## **Mock Spectra Generation - November - 2021**

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i) Data is divided into five metallicity bins after obtaining the SFR and the stellar mass (i.e., a first sED fit has been performed to obtain the parameters).

```
metal_1 = data[np.where(metallicities < 0.008)]
metal_2 = data[np.where((metallicities >= 0.008)&(metallicities < 0.009))]
metal_3 = data[np.where((metallicities >= 0.009)&(metallicities < 0.011))]
metal_4 = data[np.where((metallicities >= 0.011)&(metallicities < 0.013))]
metal_5 = data[np.where(metallicities >= 0.013)]
```

They can be divided into redshift bins and then in metallicity bins but it makes the process more complicated and as I am running out of time this is the best compromise to share a first mock catalog. Also because the way to fix logU is not set yet by the MOONS people and the attenuation recipe needs to be changed to CF03 which will make the fit more time-consuming than a simple Calzetti recipe.

### ii) The files to be fitted are:

```
Metal_1 = COSMOS_FMOS_MOONS_2021_zCUT_BPT_metal_1.fits
Metal_2 = COSMOS_FMOS_MOONS_2021_zCUT_BPT_metal_2.fits
Metal_3 = COSMOS_FMOS_MOONS_2021_zCUT_BPT_metal_3.fits
Metal_4 = COSMOS_FMOS_MOONS_2021_zCUT_BPT_metal_4.fits
Metal_5 = COSMOS_FMOS_MOONS_2021_zCUT_BPT_metal_5.fits
```

The number of objects per bin 490, 403, 773, 622, and 220. In total 2508 objects + 1 fake object. There is a fake object called -999999 because it is useful to compute the emission lines in the output file given by CIGALE. In the same metallicity bin, there are different redshifts so the SFH must be general.

**iii)** Following Carton et al., 2017 (<a href="https://arxiv.org/pdf/1703.01090.pdf">https://arxiv.org/pdf/1703.01090.pdf</a>) one can obtain the ionization parameter given by

```
logU = -0.8*log10(z/z\_sun) - 3.58.
```

There are other relations proposed by Filippo and Fergus that can be explored later.

```
# LogU estimation from literature relations

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2002.05744.pdf (Filippo suggestion)
def logq_mingozzi(EW_Ha):
    return( 0.56*np.log10(EW_Ha) + 6.29 )

https://arxiv.org/pdf/1703.01090.pdf (Emma suggestion)
def logU_carton(z, z_sun):
    return( -0.8*np.log10(z/z_sun) - 3.58 )

def logq_to_logU(logq):
    # U = q/c; q = Q/n; logU = Q/(4*pi*r^2*n*c)
    c = 2.998e10 # cm s^-1
    return( np.log10(10**logq/c) )

# Fergus suggestion
https://arxiv.org/pdf/2008.02282.pdf
https://arxiv.org/pdf/1404.3936.pdf
```

Following the Carton recipe in the five different metallicity bin and assuming that z\_sun = 0.0142 we get:

```
Metal_1 = logU > -3.38

Metal_2 = -3.38 >= logU > -3.42

Metal_3 = -3.42 >= logU > -3.49

Metal_4 = -3.49 >= logU > -3.55

Metal_5 = -3.55 >= logU
```

As the range only varies over 0.2 dex I decided to do a continuum\_lines fit fixing the gas-phase metallicity and leaving logU free (which can be wrong but it's worth having it for comparison) and continuum+lines with two values of logU -3.6 and -3.4 to be in the range computed above.

## BEFORE SED FITTING

On VULCAIN there is a copy of the version of CIGALE adapted to the needs of MOONS. The nebular lines are trimmed to have the good ones required for MOONS. The sampling of points to create emission lines is changed from 301 to 21 points. The wavelengths are moved all to vacuum avoiding the problem we discussed with the working groups for the SSPs. In general,

this version should be used to model the mock samples and probably in the future use the version in Gitlab (cigale\_bpt).

The version is in my home directory and it's called "cigale\_bpt\_moons". It is installed on VULCAIN in the pyenv "cigale\_bpt". This version is already installed using the HR BC03 models. If it needs to be reinstalled just use "python setup.py build --bc03res=hr" and then "python setup.py develop". Run:

```
pyenv activate cigale_bpt
export OMP NUM THREADS=1
```

The "pcigale.ini" files are inside each metallicity bin folder.

iv) First, the continuum is fitted. Then, continuum+lines either leave logU free and fix it to a -3.6 to -3.4 range. The three results are stored on VULCAIN on three different folders at "/mnt/pdg-space/jvilla/Feb\_2021\_MOONS\_BPT/metal\_bins/metal\_bins\_nov\_2021" (continuum, continuum\_lines\_logU\_free, continuum\_lines\_logU\_fixed). I only ran this time for the Chabrier IMF because before I was also distributing Salpeter. I think people can just convert their parameters if needed.

# For the future steps when I'm gone!

In Particular, for MOONS these files need to be reprocessed, interpolated, and saved in a 1D-format useful for the ETC. I left instructions on the other PDF file. There is a notebook already prepared to do this. Maybe this time that I changed the line points from 301 to 21 the interpolation will go faster and the 1D-spectra files won't be too heavy as the last time.

This can be adapted for PFS taking into account their requirements although I guess the resolution of the emission lines needs to change to be compatible with the PFS requirements. So running again CIGALE and fitting again the SEDs will be useful.

