
TrustFLEX Step by Step Guide

Secure Public key Rotation

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1 Introduction

This document helps in running Secure Public Key rotation use case example provided in TrustFLEX package. If familiar with Jupyter Notebook, can skip this section and move to Section 2.

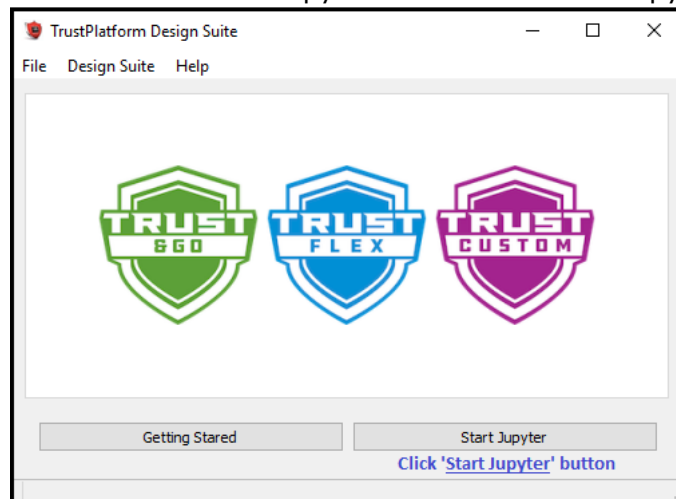
1.1 Getting started with Jupyter Notebook Tutorials

Jupyter Notebook is open source web application which allows you to create documents that contain code that you can execute in place as well as narrative text. It provides GUI elements, ability to execute code in place, ability to add images and gives it the look and feel that normal code files lack.

Jupyter notebooks are mainly used to explain/evaluate code in an interactive way.

1.1.1 Starting Jupyter Notebook

Jupyter notebook can be launched from Trust Platform GUI Main window. Run START -> Trust Platform x.x.x icon. Click on 'Start Jupyter' button to launch Jupyter local server.



Clicking on Start Jupyter should be web browser tab like below,



1.2 Jupyter Notebook Basics

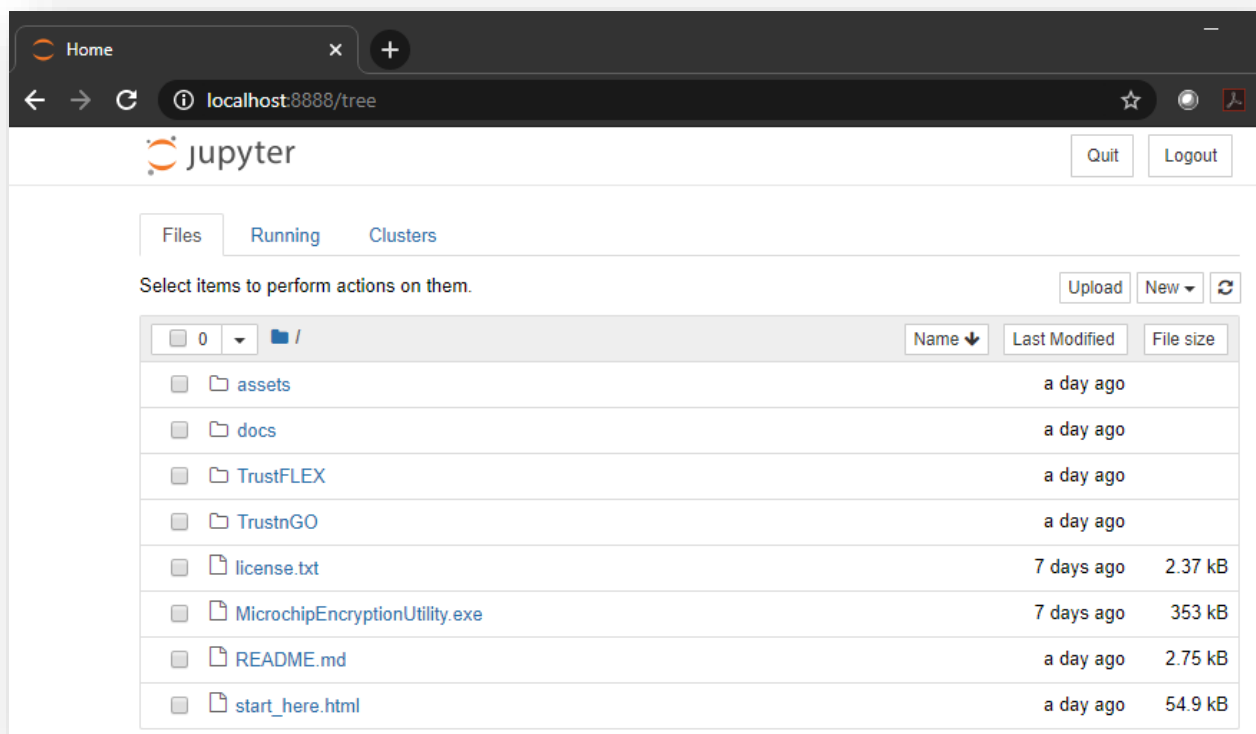
It is recommended to become familiar with Jupyter basic concepts with the online documentation, <https://jupyter-notebook.readthedocs.io/en/stable/examples/Notebook/Notebook%20Basics.html>

