

## POLITECNICO DI MILANO

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING 2

## Requirements Analysis and Specifications Document

Pietro Melzi, Alessandro Pina, Salvadore Matteo

# Contents

1 1	To the state of th	
1.1	Purpose	2
1.2	Scope	2
1.3	Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations	2
1.4	Revision history	2
1.5	Reference Documents	2
1.6	Document Structure	2
ov	TERALL DESCRIPTION	3
2.1	Product perspective	3
2.2	Product functions	3
2.3	User characteristics	3
2.4	Assumptions, dependencies and constraints	3
SPI	ECIFIC REQUIREMENTS	4
3.1		4
		4
		4
		4
		4
3.2		4
		4
		5
		12
3.3		13
3.4		13
	<del>-</del>	13
	*	14
		14
3.5		14
		14
		14
	· ·	14
		14
	3.5.5 Portability	14
FO	RMAL ANALYSIS USING ALLOY	15
EFI	FORT SPENT	16
$\mathbf{RE}$	FERENCES	17
	1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 OV 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 SP 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	1.2 Scope 1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations 1.4 Revision history 1.5 Reference Documents 1.6 Document Structure  OVERALL DESCRIPTION 2.1 Product perspective 2.2 Product functions 2.3 User characteristics 2.4 Assumptions, dependencies and constraints  SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS 3.1 External Interface Requirements 3.1.1 User Interfaces 3.1.2 Hardware Interfaces 3.1.3 Software Interfaces 3.1.4 Communication Interfaces 3.1.5 Scenarios 3.2.1 Scenarios 3.2.2 Use case descriptions 3.2.3 Use case diagrams 3.3 Performance Requirements 3.4 Design Constraints 3.4.1 Standards compliance 3.4.2 Hardware limitations 3.4.3 Any other constraint 3.5 Software System Attributes 3.5.1 Reliability 3.5.2 Availability 3.5.3 Security

## INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Purpose

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## 1.2 Scope

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#### 1.2.1 Goals

<u>Visitor</u> should be able to:

G1 sign up into the system;

<u>User</u> should be able to:

- G2 log into the system;
- G3 create event specifying location, date, starting and ending time;
- G4 obtain the best path according to his preferences and the list of eventual alternative paths to reach a location;
- G5 change the selected path with an alternative path;
- G6 obtain a daily schedule that allows to attend to every event in program;
- G7 apply constraints on travel means;
  - G7.1 related to the length of travel;
  - G7.2 related to the period of day;
- G8 deactivate one or more travel means;
- G9 select combinations of transportation means that minimize carbon footprint;
- G10 reserve time for lunch or break events;
- G11 arrange trips;
  - G11.1 buy needed tickets;
  - G11.2 find available sharing vehicle.

#### 1.2.2 Domain properties

- D1 username must be unique;
- D2 every event is related to a location;
- D3 events must happen in an existing place;
- D4 events cannot be in the past;
- D5 starting time is always specified;
- D6 ending time is not mandatory;
- D7 a person can travel only on one travel mean at once;
- D8 allowed travel means are cars, trains, metro, on foot, trams, bicycles, taxis, car sharing, bike sharing;
- D9 every travel is programmed with a combination of one or more travel means;
- D10 a person can be only in one place at once;
- D11 all travel means are related to information about average carbon footprints;
- D12 flexible timeslots can have a daily or periodical validity;
- D13 every flexible timeslot has a minimum amount of time that must be reserved;
- D14 to use a public transport a ticket is required;
- D15 a ticket may have a daily validity or a different periodicity;
- D16 user can own day/week/season passes;
- D17 to use a sharing vehicle a payment is required;
- D18 a sharing vehicle must be parked in an allowed position.

## 1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations

TODO

## 1.4 Revision history

TODO

#### 1.5 Reference Documents

TODO

#### 1.6 Document Structure

# OVERALL DESCRIPTION

## 2.1 Product perspective

TODO

#### 2.2 Product functions

TODO

#### 2.2.1 Requirements

<u>Visitor</u> should be able to:

- G1 sign up into the system:
  - D1 username must be unique;
  - R1 the system checks if the email inserted is real;
  - R2 user cannot sign up with the same mail twice.

