

TrustFLEX Step by Step Guide AWS IoT with Custom PKI

Table of Contents

1 Introduction	
1.1 Getting started with Jupyter Notebook Tutorials	
1.1.1 Starting Jupyter Notebook	3
1.2 Jupyter Notebook Basics	3
1.2.1 The Notebook dashboard	3
1.3 Introduction to Jupyter Notebook GUI	4
2 Jupyter Notebook Tutorials	
3 Resource Generation Notebook	7
4 Use Case Prototyping	12
4.1 Running Custom PKI example on Jupyter Notebook	12
4.2 Running Custom PKI example on Embedded platform	
4.2.1 Atmel Studio:	
4.2.2 MPLAB:	
4.3 CryptoAuth Trust Platform Factory reset	24
5 FAO	25

1 Introduction

This document gives a detailed walk through of the custom public key infrastructure use case implementation. If familiar with Jupyter Notebook, can skip this section and move to Section 2.

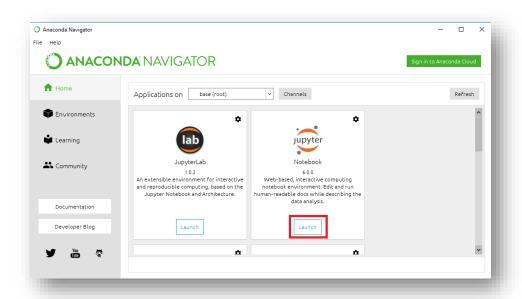
1.1 Getting started with Jupyter Notebook Tutorials

Jupyter Notebook is open source web application which allows you to create documents that contain code that you can execute in place as well as narrative text. It provides GUI elements, ability to execute code in place, ability to add images and gives it the look and feel that normal code files lack.

Jupyter notebooks are mainly used to explain/evaluate code in an interactive way.

1.1.1 Starting Jupyter Notebook

Jupyter notebook can be launched from the Anaconda Navigator main window.



1.2 Jupyter Notebook Basics

It is recommended to become familiar with Jupyter basic concepts with the online documentation, https://jupyter-

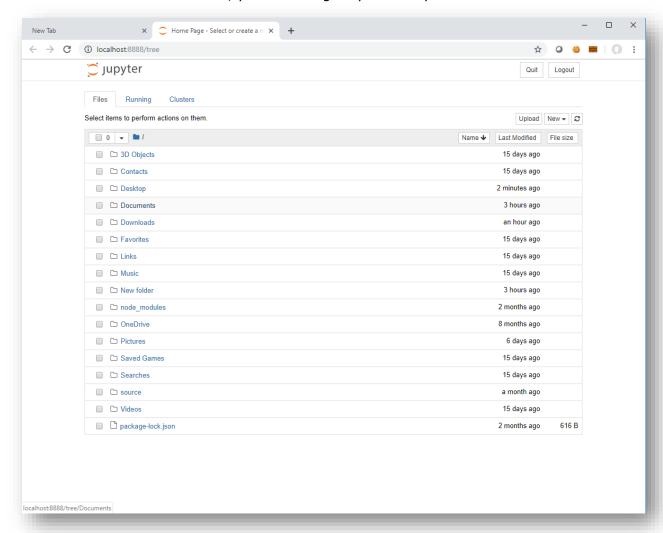
notebook.readthedocs.io/en/stable/examples/Notebook/Notebook%20Basics.html

Some of the content is duplicated here for convenience. The online documentation should always be used as a reference.

1.2.1 The Notebook dashboard

When you first start the notebook server, your browser will open Notebook dashboard. The dashboard serves as a home page for the notebook. Its main purpose is to display the notebooks and files in the current directory.

For example, here is a screenshot of the Jupyter dashboard. The top of the notebook list displays clickable breadcrumbs of the current directory. By clicking on these breadcrumbs or sub-directories in the notebook list, you can navigate your file system.



1.3 Introduction to Jupyter Notebook GUI.

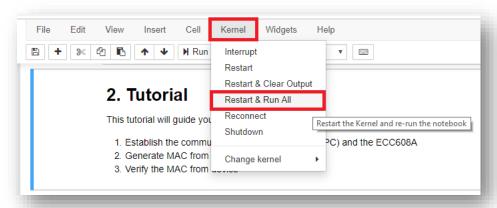
Jupyter Notebooks contain cells where you can either write code or markdown text. Notebooks contain multiple cells, some set as code and others markdown. Code cells contain code that can be executed live, and markdown contains text and images that explains the code.

Below image shows some options in a typical Jupyter Notebook. Individual cells can be executed by pressing on the RUN button as shown in the below image.

All cells in the Notebook can be executed in order by **Kernel->Restart & Run All**.



To run all cells in sequence.



2 Jupyter Notebook Tutorials

The TrustPlatform Design Suite comes with a number of Notebook Tutorials to easily prototype popular use cases for TrustFLEX and Trust&Go devices. Here is the list of Jupyter Notebook Tutorials.