Some of the content is duplicated here for convenience. The online documentation should always be used as a reference.

1.2.1 The Notebook dashboard

When you first start the notebook server, your browser will open to the notebook dashboard. The dashboard serves as a home page for the notebook. Its main purpose is to display the notebooks and files in the current directory.

For example, here is a screenshot of the Jupyter dashboard. The top of the notebook list displays clickable breadcrumbs of the current directory. By clicking on these breadcrumbs or on sub-directories in the notebook list, you can navigate your file system.

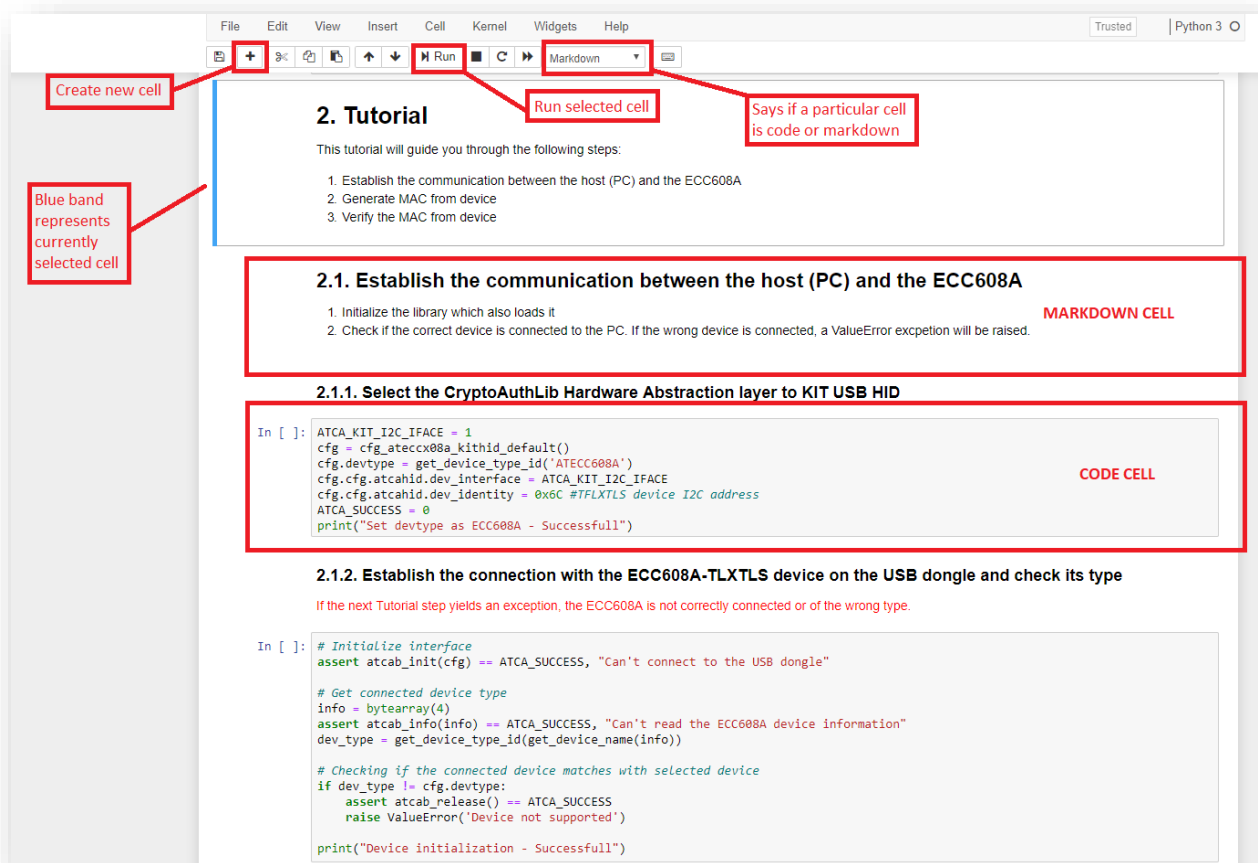


1.3 Introduction to Jupyter Notebook GUI.

Jupyter Notebooks contain cells where you can either write code or markdown text. Notebooks contain multiple cells, some set as code and others markdown. Code cells contain code that can be executed live, and markdown contains text and images to explain the code.

