bayes_week5

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hierarchical modeling

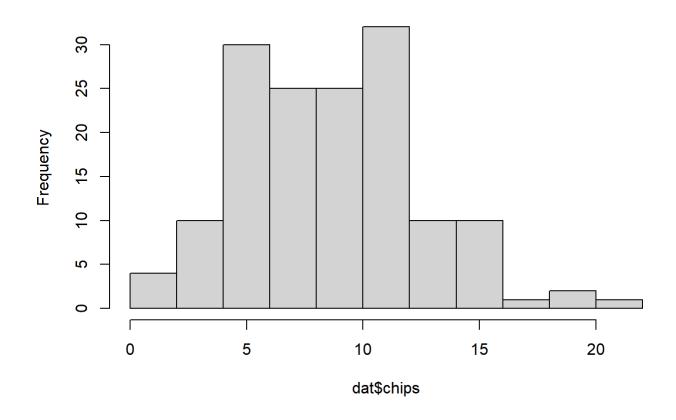
```
yi,j \mid \theta j \text{ ind.} \sim N(\theta j, \sigma 2) - 각각의 observation 은 속한 그룹의 분포로부터 관측된다.
```

 $\theta j \ iid \sim N(\mu, \tau 2)$ - 각 그룹의 평균은 공통의 분포로 부터 발생했다고 가정한다.

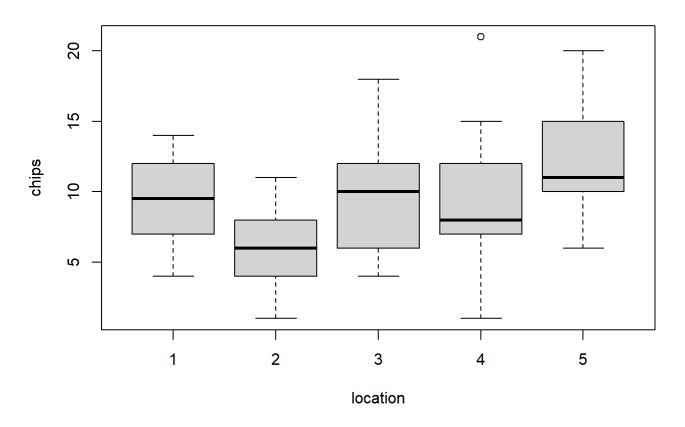
anova model 과의 차이점: -각 그룹의 평균이 공통의 분포에서 생성됐다고 가정하지 않음. - anoval model 은 effect 로 인해 평균에 차이가 생긴다고 가정.

```
dat = read.table(file="cookies.txt", header=TRUE)
head(dat)
## chips location
## 1
      12
               1
## 2
      12
               1
     6
               1
## 3
## 4 13
              1
## 5 12
               1
## 6 12
table (dat$location)
##
## 1 2 3 4 5
## 30 30 30 30 30
hist(dat$chips)
```

Histogram of dat\$chips



boxplot(chips ~ location, data=dat)



```
library("rjags")

## Loading required package: coda

## Linked to JAGS 4.3.0

## Loaded modules: basemod, bugs
```

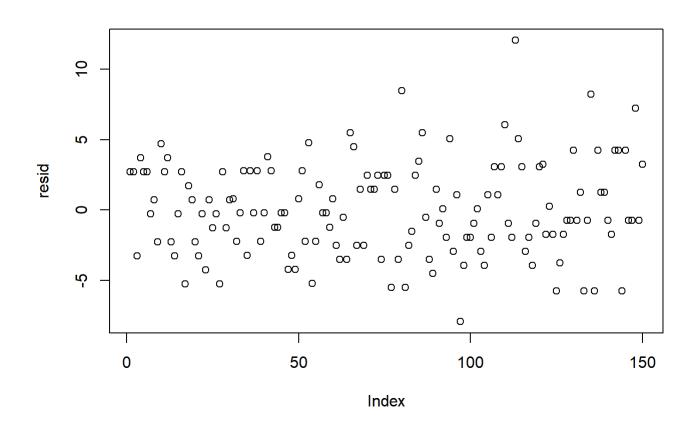
#modeling with jags

```
mod_string = " model {
for (i in 1:length(chips)) {
   chips[i] ~ dpois(lam[location[i]])
}

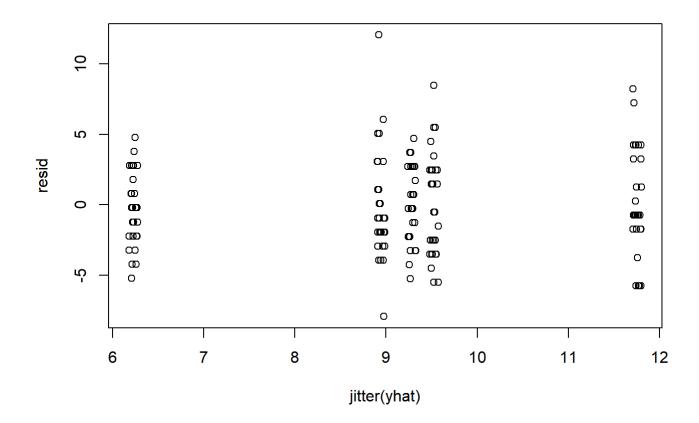
for (j in 1:max(location)) {
   lam[j] ~ dgamma(alpha, beta)
}
```

```
alpha = mu^2 / sig^2
beta = mu / sig^2
mu \sim dgamma(2.0, 1.0/5.0)
sig \sim dexp(1.0)
} "
set.seed(113)
data jags = as.list(dat)
params = c("lam", "mu", "sig")
mod = jags.model(textConnection(mod_string), data=data_jags,
n.chains=3)
## Compiling model graph
     Resolving undeclared variables
##
   Allocating nodes
## Graph information:
##
    Observed stochastic nodes: 150
    Unobserved stochastic nodes: 7
##
##
     Total graph size: 315
##
## Initializing model
update (mod, 1e3)
mod sim = coda.samples(model=mod,
                    variable.names=params,
                    n.iter=5e3)
mod csim = as.mcmc(do.call(rbind, mod sim))
effectiveSize(mod sim)
```

```
##
     lam[1]
             lam[2]
                       lam[3] lam[4]
                                          lam[5]
                                                       mu
sig
## 15000.000 9692.978 14752.947 14180.430 12747.275 6535.484
3294.897
## observation level residuals
(pm params = colMeans(mod csim))
##
     lam[1]
              lam[2]
                       lam[3]
                                 lam[4]
                                          lam[5]
                                                       mu
sig
## 9.282398 6.227439 9.525941 8.942437 11.756637 9.128033
2.089608
yhat = rep(pm params[1:5], each=30)
resid = dat$chips - yhat
plot(resid)
```



