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Slides PDF





Today's Plan

01

React Intro

Learn about React, its capabilities and structure

04

Break / QnA

02

React Libaries

Specifically React-Router & Redux

05

Source Academy

SA's specific tech stack

03

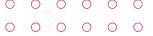
React Demo

Let's build a simple app with React

06

Solve A Bug!

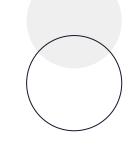
A demo through SA's tech stack



01 React



React, Why?







Take advantage of abstraction



High Performance

Virtual DOM in memory minimise read/writes



Supporting Libraries

Many 3rd party libraries are available





0 0 0



Characteristics of React



Unopiniated

Built and structure of the application is your discretion



Lightweight

Expand your application with tools when neccessary



Declarative

React does the magic for you!



React Project Structure

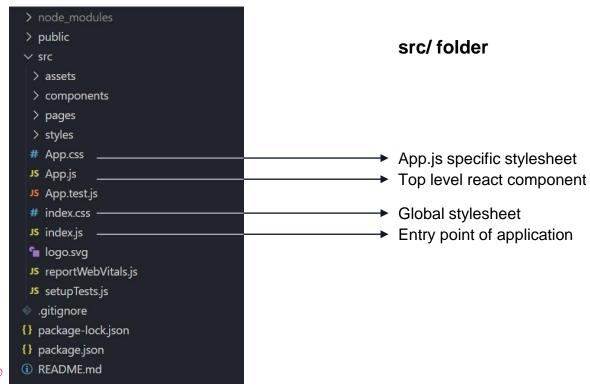
React is an *unopiniated* language, hence the project structure is up to the developer's discretion. Every react project can look different in structure.

However, there are some typical project structure that React developers have adopted so let's take a look at one.

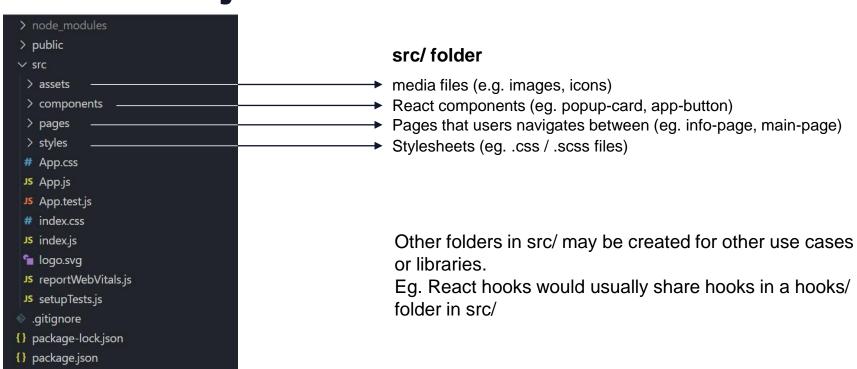
```
> node modules
> public
∨ src
  > assets
 > components
  > pages
 > styles
 # App.css
 JS App.js
 JS App.test.js
 # index.css
 JS index.js
 logo.svg
 JS reportWebVitals.js
 JS setupTests.js
.gitignore
{} package-lock.json
{} package.json

 README.md
```

React Project Structure



React Project Structure



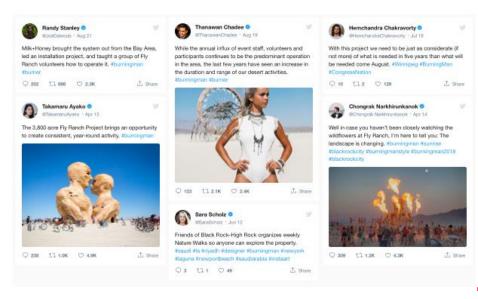


README.md

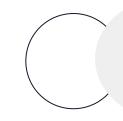
React components are building blocks for a React application.

