

TrustFLEX Step by Step Guide AWS IoT with Custom PKI

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1 Introduction

This document gives a detailed walk through of the custom public key infrastructure use case implementation. If familiar with Jupyter Notebook, can skip this section and move to Section 2.

1.1 Getting started with Jupyter Notebook Tutorials

Jupyter Notebook is open source web application which allows you to create documents that contain code that you can execute in place as well as narrative text. It provides GUI elements, ability to execute code in place, ability to add images and gives it the look and feel that normal code files lack.

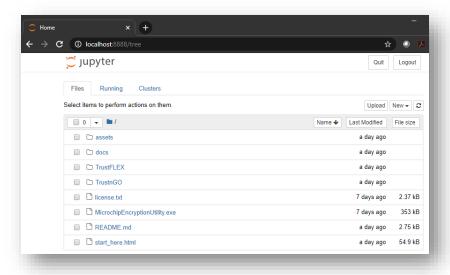
Jupyter notebooks are mainly used to explain/evaluate code in an interactive way.

1.1.1 Starting Jupyter Notebook

Jupyter notebook can be launched from Trust Platform GUI Main window. Run START -> Trust Platform x.x.x icon. Click on 'Start Jupyter' button to launch Jupyter local server.



Clicking on Start Jupyter should be web browser tab like below,



1.2 Jupyter Notebook Basics

It is recommended to become familiar with Jupyter basic concepts with the online documentation, https://jupyter-

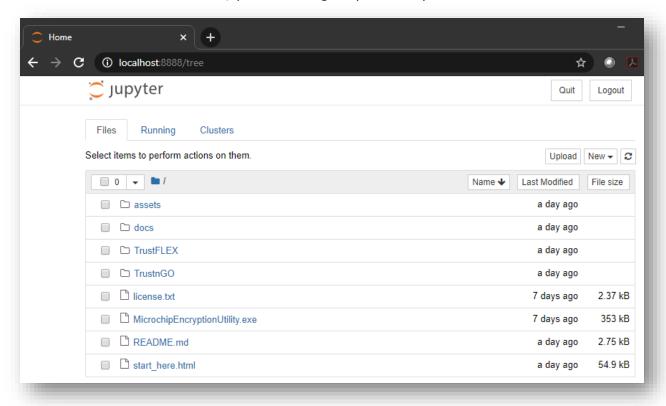
notebook.readthedocs.io/en/stable/examples/Notebook/Notebook%20Basics.html

Some of the content is duplicated here for convenience. The online documentation should always be used as a reference.

1.2.1 The Notebook dashboard

When you first start the notebook server, your browser will open Notebook dashboard. The dashboard serves as a home page for the notebook. Its main purpose is to display the notebooks and files in the current directory.

For example, here is a screenshot of the Jupyter dashboard. The top of the notebook list displays clickable breadcrumbs of the current directory. By clicking on these breadcrumbs or sub-directories in the notebook list, you can navigate your file system.

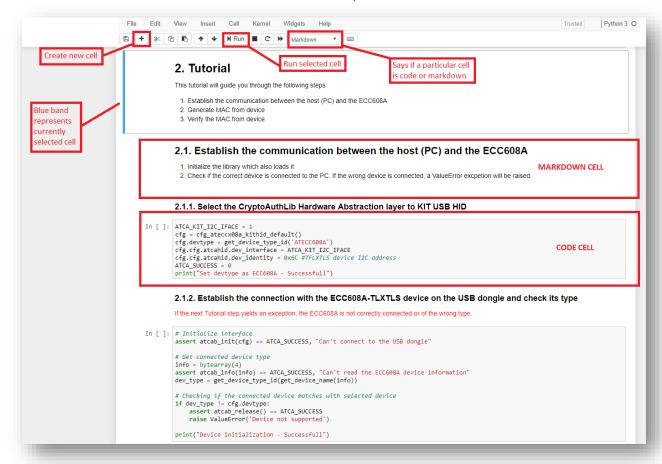


1.3 Introduction to Jupyter Notebook GUI.

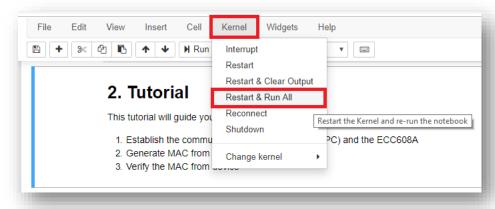
Jupyter Notebooks contain cells where you can either write code or markdown text. Notebooks contain multiple cells, some set as code and others markdown. Code cells contain code that can be executed live, and markdown contains text and images that explains the code.

Below image shows some options in a typical Jupyter Notebook. Individual cells can be executed by pressing on the RUN button as shown in the below image.





To run all cells in sequence.



2 Jupyter Notebook Tutorials

The Trust Platform Design Suite comes with several notebook tutorials to easily prototype popular use cases for TrustFLEX and Trust&Go devices. Here is the list of Jupyter Notebook Tutorials.