plot(jitter(yhat), resid)

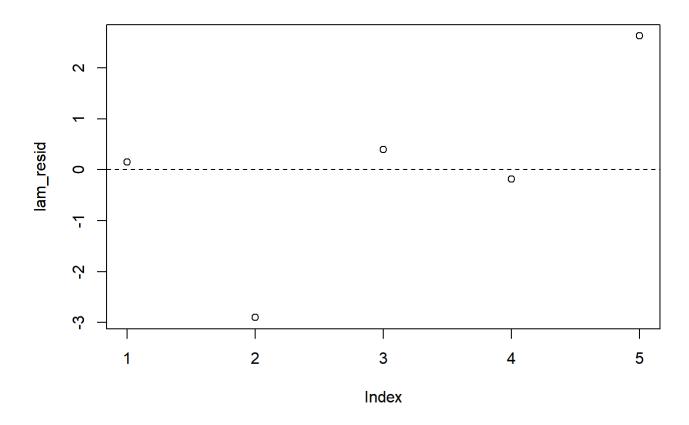


```
var(resid[yhat<7])
## [1] 6.447126

var(resid[yhat>11])
## [1] 13.72414

lam_resid = pm_params[1:5] - pm_params["mu"]

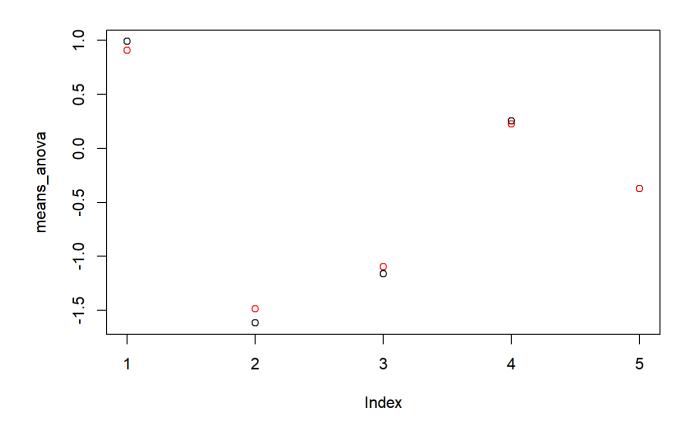
plot(lam_resid)
abline(h=0, lty=2)
```



```
growth = read.csv(file="pctgrowth.csv", header=TRUE)
head(growth)
##
       y grp
## 1
     1.2
           1
  2
      1.4
   3 -0.5
   4 0.3
     0.9
  5
           1
## 6 2.3
          1
mod_string_G = " model {
for (i in 1:length(y)) {
 y[i] ~ dnorm(lam[grp[i]], prec1)
}
for (j in 1:max(grp)) {
```

```
lam[j] ~ dnorm(mu, prec2)
}
mu \sim dnorm(0, 1.0/1.0e6)
prec2 \sim dgamma(1/2.0, 1*3.0/2.0)
prec1 ~ dgamma (1/2.0, 2*1.0/2.0)
sig1 2 = 1.0 / prec1
sig1 = sqrt(sig1 2)
sig2 2 = 1.0 / prec2
sig2 = sqrt(sig2 2)
} "
set.seed(113)
data jags G = as.list(growth)
params = c("lam", "mu", "sig1" ,"sig2")
modG = jags.model(textConnection(mod string G),
data=data jags G, n.chains=3)
## Compiling model graph
     Resolving undeclared variables
##
     Allocating nodes
##
## Graph information:
     Observed stochastic nodes: 53
##
    Unobserved stochastic nodes: 8
##
     Total graph size: 129
##
##
## Initializing model
update (modG, 1e3)
```

```
mod simG = coda.samples(model=modG,
                   variable.names=params,
                   n.iter=5e3)
mod csimG = as.mcmc(do.call(rbind, mod simG))
(pm params = colMeans(mod csimG))
##
      lam[1]
                lam[2]
                           lam[3]
                                     lam[4]
                                               lam[5]
                                                             mu
sig1
## 0.9066279 -1.4844417 -1.0958431 0.2248365 -0.3700138 -
0.3590470 1.0048068
##
        sig2
## 1.4199282
means theta = pm params[1:5]
means_anova = tapply(growth$y, INDEX=growth$grp, FUN=mean)
plot(means anova)
points(means theta, col="red")
```



```
library("MASS")
data("OME")
dat = subset(OME, OME != "N/A")
dat$OME = factor(dat$OME) # relabel OME
dat$ID = as.numeric(factor(dat$ID)) # relabel ID so there are
no gaps in numbers (they now go from 1 to 63)
head(dat)
##
    ID Age OME Loud
                        Noise Correct Trials
## 1 1 30 low
                 35
                    coherent
                                    1
                                          4
     1 30 low
                                          5
## 2
                 35 incoherent
## 3
     1 30 low
                 40
                    coherent
                                    0
                                          3
## 4
     1 30 low
                 40 incoherent
                                    1
                                          1
## 5
     1 30 low
                 45
                    coherent
                                    2
