Name: Gayao, Froilan M.	Date Performed: 21/10/2024
Course/Section: CPE212-CPE31S21	Date Submitted: 21/10/2024
Instructor: Engr. Robin Valenzuela	Semester and SY: 1st Sem 2024-2025
Activity 9: Install Configure and Managa Availability Manitaring tools	

Activity 8: Install, Configure, and Manage Availability Monitoring tools

1. Objectives

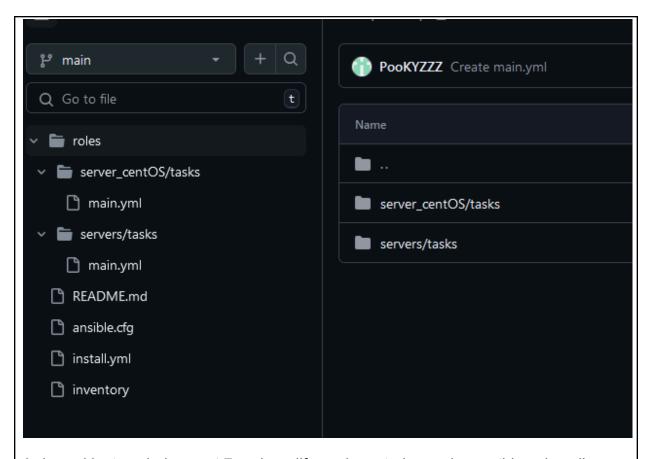
Create and design a workflow that installs, configure and manage enterprise monitoring tools using Ansible as an Infrastructure as Code (IaC) tool.

2. Discussion

Availability monitoring is a type of monitoring tool that we use if the certain workload is up or reachable on our end. Site downtime can lead to loss of revenue, reputational damage and severe distress. Availability monitoring prevents adverse situations by checking the uptime of infrastructure components such as servers and apps and notifying the webmaster of problems before they impact on business.

3. Tasks

- 1. Create a playbook that installs Nagios in both Ubuntu and CentOS. Apply the concept of creating roles.
- 2. Describe how you did step 1. (Provide screenshots and explanations in your report. Make your report detailed such that it will look like a manual.)
- 3. Show an output of the installed Nagios for both Ubuntu and CentOS.
- 4. Make sure to create a new repository in GitHub for this activity.
- **4. Output** (screenshots and explanations)



in here, i just copied my act 7 and modify my inventories and everything since i'm doing this at home

```
act8 / roles / server_centOS / tasks / main.yml 📮
  PooKYZZZ Create main.yml
           Blame 63 lines (52 loc) · 1.3 KB
  Code
            - name: Install dependencies for Nagios on CentOS
                name:
                  - httpd
                 - php
                 - wget
                  - gcc
                state: present
            - name: Download Nagios tarball
              get_url:
               url: https://assets.nagios.com/downloads/nagioscore/releases/nagios-4.4.6.tar.gz
                dest: /tmp/nagios.tar.gz
           - name: Extract Nagios tarball
             unarchive:
                src: /tmp/nagios.tar.gz
                dest: /opt/
               remote_src: yes
            - name: Configure Nagios
              command: ./configure --with-httpd-conf=/etc/httpd/conf.d/
              args:
                chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
            - name: Build Nagios
              command: make all
              args:
               chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
            - name: Install Nagios
              command: make install
              args:
                chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
            - name: Install Nagios init scripts
              command: make install-init
              args:
```

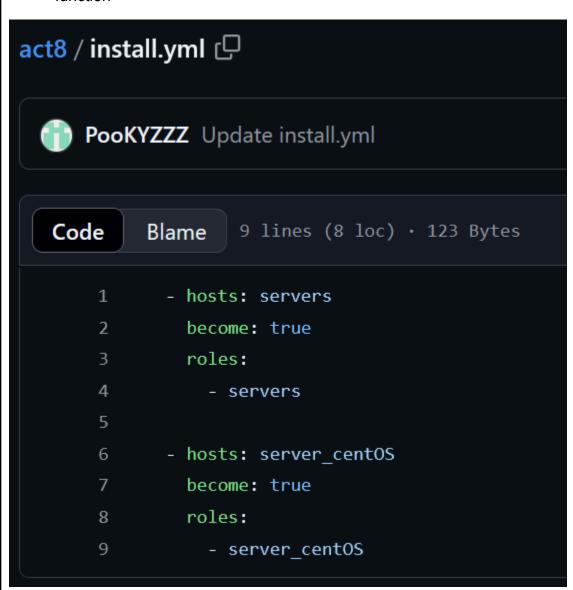
```
args:
    chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios config
  command: make install-config
 args:
    chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios command mode
  command: make install-commandmode
 args:
    chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios web configuration
  command: make install-webconf
 args:
    chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Configure Nagios Admin User
  command: htpasswd -b -c /usr/local/nagios/etc/htpasswd.users nagiosadmin password
- name: Enable and Start Apache
 systemd:
   name: httpd
    enabled: yes
    state: started
```