Jupyter Notebook Tutorials	Relative Path	Applicable Devices
Manifest Generation	$TrustnGO \backslash 00_resource_generation \backslash TNGTLS_manifest_file_generation.ipynb$	Trust&GO
GCP Connect	TrustnGO\05_cloud_connect\notebook\gcp\TNGTLS_GCP_connect.ipynb	Trust&GO
AWS Connect	TrustnGO\05_cloud_connect\notebook\aws\TNGTLS_aws_connect.ipynb	Trust&GO
Azure Connect	TrustnGO\05_cloud_connect\notebook\azure\ TNGTLS_azure_connect.ipynb	Trust&GO
Resource Generation	TrustFLEX\00_resource_generation\TFLXTLS_resource_generator.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Accessory Authentication	TrustFLEX\01_accessory_authentication\notebook\ TFLXTLS_accessory_authentication.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Firmware Validation	TrustFLEX\02_firmware_validation\notebook\ TFLXTLS_firmware_validation.ipynb	TrustFLEX
IP Protection	TrustFLEX\04_ip_protection\notebook\ TFLXTLS_IP_protection.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Secure Public Key Rotation	TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\notebook\ TFLXTLS_public_key_rotation.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Asymmetric authentication	08_asymmetric_authentication\notebook\ TFLXTLS_asymmetric_authentication.ipynb	TrustFLEX
GCP Connect	TrustFLEX\10_cloud_connect\notebook\gcp\TFLXTLS_GCP_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX
AWS Custom PKI	TrustFLEX\10_cloud_connect\notebook\aws\ TFLXTLS_aws_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Azure Connect	TrustFLEX\10_cloud_connect\notebook\azure\ TLFXTLS_azure_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX

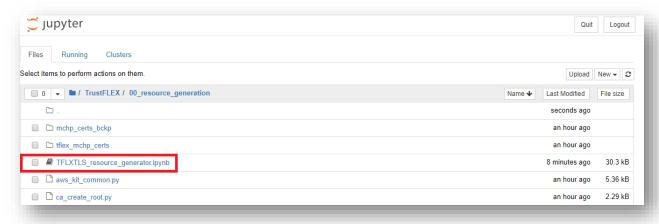
3 Resource Generation Notebook

TFLXTLS device is one of the three devices available in the Crypto Auth Trust Platform Board.

TrustFLEX devices come pre-programmed with certificates in slots 10, 11 and 12, also slots 0-4 have pre-generated private keys, other than the mentioned slots all the other slots have no meaningful data in them.

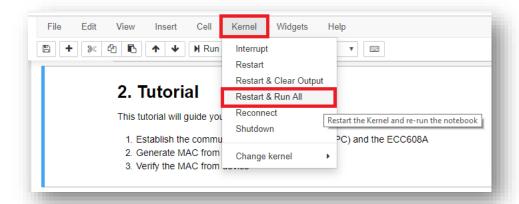
The Resource Generator Notebook will create development keys and certificates for all slots that can be further customized. Keys and Certificate chains are stored in the PC filesystem. These keys should never be used for production purposes as their generation is not handled in a secure environment. These development keys will be later used by the other notebooks to implement the various pre-defined use cases.

Within the Jupyter Dashboard, navigate **TrustFLEX\00_resource_generation** folder to open **TFLXTLS_resource_generator.ipynb** notebook



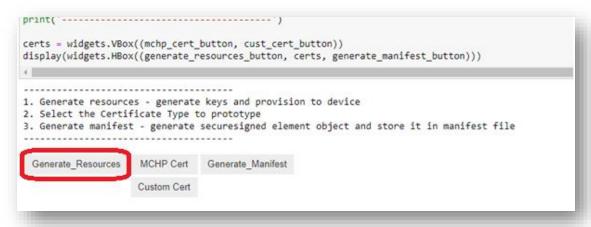
Run all cells of the Crypto Resource Generator Notebook: Kernel->Restart & Run All

Note: Before executing the cells on Crypto Trust Platform, its required to have factory default program running on SAMD21 of Trust Platform. Refer to <u>Crypto Auth Trust Platform Factory reset</u> section for reloading default program.



Crypto Resource Generator notebook is common for all the use case which comes with option to load the signer certificate and device certificate. The Notebook will generate several keys and certificates. Make sure you have an error free output before continuing to the next steps of the training. Following are 3 different things can be performed,

1. Generating resources to general key slots



The output log should resemble this:

Slot 0 is a private key slot, no action required

Slot 1 is a private key slot, no action required

Slot 2 is a private key slot, no action required

Slot 3 is a private key slot, no action required

Slot 4 is a private key slot, no action required

Slot 6 is a secret key, created slot_6_secret_key.pem and programmed

NOTE: While writing symmetric key into secure element it has to be encrypted with IO prote ction key. So here, Slot 6 (IO protection key) is written before slot 5 (Symmetric key)

Slot 5 is a secret key, created slot_5_secret_key.pem and programmed

Slot 7 is a secureboot digest slot, slot can only be written through secureboot command