Jupyter Notebook Tutorials	Relative Path	Applicable Devices
Manifest Generation	$TrustnGO \backslash 00_resource_generation \backslash TNGTLS_manifest_file_generation.ipynb$	TrustnGO
Resource Generation	TrustFLEX\00_resource_generation\TFLXTLS_resource_generator.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Accessory Authentication	TrustFLEX\01_accessory_authentication\notebook\ TFLXTLS_accessory_authentication.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Firmware Validation	TrustFLEX\02_firmware_validation\notebook\ TFLXTLS_firmware_validation.ipynb	TrustFLEX
GCP Connect	TrustFLEX\03_gcp_connect\notebook\TFLXTLS_GCP_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX
IP Protection	TrustFLEX\04_ip_protection\notebook\ TFLXTLS_IP_protection.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Secure Public Key Rotation	TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\notebook\ TFLXTLS_public_key_rotation.ipynb	TrustFLEX
AWS Custom PKI	TrustFLEX\06_custom_pki_aws\notebook\ TFLXTLS_aws_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Azure Connect	TrustFLEX\07_custom_pki_azure\notebook\ TLFXTLS_azure_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX

3 Resource Generation Notebook

TFLXTLS device is one of the three devices available in the Trust Platform USB Dongle Board.

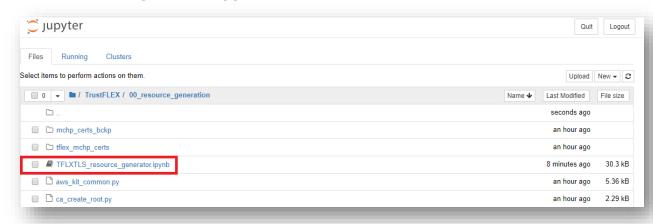
TrustFLEX devices come pre-programmed with certificates in slots 10, 11 and 12, also slots 0-4 have pre-generated private keys, other than the mentioned slots all the other slots have no meaningful data in them.

The Resource Generator Notebook will create development keys and certificates for all slots that can be further customized. Keys and Certificate chains are stored in the PC filesystem. These keys should never be used for production purposes as their generation is not handled in a secure environment. These development keys will be later used by the other notebooks to implement the various pre-defined use cases.

By default, Jupyter starts in Users directory (\$HOME for MacOS or Linux systems). For the remainder of this document, it will be assumed that the trust_platform folder is contained in Users directory. If this is not the case, please move trust_platform folder to your Users directory

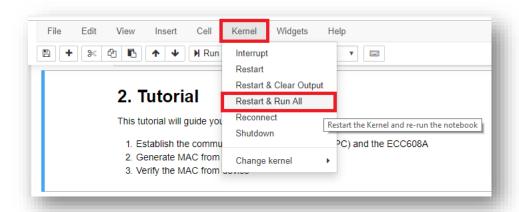
Within the Jupyter Dashboard, navigate

trust_platform\DesignTools\TrustFLEX\00_resource_generation folder to open TFLXTLS_resource_generator.ipynb notebook

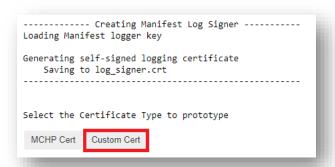


Run all cells of the Crypto Resource Generator Notebook: Kernel->Restart & Run All

Note: Before executing the cells on Crypto Trust Platform, its required to have factory default program running on SAMD21 of Trust Platform. Refer to <u>4.3 CryptoAuth TrustPlatform Factory reset</u> section for reloading default program.



It will execute and prompt you to choose between MCHP certificate and a custom certificate chain, press "Custom Cert" option for this use case.



Now it prompts you to enter the organization name, enter the name that will be used as an Organization Name in the certificate template. The name length is limited to 24 characters.

The Notebook will generate a number of keys and certificates. Make sure you have an error free output before continuing to the next steps of the training.

The output log should resemble this:
Loading root CA key
Generating self-signed root CA certificate
Saving to root-ca.crt Loading signer CA key

Generating signer CA CSR Saving to signer-ca.csr Loading signer CA CSR Loading from signer-ca.csr Loading root CA key Loading from root-ca.key Loading root CA certificate Loading from root-ca.crt Generating signer CA certificate from CSR Saving to signer-ca.crt _____ Signer Certificate written successfully to device Device Certificate written successfully to device Thing ID c21a93e8d413135f21f452b620a4c83bdf25b589 Generating signer certificate definition header file - cust def 1 signer.h Generating device certificate definition header file - cust_def_2_device.h Generating signer certificate definition source file - cust_def_1_signer.c Generating device certificate definition source file - cust_def_2_device.c Custom certificate generation and provisioning - SUCCESS Root Certificate: Loading from root-ca.crt Crypto Authentication Root CA 000 -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----MIIBzzCCAXSqAwIBAqIQQMs/k4fC+GzN1M6BcRRO2DAKBqqqhkjOPQQDAjBPMSEw HwYDVQQKDBhOaWNvbGFzIE9yZyBOYW1IICAgICAgICAxKjAoBgNVBAMMIUNyeXB0 byBBdXRoZW50aWNhdGlvbiBSb290IENBIDAwMDAeFw0xOTA5MDQyMzU2MTRaFw00 NDA4MjqyMzU2MTRaME8xITAfBqNVBAoMGE5pY29sYXMqT3JnIE5hbWUqICAqICAq IDEqMCqGA1UEAwwhQ3J5cHRvIEF1dGhlbnRpY2F0aW9uIFJvb3QqQ0EqMDAwMFkw EwYHKoZIzj0CAQYIKoZIzj0DAQcDQgAElqwqOu9E0hjvMFOntRrZtzTWWx0mVwV7 8M07s/VjM/rwu/I486yjOI1vq9k0OJkBALrbt0wd5GkZM53nEgfJjKMyMDAwHQYD VR0OBBYEFFsENZIG+D4+r93QBNORixk/r7OoMA8GA1UdEwEB/wQFMAMBAf8wCqYI KoZIzj0EAwIDSQAwRgIhAMyFkf/jAiA5jDncnH7Vl9Em5lHlsvUgtKB24OhqxjTi AiEAlJ0EnZukMELq4xsjG7+v6xxlswV2p8fOj6N2ZcyPbU0= ----END CERTIFICATE----

