## שיטת החציה:

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Bisection method:
Bisecting from (-1.0) to (-0.9):
i(1): x=(-0.950000), f(x)=(0.335015)
i(2): x=(-0.925000), f(x)=(0.068442)
i(3): x=(-0.912500), f(x)=(-0.070519)
i(4): x=(-0.918750), f(x)=(-0.002105)
i(5): x=(-0.921875), f(x)=(0.033007)
i(6): x=(-0.920313), f(x)=(0.015397)
i(7): x=(-0.919531), f(x)=(0.006631)
i(8): x=(-0.919141), f(x)=(0.002259)
i(9): x=(-0.918945), f(x)=(0.000076)
i(10): x=(-0.918848), f(x)=(-0.001015)
i(11): x=(-0.918896), f(x)=(-0.000470)
i(12): x=(-0.918921), f(x)=(-0.000197)
i(13): x=(-0.918933), f(x)=(-0.000061)
i(14): x=(-0.918939), f(x)=(0.000008)
Root: (-0.91893921)
Bisecting from (-0.8) to (-0.7):
i(1): x=(-0.750000), f(x)=(0.158294)
i(2): x=(-0.775000), f(x)=(0.000674)
i(3): x=(-0.787500), f(x)=(-0.087414)
i(4): x=(-0.781250), f(x)=(-0.043055)
i(5): x=(-0.778125), f(x)=(-0.021073)
i(6): x=(-0.776563), f(x)=(-0.010165)
i(7): x=(-0.775781), f(x)=(-0.004736)
i(8): x=(-0.775391), f(x)=(-0.002029)
i(9): x=(-0.775195), f(x)=(-0.000677)
i(10): x=(-0.775098), f(x)=(-0.000001)
Root: (-0.77509766)
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Bisecting from (-0.6) to (-0.5):
i(1): x=(-0.550000), f(x)=(-0.076399)
i(2): x=(-0.575000), f(x)=(0.009606)
i(3): x=(-0.562500), f(x)=(-0.034945)
i(4): x=(-0.568750), f(x)=(-0.013003)
i(5): x=(-0.571875), f(x)=(-0.001775)
i(6): x=(-0.573438), f(x)=(0.003898)
i(7): x=(-0.572656), f(x)=(0.001057)
i(8): x=(-0.572266), f(x)=(-0.000360)
i(9): x=(-0.572461), f(x)=(0.000348)
i(10): x=(-0.572363), f(x)=(-0.000006)
Root: (-0.57236328)
Bisecting from (-0.3) to (-0.2):
i(1): x=(-0.250000), f(x)=(-0.032253)
i(2): x=(-0.225000), f(x)=(0.001009)
i(3): x=(-0.237500), f(x)=(-0.015274)
i(4): x=(-0.231250), f(x)=(-0.007040)
i(5): x=(-0.228125), f(x)=(-0.002992)
i(6): x=(-0.226563), f(x)=(-0.000986)
i(7): x=(-0.225781), f(x)=(0.000013)
i(8): x=(-0.226172), f(x)=(-0.000486)
i(9): x=(-0.225977), f(x)=(-0.000237)
i(10): x=(-0.225879), f(x)=(-0.000112)
i(11): x=(-0.225830), f(x)=(-0.000049)
i(12): x=(-0.225806), f(x)=(-0.000018)
i(13): x=(-0.225793), f(x)=(-0.000003)
Root: (-0.22579346)
The roots are: ['-0.92', '-0.78', '-0.57', '-0.23']
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Newton Raphson method:
Applying Newton Raphson method from (-1.0) to (-0.9):
i(1): x=(-0.950000), f(x)=(0.335015)
i(2): x=(-0.913146), f(x)=(-0.063598)
i(3): x=(-0.919062), f(x)=(0.001378)
i(4): x=(-0.918939), f(x)=(0.000000)
4 Iterations, x= -0.9189
Applying Newton Raphson method from (-0.8) to (-0.7):
i(1): x=(-0.750000), f(x)=(0.158294)
i(2): x=(-0.778726), f(x)=(-0.025285)
i(3): x=(-0.775122), f(x)=(-0.000166)
i(4): x=(-0.775097), f(x)=(-0.000000)
4 Iterations, x= -0.7751
Applying Newton Raphson method from (-0.6) to (-0.5):
i(1): x=(-0.550000), f(x)=(-0.076399)
i(2): x=(-0.574087), f(x)=(0.006267)
i(3): x=(-0.572371), f(x)=(0.000022)
i(4): x=(-0.572365), f(x)=(0.000000)
4 Iterations, x = -0.5724
Applying Newton Raphson method from (-0.3) to (-0.2):
i(1): x=(-0.250000), f(x)=(-0.032253)
i(2): x=(-0.226694), f(x)=(-0.001154)
i(3): x=(-0.225793), f(x)=(-0.000002)
3 Iterations, x= -0.2258
The roots are: ['-0.92', '-0.78', '-0.57', '-0.23']
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## שיטת סימפון:

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Simpson method:

Integral for a step 1 = -0.01604203893107549

Integral for a step 2 = 0.03778756320034749

Integral for a step 3 = 0.03304341346789138

final result: 0.05478893773716338
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## שיטת רומברג:

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Romberg method:

[-0.05453227]

[0.03335369 0.06264901]

[0.05057837 0.05631994 0.055898 ]

[0.05352309 0.05450466 0.05438364 0.0543596 ]

0.0543596017936055
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