User should be able to:

- G2 log into the system:
  - D1 username must be unique;
  - R3 mail and password inserted must be correct;
  - R4 incorrect credentials prevent the user to log in.
- G3 create events specifying location, date, starting and ending time:
  - D2 every event is related to a location;
  - D3 events must happen in an existing place;
  - D4 events cannot be in the past;
  - D5 starting time is always specified;
  - D6 ending time is not mandatory;
  - R5 user must specify all mandatory fields to add the new event;

- R6 the system reserves the specified time for the event;
- R7 the system warns the user if the inserted event overlaps with an existing one;
- R8 if ending time is not specified, the systems considers as ending time the hour of departure for the next event;
- R9 when an event is inserted after an event without a specified ending time, its ending time is anticipated as stated in [R8].
- G4 obtain the best path according to his preferences and the list of eventual alternative paths to reach a location:
  - D7 a person can travel only on one travel mean at once;
  - D8 allowed travel means are cars, trains, metro, on foot, trams, bicycles, taxis, car sharing, bike sharing;
  - D9 every travel is programmed with a combination of one or more travel means;
  - R10 every proposed path must be feasible in the available time (the interval between two consecutive events);
  - R11 if the travel involves more than one travel mean, starting location of the first proposed path and ending location of the last proposed path must coincide with starting and ending location of the whole planned travel;
  - R12 the system does not consider paths that violate constraints on travel means defined by the user;
  - R13 the system checks user preferences to decide which is the best path;
  - R14 the system warns the user if it isnt possible arrive at the location before the event to attend starts;
  - R15 appropriate travel means must be suggested according to the type of event that they are related to;
  - R16 if a strike occurs the system wont consider involved travel means;
  - R17 if it rains the system wont consider paths involving the bicycle.
- G5 change the selected path with an alternative path:
  - D7 a person can travel only on one travel mean at once;
  - D8 allowed travel means are cars, trains, metro, on foot, trams, bicycles, taxis, car sharing, bike sharing;
  - D9 every travel is programmed with a combination of one or more travel means;
  - R18 the system must show to the user all possibilities to reach a location in according with the requirements of [G4];
  - R19 the system allows the user to change the path only if doesn't generate overlapping with events added later to the involved one.
- G6 obtain a daily schedule that allows to attend to every event in program:
  - D10 a person can be only in one place at once;
  - R20 the combination of the paths proposed for the day must be feasible in the allotted time;

- R21 if there are multiple events at the same time the system will propose in the schedule only the first event added.
- R22 if the user forces into the schedule an event that overlaps with events present in the schedule, these are removed from the schedule.

#### G7 apply constraints on travel means:

- D7 a person can travel only on one travel mean at once;
- D8 allowed travel means are cars, trains, metro, on foot, trams, bicycles, taxis, car sharing, bike sharing;
- D9 every travel is programmed with a combination of one or more travel means;
- R23 the system requires min/max length allowed for a path to impose a constraint on a travel mean;
- R24 the system requires an interval of time allowed to impose a constraint on a travel mean;
- R25 the system doesn't consider solutions that violate constrains.

#### G8 deactivate one or more travel means:

- D7 a person can travel only on one travel mean at once;
- D8 allowed travel means are cars, trains, metro, on foot, trams, bicycles, taxis, car sharing, bike sharing;
- D9 every travel is programmed with a combination of one or more travel means;
- R26 the system allows the user to specify one or more travel means that cant be used.
- R27 the system doesn't consider solutions that include deactivated travel means.
- G9 select combinations of transportation means that minimize carbon footprint:
  - D11 all travel means are related to information about average carbon footprints;
  - R28 for each path, the system estimates carbon footprint produced.

#### G10 reserve time for lunch or break events:

- D12 flexible timeslots can have a daily or periodical validity;
- D13 every flexible timeslot has a minimum amount of time that must be reserved;
- R29 the system allows the user to specify a flexible interval and a minimum amount of time to schedule a break;
- R30 if there is enough time for a break, the system reserves it within the specified flexible interval;
- R31 if there isnt enough time into the flexible interval specified a warning is thrown.