Slot 8 is a general purpose slot of size 416 bytes, no action required

Slot 9 is a secret key, created slot_9_secret_key.pem and programmed

Slot 10 is a certificate slot, no action required now, will be updated as part of Generate Certificates

Slot 11 is a certificate slot, no action required now, will be updated as part of Generate Certificates

Slot 12 is a certificate slot, no action required now, will be updated as part of Generate Certificates

Slot 13 is a public key slot, created slot_13_ecc_key_pair.pem and programmed

Slot 14 is a public key slot, created slot_14_ecc_key_pair.pem and programmed

Slot 15 is a public key slot, created slot_15_ecc_key_pair.pem and programmed

-		-	-	-			-	-						-	-	-	-	-	-						 	-	-	-	-	-	-	 	 -	 	
K	e	y	,	g	e	n	ıe	er	a	t	i	0	n		-	5	31	u	С	С	e	25	55	5											

2. Generating MCHP or Custom Certificates

On selecting Custom certificates, it prompts to enter the organization name, enter the name that will be used as an Organization Name in the certificate template. The name length is limited to 24 characters.

2. Select the Certif	es - generate keys and provision to device ficate Type to prototype t - generate securesigned element object and store it in manifest file
Generate_Resources	MCHP Cert Generate_Manifest
	Custom Cert
Slot 1 is a private Slot 2 is a private Slot 3 is a private Slot 4 is a private	e key slot, no action required key slot, no action required key, created slot_6_secret_key.pem and programmed
	g symmetric key into secure element it has to be encrypted with IO pro- en before slot 5 (Symmetric key)
Slot 7 is a secureb Slot 8 is a general Slot 9 is a secret Slot 10 is a certif Slot 11 is a certif Slot 12 is a certif Slot 13 is a public Slot 14 is a public	key, created slot_5_secret_key.pem and programmed boot digest slot, slot can only be written through secureboot command l purpose slot of size 416 bytes, no action required key, created slot_9_secret_key.pem and programmed ficate slot, no action required now, will be updated as part of General ficate slot, no action required now, will be updated as part of General ficate slot, no action required now, will be updated as part of General ficate slot, no action required now, will be updated as part of General c key slot, created slot_13_ecc_key_pair.pem and programmed c key slot, created slot_14_ecc_key_pair.pem and programmed c key slot, created slot_15_ecc_key_pair.pem and programmed
Key generation - Su	uccess
Org Name	Type Org Name and Press Enter to continue Custom Certs processing

The output log should resemble this:

Custom Certs processing...

Device contains custom device and signer certificates

Building new root certificate

Building new signer csr certificate

Building new signer certificate

Read device serial number...OK (SN: 01233E8A1491F2A601)

Read device public key from slot 0...OK (Public Key: CF1988BC3A6C252026FE70FB34397AD 85A39AE811C722BFA6E5EC1E9CDA9133B3F0E91FD3877F25B8C893B311BAF0203CB5100C 4CDABEBAFDAF3EBD550B00125)

Generating device certificate...OK (saved to device_01233E8A1491F2A601.crt)

Saving signer certificate to device... $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OK}}$

Saving device certificate to device...OK

Thing ID eabc56113c70227a18c0a62f7c285fc68d75f9cd

Custom certificate generation and provisioning - SUCCESS

Validate root certificate...OK -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIByjCCAW+gAwIBAgIQeoueybRh8XWwzOkoixtW1jAKBggqhkjOPQQDAjA7MQ0w CwYDVQQKDAR0ZXN0MSowKAYDVQQDDCFDcnlwdG8gQXV0aGVudGljYXRpb24gUm9v dCBDQSAwMDIwIBcNMjAwNzAxMDgwNTE5WhgPMjA2MDA2MjEwODA1MTlaMDsxDTAL BgNVBAoMBHRlc3QxKjAoBgNVBAMMIUNyeXB0byBBdXRoZW50aWNhdGlvbiBSb290 IENBIDAwMjBZMBMGByqGSM49AgEGCCqGSM49AwEHA0IABFf6qcSyPv8iY0uccoTX SISstaz0ECCUxXUoqky8Xo40vsOCbPPt5QtlvNHnyy8tAbwza6DsAiz2sGLzDI5h QhqjUzBRMB0GA1UdDgQWBBRHVPQoljiq65JOG4vu5l32JzmkSTAfBgNVHSMEGDAW gBRHVPQoljiq65JOG4vu5l32JzmkSTAPBgNVHRMBAf8EBTADAQH/MAoGCCqGSM49 BAMCA0kAMEYCIQCB7FKx5K33xK9E0PsWGKZRaaQxxSRypC66y4hVqWVmMAIhAMlG 22zNUKPHccHQxfQssYH5LfR5SVE+WC3Hyxem/EVj

----END CERTIFICATE----

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2) Serial Number:

7a:8b:9e:c9:b4:61:f1:75:b0:cc:e9:28:8b:1b:56:d6

Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256

Issuer: O=test, CN=Crypto Authentication Root CA 002

Validity

Not Before: Jul 1 08:05:19 2020 GMT Not After: Jun 21 08:05:19 2060 GMT

Subject: O=test, CN=Crypto Authentication Root CA 002

Subject Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: id-ecPublicKey

Public-Key: (256 bit)

pub:

04:57:fa:a9:c4:b2:3e:ff:22:63:4b:9c:72:84:d7: 4a:54:ac:b5:ac:f4:10:20:94:c5:75:28:aa:4c:bc: 5e:8e:34:be:c3:82:6c:f3:ed:e5:0b:65:bc:d1:e7:

X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical

CA:TRUE

Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256

30:46:02:21:00:81:ec:52:b1:e4:ad:f7:c4:af:44:d0:fb:16: 18:a6:51:69:a4:31:c5:24:72:a4:2e:ba:cb:88:55:a9:65:66: 30:02:21:00:c9:46:db:6c:cd:50:a3:c7:71:c1:d0:c5:f4:2c: b1:81:f9:2d:f4:79:49:51:3e:58:2d:c7:cb:17:a6:fc:45:63

Validate signer certificate...OK -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIB3TCCAYKgAwIBAgIQV/RpeXxWfquIIYFCFTDc/TAKBggqhkjOPQQDAjA7MQ0w CwYDVQQKDAR0ZXN0MSowKAYDVQQDDCFDcnlwdG8gQXV0aGVudGljYXRpb24gUm9v dCBDQSAwMDIwIBcNMjAwNzAxMDgwMDAwWhgPMjA0MDA3MDEwODAwMDBaMDsxDTAL BgNVBAoMBHRlc3QxKjAoBgNVBAMMIUNyeXB0byBBdXRoZW50aWNhdGlvbiBTaWdu ZXIgRkZGRjBZMBMGByqGSM49AgEGCCqGSM49AwEHA0IABCEubbOfXDakettxvfKu kfG5UhQNDHrPrZiURytSZmQ8p38VacZ682akSAC6XQYDzhiy5/504eAHBCuN5rOt vnOjZjBkMA4GA1UdDwEB/wQEAwIBhjASBgNVHRMBAf8ECDAGAQH/AgEAMB0GA1Ud DgQWBBRycA/sc+NWXwp0wLudepyPtQtzFzAfBgNVHSMEGDAWgBRHVPQoljiq65JO G4vu5l32JzmkSTAKBggqhkjOPQQDAgNJADBGAiEA1ThacjiYboKYh69+NllQKiX2 wb7Jztq8zMsY61H/NkYCIQDQc2TQfOl9HBDUoDzUtTZNgIksElkU7ysiSgBhumAA zQ==

----END CERTIFICATE----

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2) Serial Number:

57:f4:69:79:7c:56:7e:ab:88:21:81:42:15:30:dc:fd

Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256

Issuer: O=test, CN=Crypto Authentication Root CA 002

Validity

Not Before: Jul 1 08:00:00 2020 GMT Not After: Jul 1 08:00:00 2040 GMT

```
Subject: O=test, CN=Crypto Authentication Signer FFFF
    Subject Public Key Info:
       Public Key Algorithm: id-ecPublicKey
         Public-Key: (256 bit)
         pub:
            04:21:2e:6d:b3:9f:5c:36:a4:7a:db:71:bd:f2:ae:
            91:f1:b9:52:14:0d:0c:7a:cf:ad:98:94:47:2b:52:
            66:64:3c:a7:7f:15:69:c6:7a:f3:66:a4:48:00:ba:
            5d:06:03:ce:18:b2:e7:fe:4e:e1:e0:07:04:2b:8d:
            e6:b3:ad:be:73
         ASN1 OID: prime256v1
         NIST CURVE: P-256
    X509v3 extensions:
       X509v3 Key Usage: critical
         Digital Signature, Certificate Sign, CRL Sign
       X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical
         CA:TRUE, pathlen:0
       X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
         72:70:0F:EC:73:E3:56:5F:0A:74:C0:BB:9D:7A:9C:8F:B5:0B:73:17
       X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
         keyid:47:54:F4:28:96:38:AA:EB:92:4E:1B:8B:EE:E6:5D:F6:27:39:A4:49
  Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256
     30:46:02:21:00:d5:38:5a:72:38:98:6e:82:98:87:af:7e:36:
     59:50:2a:25:f6:c1:be:c9:ce:da:bc:cc:cb:18:eb:51:ff:36:
     46:02:21:00:d0:73:64:d0:7c:e9:7d:1c:10:d4:a0:3c:d4:b5:
     36:4d:80:89:2c:12:59:14:ef:2b:22:4a:00:61:ba:60:00:cd
Validate device certificate...OK
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
MIIByDCCAW+gAwIBAgIQdxkpBswUT+e4dShL6tp00jAKBggqhkjOPQQDAjA7MQ0w
CwYDVQQKDAR0ZXN0MSowKAYDVQQDDCFDcnlwdG8gQXV0aGVudGljYXRpb24gU2ln
bmVyIEZGRkYwIBcNMjAwNzAxMDYwMDAwWhgPMjA00DA3MDEwNjAwMDBaMC4xDTAL
BgNVBAoMBHRIc3QxHTAbBgNVBAMMFHNuMDEyMzNFOEExNDkxRjJBNjAxMFkwEwYH
KoZIzj0CAQYIKoZIzj0DAQcDQqAEzxmIvDpsJSAm/nD7NDl62Fo5roEcciv6bl7B
6c2pEzs/DpH9OHfyW4yJOzEbrwIDy1EAxM2r66/a8+vVULABJaNgMF4wDAYDVR0T
AQH/BAIwADAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCA4gwHQYDVR0OBBYEFOq8VhE8cCJ6GMCmL3wo
X8aNdfnNMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFHJwD+xz41ZfCnTAu516nI+1C3MXMAoGCCqGSM49
BAMCA0cAMEQCIANn/QrqxwmwrRsrcYyQpWJ0o4AxLzGoeCZjfJ5o0FAbAiBFne67
iEzuh6dqwrdQYvqB6+qTxfLyei1kwoFcfVnHvA==
----END CERTIFICATE----
```

