Rworksheet Espadon #4A

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```
#1 #A.
ShoeSize \leftarrow c(6.5, 9.0, 8.5, 8.5, 10.5, 10.5, 8.5, 12.0, 10.5, 8.5)
Height \leftarrow c(66.0, 68.0, 64.5, 65.0, 70.0, 64.0, 74.0, 67.0, 71.0, 71.0)
df <- data.frame(ShoeSize, Height)</pre>
print(df)
##
      ShoeSize Height
## 1
            6.5
                  66.0
## 2
            9.0
                  68.0
## 3
            8.5
                  64.5
## 4
            8.5
                  65.0
## 5
          10.5
                  70.0
## 6
          10.5
                  64.0
           8.5
## 7
                  74.0
## 8
          12.0
                  67.0
          10.5
## 9
                  71.0
## 10
            8.5
                  71.0
#B.
males <- subset(df, ShoeSize>=9)
females <- subset(df, ShoeSize<9)</pre>
print(males)
##
     ShoeSize Height
## 2
          9.0
## 5
         10.5
                   70
## 6
         10.5
                   64
## 8
         12.0
                   67
## 9
          10.5
                   71
print(females)
##
      ShoeSize Height
## 1
            6.5
                  66.0
            8.5
## 3
                  64.5
## 4
            8.5
                  65.0
## 7
            8.5
                  74.0
           8.5
                  71.0
## 10
#c.
```

```
mean(df$ShoeSize)
## [1] 9.3
# 9.3
mean(df$Height)
## [1] 68.05
# 68.05
#D.
plot(df$ShoeSize, df$Height, xlab="Shoe Size", ylab="Height")
                                       0
                                       0
                                                                 0
                                                                 0
     89
                                             0
                                                                                    0
             0
                                       00
                                                                 0
                    7
                                8
                                             9
                                                                       11
                                                                                    12
                                                          10
                                            Shoe Size
#2
months_vector <- c("March", "April", "January", "November", "January",</pre>
                     "September", "October", "September", "November", "August",
                     "January", "November", "November", "February", "May", "August",
                     "July", "December", "August", "August", "September", "November", "February", "April")
factor months vector <- factor(months vector)</pre>
print(factor_months_vector)
    [1] March
                   April
                              January
                                        November
                                                   January
                                                              September October
    [8] September November
                             August
                                        January
                                                   November
                                                             November
                                                                        February
## [15] May
                   August
                              July
                                        December
                                                              August
                                                                        September
                                                   August
## [22] November February
                             April
## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September
#3
summary(months_vector)
##
      Length
                  Class
                             Mode
##
          24 character character
```

```
# Length Class Mode
# 24 character character
summary(factor_months_vector)
                August December February
##
       April
                                             January
                                                           July
                                                                    March
                                                                                May
##
                     4
                               1
                                         2
                                                   3
                                                              1
               October September
## November
##
          5
           August December February
                                                                           May November
                                                                                           October Septe
                                        January
                                                      July
                                                               March
                         1
                             2
                                             3
                                                      1
                                                                 1
                                                                           1
                4
                                                                                      4
# There are 12 unique month names in the months_vector, whereas there are 11 unique levels in factor_mo
#In this case, the factor vector is more useful as it allows for easier analysis of the frequency of ea
direction_vector <- c("East", "West", "North")</pre>
frequency_vector <- c(1,4,3)</pre>
factor_data <- factor(direction_vector, levels = c("East", "West", "North"))</pre>
new_order_data <- factor(factor_data,levels = c("East","West","North"))</pre>
print(factor_data)
## [1] East West North
## Levels: East West North
print(new_order_data)
## [1] East West North
## Levels: East West North
#5
\#A
student_table <- read.table(file = 'import_march.csv', header = TRUE, sep = ',')</pre>
student_table
##
     Students Strategy.1 Strategy.2 Strategy.3
## 1
         Male
                       8
                                10
                                             8
## 2
                       4
                                  8
                                             6
## 3
                       0
                                  6
                                             4
## 4
      Female
                      14
                                            15
## 5
                                  2
                      10
                                            12
## 6
                       6
                                  0
                                             9
#6.
random_number <- sample(1:50, 1)</pre>
cat("The chosen number is:", random_number, "\n")
## The chosen number is: 8
if (random_number == 20) {
 cat("TRUE\n")
} else if (random_number < 1 || random_number > 50) {
 cat("The number selected is beyond the range of 1 to 50\n")
```

1