Below image shows some options in a typical Jupyter Notebook. Individual cells can be executed by pressing on the RUN button as shown in the below image.

All cells in the Notebook can be executed in order by **Kernel->Restart & Run All**.



To run all cells in sequence.



2 Jupyter Notebook Tutorials

The TrustPlatform Design Suite comes with a Notebook Tutorials to easily prototype popular use cases for TrustFLEX devices. Here is the Jupyter Notebook Tutorials.

Jupyter Notebook Tutorials	Relative Path	Applicable Devices
Manifest Generation	TrustnGO\00_resource_generation\TNGTLS_manifest_file_generation.ipynb	TrustnGO
Resource Generation	TrustFLEX\00_resource_generation\TFLXTLS_resource_generator.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Accessory Authentication	TrustFLEX\01_accessory_authentication\notebook\TFLXTLS_accessory_authentication.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Firmware Validation	TrustFLEX\02_firmware_validation\notebook\TFLXTLS_firmware_validation.ipynb	TrustFLEX
GCP Connect	TrustFLEX\03_gcp_connect\notebook\TFLXTLS_GCP_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX
IP Protection	TrustFLEX\04_ip_protection\notebook\ TFLXTLS_IP_protection.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Secure Public Key Rotation	TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\notebook\TFLXTLS_public_key_rotation.ipynb	TrustFLEX
AWS Custom PKI	TrustFLEX\06_custom_pki_aws\notebook\ TFLXTLS_aws_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX
Azure Connect	TrustFLEX\07_custom_pki_azure\notebook\ TLFXTLS_azure_connect.ipynb	TrustFLEX

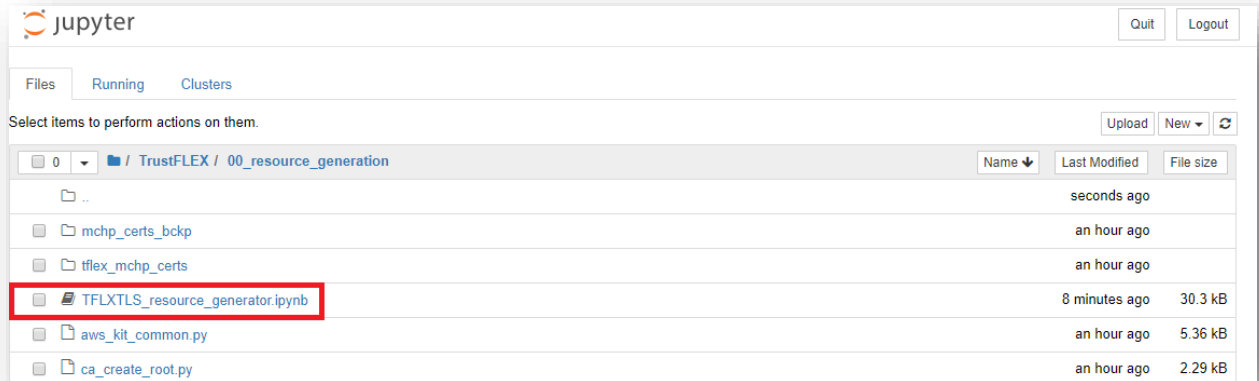
3 Resource Generation Notebook

TFLXTLS device is one of the three devices available in the Trust Platform USB Dongle Board.

TrustFLEX devices come with pre-programmed certificates in slots 10, 11 and 12, also slots 0-4 have pre-generated private keys, other than the mentioned slots all the other slots have no data in them.