#### G11 arrange trips:

- D14 to use a public transport a ticket is required;
- D15 a ticket may have a daily validity or a different periodicity;

- D16 user can own day/week/season passes;
- D17 to use a sharing vehicle a payment is required;
- D18 a sharing vehicle must be parked in an allowed position.
- R32 the system shows to the user if he holds a ticket for a proposed travel;
- R33 the system allows the user to buy public transportation tickets according to proposed travel;
- R34 the system shows to the user where sharing vehicles are located;
- R35 the system provides information about time of departure and arrival of the proposed travels.

#### 2.3 User characteristics

TODO

## 2.4 Assumptions, dependencies and constraints

# SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

3.1	External Interface Requirements	
3.1.1	User Interfaces	
		TODO
3.1.2	Hardware Interfaces	
		TODO
3.1.3	Software Interfaces	
		TODO
3.1.4	Communication Interfaces	
	Г	TODO
3.2	Functional Requirements	
3.2.1	Scenarios	
		TODO

## 3.2.2 Use case descriptions

## Registration

Participating actors	Generic visitor
Entry Condition	There are no entry conditions.
Event Flow	<ol> <li>The visitor clicks on the Register button displayed onto the homepage;</li> <li>The visitor fills all the mandatory fields shown required by the system including his email, his password (twice) and a captcha;</li> <li>The visitor clicks on Confirm button;</li> <li>The visitor receives a confirmation email and clicks on the confirmation link;</li> <li>The system saves all user data inserted.</li> </ol>
Exit Condition	The visitors registration is completed successfully, so the visitor is registered as an user of Travlendar+ and he can log in into the system as a registered user.
Exception	<ul> <li>If:</li> <li>The visitor insert an email already connected to an existing account;</li> <li>Insert invalid infos into in some mandatory field;</li> <li>Leave empty a mandatory field;</li> <li>Then the system will request the visitor to complete/ revise all uncorrected field, highlighting them. if the visitor doesnt activate the account, after a month the activation link will expire and all user data will be deleted.</li> </ul>

## Login

Participating actors	Unauthenticated User
Entry Condition	There are no entry conditions.
Event Flow	
	1. The visitor clicks on the 'Login' button displayed on the home-page;
	2. The visitor inserts the email and the password previously used for registration;
	3. The visitor clicks on 'Confirm' button;
	4. The system redirect the user to the main view of Travlendar+.
Exit Condition	The Visitors login is completed successfully, so the visitor can use all the Travlendar+ functions.
Exception	If:
	• The email inserted is not one of the emails previously used by an user to sign up;
	• The password inserted by the visitor is not the one associated with the email inserted;
	• At least one of the field is left empty;
	Then the system will notify the visitor to complete/ revise all uncorrected field, highlighting them.

#### Create event

Participating actors	User
Entry Condition	The user must be logged/registered in Travlendar+.
Event Flow	<ol> <li>The user insert: date, starting time, eventually ending time, location, name of the event, type of event (predefined or personalized), description, starting location (previous one or others);</li> <li>The user confirms the events creation;</li> <li>The system computes the best possible path according to users preferences Describe the Exit Condition;</li> </ol>
Exit Condition	The system redirects the user to the calendar and add the travel time slot required to reach that event (comprehensive of travel description).
Exception	The inserted event overlaps with one or more previously added events (also the travel is considered in the eventual overlap). The user is notified with a warning message and the overlapping event isnt considered in the user travel planning schedule (but remain saved into the calendar), the system have to choose which one of the overlapped event he want to attend.

## Define preferences

Participating actors	User
Entry Condition	The user must be registered and logged in Travlendar+.
Event Flow	<ol> <li>The user opens the menu;</li> <li>The user selects the tab 'preferences';</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>3. The system shows a page containing fields to fill;</li> <li>4. The user defines his preferences by filling the fields on the page;</li> </ul>
	5. The user clicks on the 'save' button.
Exit Condition	The user has selected his preferences, which have been saved correctly.
Exception	If the user exits the page without clicking the 'save' button, then the system will not save the preferences modified by the user.