                                          4
## 6 1 30 low 45 incoherent
                                    2
## Original reference model and covariate matrix
mod glm = glm(Correct/Trials ~ Age + OME + Loud + Noise,
data=dat, weights=Trials, family="binomial")
X = model.matrix (mod glm) [, -1]
head(X)
    Age OMElow Loud Noiseincoherent
##
## 1 30
                35
             1
     30
## 2
             1
                35
                               1
## 3
     30
             1
                40
                               0
## 4
     30
             1
                40
                               1
     30
             1
                45
## 5
## 6 30
             1
                45
                               1
## reconstructed model
mod string OME = " model {
   for (i in 1:length(y)) {
      y[i] \sim dbin(phi[i], n[i])
      logit(phi[i]) = a[ID[i]] + b[1]*Age[i] + b[2]*OMElow[i]
+ b[3]*Loud[i] + b[4]*Noiseincoherent[i]
```

```
for (j in 1:max(ID)) {
  a[j] ~ dnorm(a0, prec a)
 a0 \sim dnorm(0.0, 1.0/1.0e6)
 prec a \sim dgamma(1/2.0, 1*10.0/2.0)
 tau = sqrt( 1.0 / prec_a )
   for (k in 1:4) {
      b[k] \sim dnorm(0.0, 1.0/4.0^2)
   }
} "
data jags = as.list(as.data.frame(X))
data jags$y = dat$Correct
data jags$n = dat$Trials
data jags$ID = dat$ID
params = c("a0", "a", "b", "tau")
modO = jags.model(textConnection(mod string OME),
data=data jags, n.chains=3)
## Compiling model graph
     Resolving undeclared variables
     Allocating nodes
##
## Graph information:
     Observed stochastic nodes: 712
##
    Unobserved stochastic nodes: 69
##
##
     Total graph size: 6502
##
## Initializing model
```

```
update (modO, 1e3) # burn-in
mod simO = coda.samples(model=modO,
                   variable.names=params,
                   n.iter=5e3)
mod csimO = as.mcmc(do.call(rbind, mod simO)) # combine
multiple chains
dic.samples(mod0, n.iter=1e3)
## Mean deviance: 1237
## penalty 45.08
## Penalized deviance: 1282
mod string origin = " model {
   for (i in 1:length(y)) {
      y[i] \sim dbin(phi[i], n[i])
       logit(phi[i]) = b0 + b[1]*Age[i] + b[2]*OMElow[i] +
b[3]*Loud[i] + b[4]*Noiseincoherent[i]
   }
   b0 \sim dnorm(0.0, 1.0/5.0^2)
   for (j in 1:4) {
      b[j] \sim dnorm(0.0, 1.0/4.0^2)
   }
} "
params = c("b0", "b")
modorigin = jags.model(textConnection(mod_string_origin),
data=data jags, n.chains=3)
## Warning in jags.model(textConnection(mod string origin),
data = data jags, :
## Unused variable "ID" in data
## Compiling model graph
##
     Resolving undeclared variables
```

```
## Allocating nodes
## Graph information:
## Observed stochastic nodes: 712
## Unobserved stochastic nodes: 5
## Total graph size: 4377
##
## Initializing model
dic.samples(modorigin, n.iter=1e3)
## Mean deviance: 1258
## penalty 5.561
## Penalized deviance: 1263
```