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面试题

- 1、类型推论&可赋值性
- a.什么是类型推论?
- b.以下代码ts推论出的类型是什么?

```
let a = 1024;
let b = '1024';
const c = 'apple';
let d = [true, false, true];
let e = { name: 'apple'}
let f = null;
```

c. 是否可互相赋值?

```
// 1
let aa = 1024;
let aa1:number = 1024;
aa = aa1; // ??
aa1 = aa; // ??
1/2
let bb:string = 'bb';
let bb1:string | number = 'bb1';
bb = bb1; // ??
bb1 = bb; // ??
bb1 = 2; // ??
bb = bb1; // ??
// 3
let i: 3 = 3;
i = 4; // ??
// 4
let j = [1,2,3];
j.push(4);
j.push('5');
```

d.ts的严格模式和非严格模式下,以下代码的表现差异?

```
var aaa = undefined;
var bbb = null;
let ggg: number = 12;
ggg = aaa;
ggg = bbb;
```

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- 2、什么是类型断言?
- 3、type 和 interface的异同
- 4、下面代码块哪些会报错?为什么?

```
1/1
type Options= {
    baseURL: string
    cacheSize?: number
    env?: 'prod' | 'dev'
// 2
class API {
    constructor(options: Options){}
}
// 3
new API({
    baseURL: 'http://myapi.site.com',
    env: 'prod'
})
// 4
new API({
    baseURL: 'http://myapi.site.com',
   badEnv: 'prod'
})0
// 5
new API({
    baseURL: 'http://myapi.site.com',
    badEnv: 'prod'
} as Options)
// 6
let badOptions ={
    baseURL: 'http://myapi.site.com',
    badEnv: 'prod'
new API({badOptions})
// 7
let options: Options = {
    baseURL: 'http://myapi.site.com',
    badEnv: 'prod'
new API({badOptions})
```

- 5、有哪些类型装饰器?装饰器作用?执行的顺序是怎样的?
- 6、接口类型有哪些种类