#### Define flexible breaks

Participating actors	User
Entry Condition	The user must be logged/registered in Travlendar+.
Event Flow	<ol> <li>The user click on the dedicated button to add breaks into the schedule;</li> <li>The user inserts a flexible period of time (specifying start and end times) into which the break must happen and the minimum amount of time that must be dedicated to the break;</li> </ol>
	3. The user also specifies the return period of the break (daily, weekly, monthly or until a specified date) or if it refers only to certain days of the week (until a specified date);
Exit Condition	The system notifies the user that the info about break are correctly saved.
Exception	It is not possible to dedicate the required time into the schedule of one or more days because of previous added events. The system asks to the user to change the length of the break.

## Arrange trips

Participating actors	User, Transport service provider
Entry Condition	The user must be logged in Travlendar+.
Event Flow	<ol> <li>The user clicks on the arrange trips button;</li> <li>The user select the trip he want to arrange;</li> <li>The system shows all tickets to be buyed and the tickets already bought;</li> <li>The user clicks on the ticket he want to buy.</li> </ol>
	5. The system redirect the user to the right website (of the right Transport service provider) in order to buy the tickets.
Exit Condition	The user has successfully arranged his travel.
Exception	There are no exceptions.

## Locate the nearest sharing vehicle

Participating actors	User, Transport service provider
Entry Condition	The user has opened the arrange trip tab and is about to travel.
Event Flow	<ol> <li>The user open the map;</li> <li>The system shows in the map the nearest vehicle of car sharing according to the chosen path and the infos provided by the transport service provider;</li> </ol>
Exit Condition	The user take and use the suggested vehicle.
Exception	<ul> <li>If no near vehicle is found the system re-compute another path and show it to the user;</li> <li>if the user take a shared vehicle, but not the suggested one nothing happen, just as he has taken the suggested vehicle;</li> </ul>

## Add ticket possessed

Participating actors	User
Entry Condition	The user has opened the arrange trip tab.
Event Flow	
	1. The user selects the tab 'my tickets';
	2. The system show a page containing all the tickets and passes possessed by the user;
	3. The user clicks on the 'add ticket' button;
	4. The system show a page containing fields to fill;
	5. The user inserts info regarding the ticket/pass possessed;
	6. The user clicks on the 'save' button;
	7. The system adds the ticket/pass to those already present in the user account.
Exit Condition	The user has successfully inserted his ticket/pass in the system.
Exception	If the user exits the page without clicking the save button, then the
	system will not save the ticket added by the user.

## Obtain feasible travel paths

Participating actors	User, google maps APIs
Entry Condition	The user must be registered and logged in Travlendar+.
Event Flow	<ol> <li>The user open the calendar tab;</li> <li>The user selects a day in the calendar;</li> <li>The system shows the proposed feasible paths (shown as travel events) between the events;</li> <li>If the user want to select an alternative travel path he can click on the travel event in order to choose among the proposed feasible alternatives.</li> </ol>
Exit Condition	The user has seen the possible travel paths that can be used to reach his meetings.
Exception	If no feasible travel path exist between two events, the system shows a warning in the calendar.

## Create personalized event profiles

Participating actors	User
Entry Condition	The user must be registered and logged in Travlendar+.
Event Flow	
	1. The user opens the menu;
	2. The user selects the tab 'create personalized type of event';
	3. The system shows a page containing a text field to fill;
	4. The user inserts the name of the personalized type of event that he wants to create;
	5. The user inserts the constraints on travel means related to that type of event;
	6. The user clicks on the 'save' button;
	7. The system adds the new type of events to those already existing.
Exit Condition	The user has successfully created a new personalized type of event
	in the system.
Exception	If the user exits the page without clicking the 'save' button, then
	the system will not save the new personalized type of event created
	by the user.