Validate Root Certificate:

OK

TFLXTLS Signer Certificate: Loading from signer-ca.crt Crypto Authentication Signer FFFF ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----MIICAjCCAaigAwIBAgIQV2Ww7Rjyk6b9YwLY0gGENDAKBggqhkjOPQQDAjBPMSEw HwYDVQQKDBhOaWNvbGFzIE9yZyBOYW1IICAgICAgICAxKjAoBgNVBAMMIUNyeXB0 byBBdXRoZW50aWNhdGlvbiBSb290IENBIDAwMDAeFw0xOTA5MDQyMzAwMDBaFw0y OTA5MDQyMzAwMDBaME8xITAfBgNVBAoMGE5pY29sYXMgT3JnIE5hbWUgICAgICAg IDEgMCgGA1UEAwwhO3J5cHRvIEF1dGhlbnRpY2F0aW9uIFNpZ25lciBGRkZGMFkw EwYHKoZIzj0CAQYIKoZIzj0DAQcDQgAE/P6/EAyOcTP1vokpVfiaDMRsA7oT4G2e MIK9CdY7UWpdkMKVawmPUN9/VGtxsqTCx56eWy1axyyochG8wHn1N6NmMGQwDqYD VR0PAQH/BAQDAqGGMBIGA1UdEwEB/wQIMAYBAf8CAQAwHQYDVR0OBBYEFMSkbTjX FC6EP2hKktjVw6wNRUswMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFFsENZIG+D4+r93QBNORixk/r7Oo MAoGCCqGSM49BAMCA0gAMEUCIDAFCGgep1/zM4EqMuoSVY6yZLUK+nyIzpFuLZLd Ft4lAiEAguDmkmfbh55ReRRfBMkSgc4XaOhe+IVmBUkewZbWLjs= ----END CERTIFICATE----Validate TFLXTLS Signer Certificate: OK TFLXTLS Device Certificate: Loading from device_cert.crt 01230F56F23B90ED01 ATECC ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----MIIB8jCCAZmqAwIBAqIQVwWq4kNX7BMjyrX9u7BlTzAKBqqqhkjOPQQDAjBPMSEw HwYDVQQKDBhOaWNvbGFzIE9yZyBOYW1IICAgICAgICAxKjAoBgNVBAMMIUNyeXB0 byBBdXRoZW50aWNhdGlvbiBTaWduZXIgRkZGRjAeFw0xOTA5MDQyMzAwMDBaFw0y OTA5MDQyMzAwMDBaMEYxITAfBqNVBAoMGE5pY29sYXMqT3JnIE5hbWUqICAqICAq IDEhMB8GA1UEAwwYMDEyMzBGNTZGMjNCOTBFRDAxIEFURUNDMFkwEwYHKoZIzj0C AQYIKoZIzj0DAQcDQqAEMU8lzxeXIXkDvc2ZDIC73zYifdslU9KJBfkcmCV4741o h5RkF4B+5JFt0reMN8xOoO+RtS9/9MqvWYV6vSZru6NgMF4wDAYDVR0TAQH/BAIw ADAOBqNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCAYYwHQYDVR0OBBYEFMIak+jUExNfIfRStiCkyDvfJbWJ MB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFMSkbTjXFC6EP2hKktjVw6wNRUswMAoGCCqGSM49BAMCA0cA MEQCIAQ9tMIwvgFvK8XHXPhmEO0nFY3A69A8X36FXPEUtBPqAiBZcSgnfxUtfVxg 2TguAwM+ZFHQjpZvEvOfiZ7mmgZtEA== ----END CERTIFICATE----Validate Device Certificate: OK reading slot 0 public key reading slot 1 public key reading slot 2 public key reading slot 3 public key reading slot 4 public key Generated the manifest file 01230f56f23b90ed01.manifest Certificate related steps completed successfully

At the end of the execution, a Custom PKI chain will be generated on your PC and TrustFLEX device specific slots (10 through 12) will be overwritten with the custom certificates.

The Notebook has also generated a manifest file to be uploaded into the public cloud of your choice (Google GCP, AWS IoT and Microsoft Azure).

4 Use Case Prototyping

This hands-on lab is intended to demonstrate the usage of TrustFLEX to secure an AWS IoT connection based on a custom PKI.

The AWS IoT device reference implementation is provided as an MPLAB X project and the generation of a custom PKI is achieved through the execution of Jupyter Notebook Tutorials.