```
} else {
  cat(random_number, "\n")
}
## 8
#7.
calculate_min_bills <- function(price_of_snack) {</pre>
  bill_denominations \leftarrow c(1000, 500, 200, 100, 50)
  total_bills <- 0
 for (bill in bill_denominations) {
    num_bills_needed <- price_of_snack %/% bill</pre>
    price_of_snack <- price_of_snack %% bill</pre>
    total_bills <- total_bills + num_bills_needed</pre>
  }
  cat("Minimum number of bills needed to purchase the snack:", total bills, "\n")
}
price_of_snack <- 1350
calculate_min_bills(price_of_snack)
## Minimum number of bills needed to purchase the snack: 4
#8. #A.2
students <- data.frame(</pre>
 Name = c("Annie", "Thea", "Steve", "Hanna"),
 Grade1 = c(85,65,75,95),
 Grade2 = c(65,75,55,75),
 Grade3 = c(85,90,80,100),
 Grade4 = c(100, 90, 85, 90)
)
students
      Name Grade1 Grade2 Grade3 Grade4
               85
                                    100
## 1 Annie
                       65
                              85
## 2 Thea
                       75
                                      90
               65
                              90
## 3 Steve
               75
                       55
                              80
                                      85
## 4 Hanna
               95
                       75
                             100
                                      90
#B.
students$Average <- (students$Grade1 + students$Grade2 + students$Grade3 + students$Grade4) / 4
for (i in 1:nrow(students)) {
 average <- (students$Grade1[i] + students$Grade2[i] + students$Grade3[i] + students$Grade4[i]) / 4
  count <- 0
  total_average <- 0
  if (students$Grade4[i] > 90) {
    cat(students$Name[i], "'s average grade this semester is", average, ".\n")
    total_average <- total_average + average</pre>
    count <- count + 1</pre>
 }
}
```

```
## Annie 's average grade this semester is 83.75 .
if (count > 0) {
 overall_average <- total_average / count</pre>
  cat("The overall average for high-achieving students is", overall_average, ".\n")
} else {
  cat("No high-achieving students found.\n")
## No high-achieving students found.
#C.
test1_average <- sum(students$Grade1) / nrow(students)</pre>
test2_average <- sum(students$Grade2) / nrow(students)</pre>
test3_average <- sum(students$Grade3) / nrow(students)</pre>
test4_average <- sum(students$Grade4) / nrow(students)</pre>
if (test1_average < 80) {</pre>
  cat("The 1st test was difficult.\n")
}
if (test2 average < 80) {</pre>
  cat("The 2nd test was difficult.\n")
## The 2nd test was difficult.
if (test3_average < 80) {</pre>
  cat("The 3rd test was difficult.\n")
if (test4_average < 80) {</pre>
  cat("The 4th test was difficult.\n")
}
#D.
for (i in 1:nrow(students)) {
 highest_grade <- students$Grade1[i]</pre>
  if (students$Grade2[i] > highest_grade) {
    highest_grade <- students$Grade2[i]
  if (students$Grade3[i] > highest_grade) {
    highest_grade <- students$Grade3[i]
  if (students$Grade4[i] > highest_grade) {
    highest_grade <- students$Grade4[i]
  if (highest grade > 90) {
    cat(students$Name[i], "'s highest grade this semester is", highest_grade, "\n")
  }
}
## Annie 's highest grade this semester is 100
```

Hanna 's highest grade this semester is 100