Certificate:

```
Data:
  Version: 3 (0x2)
  Serial Number:
     77:19:29:06:cc:14:4f:e7:b8:75:28:4b:ea:da:74:d2
  Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256
  Issuer: O=test, CN=Crypto Authentication Signer FFFF
  Validity
     Not Before: Jul 1 06:00:00 2020 GMT
     Not After: Jul 1 06:00:00 2048 GMT
  Subject: O=test, CN=sn01233E8A1491F2A601
  Subject Public Key Info:
     Public Key Algorithm: id-ecPublicKey
       Public-Key: (256 bit)
       pub:
          04:cf:19:88:bc:3a:6c:25:20:26:fe:70:fb:34:39:
          7a:d8:5a:39:ae:81:1c:72:2b:fa:6e:5e:c1:e9:cd:
          a9:13:3b:3f:0e:91:fd:38:77:f2:5b:8c:89:3b:31:
          1b:af:02:03:cb:51:00:c4:cd:ab:eb:af:da:f3:eb:
          d5:50:b0:01:25
       ASN1 OID: prime256v1
       NIST CURVE: P-256
  X509v3 extensions:
     X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical
       CA:FALSE
     X509v3 Key Usage: critical
       Digital Signature, Key Agreement
     X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
       EA:BC:56:11:3C:70:22:7A:18:C0:A6:2F:7C:28:5F:C6:8D:75:F9:CD
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
       keyid:72:70:0F:EC:73:E3:56:5F:0A:74:C0:BB:9D:7A:9C:8F:B5:0B:73:17
Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256
   30:44:02:20:03:67:fd:0a:ea:c7:09:b0:ad:1b:2b:71:8c:90:
   a5:62:74:a3:80:31:2f:31:a8:78:26:63:7c:9e:68:d0:50:1b:
   02:20:45:9d:ee:bb:88:4c:ee:87:a7:6a:c2:b7:50:62:f8:01:
   eb:ea:93:c5:f2:f2:7a:2d:64:c2:81:5c:7d:59:c7:bc
```

3. Generating Manifest file

2. Select the Certi	ficate Type t	e keys and provision to device to prototype securesigned element object and store it in manifest fi
Generate_Resources	MCHP Cert	Generate_Manifest
	Custom Cert	

The output log should resemble this:
Generating manifest dataOK (saved to TFLXTLS_devices_manifest.json)

At the end of the execution, a Custom PKI chain will be generated on your PC and TrustFLEX device specific slots (10 through 12) will be overwritten with the custom certificates.

The Notebook has also generated a manifest file to be uploaded into the public cloud of your choice (Google GCP, AWS IoT and Microsoft Azure).

4 Use Case Prototyping

This hands-on lab is intended to demonstrate the usage of TrustFLEX to secure an AWS IoT connection based on a custom PKI.

The AWS IoT device reference implementation is provided as an MPLAB X project and the generation of a custom PKI is achieved through the execution of Jupyter Notebook Tutorials.

Here are the steps that will be required to complete this Tutorial:

- Configure AWS CLI
- Register Custom PKI signer
- Build the AWS IoT device source code and flash it to the Crypto Auth Trust Platform board

Note: It is required to have an AWS IoT test account setup. Instruction to setup the account quickly is provided in **docs\TrustFLEX AWS demo account setup instructions.pdf**.

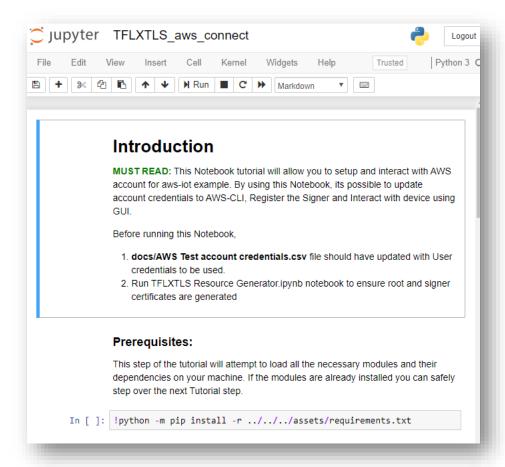
4.1 Running Custom PKI example on Jupyter Notebook

By running this following step, we can configure the AWS command line with AWS credentials, register the signer certificate to AWS IoT and get AWS host endpoint to which device should connect.

