Deep Learning

Assignment 6

After training a skip-gram model in 5_word2vec.ipynb, the goal of this notebook is to train a LSTM character model over Text8 (http://mattmahoney.net/dc/textdata) data.

In [0]:

```
# These are all the modules we'll be using later. Make sure you can import them
# before proceeding further.
from __future__ import print_function
import os
import numpy as np
import random
import string
import tensorflow as tf
import zipfile
from six.moves import range
from six.moves.urllib.request import urlretrieve
```

```
In [0]:
```

Found and verified text8.zip

In [0]:

```
def read_data(filename):
    with zipfile.ZipFile(filename) as f:
    name = f.namelist()[0]
    data = tf.compat.as_str(f.read(name))
    return data

text = read_data(filename)
print('Data size %d' % len(text))
```

Data size 100000000

Create a small validation set.

```
In [0]:
```

```
valid_size = 1000
valid_text = text[:valid_size]
train_text = text[valid_size:]
train_size = len(train_text)
print(train_size, train_text[:64])
print(valid_size, valid_text[:64])
```

99999000 ons anarchists advocate social relations based upon volunta ry as $1000\,$ anarchism originated as a term of abuse first used against ear $1\,$

Utility functions to map characters to vocabulary IDs and back.

In [0]:

```
vocabulary_size = len(string.ascii_lowercase) + 1 # [a-z] + ' '
first letter = ord(string.ascii lowercase[0])
def char2id(char):
  if char in string.ascii lowercase:
    return ord(char) - first letter + 1
  elif char == ' ':
    return 0
  else:
    print('Unexpected character: %s' % char)
    return 0
def id2char(dictid):
  if dictid > 0:
    return chr(dictid + first letter - 1)
  else:
    return ' '
print(char2id('a'), char2id('z'), char2id(' '), char2id(' "))
print(id2char(1), id2char(26), id2char(0))
```

```
1 26 0 Unexpected character: ï
0
a z
```

Function to generate a training batch for the LSTM model.

In [0]:

```
batch size=64
num unrollings=10
class BatchGenerator(object):
  def init (self, text, batch size, num unrollings):
    self. text = text
   self. text size = len(text)
   self. batch size = batch size
    self. num unrollings = num unrollings
   segment = self. text size // batch size
   self. cursor = [ offset * segment for offset in range(batch size)]
   self. last batch = self. next batch()
  def next batch(self):
    """Generate a single batch from the current cursor position in the data."""
   batch = np.zeros(shape=(self. batch size, vocabulary size), dtype=np.float)
   for b in range(self. batch size):
     batch[b, char2id(self. text[self. cursor[b]])] = 1.0
      self._cursor[b] = (self._cursor[b] + 1) % self._text_size
   return batch
  def next(self):
    """Generate the next array of batches from the data. The array consists of
    the last batch of the previous array, followed by num unrollings new ones.
   batches = [self. last batch]
    for step in range(self._num_unrollings):
      batches.append(self._next_batch())
   self._last_batch = batches[-1]
   return batches
def characters(probabilities):
  """Turn a 1-hot encoding or a probability distribution over the possible
  characters back into its (most likely) character representation."""
  return [id2char(c) for c in np.argmax(probabilities, 1)]
def batches2string(batches):
  """Convert a sequence of batches back into their (most likely) string
  representation."""
 s = [''] * batches[0].shape[0]
  for b in batches:
    s = [''.join(x) for x in zip(s, characters(b))]
  return s
train_batches = BatchGenerator(train_text, batch_size, num_unrollings)
valid batches = BatchGenerator(valid text, 1, 1)
print(batches2string(train batches.next()))
print(batches2string(train batches.next()))
print(batches2string(valid batches.next()))
print(batches2string(valid_batches.next()))
```

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In [0]:

```
def logprob(predictions, labels):
  """Log-probability of the true labels in a predicted batch."""
  predictions[predictions < 1e-10] = 1e-10</pre>
  return np.sum(np.multiply(labels, -np.log(predictions))) / labels.shape[0]
def sample distribution(distribution):
  """Sample one element from a distribution assumed to be an array of normalized
 probabilities.
 r = random.uniform(0, 1)
  s = 0
  for i in range(len(distribution)):
    s += distribution[i]
    if s >= r:
     return i
 return len(distribution) - 1
def sample(prediction):
  """Turn a (column) prediction into 1-hot encoded samples."""
 p = np.zeros(shape=[1, vocabulary_size], dtype=np.float)
 p[0, sample distribution(prediction[0])] = 1.0
 return p
def random_distribution():
  """Generate a random column of probabilities."""
 b = np.random.uniform(0.0, 1.0, size=[1, vocabulary size])
  return b/np.sum(b, 1)[:,None]
```

Simple LSTM Model.