#### View calendar

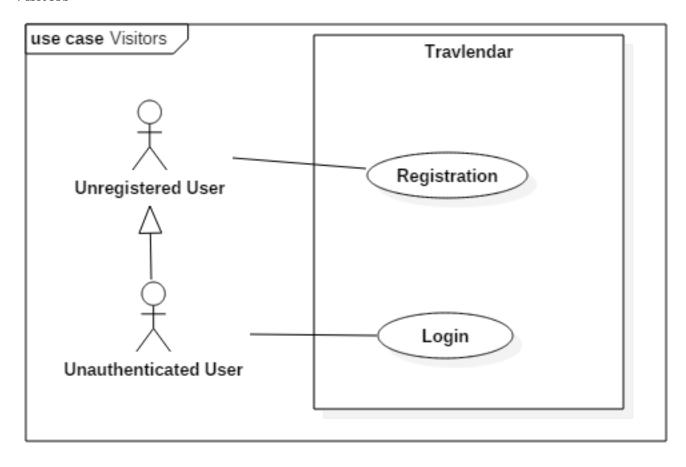
Participating actors	User
Entry Condition	The user must be logged in Travlendar+.
Event Flow	
	<ol> <li>The user clicks on the calendar button;</li> <li>The system shows a calendar including all inserted events, and the travel paths related.</li> </ol>
Exit Condition	The system let the user check his calendar.
Exception	There are no exceptions.

## Choose between overlapping events

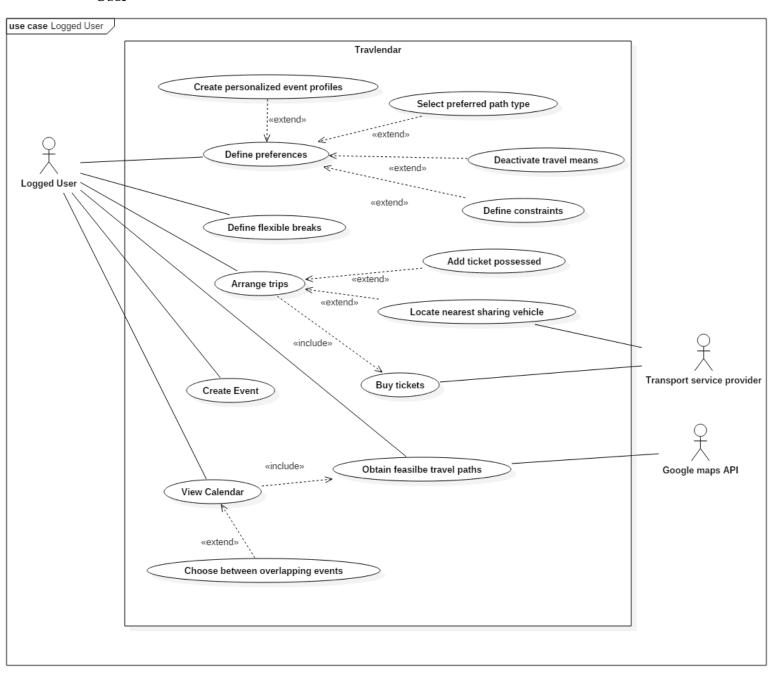
Participating actors	User
Entry Condition	The user must be logged in Travlendar+, at least two events are
	overlapped.
Event Flow	
	1. The user clicks on the calendar button;
	2. The system shows a calendar including all inserted events, and the travel paths related, the overlapping events are displayed in a separate way in respect to the actual day schedule;
	3. The user drag the chosen overlapping event into his day schedule;
	4. The system remove the precedent event (in conflict) and put it into the overlapping event list;
	5. The system shows the new day schedule, with updated travel paths.
Exit Condition	The system let the user check his calendar.
Exception	There are no exceptions.

## 3.2.3 Use case diagrams

#### Visitors



User



## 3.3 Performance Requirements

TODO

## 3.4 Design Constraints

## 3.4.1 Standards compliance

## 3.4.2 Hardware limitations TODO 3.4.3 Any other constraint TODO Software System Attributes 3.5 Reliability 3.5.1TODO 3.5.2Availability TODO Security 3.5.3TODO 3.5.4 Maintainability TODO 3.5.5Portability TODO

# FORMAL ANALYSIS USING ALLOY

# EFFORT SPENT

# REFERENCES