 this is the main task that will run for my centOS server which will install the nagiOS

```
act8 / roles / servers / tasks / main.yml \Box
      PooKYZZZ Create main.yml
   Code
              - name: Install dependencies for Nagios on Ubuntu
                apt:
                  name:
                    - apache2
                    - php
                    - libapache2-mod-php
                    - wget
                  state: present
              - name: Download Nagios tarball
                get_url:
                  url: https://assets.nagios.com/downloads/nagioscore/releases/nagios-4.4.6.tar.gz
                  dest: /tmp/nagios.tar.gz
              - name: Extract Nagios tarball
                unarchive:
                  src: /tmp/nagios.tar.gz
                  dest: /opt/
                  remote_src: yes
              - name: Configure Nagios
                command: ./configure --with-httpd-conf=/etc/apache2/sites-enabled/
                args:
                  chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
              - name: Build Nagios
                command: make all
                args:
```

```
args:
    chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios
  command: make install
 args:
   chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios init scripts
 command: make install-init
   chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios config
  command: make install-config
 args:
   chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios command mode
 command: make install-commandmode
   chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Install Nagios web configuration
 command: make install-webconf
 args:
    chdir: /opt/nagios-4.4.6
- name: Configure Nagios Admin User
 command: htpasswd -b -c /usr/local/nagios/etc/htpasswd.users nagiosadmin password
- name: Enable and Start Apache
  systemd:
   name: apache2
   enabled: yes
    state: started
```

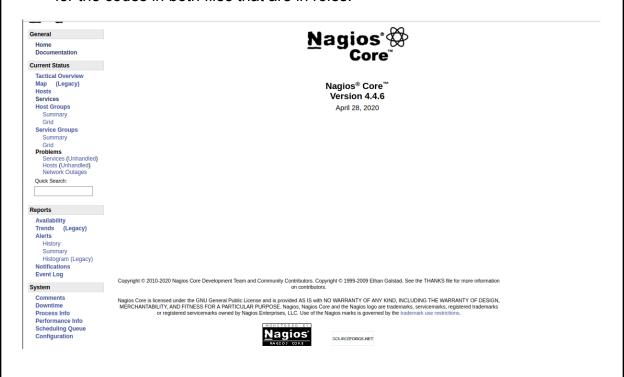
 this is the main task that will run for my all of my ubuntu server which will install the nagiOS I create a roles file to organize the code and to perform its own specific function



- I made a new playbook which will call all roles that will perform their specific tasks I made earlier.

```
: ok=8 changed=4 unreachable=0 
: ok=13 changed=8 unreachable=0 
: ok=13 changed=10 unreachable=0
            skipped=0
              rescued=0
                ignored=0
          failed=0
            skipped=0
              rescued=0
                ignored=0
          failed=0
            skipped=0
              rescued=0
                ignored=0
```

 I use the playbook to install Nagios on both Ubuntu and CentOS, and it calls for the codes in both files that are in roles.



Reflections:

Answer the following:

- 1. What are the benefits of having an availability monitoring tool?
 - Availability monitoring tools like Nagios ensure the systems are operational and accessible in which they help to prevent damage. It also provides a monitoring uptime which allows for quick identification of issues, improving overall system performance and reducing unexpected downtimes.

Conclusions:

- In this activity, I used the playbook to install and manage nagiOS on both my Ubuntu and CentOS. By using roles, it organized my code efficiently, making the debugging of the playbook and installation process smoother.

https://github.com/PooKYZZZ/act8