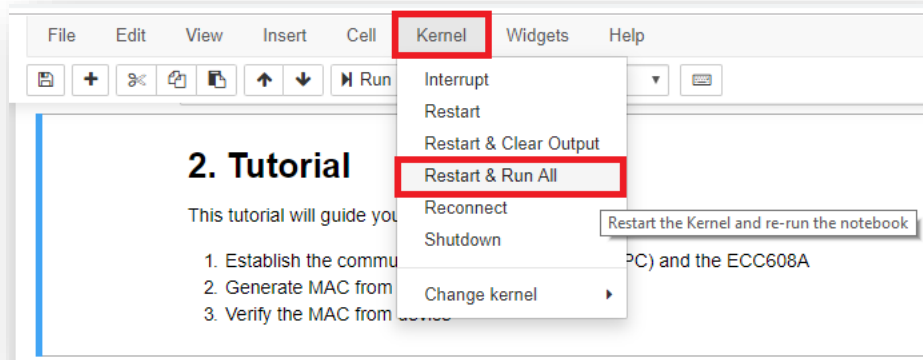
The Resource Generator Notebook will create development keys and certificates for all slots that can be further customized. Keys and Certificate chains are stored in the PC filesystem. These keys should never be used for production purposes as their generation is not handled in a secure environment. These development keys will be later used by the other notebooks to implement the various pre-defined use cases.

Within the Jupyter Dashboard, navigate **TrustFLEX\00_resource_generation** folder to open **TFLXTLS_resource_generator.ipynb** notebook



Run all cells of the Crypto Resource Generator Notebook: Kernel->Restart & Run All

Note: Before executing the cells on Crypto Trust Platform, its required to have factory default program running on SAMD21 of Trust Platform. Refer to [4.3 CryptoAuth TrustPlatform Factory reset](#) section for reloading default program.



Crypto Resource Generator notebook is common for all the use case which comes with option to load the signer certificate and device certificate.

So, it will execute and prompt you to choose between MCHP certificate and a custom certificate chain, press "MCHP Cert" option for this use case.

The Notebook will generate several keys and certificates. Make sure you have an error free output before continuing to the next steps of the training.

```
create_manifest_log_signer()
print('\n\nSelect the Certificate Type to prototype')
display(widgets.HBox((mchp_cert_button, cust_cert_button)))

----- Creating Manifest Log Signer -----
Loading Manifest logger key

Generating self-signed logging certificate
Saving to log_signer.crt
-----

Select the Certificate Type to prototype

MCHP Cert Custom Cert
```


WTATBgcqhkjOPQIBBggqhkjOPQMBBwNCAAS9VOZt44dUhABrU64VgNUKoGnnit9V
eNhc4tVN1bgwKWv/3W5vclb72Z7xoRaxHTOtSRA6oYWHOdZ65DfhnWNOo1MwUTAd
BgNVHQ4EFgQUeu19bca3eJ2yOAGI6EqMsKQOKowwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAUeu19bca3
eJ2yOAGI6EqMsKQOKowwDwYDVR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zAKBggqhkjOPQDDAgNIADBF
AiEAodxjRZDsgZ7h3luBEmVRrdTCxPjllSgu4EvnaOx8AnMCID5rp06eTArWjCSw
+y7nk9LmvpRlyhXQ6lvIf1V5mVyt
-----END CERTIFICATE-----

Validate Root Certificate:
OK

Signer Certificate:

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2)

Serial Number:

79:0a:a7:d5:7d:73:dc:e9:6d:65:db:66:8b:76:b2:5e

Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256

Issuer: O = Microchip Technology Inc, CN = Crypto Authentication Root CA 002

Validity

Not Before: Dec 14 19:00:00 2018 GMT

Not After : Dec 14 19:00:00 2049 GMT

Subject: O = Microchip Technology Inc, CN = Crypto Authentication Signer F600

Subject Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: id-ecPublicKey

Public-Key: (256 bit)

pub:

04:76:47:41:70:b2:63:e7:99:54:bc:85:bb:12:e9:

fe:70:0c:5b:8d:d4:d6:93:45:98:c2:29:a7:68:02:

0e:4e:0b:6d:48:75:d0:ed:a1:ee:f6:5f:91:5f:c6:

b1:16:46:c5:a1:ca:63:1f:62:55:68:74:47:69:c5:

de:83:b5:89:6a

ASN1 OID: prime256v1

NIST CURVE: P-256

X509v3 extensions:

X509v3 Key Usage: critical

Digital Signature, Certificate Sign, CRL Sign

X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical

CA:TRUE, pathlen:0

X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:

FB:DC:AA:12:8A:FA:C1:B5:92:8F:CD:AB:11:DB:09:3E:CF:4D:BE:F6

X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:

keyid:7A:ED:7D:6D:C6:B7:78:9D:B2:38:01:A5:E8:4A:8C:B0:A4:0E:2A:8C

Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256

30:46:02:21:00:c6:30:31:e9:a9:8b:30:4e:68:7e:06:c5:39:

