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Class: B

Logbook W12 – Compile Kernel

Compile and install a new kernel (Generic Way)

Step-by-step on how to compile and install a new kernel

1. Get yourself a kernel

```
user@sysprog-ova:~/compile-kernel$ dir
linux-5.9.12.tar.xz
user@sysprog-ova:~/compile-kernel$ tar -xf linux-5.9.12.tar.xz
user@sysprog-ova:~/compile-kernel$ ls -a
.  ..  linux-5.9.12  linux-5.9.12.tar.xz
```

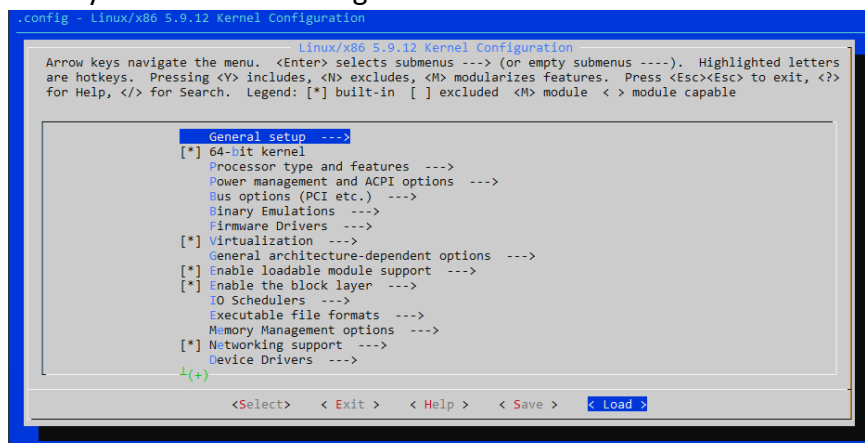
The first thing we need to compile and install a kernel is well, a kernel. Kernel can be downloaded from many sources. For this worksheet, I am using linux 5.9.12 from <https://www.kernel.org/>. I will also be using a virtual box machine for this worksheet. So after downloading my kernel, I sftp it to my virtual box machine and extract it.

2. Make/Get a .config file

```
user@sysprog-ova:/boot$ dir
config-4.15.0-126-generic  initrd.img-4.15.0-126-generic  System.map-4.15.0-58-generic
config-4.15.0-58-generic  initrd.img-4.15.0-58-generic  vmlinuz-4.15.0-126-generic
grub                      System.map-4.15.0-126-generic  vmlinuz-4.15.0-58-generic
user@sysprog-ova:/boot$ cd $HOME/compile-kernel
user@sysprog-ova:~/compile-kernel$ cd linux-5.9.12/
user@sysprog-ova:~/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12$ cp /boot/config-4.15.0-126-generic ./.config
user@sysprog-ova:~/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12$ ls -a
.  ..  .clang-format  crypto  .gitattributes  Kbuild  .mailmap  README  tools
..  .coocciconfig  Documentation  .gitignore  Kconfig  MAINTAINERS  samples  usr
arch  .config  drivers  include  kernel  Makefile  scripts  virt
block  COPYING  fs  init  lib  mm  security
certs  CREDITS  .get_maintainer.ignore  ipc  LICENSES  net  sound
user@sysprog-ova:~/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12$
```

After downloading a kernel, we need a .config file. We can write our own .config file but it is best practice to copy a working .config file and modify it to our needs. A config file can be found on /boot directory under the name config-<version>.

3. Modify and save the .config file



We can modify our config file in various ways, either writing it directly, or use an editor like menuconfig (make menuconfig), but it is best practice to use an editor than writing

over it directly. Since this tutorial does not require any modification, I would just go ahead load and save.

4. Set CONCURRENCY_LmakeEVEL

```
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# export CONCURRENCY_LmakeEVEL=5
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12#
```

Before compiling, we can set the number of CPU cores for compiling. For this worksheet I allocated 6 CPU cores to my virtual machine, so I would use 5 of those CPU for compiling, left one for other virtual machine needs. This step is optional though.

5. Clean up

```
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# make-kpkg clean
exec make kpkg_version=13.018+nmul -f /usr/share/kernel-package/ruleset/minimal.mk clean
===== making target minimal_clean [new prereqs: ]=====
This is kernel package version 13.018+nmul.
test ! -f .config || cp -pf .config config.precious
test ! -e stamp-building || rm -f stamp-building
test ! -f Makefile || \
    make ARCH=x86_64 distclean
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12'
  CLEAN   scripts/basic
  CLEAN   scripts/kconfig
  CLEAN   include/config include/generated .config .config.old
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12'
test ! -f config.precious || mv -f config.precious .config
rm -f modules/modversions.h modules/ksyms.ver scripts/cramfs/cramfsck scripts/cramfs/mkcramfs
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12#
```

Another thing we could do is do run a clean up with make-kpkg clean. This is not necessarily a “must” step but I would recommend it since compiling is not a quick task and the last thing I want is after compiling for half an hour is an error message because of something I may not know.