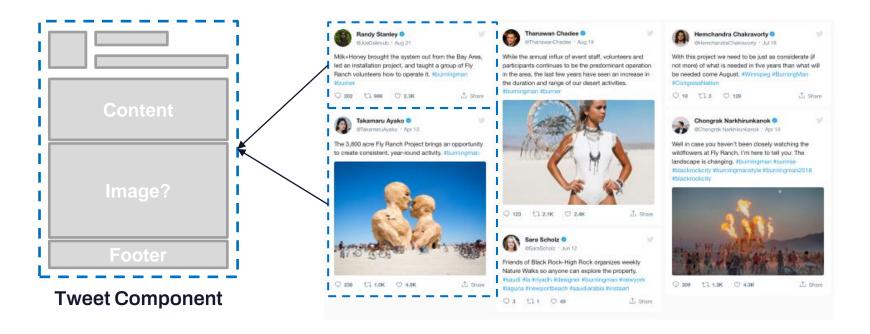
Components are like **blueprints**, allowing you to recreate the same object multiple times anywhere in your application.

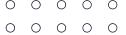
We can take advantage of abstraction.



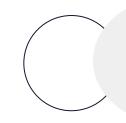


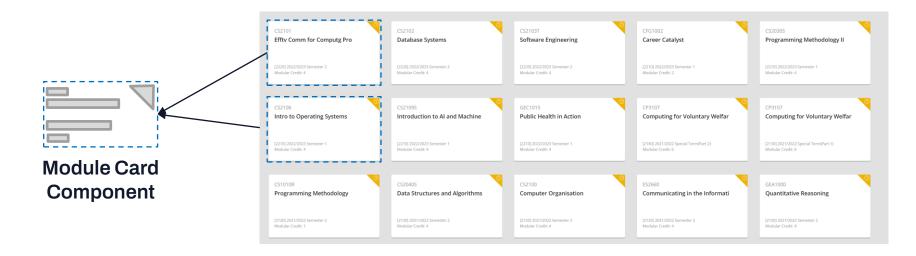






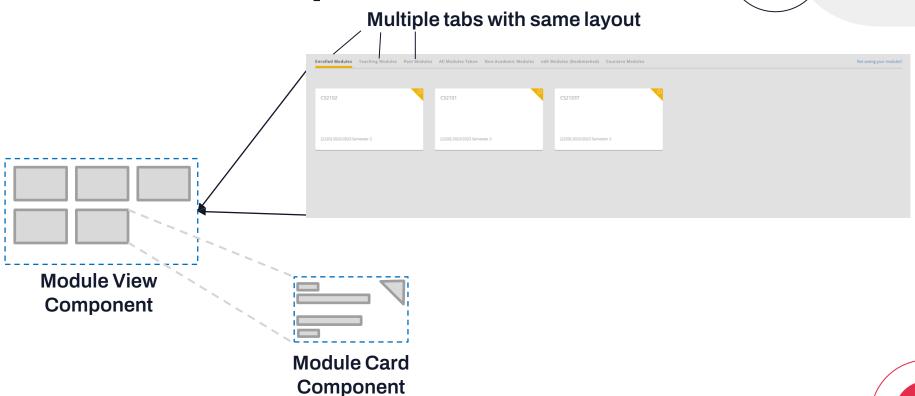














Functional

Functions that return a JSX / React element

```
function AnExampleFunctionComponent(props) {
  return Welcome to {props.website_name};
}
```

Class

ES6 Class that extends upon React component class

```
class AnExampleClassComponent extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return Welcome to {props.website_name};
  }
}
```

Since the introduction of *React Hooks*, Functional components seems to be the **recommended** choice by React Devs.

02 React Libraries

React Router & Redux



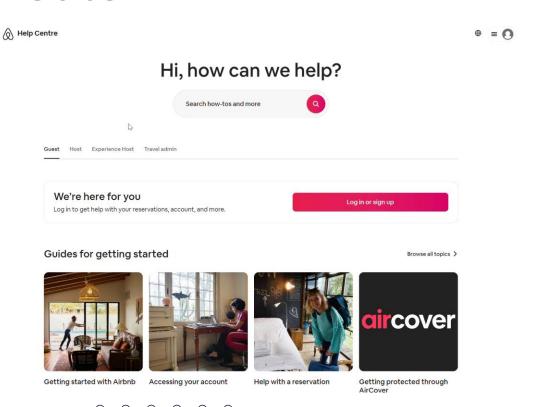
React Router enables client-side routing for your React application.