79:2a:c5:7a:5c:01:4d:30:17:de:dc:d2:7d:d5:1d:cd:86:37:

ff:02:21:00:c6:a2:2c:6e:b1:ae:5f:85:91:49:cb:5d:e7:77:

8b:a3:f3:0b:e9:3d:9b:80:6f:94:bf:3d:90:a5:84:78:61:dc

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIICBTCCAaqgAwIBAgIQeQqn1X1z30ltZdtmi3ayXjAKBggqhkjOPQDDAgjBPMSEw
HwYDVQQKBHNaWNYb2NoaXAgaGVjaG5vbG9neSBjb2N0bWxKjAoBgNVBAMMIUNyeXB0
byBBdXR0ZW50aWNhdGlviBSb290IENBIDAuMjAgFw0xODEyMTQxOTAwMDBaGA8y

MDQ5MTIxNDE5MDAwMFowTzEhMB8GA1UECgwYTWljcm9jaGlwIFRIY2hub2xvZ3kg
SW5jMSowKAYDVQQDDCFDcnlwdG8gQXV0aGVudGljYXRpb24gU2lnbmVvIEY2MDAw
WTATBgcqhkJOPQIBBgqhkJOPQMBBwNCAAR2R0FwsmPnmVS8hbsS6f5wDFuN1NaT
RZjCKadoAg5OC21IddDtoe72X5FfxrEWRsWhymMfYIVodEdpxd6DtYlqo2YwZDAO
BgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCAYYwEgYDVR0TAQH/BAgwBgEB/wIBADAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU+9yq
Eor6wbWSj82rEdsJP9NvvYwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAUeu19bca3eJ2yOAGl6EqMsKQO
KowwCgYIKoZIZj0EAWIDSQAwwRgIhAMyWMempizBOaH4GxTI5KsV6XAFNMBfe3NJ9
1R3Nhjf/AiEAXqIsbrGuX4WRSctd53eLo/ML6T2bgG+Uvz2QpYR4Ydw=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----

Validate Signer Certificate:
OK

Device Certificate:
Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2)

Serial Number:

5a:cb:a3:f7:cf:bf:c5:28:92:cd:e1:9f:a3:ac:9d:17

Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256

Issuer: O = Microchip Technology Inc, CN = Crypto Authentication Signer F600

Validity

Not Before: Aug 21 22:00:00 2019 GMT

Not After : Aug 21 22:00:00 2047 GMT

Subject: O = Microchip Technology Inc, CN = 0123867D566FFB7701 ATECC

Subject Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: id-ecPublicKey

Public-Key: (256 bit)

pub:

04:fc:57:67:b6:fb:ae:50:60:ca:96:5a:ef:41:b1:
c5:d6:a1:60:61:87:8e:a4:78:f4:4d:18:d0:76:9d:
ad:62:24:b3:68:c2:1a:62:cb:0a:fd:ef:f5:b4:0c:
e3:55:ec:f0:40:bb:41:83:61:02:ef:20:3c:63:93:
32:d4:90:41:ab

ASN1 OID: prime256v1

NIST CURVE: P-256

X509v3 extensions:

X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical

CA:FALSE

X509v3 Key Usage: critical

Digital Signature, Key Agreement

X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:

43:9E:4F:45:79:35:CE:DC:D4:35:B9:4F:4A:23:69:E1:2D:89:33:04

X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:

keyid:FB:DC:AA:12:8A:FA:C1:B5:92:8F:CD:AB:11:DB:09:3E:CF:4D:BE:F6

Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256

30:45:02:21:00:83:32:78:25:9c:5a:07:7c:4a:04:f8:b5:c4:
57:d6:08:70:ee:c3:d4:79:9c:b6:14:8e:5e:86:54:38:50:cf:
ec:02:20:58:e1:cf:e1:f6:e2:17:08:c3:5a:fc:86:91:31:ef:
65:09:e0:e4:ba:7e:02:8e:4c:49:d1:4b:e3:ac:35:33:f7

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIB9TCCAZugAwIBAgIQWsu98+/xSiSzeGfo6ydFzAKBggqhkJOPQQAjBPMSEw

