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Week 13 Logbook

Creating a custom driver

1. Create a basic custom module on C.

```
#include <linux/init.h>
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>

MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE_AUTHOR("Muhammad Tsaqif Al Bari");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION("A simple example Linux module.");
MODULE_VERSION("0.01");

static int __init dev_init(void) {
        printk(KERN_INFO "Hello, World!\n");
        return 0;
}

static void __exit dev_exit(void) {
        printk(KERN_INFO "Goodbye, World!\n");
}

module_init(dev_init);
module_exit(dev_exit);
```

First we would need to create a basic module for our work base. There are 2 methods define here which are dev_init and dev_exit. Both methods have __init and __exit respectively. These will tell our kernel that theses two methods are used when we install or uninstall our module.

2. Create a makefile

```
obj-m += mtabdrv.o

all:

make -C /lib/modules/$(shell uname -r)/build M=$(PWD) modules

clean:

make -C /lib/modules/$@shell uname -r@/build M=$(PWD) clean
```

After creating our module template on C, we need to compile them into .ko, which stands for Kernel Object. After compiling it .ko, we can install them.

3. Installing the module

```
[ 983.204495] systemd[1]: Detected virtualization oracle.
[ 983.204497] systemd[1]: Detected architecture x86-64.
[ 983.508365] systemd[1]: Stopping Journal Service...
[ 983.509011] systemd-journald[401]: Received SIGTERM from PID 1 (systemd).
[ 983.526580] systemd[1]: Stopped Journal Service.
[ 983.527622] systemd[1]: Starting Journal Service...
[ 983.551613] systemd[1]: Started Journal Service.
[ 1778.188284] mtabdrv: loading out-of-tree module taints kernel.
[ 1778.189189] Hello, World!
[ 2379.396998] Goodbye, World!
```

After compiling them to .ko we can install them with insmod moduleName.ko, in this case it's insmod mtabdrv.ko. We can check if it's installed by looking on dmesg. Since we need to install a driver for this task, I would go and uninstall it with rmmod mtabdrv.ko.

4. Adding open, close, write, read capabilities

```
static struct file_operations fops =
{
         .open = dev_open,
         .read = dev_read,
         .write = dev_write,
         .release = dev_release,
};
```

To turn our module into a device driver, we need to implement open(),close(),read(),and write() capabilities to our module.

```
static int dev_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep) {
    numberOpens++; // inc by one to count number of opens
    printk(KERN_INFO "Ich has been opened %d time(s) already\n", numberOpens); // create a log as proof
    return 0;
}
```

```
static int dev_release(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep) {
    printk(KERN_INFO "MTAB driver has been closed."); // log it on dmesg
    return 0;
}
```

```
static ssize_t dev_write(struct file *filep, const char *buffer, size_t len, loff_t *offset) {
    // set a limit to wirte
    const size_t maxLen = 256 - 1;

    // checks if the requested things to write is always below the maxLen
    size_t thingsToWrite = len >= maxLen ? maxLen: len;

    // to keep write err codes
    size_t thingsNotWrite = 0;

    // start writing to message to buffer
    thingsNotWrite = raw_copy_from_user(message, buffer, thingsToWrite);

    // size of how many things written
    size_of_message = thingsToWrite - thingsNotWrite;

    // catch errors
    if(thingsNotWrite) return -EFAULT;
    return thingsToWrite;
}
```

```
static ssize_t dev_read(struct file *filep, char *buffer, size_t len, loff_t *offset) {
    // checks how many things to read, if requested number is higher than what there is to read, then
    // read all of the things there is, else read as requested
    size_t thingsToRead = len >= size_of_message ? size_of_message: len;

    // to keep read err codes
    size_t thingsNotRead = 0;

    // checks if the requested copy is empty, then return empty immediately
    if(!thingsToRead) return 0;

    // start to read message, and copy it
    thingsNotRead = raw_copy_to_user(buffer, message, thingsToRead);

    // if its an error code from the read, then throw in error
    if(thingsNotRead) return -EFAULT;

    // reset size_of_message to 0
    size_of_message = 0;

    return thingsToRead;
}
```

5. Register our module as a driver

```
__init dev_init(void) {
       majorNumber = register_chrdev(0, DEVICE_NAME, &fops);
       if(majorNumber < 0) return majorNumber;</pre>
       classptr = class_create(THIS_MODULE, CLASS_NAME);
       if (IS ERR(classptr)) {
                // if it is an error, unregister what we just register
unregister_chrdev(majorNumber, DEVICE_NAME);
                return PTR_ERR(classptr);
       dvcptr = device create(classptr, NULL, MKDEV(majorNumber, 0), NULL, DEVICE NAME);
       if (IS_ERR(dvcptr)) {
     class_destroy(classptr);
                unregister_chrdev(majorNumber, DEVICE_NAME);
                return PTR_ERR(dvcptr);
       printk(KERN_INFO "MTAB driver has been installed");
tatic void __exit dev_exit(void) {
       device_destroy(classptr, MKDEV(majorNumber, 0));
       class unregister(classptr);
       class_destroy(classptr);
       unregister_chrdev(majorNumber, DEVICE_NAME);
                           Goodbye, World!\n");
       printk(KERN INFO
```

To register our module as a driver, we need to register it a major number to the kernel. To do that, we need to modify our init and exit methods to register a major number on install, and remove it on uninstalling.

6. Test run

mtabdrv

```
user@sysprog-ova:~/src/ws11$ sudo ./testDriver
Starting device test code example...
Type in a short string to send to the kernel module:
Hello
Writing message to the device [Hello].
Press ENTER to read back from the device...
Reading from the device...
The received message is: [Hello]

user@sysprog-ova:~/src/ws11$ dir
Makefile Module.symvers mtabdrv.ko mtabdrv.mod.o testDriver
modules.order mtabdrv.c mtabdrv.mod.c mtabdrv.o testDriver.c
user@sysprog-ova:~/src/ws11$ ls /dev/ | grep mtab
```