Here are the steps that will be required to complete this Tutorial:

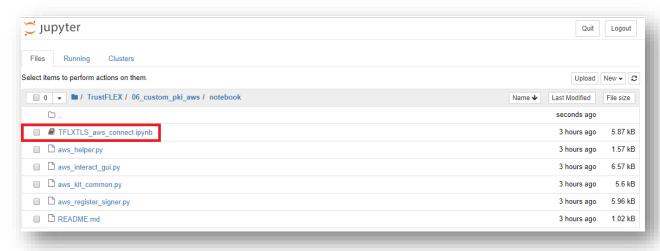
- Configure AWS CLI
- Register Custom PKI signer
- Build the AWS IoT device source code and flash it to the USB Dongle Board

Note: It is required to have an AWS IoT test account setup. Instruction to setup the account quickly is provided in **docs\TrustFLEX AWS demo account setup instructions.pdf**.

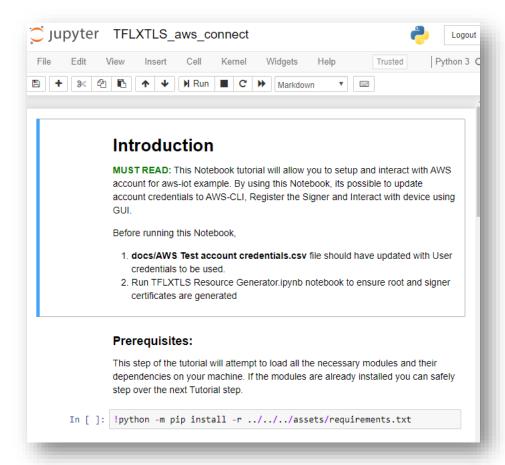
4.1 Running Custom PKI example on Jupyter Notebook

By running this following step, we can configure the AWS command line with AWS credentials, register the signer certificate to AWS IoT and get AWS host endpoint to which device should connect.

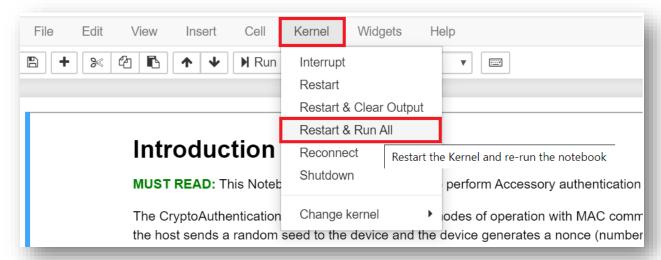
 From the Jupyter Home page, navigate to TrustFLEX\06_custom_pki_aws\notebook\TFLXTLS_aws_connect.ipynb notebook file and open it.



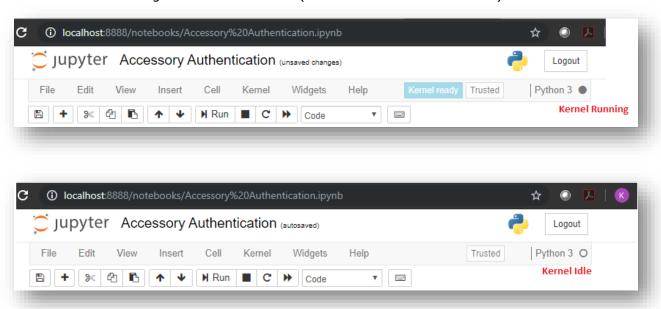
Opening the Jupyter notebook example should load the following on the browser.



2. Run All Cells by using Kernel -> Restart & Run All



It may take a while to complete, wait for the kernel to complete all processing i.e. from Kernel Running to Kernel Idle state (Check circle above **RED** text)



- 3. Navigate through different cells output for the description of the step and result from the execution.
- 4. There are 4 major steps:

Configure AWS command line interface:

Before we can interact with AWS, we need to configure the tools with the appropriate AWS credentials. These credentials are composed of the **Access Key ID** and the **Secret Access Key**. Outside of the classroom, they will be generated when creating the IAM user.

Below screenshot display the configured AWS credentials



Enter your region:

Below screenshot display the option to enter your region



Register Signer Module:

Code block of this step generates "**Register signer**" button. Clicking the button, it registers the custom PKI signer module to the AWS account, and gives an AWS host endpoint. To establish a secure communication with AWS IoT, we need to register the Custom PKI signer certificate to AWS IoT.

Upon successful execution, the log should look like this. The marked URL is the endpoint to which the device must connect. It will be added to the device firmware in the next section



Once this step is completed, signer module is successfully registered to AWS IoT. Before running the last cell, we need to program the Crypto Trust Platform. So next step is to program the Crypto Trust Platform.

NOTE: Make sure that you executed C project successfully before executing the next step in the Jupyter notebook. To execute C project, refer "Running AWS IoT example on Embedded platform" next section.

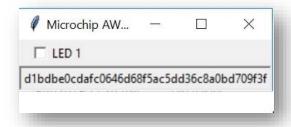
AWS GUI:

Code block of this step generates "AWS GUI" button.



Clicking the button, it will create a very basic graphical interface that will display the device ID and will allow to switch the board LED status.

Below screenshot display the graphical interface



Using this interface, Custom PKI CryptoAuth Trust Platform can able to communicate with AWS IoT. Upon successful communication, you have now a device connected to AWS IoT through a secure TLS session with a custom PKI using a Crypto Trust Platform.