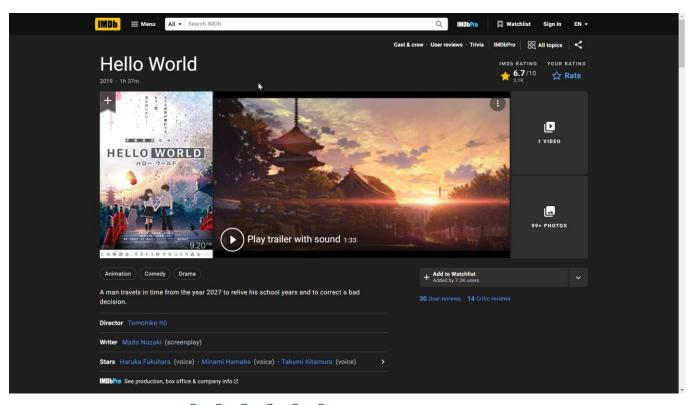
When loading a new page, the browser usually sends a request to retrieve the data/layout for the page.

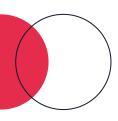
With React router, loading a page from the same React application will only trigger React to decide what components needs to be rendered or removed from view.



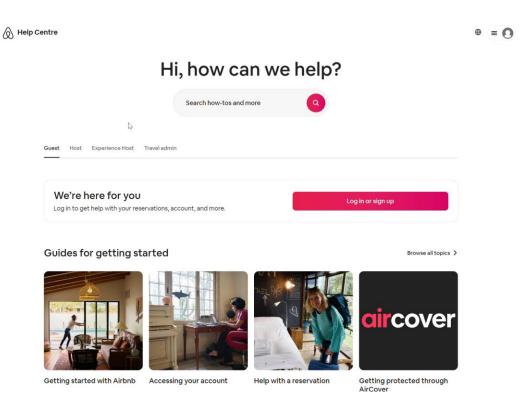






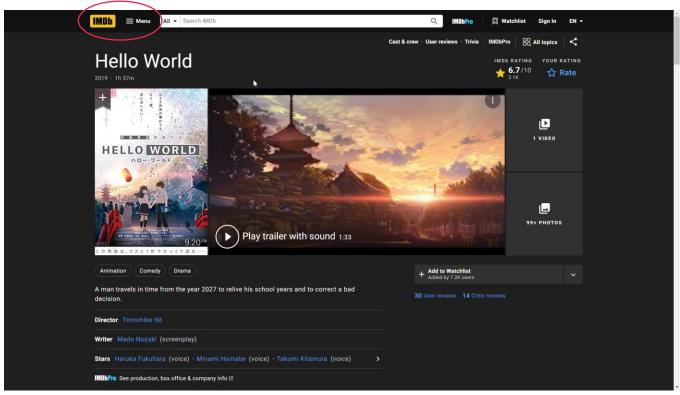






Stays relatively static

Necessary content refreshes



0 0 0 0

Pros

- Routing between components/pages are more likely to be quicker
- Animations and transitions between pages
- Does not incur a browser refresh (white screen flash)

Cons

- Initial loading time is large, the whole website is loaded on initialisation (Codesplitting can circumvent this issue)
- Routing logic may be cumbersome to maintain
- Search engine crawling algorithms may not pick up site contents well

Side Note: **Server-side routing** is supposedly possible with React with external libraries

Redux

Redux is a library that assists in **managing and updating global application state**, using events called 'actions'.

It serves as a **centralized store** for state that needs to be used across your entire application, with rules ensuring that the state can only be updated in a predictable fashion.

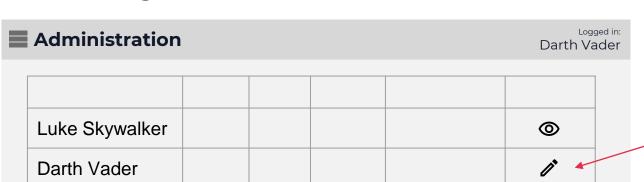


Class/Functional components can have states of their own, so what's the point?

Certain states are passed down from parent to children, and possibly **propagated deeply**. The codebase can grow increasingly unreadable / clunky.