6. Begin compiling

```
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# make-kpkg -j 6 --initrd --append-to-version="-1806235731" ke
rnel_image kernel_headers
```

Begin compiling with the make-kpkg command. There some other parameters we fill such as:

- j : Number of CPU cores. My virtual machine have 6 CPU cores
- initrd : To create an initrd file
- append-to-version : Add an extra text after version number. For this worksheet it is required to put our Student ID.
- kernel_image : Create a kernel image
- kernel_headers : Create a kernel headers

7. Install the modules

```
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# make modules_install
```

After we finish compiling our kernel, next is to install them. For installing, first we need to install all the modules to our machine with make modules_install on our extracted linux directory.

8. Install the kernel

```
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# make install
```

After installing our modules, we could go ahead and install our kernel with make install on our extracted linux directory.

9. Update grub

```

root@sysprog-ova:/boot# ls -a
.               config-5.9.12-1806235731  initrd.img-5.9.12-1806235731  vmlinuz-4.15.0-126-generic
..              grub              System.map-4.15.0-126-generic  vmlinuz-4.15.0-58-generic
config-4.15.0-126-generic  initrd.img-4.15.0-126-generic  System.map-4.15.0-58-generic  vmlinuz-5.9.12-1806235731
config-4.15.0-58-generic  initrd.img-4.15.0-58-generic  System.map-5.9.12-1806235731
root@sysprog-ova:/boot#

```

```

root@sysprog-ova:/boot# update-grub
Sourcing file `/etc/default/grub'
Generating grub configuration file ...
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.12-1806235731
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img-5.9.12-1806235731
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-4.15.0-126-generic
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img-4.15.0-126-generic
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-4.15.0-58-generic
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img-4.15.0-58-generic
done
root@sysprog-ova:/boot#

```

After installing our kernel, we need to tell our machine to use that kernel on the next boot. With update-grub, we tell grub to update itself about the new compiled kernel we just made.

10. Done

```

user@sysprog-ova:~$ uname -a
Linux sysprog-ova 5.9.12-1806235731 #1 SMP Mon Dec 7 06:30:32 UTC 2020 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
user@sysprog-ova:~$

```

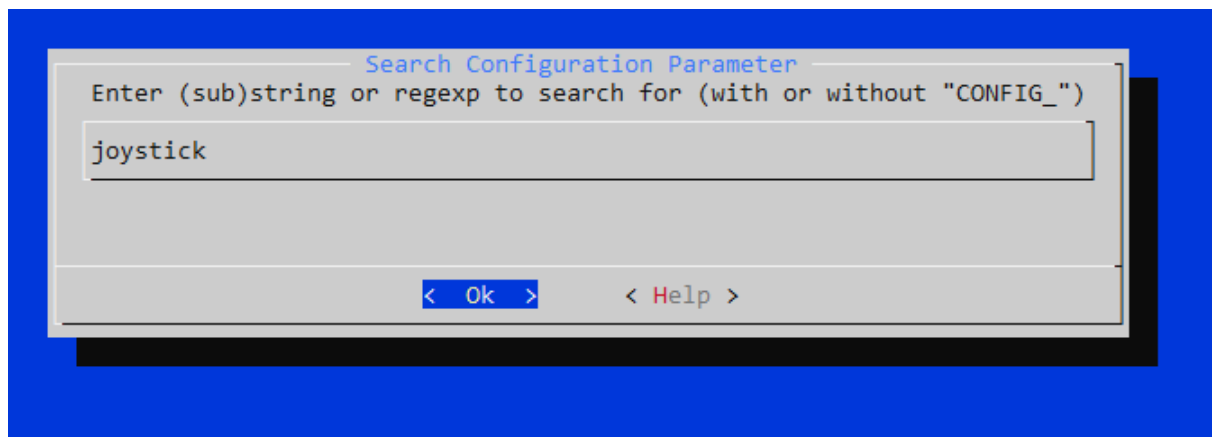
After a restart, hopefully we would get this result.

Removing Joystick Driver

1. Set Up

This task is similar with the mandatory task with the only difference in this task we actually modify our kernel to remove joystick drivers from the kernel. First, download and extract a kernel and copy a working .config file to the extracted kernel directory. Open make menuconfig and load up our copied .config file.