4.2 Running Custom PKI example on Embedded platform

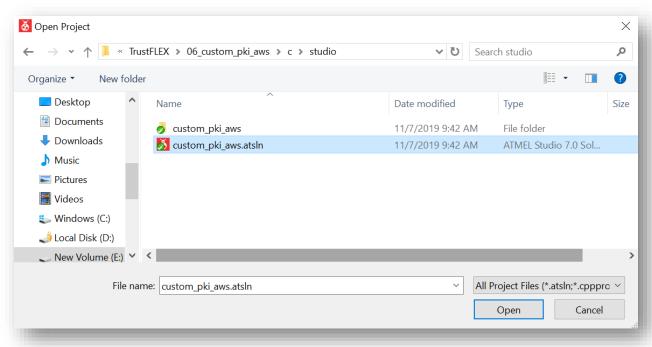
Once the resources are generated both Atmel Studio and MPLAB projects provided can be used to run the use case on CryptoAuth Trust Platform.

This project can configure the Wi-Fi credentials, establish a TLS connection, subscribe to MQTT and register device certificate but not register the signer module to AWS IoT. It is required to use the AWS IoT Jupyter notebook to register the signer module and get the AWS endpoint to which device must connect.

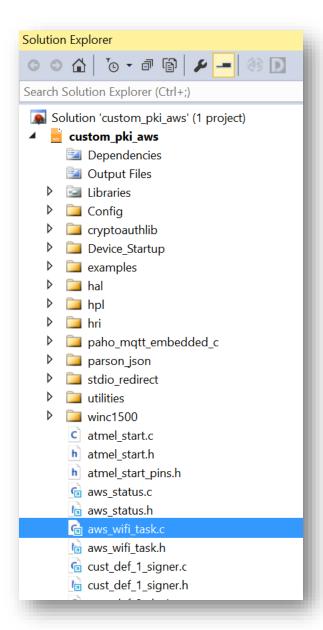
Once the signer module is registered and AWS endpoint is available then these embedded projects can be executed.

4.2.1 Atmel Studio:

 Open custom_pki_aws.atsIn project by navigating TrustFLEX\06_custom_pki_aws\c\studio\custom_pki_aws.atsIn



2. In the project navigate to **custom_pki_aws -> aws_wifi_task.c** file



update the following constants before building the project:

- MAIN_WLAN_SSID
- MAIN_WLAN_PSK
- AWS_HOST_ENDPOINT

The AWS_HOST_ENDPOINT string should be set to the value reported by the Jupyter Notebook of the section 4.3 (field Hostname)

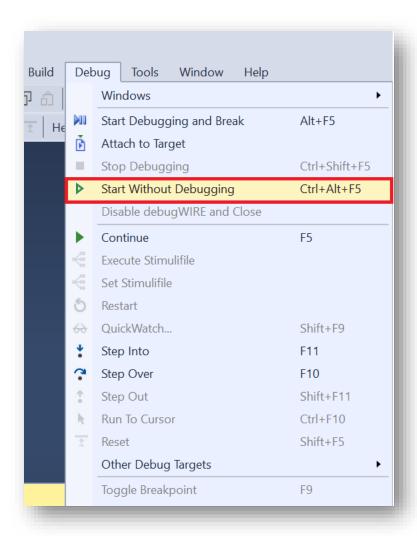
```
#define MAIN_WLAN_SSID "xxxxxx"

#define MAIN_WLAN_AUTH M2M_WIFI_SEC_WPA_PSK

#define MAIN_WLAN_PSK "xxxxxxxxxx"

#define AWS_HOST_ENDPOINT "xxxxxxxxxx.iot.us-west-2.amazonaws.com"
```

3. Program the CryptoAuth Trust Platform by navigating to **Debug -> Start Without Debugging**



This step may take some time, wait for Atmel Studio to compile and program the device.

Once the programming is done, reset the hardware (press the reset button) and view the Console messages by using applications like 'Tera Term'. Open the application with the COM related to CryptoAuth Trust Platform with 115200-8-N-1 settings.

```
File Edit Setup Control Window Help

WINC1500 WIFI: Connected to the WIFI access point.
WINC1500 WIFI: Device IP Address: 192.168.23.192

WINC1500 WIFI: DNS lookup:
Host: alp1khoe6clulf.iot.us-west-2.amazonaws.
IP Address: 52.39.48.93
(APP)(INFO)Socket 1 session ID = 2
SUCCESS: AWS Zero Touch Demo: Connected to AWS IoT.

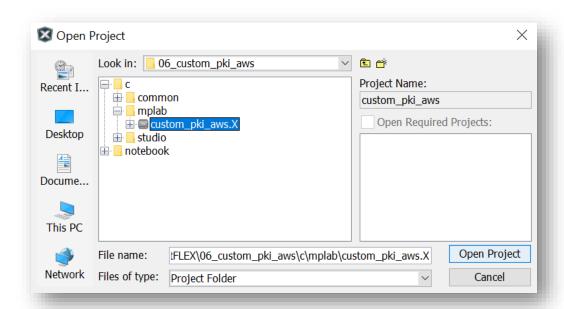
SUCCESS: Subscribed to the MQTT update topic subscrisuccess: $aws/things/d59d14667ea43eb026ca3b624df3dc3
ta

Publishing MQTT Shadow Update Message:
900000000 7B 22 73 74 61 74 65 22 3A 7B 22 72 65 70
900000010 74 65 64 22 3A 7B 22 6C 65 64 31 22 3A 22
900000020 22 7D 7D 7D
```

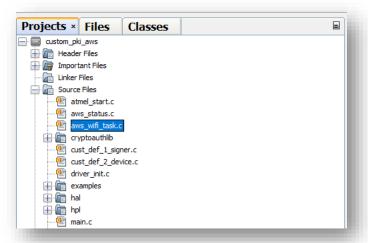
Once successfully programmed the CryptoAuth Trust Platform, now we can run the last step in the Jupyter Notebook. Just navigate to previous section 4.3 to run the last step (AWS GUI) in the Jupyter Notebook.

