL         Priv~ 4 Year                    6900             6900
##  4 Athe~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 4 Year                    6810            12870
##  5 Aubu~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 4 Year                   24608            43856
##  6 Aubu~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 4 Year                   17268            29028
##  7 Bevi~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 2 Year                    6070             9940
```

```
##  8 Birm~ Alab~ AL         Priv~ 4 Year                    30000            30000
##  9 Bish~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 2 Year                     4740             8610
## 10 Calh~ Alab~ AL         Publ~ 2 Year                     4840             8690
## # ... with 9 more variables: ENROLLMENT <dbl>, WOMEN <dbl>, `AMERICAN INDIAN /
## #   ALASKA NATIVE` <dbl>, ASIAN <dbl>, BLACK <dbl>, HISPANIC <dbl>, `NATIVE
## #   HAWAIIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER` <dbl>, WHITE <dbl>, `TOTAL MINORITY` <dbl>
```

Import third data: Best_School

Third data source, best_school is html data, acquired from the from the payscale.com. It contains all the schools in United States that are arranged by various measurement of career performance, such as "Early Career Pay" and "Mid Career Pay.

Problem encountered

When importing html data from https://www.payscale.com/college-salary-report/bachelors, I realized the table only include the data with the top 25 schools in the United States, descending by measurement of career performance. That's the issue that I am not expecting. Moreover, this is the first page in the web and there are 63 pages in total, which consists all the school data.

Problem resolved

Instead of importing data 63 times to get the entire dataset, one alternative webpage is found by navigating the payscale.com. The page "Best Schools By State" (https://www.payscale.com/college-salary-report/best-schools-by-state) outlays all the best schools ranked by measurement of career performance of all 50 states. Clicking on each state would direct to the schools data within that particular state. In order to import the entire data, I first convert the string format in the list of state.name to match the url ("New York" to "New-York"). Then, a data frame is created. For-Loop is implemented to import all 50 states data to the R environment and to keep loading data into the data frame to form a complete dataset, "Best_School", for data cleansing.

Data Cleaning for Best_School data

First step is to modify the column name "School Name" to "name" and to keep the exact name of school only, in order to match the tuition_with_diversity dataset for binding. After that, there are several data cleansing steps that are applied to other columns. Only numeric values are extracted from the column, "Rank", "Early Career Pay", "Mid-Career Pay", "% High Meaning", "% STEM Degrees". One lesson learned is that R suggests to use parse_number(), instead of extract_numeric() for extracting numeric value.

Below is the snippet of Best_School_clean data

```
head(Best_School_clean,10)
```

```
##                                 name Early Career Pay Mid-Career Pay
## 1                  Auburn University            54400         104500
## 2  University of Alabama in Huntsville            57500         103900
## 3            The University of Alabama            52300          97400
## 4                 Tuskegee University            54500          93500
```

```
## 5                   Samford University            48400          90500
## 6                  Spring Hill College            46600          89100
## 7           Birmingham Southern College           49100          88300
## 8  University of Alabama at Birmingham           48600          87200
## 9           University of South Alabama           47700          86400
## 10             Alabama A & M University           48700          83500
##    % High Meaning % STEM Degrees
## 1              51              31
## 2              59              45
## 3              50              15
## 4              61              30
## 5              52               3
## 6              53              12
## 7              48              27
## 8              57              17
## 9              56              17
## 10             58              20
```

Combine Best_School_clean data and tuition_with_diversity

Finally, Best_School_clean data, which contains different measurements of career performance, merges with tuition_with_diversity data, which contains detailed school information including tuition and race. The column both datasets have in common is "name" and left_join is performed. Similar to the previous merged dataset, schools with "NA" are removed from the dataset.

Below is the snippet of the Final_data with 622 observations in all 50 states in United States and each college or university is a unique observation. This is the tidy version of the final data and it will be stored as a csv file.

```
head(Fianl_data,10)
```

```
##                                 name Early Career Pay Mid-Career Pay
## 1                 Auburn University            54400         104500
## 2                Tuskegee University            54500          93500
## 3                 Samford University            48400          90500
## 4                Spring Hill College            46600          89100
## 5  University of Alabama at Birmingham           48600          87200
## 6           University of South Alabama           47700          86400
## 7                   Troy University             44500          81500
## 8         Jacksonville State University           43800          80000
## 9       Auburn University at Montgomery           45000          79600
## 10                Huntingdon College            42400          78900
##    % High Meaning % STEM Degrees   state state_code    type degree_length
## 1              51              31 Alabama         AL  Public        4 Year
## 2              61              30 Alabama         AL Private        4 Year
## 3              52               3 Alabama         AL Private        4 Year
## 4              53              12 Alabama         AL Private        4 Year
## 5              57              17 Alabama         AL  Public        4 Year
## 6              56              17 Alabama         AL  Public        4 Year
## 7              60               8 Alabama         AL  Public        4 Year
```

```
## 8              61              7 Alabama         AL  Public        4 Year
## 9              61             12 Alabama         AL  Public        4 Year
## 10             69             14 Alabama         AL Private        4 Year
##    in_state_tuition_and_fee out_of_state_tuition_and_fee ENROLLMENT WOMEN
## 1                     24608                         43856      25912 12798
## 2                     31820                         31820       3103  1855
## 3                     42200                         42200       4933  3082
## 4                     52926                         52926       1376   820
## 5                     17110                         31030      18698 11288
## 6                     17490                         27360      15805  9700
## 7                     20645                         31060      19041 11948
## 8                     18525                         28245       8659  4978
## 9                     17268                         29028       5057  3233
## 10                    37150                         37150       1160   572
##    AMERICAN INDIAN / ALASKA NATIVE ASIAN BLACK HISPANIC
## 1                              183   601  1886      599
## 2                                2    26  2345       32
## 3                               17    80   372      218
## 4                               10    16   210       77
## 5                               46   931  3943      496
## 6                              100   539  3285      402
## 7                              143   140  6840      666
## 8                               61    50  2030      110
## 9                               23   104  1633       36
## 10                              14     9   229       29
##    NATIVE HAWAIIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER WHITE TOTAL MINORITY
## 1                                   0 20855           3269
## 2                                   0    52           2405
## 3                                   1  4007            738
## 4                                   1   947            359
## 5                                  14 11840           5993
## 6                                  33 10102           4684
## 7                                  19  9265           8294
## 8                                   7  5934           2258
## 9                                   9  2572           1941
## 10                                  2   738            313
```