**Note:** If one wants to enlarge the sample of Laigle, the notebook "File\_to\_CIGALE-format.ipynb" has all the instructions to follow the process of correcting the photometry, replacing data inside each band if the filter falls inside the Balmer break at a given redshift, and splitting the samples in redshift bins. There are also some functions that can be used to check after the first fits the SFR and stellar mass to compute the gas-phase metallicity and then to create the final files with fake emission line values to be fitted with fixed values of gas-phase metallicity and ionization parameter.

**Note:** I did some runs which are stored in the folders

/mnt/pdg\_space/jvilla/Feb\_2021\_MOONS\_BPT\_redshift\_bins where the metallicity bins fitted can be found for continuum and continuum+lines although I think I used LR models. Also in /mnt/pdg\_space/jvilla/Feb\_2021\_MOONS\_BPT/metal\_bins. I do not recommend using these ones as I did not leave any instructions while creating these files. This is why I re-ran the fits with the instructions above so the results can be trusted. This was from February 2021.

## I started this process ....

COSMOS2015 catalog is put into shape in different files (Check the COSMOS2015\_File\_to\_CIGALE-format.ipynb notebook). The most general file is '/Users/lam/Desktop/MOONS/MOONS\_2021/Laigle\_all/COSMOS\_Laigle\_MOONS\_2021.fits 'which contains all the photometry and COSMOS2015 data but already in a good shape to be saved or cut as one pleases to later be analysed with CIGALE.

I cut in redshift because I only want positive values in phot\_z and I create a catalog in which I only put the information I want for the fit, so the bands cover from GALEX NUV to IRAC4.

These files contain fake emission lines with -9999.99 values which are used to model the lines with CIGALE if the nebular module is included but they won't be taken into account if only photometry is added. There is a fake galaxy in the last row to allow the computation with non-zero values for the lines. Everything is in the folder 'files\_lines'.

The next step is to divide the sample in the redshift bin. The files are in the 'FILES\_redshift\_bins' folder and additionally they are copied to the individual redshift folder with the corresponding name. This is to facilitate the next step which is splitting each redshift bin in metallicity bins after the first analysis.

In the notebook I leave the tool to carry out the task. I will only try to analyse the redshift bin 1.5-2.0 if it doesn't take too much time as there are 74054

Objects. The continuum needs to be fitted, then metallicity and logU derived, and splitted into metal bin to be refitted again with the nebular module.

#### Procedure:

- # Compare the SFR and Mstar derived with the COSMOS2015 values
- # Check the SEDs in the diagram at each wavelength
- # Check metallicity distribution and logU distribution
- # Create the new sample divided in metal bins

The results will be stored at

"/mnt/pdg-space/jvilla/Feb\_2021\_MOONS\_BPT/metal\_bins/metal\_bins\_COSMOS2015\_n ov\_2021" in each folder (continuum, continuum\_lines\_logU\_fixed) containing the metallicity bins for the nebular case continuum\_lines\_logU\_fixed.

I changed this and decided to make to make it more organized for Patrice and Kasia so now they are at COSMOS2015\_mocks is for Kasia and the MOONS\_mocks is for Patrice folder in "/mnt/pdg-space/jvilla".

# In my home directory on VULCAIN

**cigale\_bpt** → Is the CIGALE directory to install CIGALE with the new updated models of Patrice. Use it to fit data. Remember to install the High-Resolution BC03 models. It should also have the sampling of 31 points for the emission lines and the vacuum correction for the continuum to match the wavelengths of the emission lines.

**cigale\_bpt\_moons** → It was used to create models with CIGALE not based on observations. It was fake modeling. I cutted the models of Patrice to include only 26 emission lines useful for the modeling otherwise you get all the info from the database.

It's better to always use the version from above as this one is created to match all the requirements of MOONS and to fit real data and produce spectra in the good shape for the general cataog and for the MOONS project.

I leave some data in /mnt/pdg-space/jvilla for Kasia and Patrice.

The COSMOS2015\_mocks is for Kasia and the MOONS\_mocks is for Patrice. All the data to fit with CIGALE is inside as well as the notebook and README files. The same information is found on the Github repository.

IMPORTANT: Remember that to convert the SSP models to vacuum we used inside CIGALE the Ciddor+96 strategy.

In cigale/database\_builder/\_\_init\_\_\_.py we included the modification at the beginning

```
# Wavelengths above 2000A are transformed from Air to Vacuum.
wvl_l_vac = wavelength[wavelength < 2000]
wvl_u_air = wavelength[wavelength >= 2000]

# Constants in [(10-6 m)**-2] from Ciddor 1996,
# Applied Optics, Vol. 35, Issue 9, pp. 1566-1573.
k0 = 238.0185
k1 = 5792105.0
k2 = 57.362
k3 = 167917.0

sigma2 = (1.0e4/wvl_u_air)**2
nas = (k1/(k0 - sigma2) + k3/(k2 - sigma2)) / 1.0e8 + 1.0

wvl_u_vac = wvl_u_air * nas
wavelength = np.concatenate([wvl_l_vac, wvl_u_vac])
```

This is not included in cigale\_bpt which is the version I use for my paper to be consistent with the last release of CIGALE. This is included in cigale\_bpt\_moons. Always use cigale\_bpt\_moons to fit the COSMOS data because it is the version tailor-made for them.