4.2.2 MPLAB:

1. Open **custom_pki_aws.X** project by navigating to MPLAB -> File -> Open Project -> **TrustFLEX\06_custom_pki_aws\c\mplab\custom_pki_aws.X**



Open aws_wifi_task.c file by navigating to custom_pki_aws -> Source Files -> aws_wifi_task.c

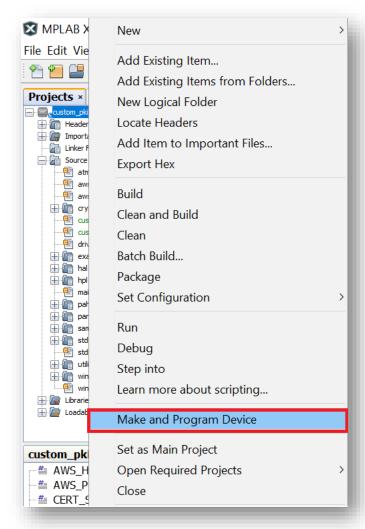


update the following constants before building the project:

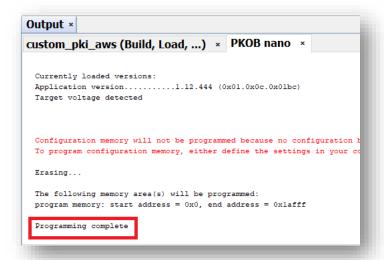
- MAIN_WLAN_SSID
- MAIN WLAN PSK
- AWS_HOST_ENDPOINT

The AWS_HOST_ENDPOINT string should be set to the value reported by the Notebook of the section 4.3 (field Hostname)

3. Program the CryptoAuth Trust platform by navigating to **custom_pki_aws -> Make** and **Program Device**



This step may take some time, wait for MPLAB to program the device. Once it is done programming you will see "**Programming complete**" message in Output Window.



Once the programming is done, reset the hardware (press the reset button) and view the Console messages by using applications like 'Tera Term'. Open the application with the COM related to CryptoAuth Trust Platform with 115200-8-N-1 settings.

```
File Edit Setup Control Window Help

WINC1500 WIFI: Connected to the WIFI access point.
WINC1500 WIFI: Device IP Address: 192.168.23.192

WINC1500 WIFI: DNS lookup:
Host: alpikhoe6clulf.iot.us-west-2.amazonaws.
IP Address: 52.39.48.93

(APP)(INFO)Socket 1 session ID = 2

SUCCESS: AWS Zero Touch Demo: Connected to AWS IoT.

SUCCESS: Subscribed to the MQTT update topic subscrisuccess: $aws/things/d59d14667ea43eb026ca3b624df3dc3

ta

Publishing MQTT Shadow Update Message:
00000000 7B 22 73 74 61 74 65 22 3A 7B 22 72 65 70
00000010 74 65 64 22 3A 7B 22 6C 65 64 31 22 3A 22
00000020 22 7D 7D 7D
```

Once successfully programmed the CryptoAuth Trust Platform, now we can run the last step in the Jupyter Notebook. Just navigate to previous section 4.3 to run the last step (AWS GUI) in the Jupyter Notebook

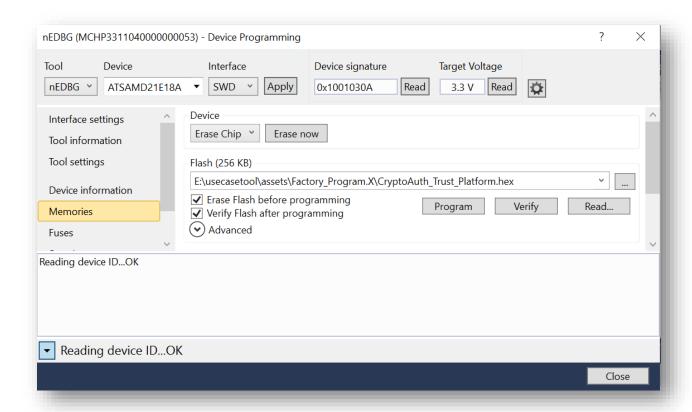
4.3 CryptoAuth Trust Platform Factory reset

If any embedded project is loaded to CryptoAuth Trust Platform, the default program that enables interaction with CryptoAuth Trust Platform tools will be erased.

