Data Structures and Algorithms

Programming Assignment #3

Topics : STL

Instructions for Submission

- 1. Register on spoj.com and a2oj.com. Link your spoj account to a2oj
- 2. Go to the front page of a20j and search for the contest titled Crash Course (DS & Algo. The contest code is 40614.
- 3. Register for the contest. You'll see a pop-up with 5 problems. Before submitting the problems, make sure that you're logged into your spoj account. Click on any problem and it should redirect you to the spoj page. Submit your question on **this** page. After submission, your ranking should be updated withing 5 minutes.

Problems

- 1. **Max Stack**: In the class, we saw a container called stack which supports insertion and deletion of the latest element in O(1). For this question, you need to design a special stack called **Max Stack** which can provide the following functionalities
 - (a) Insertion of any element in O(1)
 - (b) A view on the last inserted element in O(1)
 - (c) Deletion of the last inserted element in O(1)
 - (d) Number of elements remaining in O(1)
 - (e) A function to check whether the container is empty in O(1)
 - (f) A function to print the maximum of all the elements currently present in the container in O(1)

Hint: Start out by creating a class called **Max_Stack**. Keep 2 STL stacks as instance variables. Now all the operations can be performed easily.

2. Pairs with Difference K: Given an array containing n elements (with possible repetitions), and a number k, find out the number of pairs (a_i, a_j) where i! = j and the difference of a_i and a_j is equal to k.

Hint: One appraoch is to use binary search 2 times. for each element. The other one is to use maps. Take care of repetitions.

3. Ada and Friends: It Should be self explanatory from the problem statement.

Hint: Use maps and hashing.

- 4. The World of Charges: It Should be self explanatory from the problem statement.
- 5. Maximum of all Windows of Size K: A window of length k defined as a contiguous sequence of k elements. In an array of n elements, there can be n-k windows of size k. Your task is to find the maximum element of each of these windows and print them.

Hint: Come up with an O(n * k) solution and further optimize it to $O(n \log k)$. Finally, use *Double Ended Queue* to do it in O(n). You should only submit the code with O(n) complexity.