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```
In [0]:
num\ nodes = 64
graph = tf.Graph()
with graph.as default():
  # Parameters:
  # Input gate: input, previous output, and bias.
  ix = tf.Variable(tf.truncated_normal([vocabulary_size, num_nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  im = tf.Variable(tf.truncated normal([num nodes, num nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  ib = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([1, num nodes]))
  # Forget gate: input, previous output, and bias.
  fx = tf.Variable(tf.truncated normal([vocabulary size, num nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  fm = tf.Variable(tf.truncated normal([num nodes, num nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  fb = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([1, num_nodes]))
  # Memory cell: input, state and bias.
  cx = tf.Variable(tf.truncated normal([vocabulary size, num nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  cm = tf.Variable(tf.truncated_normal([num_nodes, num_nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  cb = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([1, num nodes]))
  # Output gate: input, previous output, and bias.
  ox = tf.Variable(tf.truncated_normal([vocabulary_size, num_nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  om = tf.Variable(tf.truncated_normal([num_nodes, num_nodes], -0.1, 0.1))
  ob = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([1, num_nodes]))
  # Variables saving state across unrollings.
  saved_output = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([batch_size, num_nodes]), trainable=False)
  saved_state = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([batch_size, num_nodes]), trainable=False)
  # Classifier weights and biases.
```

```
w = tf.Variable(tf.truncated_normal([num_nodes, vocabulary_size], -0.1, 0.1))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([vocabulary size]))
# Definition of the cell computation.
def lstm cell(i, o, state):
  """Create a LSTM cell. See e.g.: http://arxiv.org/pdf/1402.1128v1.pdf
  Note that in this formulation, we omit the various connections between the
  previous state and the gates."""
  input gate = tf.sigmoid(tf.matmul(i, ix) + tf.matmul(o, im) + ib)
  forget gate = tf.sigmoid(tf.matmul(i, fx) + tf.matmul(o, fm) + fb)
  update = tf.matmul(i, cx) + tf.matmul(o, cm) + cb
  state = forget gate * state + input gate * tf.tanh(update)
  output gate = tf.sigmoid(tf.matmul(i, ox) + tf.matmul(o, om) + ob)
  return output gate * tf.tanh(state), state
# Input data.
train data = list()
for in range(num unrollings + 1):
  train data.append(
    tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[batch size,vocabulary size]))
train inputs = train data[:num unrollings]
train labels = train data[1:] # labels are inputs shifted by one time step.
# Unrolled LSTM loop.
outputs = list()
output = saved_output
state = saved state
for i in train_inputs:
  output, state = lstm_cell(i, output, state)
  outputs.append(output)
# State saving across unrollings.
with tf.control_dependencies([saved_output.assign(output),
                              saved_state.assign(state)]):
  # Classifier.
  logits = tf.nn.xw_plus_b(tf.concat(outputs, 0), w, b)
  loss = tf.reduce mean(
    tf.nn.softmax cross entropy with logits(
      labels=tf.concat(train_labels, 0), logits=logits))
# Optimizer.
global step = tf.Variable(0)
learning rate = tf.train.exponential decay(
  10.0, global_step, 5000, 0.1, staircase=True)
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate)
gradients, v = zip(*optimizer.compute_gradients(loss))
gradients, _ = tf.clip_by_global_norm(gradients, 1.25)
optimizer = optimizer.apply_gradients(
  zip(gradients, v), global_step=global_step)
# Predictions.
train prediction = tf.nn.softmax(logits)
# Sampling and validation eval: batch 1, no unrolling.
sample_input = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[1, vocabulary_size])
saved_sample_output = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([1, num_nodes]))
saved sample state = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([1, num nodes]))
reset sample state = tf.group(
  saved sample output.assign(tf.zeros([1, num nodes])),
  saved sample state.assign(tf.zeros([1, num nodes])))
sample_output, sample_state = lstm_cell(
```

In [0]:

```
num steps = 7001
summary frequency = 100
with tf.Session(graph=graph) as session:
  tf.global variables initializer().run()
  print('Initialized')
 mean loss = 0
  for step in range(num steps):
    batches = train batches.next()
    feed dict = dict()
    for i in range(num unrollings + 1):
      feed dict[train data[i]] = batches[i]
    _, l, predictions, lr = session.run(
      [optimizer, loss, train prediction, learning rate], feed dict=feed dict)
    mean loss += 1
    if step % summary frequency == 0:
      if step > 0:
        mean loss = mean loss / summary frequency
      # The mean loss is an estimate of the loss over the last few batches.
      print(
        'Average loss at step %d: %f learning rate: %f' % (step, mean loss, lr))
      mean loss = 0
      labels = np.concatenate(list(batches)[1:])
      print('Minibatch perplexity: %.2f' % float(
        np.exp(logprob(predictions, labels))))
      if step % (summary frequency * 10) == 0:
        # Generate some samples.
        print('=' * 80)
        for _ in range(5):
          feed = sample(random_distribution())
          sentence = characters(feed)[0]
          reset sample state.run()
          for in range(79):
            prediction = sample prediction.eval({sample input: feed})
            feed = sample(prediction)
            sentence += characters(feed)[0]
          print(sentence)
        print('=' * 80)
      # Measure validation set perplexity.
      reset_sample_state.run()
      valid logprob = 0
      for _ in range(valid_size):
        b = valid batches.next()
        predictions = sample prediction.eval({sample input: b[0]})
        valid_logprob = valid_logprob + logprob(predictions, b[1])
      print('Validation set perplexity: %.2f' % float(np.exp(
        valid logprob / valid size)))
```

Average loss at step 0: 3.29904174805 learning rate: 10.0

Initialized

Minibatch perplexity: 27.09

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Validation set perplexity: 19.99
Average loss at step 100: 2.59553678274 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 9.57
Validation set perplexity: 10.60
Average loss at step 200 : 2.24747137785 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 7.68
Validation set perplexity: 8.84
Average loss at step 300 : 2.09438110709 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 7.41
Validation set perplexity: 8.13
Average loss at step 400 : 1.99440989017 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.46
Validation set perplexity: 7.58
Average loss at step 500 : 1.9320810616 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.30
Validation set perplexity: 6.88
Average loss at step 600 : 1.90935629249 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 7.21
Validation set perplexity: 6.91
Average loss at step 700: 1.85583009005 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.13
Validation set perplexity: 6.60
Average loss at step 800 : 1.82152368546 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.01
Validation set perplexity: 6.37
Average loss at step 900 : 1.83169809818 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 7.20
Validation set perplexity: 6.23
Average loss at step 1000 : 1.82217029214 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.73
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Validation set perplexity: 6.07
Average loss at step 1100 : 1.77301145077 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.03
Validation set perplexity: 5.89
Average loss at step 1200 : 1.75306463003 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.50
Validation set perplexity: 5.61
Average loss at step 1300 : 1.72937195778 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.00
Validation set perplexity: 5.60
Average loss at step 1400 : 1.74773373723 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 6.48
Validation set perplexity: 5.66
Average loss at step 1500 : 1.7368799901 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.22
Validation set perplexity: 5.44
Average loss at step 1600 : 1.74528762937 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.85
Validation set perplexity: 5.33
Average loss at step 1700 : 1.70881183743 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.33
Validation set perplexity: 5.56
Average loss at step 1800 : 1.67776108027 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.33
Validation set perplexity: 5.29
Average loss at step 1900 : 1.64935536742 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.29
Validation set perplexity: 5.15
Average loss at step 2000 : 1.69528644681 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.13
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Validation set perplexity: 5.25
Average loss at step 2100 : 1.68808053017 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.17
Validation set perplexity: 5.01
Average loss at step 2200 : 1.68322490931 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.09
Validation set perplexity: 5.15
Average loss at step 2300 : 1.64465074301 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.51
Validation set perplexity: 5.00
Average loss at step 2400 : 1.66408578038 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.86
Validation set perplexity: 4.80
Average loss at step 2500 : 1.68515402555 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.75
Validation set perplexity: 4.82
Average loss at step 2600 : 1.65405208349 learning rate: 10.0
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Minibatch perplexity: 5.38
Validation set perplexity: 4.85
Average loss at step 2700 : 1.65706222177 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.46
Validation set perplexity: 4.78
Average loss at step 2800 : 1.65204829812 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.06
Validation set perplexity: 4.64
Average loss at step 2900 : 1.65107253551 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.00
Validation set perplexity: 4.61
Average loss at step 3000 : 1.6495274055 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.53
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Validation set perplexity: 4.76
Average loss at step 3100 : 1.63705502152 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.50
Validation set perplexity: 4.76