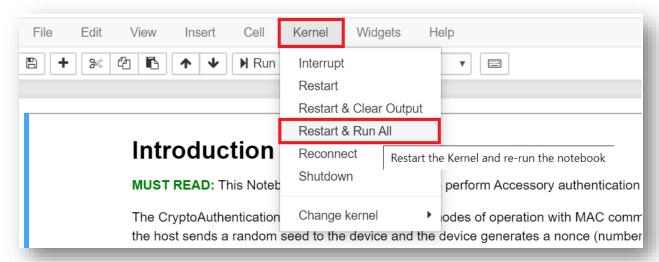
From the Jupyter Home page, navigate to
 TrustFLEX\10_cloud_connect\notebook\aws\TFLXTLS_aws_connect.ipynb
 notebook file and open it.



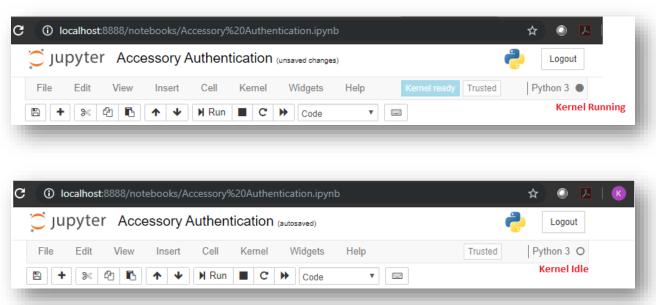
Opening the Jupyter notebook example should load the following on the browser.



2. Run All Cells by using Kernel -> Restart & Run All



It may take a while to complete, wait for the kernel to complete all processing i.e. from Kernel Running to Kernel Idle state (Check circle above **RED** text)



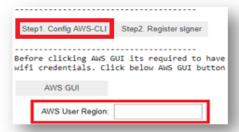
- 3. Navigate through different cells output for the description of the step and result from the execution.
- 4. There are 4 major steps:

Configure AWS command line interface:

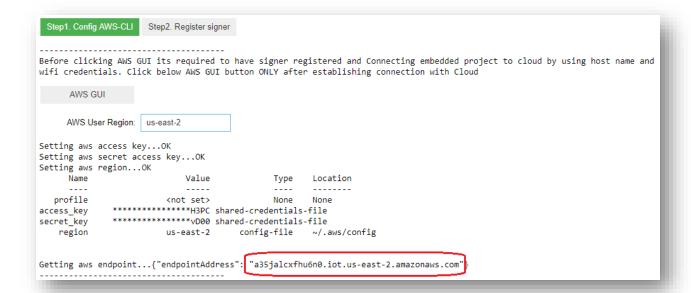
Before we can interact with AWS, we need to configure the tools with the appropriate AWS credentials. These credentials are composed of the **Access Key ID** and the **Secret Access Key**. On clicking the config AWS-CLI button, it will prompt to enter your region.

Enter your region:

Below screenshot display the option to enter your region



Below screenshot display the result of config AWS-CLI,



On successful aws configure, it will fetch the AWS host endpoint and display along with the aws config details. Marked URL is the aws host endpoint to which device must connect. This endpoint will be added to device's embedded c project in next section.

Register Signer Module:

Code block of this step generates "**Register signer**" button. Clicking the button, it registers the custom PKI signer module to the AWS account, and gives an AWS host endpoint. To establish a secure communication with AWS IoT, we need to register the Custom PKI signer certificate to AWS IoT.

Upon successful execution, the log should look like this.



```
Reading signer CA key file, signer_FFFF.key

Reading signer CA certificate file, signer_FFFF.crt

Initializing AWS IoT client
    Profile: default
    Region: us-east-2
    Endpoint: iot(https://iot.us-east-2.amazonaws.com)

Getting CA registration code from AWS IoT
    Code: 28295a5f232009d9aa3bc8f2a871d888745fa23119b4c5fa6e564a2b560f5e8b

Generating signer CA AWS verification certificate
    Saved to E:\Desktop\TrustPlatform\tp_designsuite\TrustFLEX\00_resource_generation\signer_FFFF-verification.crt

Registering signer CA with AWS IoT
    ID: a2c410258fa77b1ee5f292a396093e006654ac6e271d37f47df294c4d88eeba5

Getting AWS IoT device endpoint
    Hostname: a35jalcxfhu6n0.iot.us-east-2.amazonaws.com

Done
```

Once this step is completed, signer module is successfully registered to AWS IoT. Before running the last cell, we need to program the Crypto Trust Platform. So next step is to program the Crypto Trust Platform.

NOTE: Make sure that you executed C project successfully before executing the next step in the Jupyter notebook. To execute C project, refer "Running AWS IoT example on Embedded platform" next section.

