

Two options

1. Write a report and document
2. Record a video walking through all functions

COMP 41720 Distributed Systems Lab 1: Synchronous Communication Patterns

Lab Overview and Learning Objectives

This comprehensive lab guide will help you implement a distributed system with **synchronous communication** using both **REST** and **gRPC** approaches. You'll work with both Java and Python to understand different implementation patterns.

Learning Objectives:

- Understand synchronous communication in distributed systems
- Implement both RESTful API and gRPC services
- Work with build tools (Maven) and containerization (Docker)
- Compare different communication patterns and their trade-offs
- Gain practical experience with Java and Python in distributed contexts

Phase 1: Socket-Based Client-Server Application

Java Implementation with Maven

Project Structure:

```
text
socket-lab/
├── src/
│   ├── main/java/
│   │   ├── Server.java
│   │   └── Client.java
│   └── test/java/
├── pom.xml
└── Dockerfile
```

pom.xml (Maven Configuration):

```
xml
<project>
  <modelVersion>4.0</modelVersion>
  <groupId>edu.distributed-systems</groupId>
  <artifactId>socket-lab</artifactId>
  <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>

  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>junit</groupId>
```

```

        <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
        <version>4.13.2</version>
        <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
</dependencies>

<build>
    <plugins>
        <plugin>
            <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
            <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
            <version>3.8.1</version>
            <configuration>
                <source>11</source>
                <target>11</target>
            </configuration>
        </plugin>
    </plugins>
</build>
</project>

```

Server.java Pseudo Code:

```

java
// Create ServerSocket on port 8080
// While server is running:
//   - Accept client connection
//   - Create input/output streams
//   - Read client message
//   - Process request (e.g., convert to uppercase)
//   - Send response back to client
//   - Close connection

```

Client.java Pseudo Code:

```

java
// Create Socket connection to server
// Create input/output streams
// Send message to server
// Wait for response
// Print server response
// Close connection

```

Python Implementation

Project Structure:

```
text
python-socket-lab/
├── server.py
├── client.py
├── requirements.txt
└── Dockerfile
```

server.py Pseudo Code:

```
python
# Import socket library
# Create TCP/IP socket
# Bind to localhost:8080
# Listen for connections
# While True:
#   - Accept client connection
#   - Receive data from client
#   - Process data
#   - Send response back
#   - Close connection
```

Phase 2: RESTful API Implementation

Java Spring Boot Implementation

Project Structure:

```
text
rest-api-lab/
├── src/
│   ├── main/java/
│   │   ├── com/
│   │   │   └── example/
│   │   │       ├── Application.java
│   │   │       ├── controller/
│   │   │       │   └── ApiController.java
│   │   │       ├── model/
│   │   │       │   └── User.java
│   │   │       └── service/
│   │   │           └── UserService.java
│   └── test/java/
├── pom.xml
└── Dockerfile
```

pom.xml Dependencies:

```
xml
```

```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
    <version>2.7.0</version>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
    <version>2.7.0</version>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

ApiController.java Pseudo Code:

```
java
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/users")
public class ApiController {

    @Autowired
    private UserService userService;

    @GetMapping
    public List<User> getUsers() {
        return userService.getAllUsers();
    }

    @GetMapping("/{id}")
    public User getUser(@PathVariable String id) {
        return userService.getUserById(id);
    }

    @PostMapping
    public User createUser(@RequestBody User user) {
        return userService.createUser(user);
    }

    @PutMapping("/{id}")
    public User updateUser(@PathVariable String id, @RequestBody User user) {
        return userService.updateUser(id, user);
    }

    @DeleteMapping("/{id}")
    public void deleteUser(@PathVariable String id) {
```

```
        userService.deleteUser(id);
    }
}
```

Python Flask Implementation

Project Structure:

```
text
python-rest-lab/
├── app.py
├── models.py
├── requirements.txt
└── Dockerfile
```

app.py Pseudo Code:

```
python
from flask import Flask, jsonify, request
from models import User

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/api/users', methods=['GET'])
def get_users():
    # Return list of all users
    pass

@app.route('/api/users/<id>', methods=['GET'])
def get_user(id):
    # Return specific user
    pass

@app.route('/api/users', methods=['POST'])
def create_user():
    # Create new user from request data
    pass

@app.route('/api/users/<id>', methods=['PUT'])
def update_user(id):
    # Update existing user
    pass

@app.route('/api/users/<id>', methods=['DELETE'])
def delete_user(id):
    # Delete user
```

pass

Phase 3: gRPC Implementation

Java gRPC Implementation

Project Structure:

```
text
grpc-lab/
├── src/
│   ├── main/
│   │   ├── java/
│   │   │   ├── com/
│   │   │   │   ├── example/
│   │   │   │   │   ├── UserServiceGrpc.java
│   │   │   │   │   ├── UserServer.java
│   │   │   │   │   └── UserClient.java
│   │   │   └── proto/
│   │   │       └── user_service.proto
│   └── test/java/
├── pom.xml
└── Dockerfile
```

user_service.proto:

```
proto
syntax = "proto3";

option java_package = "com.example";
option java_outer_classname = "UserServiceProto";

service UserService {
    rpc GetUser (UserRequest) returns (User);
    rpc CreateUser (CreateUserRequest) returns (User);
    rpc UpdateUser (UpdateUserRequest) returns (User);
    rpc DeleteUser (UserRequest) returns (Empty);
}

message UserRequest {
    string id = 1;
}

message CreateUserRequest {
    string name = 1;
    string email = 2;
}
```

```

message UpdateUserRequest {
    string id = 1;
    string name = 2;
    string email = 3;
}

message User {
    string id = 1;
    string name = 2;
    string email = 3;
}

message Empty {}

```

UserServer.java Pseudo Code:

```

java
public class UserServer {
    private Server server;

    public void start() throws IOException {
        server = ServerBuilder.forPort(8080)
            .addService(new UserServiceImpl())
            .build()
            .start();
    }

    static class UserServiceImpl extends UserServiceGrpc.UserServiceImplBase {
        @Override
        public void getUser(UserRequest request, StreamObserver<User> responseObserver) {
            // Implement getUser logic
        }

        // Implement other methods
    }
}

```

Python gRPC Implementation

Project Structure:

```

text
python-grpc-lab/
├── proto/
│   └── user_service.proto

```

```
|— generated/  
|— server.py  
|— client.py  
|— requirements.txt  
|— Dockerfile
```

requirements.txt:

```
text  
grpcio==1.47.0  
grpcio-tools==1.47.0  
protobuf==3.20.1
```

server.py Pseudo Code:

```
python  
import grpc  
from concurrent import futures  
import user_service_pb2  
import user_service_pb2_grpc  
  
class UserService(user_service_pb2_grpc.UserServiceServicer):  
    def GetUser(self, request, context):  
        # Implement GetUser  
        pass  
  
    # Implement other methods  
  
def serve():  
    server = grpc.server(futures.ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=10))  
    user_service_pb2_grpc.add_UserServiceServicer_to_server(UserService(), server)  
    server.add_insecure_port('[::]:50051')  
    server.start()  
    server.wait_for_termination()
```

Docker Setup for All Components

Java Dockerfile:

```
dockerfile  
FROM openjdk:11-jre-slim  
WORKDIR /app  
COPY target/*.jar app.jar  
EXPOSE 8080  
CMD ["java", "-jar", "app.jar"]
```

Python Dockerfile:


```
dockerfile
FROM python:3.9-slim
WORKDIR /app
COPY requirements.txt .
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
COPY . .
EXPOSE 5000
CMD ["python", "app.py"]
```

docker-compose.yml:

```
yaml
version: '3.8'
services:
  java-rest-service:
    build: ./rest-api-lab
    ports:
      - "8080:8080"

  python-rest-service:
    build: ./python-rest-lab
    ports:
      - "5000:5000"

  java-grpc-service:
    build: ./grpc-lab
    ports:
      - "50051:50051"

  python-grpc-service:
    build: ./python-grpc-lab
    ports:
      - "50052:50052"
```

Testing and Validation

Test Cases for Each Implementation

1. Socket Implementation Tests:
 - Test connection establishment
 - Test message sending/receiving
 - Test error handling for invalid connections
2. REST API Tests:
 - CRUD operations test cases

- HTTP status code validation
 - Request/response format validation
3. gRPC Tests:
- Service method invocation tests
 - Data serialization/deserialization tests
 - Error handling tests

Performance Comparison

Create a simple benchmarking script to compare:

```
python
# benchmark.py pseudo code
import time
import requests
import grpc

def benchmark_rest():
    start = time.time()
    # Make multiple REST API calls
    end = time.time()
    return end - start

def benchmark_grpc():
    start = time.time()
    # Make multiple gRPC calls
    end = time.time()
    return end - start

# Compare results
```

Additional Resources

1. Maven Documentation: <https://maven.apache.org/guides/>
2. Docker Documentation: <https://docs.docker.com/>
3. gRPC Official Documentation: <https://grpc.io/docs/>
4. Spring Boot Guide: <https://spring.io/guides/gs/rest-service/>
5. Flask Documentation: <https://flask.palletsprojects.com/>

Deliverables and Rubric

Deliverables:

- Source Code: Submit all source code for your application.
- Design & Explanation: A brief document OR a video demonstration (not to exceed 10 minutes) is expected.
 - Document: This should be a brief document or a dedicated section in your README file detailing your system's design, how it demonstrates synchronous communication, and your choice of technology.
 - Video: The video should show your application/services running and clearly explain the design choices and how they fulfil the requirements of the lab.

Assessment Rubric

Your submission will be assessed based on the following criteria:

- Correctness and Functionality (50%): Does the application run successfully and correctly demonstrate synchronous request-response communication?
- Design and Implementation Quality (30%): Is the system design clear, and is the code well-structured and readable?
- Documentation and Explanation (20%): Are the instructions clear, and does the documentation effectively explain your design and how it fulfils the lab's requirements?

Conclusion

Upon completing this lab, you will have a solid foundation in using Maven for building Java applications, Docker for containerization, and a practical understanding of synchronous communication patterns.

Good luck with the lab! If you run into any issues, don't hesitate to reach out for assistance on the module's communication channels.