Before using the CryptoAuth Trust Platform with any other notebook or tools on PC, its required to reprogram the default firmware. Default hex file is available at assets\Factory_Program.X\CryptoAuth_Trust_Platform.hex

To reprogram using Atmel Studio:

- 1. Navigate to AtmelStudio -> Tools -> Device Programming
- 2. Select Tool as nEDBG and Apply
- 3. Go to Memories and navigate to above path under Flash dropdown
- 4. Check both Erase Flash and Verify Flash
- 5. Click on Program



To reprogram using MPLAB:

- 1. Open **assets\Factory_Program.X** project in MPLAB IDE
- Program the Crypto Trust platform by navigating to CryptoAuth_Trust_Platform_Factory_Program -> Make and Program Device

Now, CryptoAuth Trust Platform contains factory application that enables interactions with Notebooks and/or PC tools.

5 FAQ

1. What are the reasons for "AssertionError: Can't connect to the USB dongle" error?

There are many possibilities like,

- 1. Crypto Trust Platform is having different application than factory reset firmware. Refer to "CryptoAuth TrustPlatform Factory reset" section any usecase TrustFLEX Guide for reloading it
- 2. Check the switch positions on Crypto Trust Platform and/or ATECC608A Trust board
 - a. Correct Trust device should be connected and only one device of that type is allowed on the I2C bus. Multiple devices with same address results in error
- 3. Check USB connections to Crypto Trust Platform

2. How to reload factory default application to Crypto Trust Platform? Refer to "CryptoAuth TrustPlatform Factory reset" section any usecase TrustFLEX Guide for reloading it.

3. Why does my C projects generates No such file or directory with ../../../ TFLXTLS_resource_generation/?

C project generates this error when the resources are not generated prior to using embedded projects. Running the resource generation notebook ensures these files and secrets are generated.

4. Before running any use case notebook and/or C project, why is it mandate to execute resource generation?

When resource generation notebook is executed, it generates and programs the required resources like secrets, keys and certificates. These are only prototyping keys and cannot be used for production. These keys will be used part of Usecase notebooks and C projects

5. How to know the resources being used in a use case?

Refer to individual Usecase description html for details on transaction diagrams, resources being used and other details. The resources required for given use case is mentioned in INFER CRYPTOGRAPHIC ASSETS section.

6. When should I select Custom certificates while doing resource generation?Custom certificates are required when user wants to have their own root, signer instead of MCHP provided. The difference would be organization name, common name and validity are configurable

7. How to know whether C project is executing on Trust Platform or not after programming?

Once the programming is done, the firmware will do use case operation. Depending on the use case operation's output, the Crypto Trust Platform board's status LED will blink at different rates.

If use case operation succeeds, LED blinks once every second. If it fails, LED blinks five times every second.

It is also possible to view the Console messages by using applications like TeraTerm. Open the application with the COM related to Crypto Trust Platform with 115200-8-N-1 settings

8. Why AWS demo application is not getting connected to cloud?

There are many possibilities like,

- a. Signer registration is not done to the right account
- b. aws client region is select incorrectly
- c. WiFi credentials are not populated or in correct in C project
- d. aws-iot endpoint is not populated or in-correct in C project

The Microchip Web Site

Microchip provides online support via our web site at http://www.microchip.com/. This web site is used as

a means to make files and information easily available to customers. Accessible by using your favorite Internet browser, the web site contains the following information:

- Product Support Data sheets and errata, application notes and sample programs, design resources, user's guides and hardware support documents, latest software releases and archived software
- **General Technical Support** Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip consultant program member listing
- Business of Microchip Product selector and ordering guides, latest Microchip press releases, listing of seminars and events, listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors and factory representatives

Customer Change Notification Service

Microchip's customer notification service helps keep customers current on Microchip products. Subscribers will receive e-mail notification whenever there are changes, updates, revisions or errata related to a specified product family or development tool of interest.

To register, access the Microchip web site at http://www.microchip.com/. Under "Support", click on "Customer Change Notification" and follow the registration instructions.

Customer Support

Users of Microchip products can receive assistance through several channels:

- Distributor or Representative
- Local Sales Office
- Field Application Engineer (FAE)
- Technical Support

Customers should contact their distributor, representative or Field Application Engineer (FAE) for support.

Local sales offices are also available to help customers. A listing of sales offices and locations is included

in the back of this document.

Technical support is available through the web site at: http://www.microchip.com/support

Microchip Devices Code Protection Feature

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the

operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.

- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be

violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Legal Notice

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY

OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights unless otherwise stated.

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, AnyRate, AVR, AVR logo, AVR Freaks, BitCloud, chipKIT, chipKIT logo, CryptoMemory, CryptoRF, dsPIC, FlashFlex, flexPWR, Heldo, JukeBlox, KeeLog.

Kleer, LANCheck, LINK MD, maXStylus, maXTouch, MediaLB, megaAVR, MOST, MOST logo, MPLAB,

OptoLyzer, PIC, picoPower, PICSTART, PIC32 logo, Prochip Designer, QTouch, SAM-BA, SpyNIC, SST.