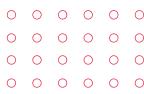
Padmé Amidala





Can only edit your own information

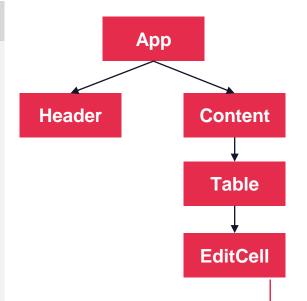
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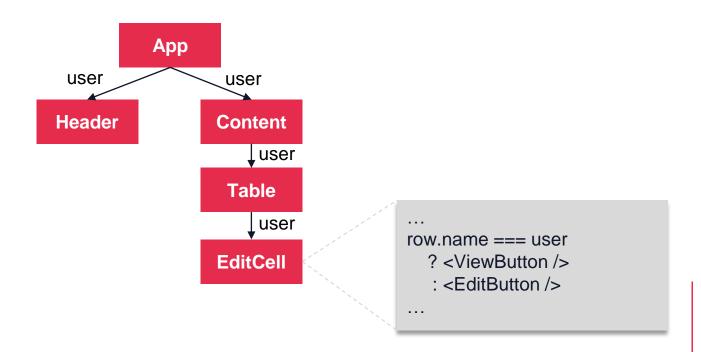
Administration

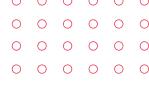
Logged in: Darth Vader

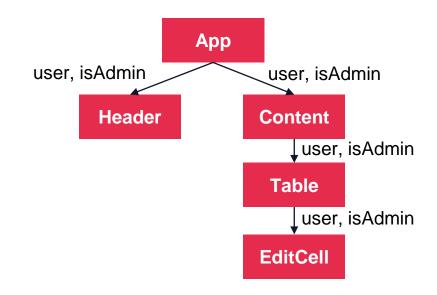
	Faction	 Admin	Owner	
Luke Skywalker	Rebel	No	No	0
Darth Vader	Dark	No	No	0
Padmé Amidala	Rebel	No	No	0

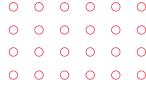


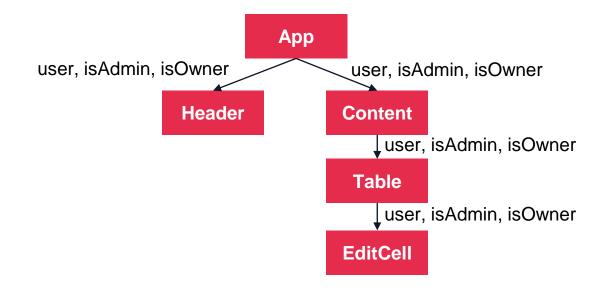


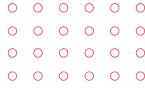


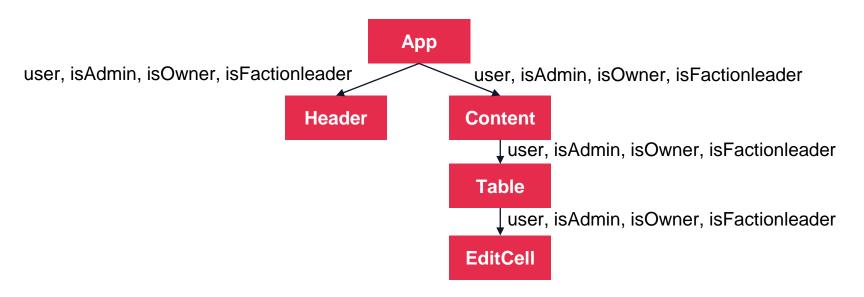












Surely there's a better way...

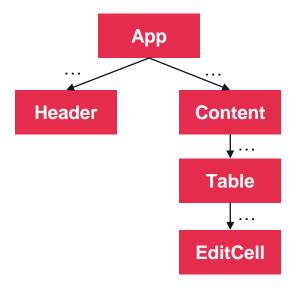
Redux!

```
user: {
  name: "Darth Vader",
                                                         App
  isAdmin: False,
  isOwner: False,
  isFactionLeader: False,
                                              Header
                                                                 Content
},
. . .
                                                                  Table
                                                                 EditCell
```

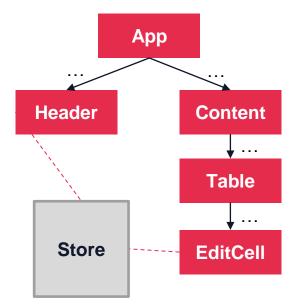
Redux Store

Redux!