2. Search for drivers



There's a nice feature on menuconfig which is a configuration search, use <?> to open it. Search up joystick.

```

config - linux/86 5.9.12 Kernel Configuration
Search (Joystick)
Search Results

Symbol: INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y]
Type : bool
Defined at drivers/input/joystick/Kconfig:5
Prompt: Joysticks/Gamepads
Depends on: !UML && INPUT [=y]
Location:
-> Device Drivers
-> Input device support
(1)  -> Generic input layer (needed for keyboard, mouse, ...) (INPUT [=y])

Symbol: JOYSTICK_A3D [=m]
Type : tristate
Defined at drivers/input/joystick/Kconfig:35
Prompt: Assassin 3D and MadCatz Panther devices
Depends on: !UML && INPUT [=y] && INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y]
Location:
-> Device Drivers
-> Input device support
-> Generic input layer (needed for keyboard, mouse, ...) (INPUT [=y])
(2)  -> Joysticks/Gamepads (INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y])
Selects: GAMEPORT [=m]

Symbol: JOYSTICK_ADI [=m]
Type : tristate
Defined at drivers/input/joystick/Kconfig:45
Prompt: Logitech ADI digital joysticks and gamepads
Depends on: !UML && INPUT [=y] && INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y] && ADI [=m]!m
Location:
-> Device Drivers
-> Input device support
-> Generic input layer (needed for keyboard, mouse, ...) (INPUT [=y])
(3)  -> Joysticks/Gamepads (INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y])
Selects: GAMEPORT [=m]

Symbol: JOYSTICK_AMIGA [-n]
Type : tristate
Defined at drivers/input/joystick/Kconfig:251
Prompt: Amiga joysticks
Depends on: !UML && INPUT [=y] && INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y] && AMIGA
Location:
-> Device Drivers
-> Input device support
-> Generic input layer (needed for keyboard, mouse, ...) (INPUT [=y])
(4)  -> Joysticks/Gamepads (INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y])

Symbol: JOYSTICK_ANALOG [=m]
Type : tristate
Defined at drivers/input/joystick/Kconfig:18
Prompt: Classic PC analog joysticks and gamepads
Depends on: !UML && INPUT [=y] && INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y]
Location:

```

```

Symbol: INPUT_JOYSTICK [=y]
Type : bool
Defined at drivers/input/joystick/Kconfig:5
Prompt: Joysticks/Gamepads
Depends on: !UML && INPUT [=y]
Location:
-> Device Drivers
-> Input device support
(1)  -> Generic input layer (needed for keyboard, mouse, ...) (INPUT [=y])

```

From the search we get a list of driver's name and their path on menuconfig which relates to joystick. At the top of the search is a root path from where all of the other result. This is where all of the variations of joystick drivers is controlled.

3. Remove Joystick

```

[*]  Mice --->
[ ]  Joysticks/Gamepads ----
[*]  Tablets --->
[*]  Touchscreens --->
[*]  Miscellaneous devices --->

```

From the result we go to Device Drivers → Input device support → Generic input layer. There we found Joysticks/Gamepads. Next we press <N> to remove Joysticks from our kernel.

4. Compile, install, update, and reset

Next we follow what we did on mandatory task, compile, install, update, and reset.

```

root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# export CONCURRENCY_LmakeLEVEL=5
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12#
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# make-kpkg -j 6 --initrd --append-to-version="-1806235731-no-joy
stick" kernel_image kernel_headers
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# make modules_install

```

```
root@sysprog-ova:/home/user/compile-kernel/linux-5.9.12# make install
```

```
root@sysprog-ova:/boot# update-grub
Sourcing file `/etc/default/grub'
Generating grub configuration file ...
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.12-1806235731-no-joystick
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img-5.9.12-1806235731-no-joystick
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.12-1806235731
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img-5.9.12-1806235731
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-4.15.0-126-generic
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img-4.15.0-126-generic
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-4.15.0-58-generic
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img-4.15.0-58-generic
done
root@sysprog-ova:/boot#
```

```
user@sysprog-ova:~$ uname -a
Linux sysprog-ova 5.9.12-1806235731-no-joystick #1 SMP Tue Dec 8 03:36:54 UTC 2020 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
user@sysprog-ova:~$
```

5. Confirmation

Next we can check if our kernel have removed that module.

```
user@sysprog-ova:/lib/modules/5.9.12-1806235731/kernel/drivers/input$ ls -a
.      evbug.ko      gameport      input-polldev.ko joystick matrix-keymap.ko mouse  serio      tablet
..     ff-memless.ko input-leds.ko joydev.ko      keyboard  misc        rmi4   sparse-keymap.ko touchscreen
user@sysprog-ova:/lib/modules/5.9.12-1806235731-no-joystick/kernel/drivers/input$ ls -a
.      evbug.ko      gameport      input-polldev.ko keyboard  misc        rmi4   sparse-keymap.ko touchscreen
..     ff-memless.ko input-leds.ko joydev.ko      matrix-keymap.ko mouse  serio  tablet
```

On `/lib/modules/<version>/kernel/drivers/input`, we could see there's a difference between our previous kernel, `5.9.12-1806235731` and our new kernel `5.9.12-1806235731-no-joystick`. Joystick modules does not exist in `5.9.12-1806235731-no-joystick`.