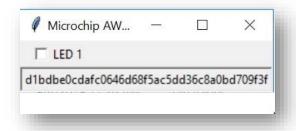
AWS GUI:

Code block of this step generates "AWS GUI" button.



Clicking the button, it will create a very basic graphical interface that will display the device ID and will allow to switch the board LED status.

Below screenshot display the graphical interface



Using this interface, Custom PKI Crypto Auth Trust Platform can able to communicate with AWS IoT. Upon successful communication, you have now a device connected to AWS IoT through a secure TLS session with a custom PKI using a Crypto Trust Platform.

4.2 Running AWS IoT example on Embedded platform

Once the resources are generated MPLAB projects provided can be used to run the use case on Crypto Auth Trust Platform.

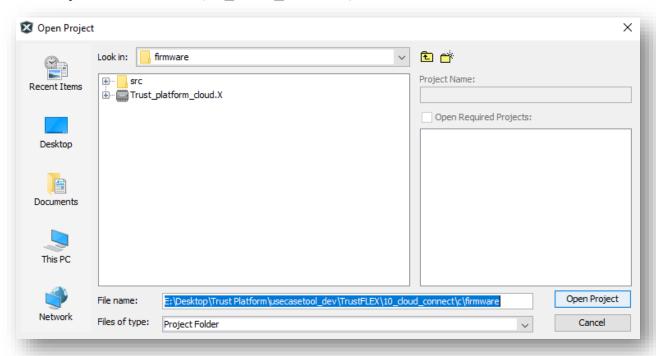
This project can configure the Wi-Fi credentials, establish a TLS connection, subscribe to MQTT and register device certificate but not register the signer module to AWS IoT. It is required to use the AWS IoT Jupyter notebook to register the signer module and get the AWS endpoint to which device must connect.

Once the signer module is registered and AWS endpoint is available then these embedded projects can be executed.

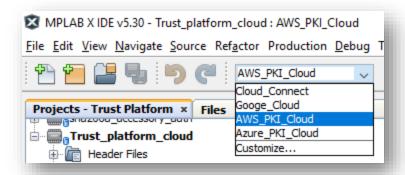
Prerequisite: It is required that WINC firmware is updated to latest version / version that is available in this package. Update the WINC firmware using package available in cloned repository at **assets\winc_firmware_upgrade**

4.2.1 MPLAB:

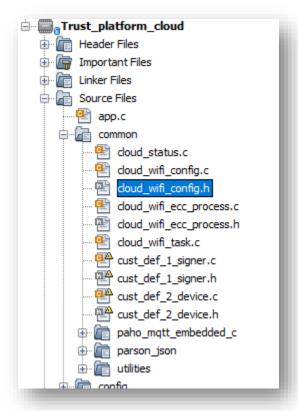
 Open Trust_platform_cloud.X project by navigating to MPLAB -> File -> Open Project -> TrustFLEX\10_cloud_connect\firmware



1. Select Build configuration as AWS_PKI_Cloud



Open cloud_wifi_config.h file by navigating to Trust_platform_cloud -> Source Files



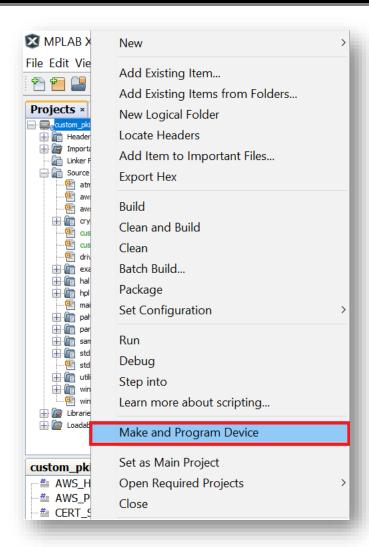
update the following constants before building the project:

- MAIN_WLAN_SSID
- MAIN_WLAN_PSK
- CLOUD_ENDPOINT

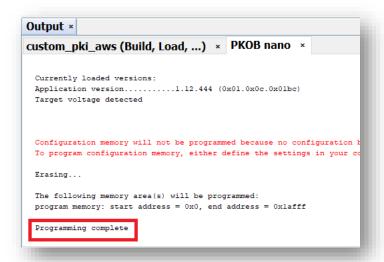
The CLOUD_ENDPOINT string should be set to the value reported during Config AWS-CLI step in the Usecase notebook.

For ex: #define CLOUD_ENDPOINT "a35jalcxfhu6n0.iot.us-west-2.amazonaws.com"

2. Program the Crypto Auth Trust platform by navigating to **Trust_platform_cloud -> Make and Program Device**



This step may take some time, wait for MPLAB to program the device. Once it is done programming you will see "**Programming complete**" message in Output Window.