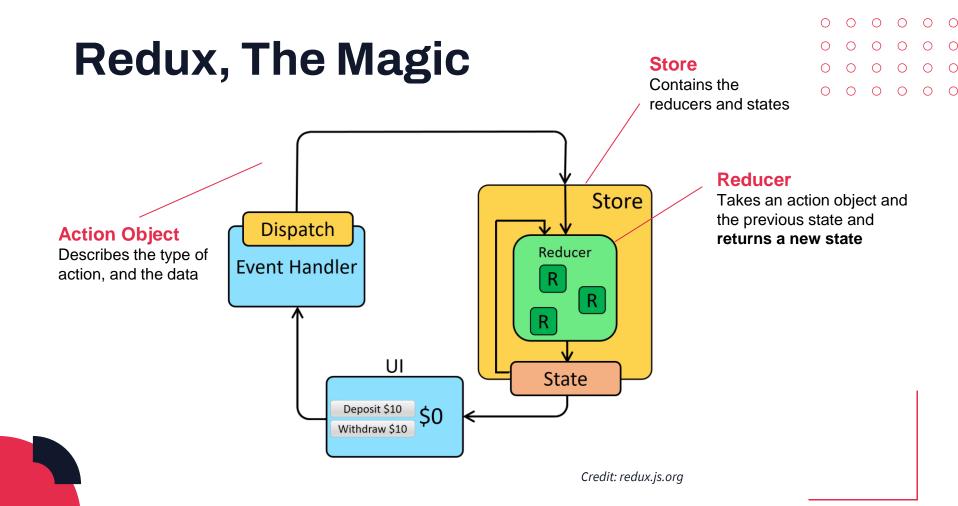


Propagate only



Propagate & Global Store

There are tradeoffs to use Redux, decide whether your project requires it!

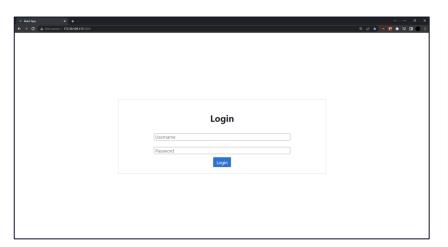


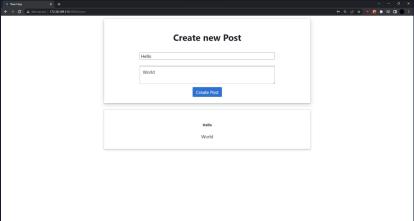
03 React Demo



What we're building today

- A very simple web app with a login page and a home page to create posts
- Covers basic React, BlueprintJs, Redux, React Router, Axios





Installing React

Installation Links:

- https://medium.com/macoclock/install-react-js-on-mac-7cffe8bda2ac
- https://www.linuxtuto.com/how-to-install-reactjs-on-ubuntu-22-04/

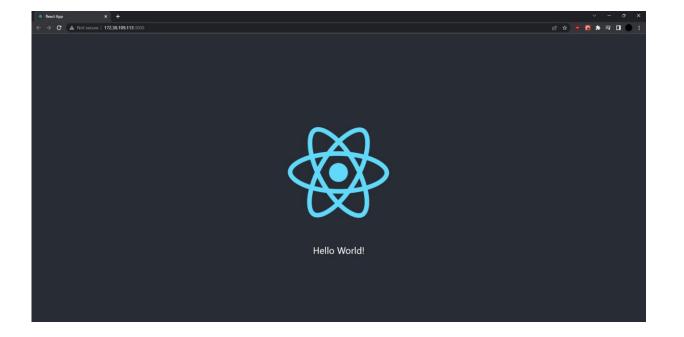
Create your project

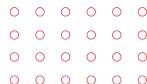
- npx create-react-app react-workshop-demo --template typescript
- cd react-workshop-demo
- npm start





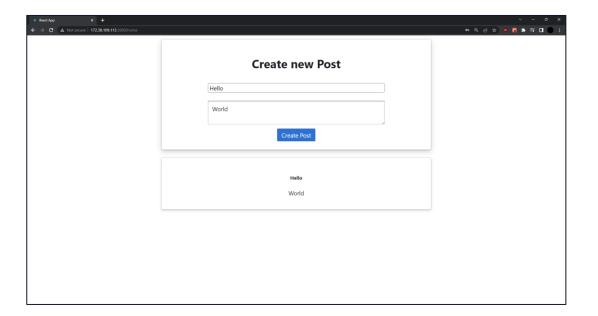
Hello World!