Average loss at step 3200 : 1.64740695596 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.84
Validation set perplexity: 4.67
Average loss at step 3300 : 1.64711504817 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.39
Validation set perplexity: 4.57
Average loss at step 3400 : 1.67113256454 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.56
Validation set perplexity: 4.71
Average loss at step 3500 : 1.65637169957 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.03
Validation set perplexity: 4.80
Average loss at step 3600 : 1.66601825476 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.63
Validation set perplexity: 4.52
Average loss at step 3700 : 1.65021387935 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.50
Validation set perplexity: 4.56
Average loss at step 3800 : 1.64481814981 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.60
Validation set perplexity: 4.54
Average loss at step 3900 : 1.642069453 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.91
Validation set perplexity: 4.54
Average loss at step 4000 : 1.65179730773 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.77
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Validation set perplexity: 4.58
Average loss at step 4100 : 1.63794238806 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.47
Validation set perplexity: 4.79
Average loss at step 4200 : 1.63822438836 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.30
Validation set perplexity: 4.54
Average loss at step 4300 : 1.61844664574 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.69
Validation set perplexity: 4.54
Average loss at step 4400 : 1.61255454302 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.67
Validation set perplexity: 4.54
Average loss at step 4500 : 1.61543365479 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.83
Validation set perplexity: 4.69
Average loss at step 4600 : 1.61607327104 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.18
Validation set perplexity: 4.64
Average loss at step 4700 : 1.62757282495 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.24
Validation set perplexity: 4.66
Average loss at step 4800 : 1.63222063541 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.30
Validation set perplexity: 4.53
Average loss at step 4900 : 1.63678096652 learning rate: 10.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.43
Validation set perplexity: 4.64
Average loss at step 5000 : 1.610340662 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.10
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Validation set perplexity: 4.69
Average loss at step 5100 : 1.60593637228 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.69
Validation set perplexity: 4.47
Average loss at step 5200 : 1.58993269444 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.65
Validation set perplexity: 4.39
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Average loss at step 5300 : 1.57930587292 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.11
Validation set perplexity: 4.39
Average loss at step 5400 : 1.58022856832 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.19
Validation set perplexity: 4.37
Average loss at step 5500 : 1.56654450059 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.69
Validation set perplexity: 4.33
Average loss at step 5600 : 1.58013380885 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.13
Validation set perplexity: 4.35
Average loss at step 5700 : 1.56974959254 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.00
Validation set perplexity: 4.34
Average loss at step 5800 : 1.5839582932 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.88
Validation set perplexity: 4.31
Average loss at step 5900 : 1.57129439116 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.66
Validation set perplexity: 4.32
Average loss at step 6000 : 1.55144061089 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.55
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Average loss at step 6100 : 1.56450940847 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.77
Validation set perplexity: 4.27
Average loss at step 6200 : 1.53433164835 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.77
Validation set perplexity: 4.27
Average loss at step 6300 : 1.54773445129 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.76
Validation set perplexity: 4.25
Average loss at step 6400 : 1.54021131516 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.56
Validation set perplexity: 4.24
Average loss at step 6500 : 1.56153374553 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.43
Validation set perplexity: 4.27
Average loss at step 6600 : 1.59556478739 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.92
Validation set perplexity: 4.28
Average loss at step 6700 : 1.58076951623 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.77
Validation set perplexity: 4.30
Average loss at step 6800 : 1.6070714438 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.98
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Validation set perplexity: 4.28
Average loss at step 6900 : 1.58413293839 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 4.61
Validation set perplexity: 4.29
Average loss at step 7000 : 1.57905534983 learning rate: 1.0
Minibatch perplexity: 5.08
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Validation set perplexity: 4.25

Problem 1

You might have noticed that the definition of the LSTM cell involves 4 matrix multiplications with the input, and 4 matrix multiplications with the output. Simplify the expression by using a single matrix multiply for each, and variables that are 4 times larger.

Problem 2

We want to train a LSTM over bigrams, that is pairs of consecutive characters like 'ab' instead of single characters like 'a'. Since the number of possible bigrams is large, feeding them directly to the LSTM using 1-hot encodings will lead to a very sparse representation that is very wasteful computationally.

- a- Introduce an embedding lookup on the inputs, and feed the embeddings to the LSTM cell instead of the inputs themselves.
- b- Write a bigram-based LSTM, modeled on the character LSTM above.
- c- Introduce Dropout. For best practices on how to use Dropout in LSTMs, refer to this <u>article</u> (http://arxiv.org/abs/1409.2329).