SST Logo, SuperFlash, tinyAVR, UNI/O, and XMEGA are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology

Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

ClockWorks, The Embedded Control Solutions Company, EtherSynch, Hyper Speed Control, HyperLight

Load, IntelliMOS, mTouch, Precision Edge, and Quiet-Wire are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Adjacent Key Suppression, AKS, Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Any Capacitor, Anyln, AnyOut, BodyCom, CodeGuard, CryptoAuthentication, CryptoAutomotive, CryptoCompanion, CryptoController, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, Dynamic Average Matching, DAM, ECAN, EtherGREEN, In-Circuit Serial Programming,

ICSP, INICnet, Inter-Chip Connectivity, JitterBlocker, KleerNet, KleerNet logo, memBrain, Mindi, MiWi,

motorBench, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, MultiTRAK, NetDetach, Omniscient

Code Generation, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICkit, PICtail, PowerSmart, PureSilicon, QMatrix, REAL ICE,

Ripple Blocker, SAM-ICE, Serial Quad I/O, SMART-I.S., SQI, SuperSwitcher, SuperSwitcher II, Total Endurance, TSHARC, USBCheck, VariSense, ViewSpan, WiperLock, Wireless DNA, and ZENA are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Silicon Storage Technology is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

GestIC is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2018, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

ISBN:

Quality Management System Certified by DNV

ISO/TS 16949

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2009 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California

and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.



Worldwide Sales and Service

AMERICAS Corporate Office

2355 West Chandler Blvd. Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7200 Fax: 480-792-7277

Technical Support:

http://www.microchip.com/ support

Web Address:

www.microchip.com

Atlanta

Duluth, GA Tel: 678-957-9614 Fax: 678-957-1455

Austin, TX Tel: 512-257-3370

Boston

Westborough, MA Tel: 774-760-0087 Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago Itasca, IL

Tel: 630-285-0071 Fax: 630-285-0075

Dallas Addison, TX

Tel: 972-818-7423 Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit Novi, MI

Tel: 248-848-4000

Houston, TX Tel: 281-894-5983

Indianapolis Noblesville, IN Tel: 317-773-8323

Fax: 317-773-5453 Tel: 317-536-2380

Los Angeles

Mission Viejo, CA Tel: 949-462-9523 Fax: 949-462-9608

Tel: 951-273-7800

Raleigh, NC Tel: 919-844-7510

New York, NY Tel: 631-435-6000

San Jose, CA Tel: 408-735-9110

Tel: 408-436-4270 Canada - Toronto

Tel: 905-695-1980 Fax: 905-695-2078

ASIA/PACIFIC

Australia - Sydney Tel: 61-2-9868-6733

China - Beijing Tel: 86-10-8569-7000

China - Chengdu

Tel: 86-28-8665-5511

China - Chongqing Tel: 86-23-8980-9588

China - Dongguan

Tel: 86-769-8702-9880 China - Guangzhou

Tel: 86-20-8755-8029

China - Hangzhou

Tel: 86-571-8792-8115

China - Hong Kong SAR Tel: 852-2943-5100

China - Nanjing

Tel: 86-25-8473-2460

China - Qinadao

Tel: 86-532-8502-7355

China - Shanghai

Tel: 86-21-3326-8000

China - Shenyang

Tel: 86-24-2334-2829 China - Shenzhen

Tel: 86-755-8864-2200

China - Suzhou

Tel: 86-186-6233-1526

China - Wuhan

Tel: 86-27-5980-5300 China - Xian

Tel: 86-29-8833-7252

China - Xiamen

Tel: 86-592-2388138

China - Zhuhai

Tel: 86-756-3210040

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore Tel: 91-80-3090-4444

India - New Delhi

Tel: 91-11-4160-8631

India - Pune

Tel: 91-20-4121-0141

Japan - Osaka

Tel: 81-6-6152-7160

Japan - Tokyo

Tel: 81-3-6880- 3770

Korea - Daegu

Tel: 82-53-744-4301

Korea - Seoul

Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 60-3-7651-7906

Malaysia - Penang

Tel: 60-4-227-8870

Philippines - Manila

Tel: 63-2-634-9065

Singapore

Tel: 65-6334-8870

Taiwan - Hsin Chu

Tel: 886-3-577-8366

Taiwan - Kaohsiung

Tel: 886-7-213-7830

Taiwan - Taipei

Tel: 886-2-2508-8600

Thailand - Bangkok

Tel: 66-2-694-1351

Vietnam - Ho Chi Minh

Tel: 84-28-5448-2100

EUROPE

Austria - Wels

Tel: 43-7242-2244-39 Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark - Copenhagen

Tel: 45-4450-2828

Fax: 45-4485-2829

Finland - Espoo

Tel: 358-9-4520-820

France - Paris

Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20

Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

France - Saint Cloud

Tel: 33-1-30-60-70-00

Germany - Garching

Tel: 49-8931-9700

Germany - Haan

Tel: 49-2129-3766400

Germany - Heilbronn

Tel: 49-7131-67-3636

Germany - Karlsruhe

Tel: 49-721-625370

Germany - Munich

Tel: 49-89-627-144-0

Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Germany - Rosenheim Tel: 49-8031-354-560

Israel - Ra'anana

Tel: 972-9-744-7705

Italy - Milan

Tel: 39-0331-742611

Fax: 39-0331-466781

Italy - Padova

Tel: 39-049-7625286 Netherlands - Drunen

Tel: 31-416-690399

Fax: 31-416-690340

Norway - Trondheim

Tel: 47-7289-7561

Poland - Warsaw

Tel: 48-22-3325737 Romania - Bucharest

Tel: 40-21-407-87-50

Spain - Madrid

Tel: 34-91-708-08-90 Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

Sweden - Gothenberg

Tel: 46-31-704-60-40 Sweden - Stockholm

Tel: 46-8-5090-4654

UK - Wokingham Tel: 44-118-921-5800