

# Boolean Networks in Life Sciences

## Exercise Sheet 7: Model Checking

Friday 9<sup>th</sup> January, 2026

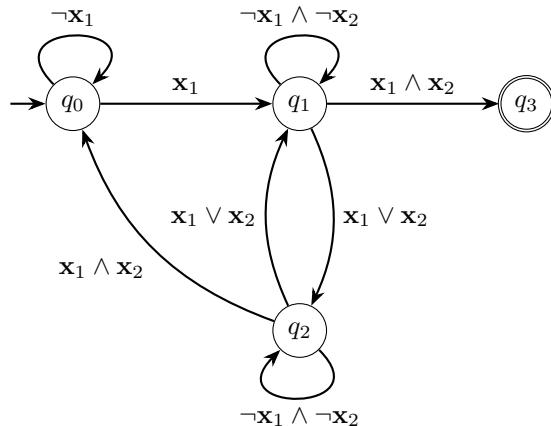
**Exercise 1** The following LTL formulae define safety properties  $L_{safe}^1$  and  $L_{safe}^2$ , construct NFAs accepting the languages  $\text{MinBad}(L_{safe}^1)$  and  $\text{MinBad}(L_{safe}^2)$ .

1.  $\mathbf{x}_1 \Rightarrow \mathbf{X}(\neg\mathbf{x}_1 \mathbf{U} \mathbf{x}_2);$
2.  $\mathbf{G}(\varphi) \vee (\varphi \mathbf{U} \mathbf{x}_3)$  where  
 $\varphi = (\mathbf{x}_1 \wedge \neg\mathbf{x}_2 \wedge \mathbf{X}(\neg\mathbf{x}_1 \wedge \mathbf{x}_2)) \vee (\neg\mathbf{x}_1 \wedge \mathbf{x}_2 \wedge \mathbf{X}(\mathbf{x}_1 \wedge \neg\mathbf{x}_2));$

**Exercise 2** Consider the transition system of the following Boolean network of dimension 2 given by fully asynchronous semantics, extended to a Kripke structure  $\mathcal{T}$  with  $I = \{00\}$  and atomic propositions consisting of propositional formulae on the variables  $\mathbf{x}_1$  and  $\mathbf{x}_2$  with the obvious interpretation.

$$f_1(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}_2; f_2(\mathbf{x}) = \neg\mathbf{x}_1 \vee \neg\mathbf{x}_2$$

Consider further the following NFA  $\mathcal{A}$  and construct the Kripke structure  $\mathcal{T} \otimes \mathcal{A}$ .

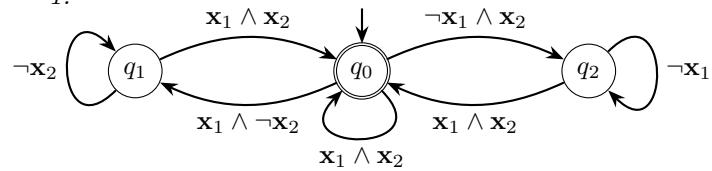


**Exercise 3** The following LTL formula defines an  $\omega$ -regular property, construct a Büchi automaton accepting the property.

$$(\neg\mathbf{x}_1 \mathbf{U} (\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{x}_2))) \vee ((\mathbf{x}_2 \vee (\mathbf{x}_1 \wedge \mathbf{X}(\neg\mathbf{x}_1))) \mathbf{U} (\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{x}_2)))$$

**Exercise 4** Consider the following Büchi automata and characterise the properties they accept, try to find LTL formulae that define these properties.

1.



2.