Home Page

A dialog box to create a new post and a card to display a post





Installing BlueprintJs

- Blueprint is a React-based UI toolkit for the web.
- npm i @blueprintjs/core
- Documentation https://blueprintjs.com/docs/
- Don't forget to import main CSS files from BlueprintJs packages

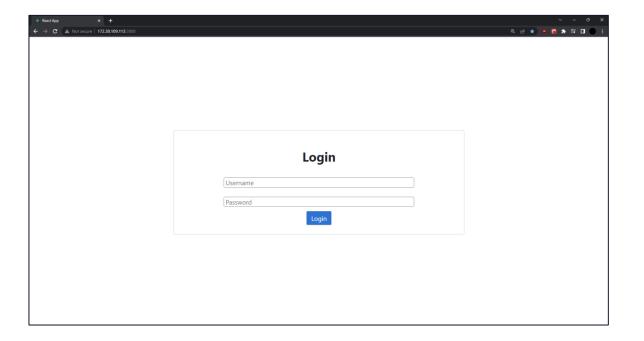
Installing Redux

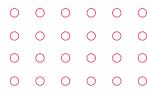
- npm install @reduxjs/toolkit react-redux
- https://redux.js.org/introduction/getting-started
- https://redux-toolkit.js.org/introduction/getting-started
- Don't forget to wrap the Redux Provider around your application



Login Page

❖ A dialog to login and go to home page





Installing Axios

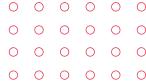
- Axios is a promise-based HTTP Client for node.js and the browser.
- npm install axios
- https://axios-http.com/docs/intro
- Mock API URL https://mocki.io/v1/fb8c09ce-5796-41e1-b0be-ad046f6c87db

Installing React Router

- npm install react-router-dom@5.3.4
- https://v5.reactrouter.com/web/guides/quick-start

Try it out!

- Add a log-out button
- Make Posts editable and deletable
- Add Comments for Posts
- Improve on the UI
- Play around and add your own features!



05 Source Academy



Our Tech Stack

Frontend

Language: TypeScript

Styling: SCSS

Main Library: React

State Management	Redux-Saga
Routing	React Router
Components Management	BlueprintJS
Canvas / Drawing	Konva
Game Rendering	Phaser
Sound Recording	Yareco



Backend

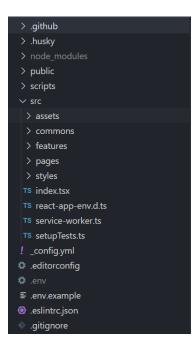
Language: Elixir

Database: PostgreSQL Framework: Phoenix

Job Scheduler	Quantum
Authentication	Guardian
DB Abstraction Layer	Ecto

Frontend Structure



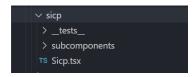


Very **similar** to what we have seen earlier

src/assets	Images, icons
src/styles	SCSS stylesheets to be used by the application
src/commons	Common components found in several pages, eg Editor, REPL, Buttons etc
src/pages	Represents the pages (URL) of the project. Contains the component and containers of the page while subcomponents/ store exclusive components used by the page
src/features	Contain reducers, actions, utils, sagas, epics/services, helpers. Usually, has corresponding component under pages/directory.

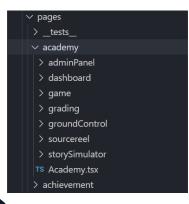
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Frontend Structure (Pages)



Subcomponents

Exclusive components that exist only in that page



Subpages

Each subpage exists as a separate folder, which can have its own *subcomponents*/folder

E.g., Tabs within a page



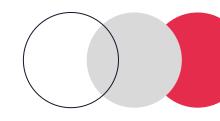


Solve a bug!

Solve an existing bug in our source academy frontend!

Github #2231





Thanks for listening! See you around in school!



https://github.com/Junyi00/react-introductory-sa-ay2223