Once the programming is done, reset the hardware (press the reset button) and view the Console messages by using applications like 'Tera Term'. Open the application with the COM related to CryptoAuth Trust Platform with 115200-8-N-1 settings.

```
File Edit Setup Control Window Help

WINC1500 WIFI: Connected to the WIFI access point.
WINC1500 WIFI: Device IP Address: 192.168.23.192

WINC1500 WIFI: DNS lookup:
Host: alpikhoe6clulf.iot.us-west-2.amazonaws.
IP Address: 52.39.48.93

(APP)(INFO)Socket 1 session ID = 2

SUCCESS: AWS Zero Touch Demo: Connected to AWS IoT.

SUCCESS: Subscribed to the MQTT update topic subscrisuccess: $aws/things/d59d14667ea43eb026ca3b624df3dc3

ta

Publishing MQTT Shadow Update Message:
00000000 7B 22 73 74 61 74 65 22 3A 7B 22 72 65 70
00000000 7B 65 64 22 3A 7B 22 6C 65 64 31 22 3A 22
00000000 22 7D 7D 7D
```

Once successfully programmed the Crypto Auth Trust Platform, now we can run the last step in the Jupyter Notebook. Just navigate to previous section 4.3 to run the last step (AWS GUI) in the Jupyter Notebook.

4.3 Crypto Auth Trust Platform Factory reset

Once any of the embedded project is loaded to Crypto Auth Trust Platform, the default program that enables interaction with Trust Platform tools will be erased.

Before using the Platform with any other notebook or tools on PC, its required to reprogram the default .hex file. Default hex file is available at

assets\Factory_Program.X\CryptoAuth_Trust_Platform.hex

If Trust Platform GUI is provided with MPLAB X IDE installation location, notebooks can program the Factory reset hex file if its not available by default.

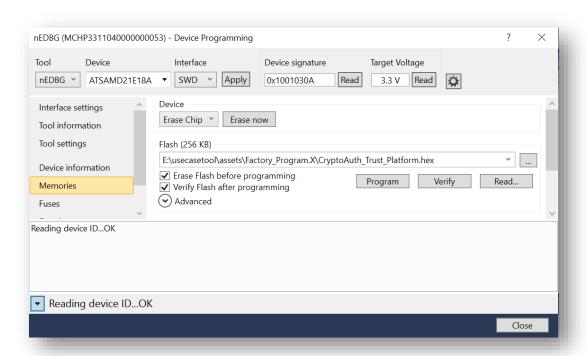
This can also be done manually by MPLAB and Atmel Studio

To reprogram using MPLAB:

- 1. Open assets\Factory_Program.X project in MPLAB IDE
- 2. Program the Crypto Trust platform by navigating to CryptoAuth_Trust_Platform_Factory_Program -> Make and Program Device

To reprogram using Atmel Studio:

- 1. Navigate to AtmelStudio -> Tools -> Device Programming
- 2. Select Tool as nEDBG and Apply
- 3. Go to Memories and navigate to above path under Flash dropdown
- 4. Check both Erase Flash and Verify Flash
- 5. Click on Program



Now, Crypto Auth Trust Platform contains factory programmed application that enables interactions with Notebooks and/or PC tools.

5 FAQ

1. What are the reasons for "AssertionError: Cannot connect to CryptoAuth Trust Platform, check USB connection" error?

There are many possibilities like,

- Crypto Trust Platform is having different application than factory reset firmware. Refer to "Crypto Auth Trust Platform Factory reset" section any usecase TrustFLEX Guide for reloading it
- 2. Check the switch positions on Crypto Trust Platform and/or ATECC608A Trust board
 - a. Correct Trust device should be connected and only one device of that type is allowed on the I2C bus. Multiple devices with same address results in error
- 3. Check USB connections to Crypto Trust Platform

2. How to reload factory default application to Crypto Trust Platform?

Refer to "Crypto Auth Trust Platform Factory reset" section any usecase TrustFLEX Guide for reloading it.

3. Why does my C projects generates No such file or directory with ../../ 00_resource_generation/?

C project generates this error when the resources are not generated prior to using embedded projects. Running the resource generation notebook ensures these files and secrets are generated.

4. Before running any use case notebook and/or C project, why is it mandate to execute resource generation?

When resource generation notebook is executed, it generates and programs the required resources like secrets, keys and certificates. These are only prototyping keys and cannot be used for production. These keys will be used part of Usecase notebooks and C projects

5. How to know the resources being used in a use case?

Refer to individual Usecase description html for details on transaction diagrams, resources being used and other details. The resources required for given use case is mentioned in INFER CRYPTOGRAPHIC ASSETS section.

6. When should I select Custom certificates while doing resource generation?

Custom certificates are required when user wants to have their own root, signer instead of MCHP provided. The difference would be organization name, common name and validity are configurable

7. How to know whether C project is executing on Trust Platform or not after programming?

Once the programming is done, the firmware will do use case operation. It is also possible to view the Console messages by using applications like TeraTerm. Open the application with the COM related to Crypto Trust Platform with 115200-8-N-1 settings.

8. Why AWS demo application is not getting connected to cloud?

There are many possibilities like,

- a. Signer registration is not done to the right account
- b. aws client region is select incorrectly
- c. WiFi credentials are not populated or in correct in C project
- d. aws-iot endpoint is not populated or in-correct in C project

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