

Python ↔ R Data Wrangling Cheat Sheet (Side-by-Side Layout)

Select Columns

R	Python
df %>% select(name, score) df %>% select(starts_with("s"))	df[["name", "score"]] df.loc[:, df.columns.str.startswith("s")]

Filter Rows

R	Python
df %>% filter(age > 24, grp == "g1")	df[(df["age"] > 24) & (df["grp"] == "g1")]

Mutate / Create Columns

R	Python
df %>% mutate(passed = score > 90, score_z = (score - mean(score)) / sd(score))	df.assign(passed = df["score"] > 90, score_z = (df["score"] - df["score"].mean()) / df["score"].std())

Group and Summarize

R	Python
df %>% group_by(grp) %>% summarise(n = n(), mean_score = mean(score), max_age = max(age), .groups = "drop")	df.groupby("grp").agg(n=("grp", "size"), mean_score=("score", "mean"), max_age=("age", "max")).reset_index()

Join

R	Python
lookup <- tibble(grp=c("g1", "g2"), label=c("Group 1", "Group 2")) df %>% left_join(lookup, by="grp")	lookup = pd.DataFrame({ "grp": ["g1", "g2"], "label": ["Group 1", "Group 2"] }) df.merge(lookup, on="grp", how="left")