HwYDVQQKDBhNaWNybz2NoaXAgVGvjaG5vbG9neSBJamMxKjAoBgNVBAMMIUNyeXB0
byBBdXRoZW50aWNhdGlvbjBTaWduZXIgaRjYwMDAgFw0xOTA4MjEyMjAwMDBaGA8y
MDQ3MDgyMTIyMDAwMFowRjEhMB8GA1UECgwYTWljcm9jaGlwIFRIY2hub2xvZ3kg
SW5jMSEwHwYDVQQDDDBgwMTIzODY3RDU2NkZGQjc3MDEgQVRFRQ0MwWTATBgqhkhjO
PQIBBgqhkhjOPQMBBwNCAAT8V2e2+65QYMqWWu9BscXWoWBhh46kePRNGNB2na1i
JLNowhpiywr97/W0DONV7PBAu0GDYQLvIDxjkzLUkEGro2AwXjAMBgNVHRMBAf8E
AjAAMA4GA1UdDwEB/wQEAwIDiDAdBgNVHQ4EFgQUUQ55PRXk1ztzUNblPSiNp4S2J
MwQwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAU+9yqEor6wbWSj82rEdsJP9NvvYwCgYIKoZIJ0EAWID
SAAwRQIhAIMyeCWcWgd8SgT4tcRX1ghw7sPUeZy2FI5ehlQ4UM/sAiBY4c/h9uIX
CMNa/IaRMe9lCeDkun4Cjxj0UvjrDUz9w==
-----END CERTIFICATE-----

Validate Device Certificate:
OK

Generated the manifest file 0123867d566ffb7701_manifest.json
MCHP Certificate processing completed successfully

The Notebook will also generate a manifest file to be uploaded into the public cloud of your choice (Google GCP, AWS IoT and Microsoft Azure).

After running this Notebook, it generates the required resources and program data zone with required secrets, keys and certificates.

For this use case, Validation Authority public key and a public key are loaded into TrustFLEX device in slot 13 and 14 respectively.

4 Use Case Prototyping

This hands-on lab is intended to demonstrate how to securely rotate public key in the TrustFLEX device. This uses the PubInvalid feature of the Slot configuration.

Secure Public Key Rotation is sequence of steps for host to update the public key in the TrustFLEX device securely. The basic flow to update the rotating public key is as follows:

1. Invalidate existing public key
2. Update (write) New rotating public key
3. Validate new rotating public key

To perform a validation/invalidation process, its required to have a validation authority. Typically, Validation Authority public key will be loaded to secure element and locked permanently.

This validation/invalidation process includes the authority signing the public key's digest and generating the signature. Authority's public key will be used for verifying the signature with second slot public key's digest.

To update a new rotating public key in the TrustFLEX device, first we need to invalidate the existing public key. By invalidating it, the slot becomes available for write operation and a new public key can be written to it. However, the slot cannot be used for cryptographic operations until its validated.

TrustFLEX device two slots being used for key rotation sequence,

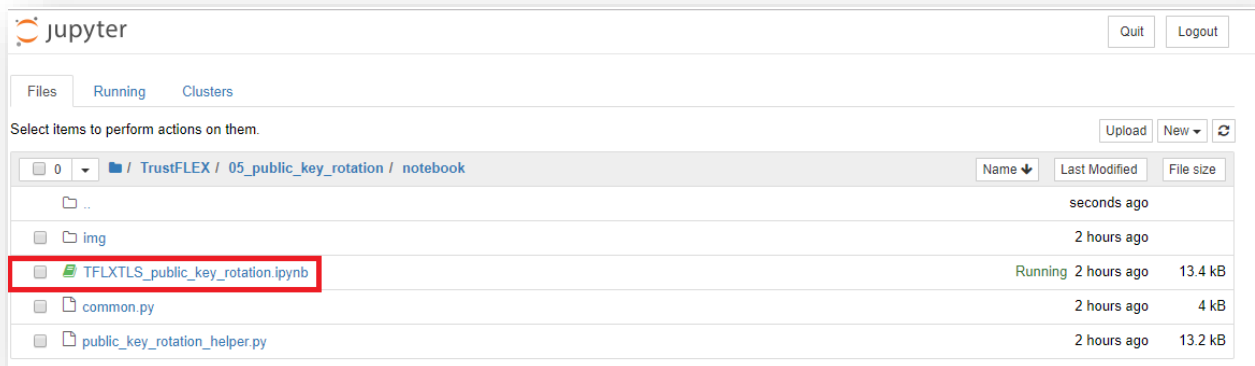
- Validation Authority public key – slot 13
- Rotating public key – slot 14

The resource generation for TrustFLEX device will generate and load prototyping validation authority and required public keys to TrustFLEX device.

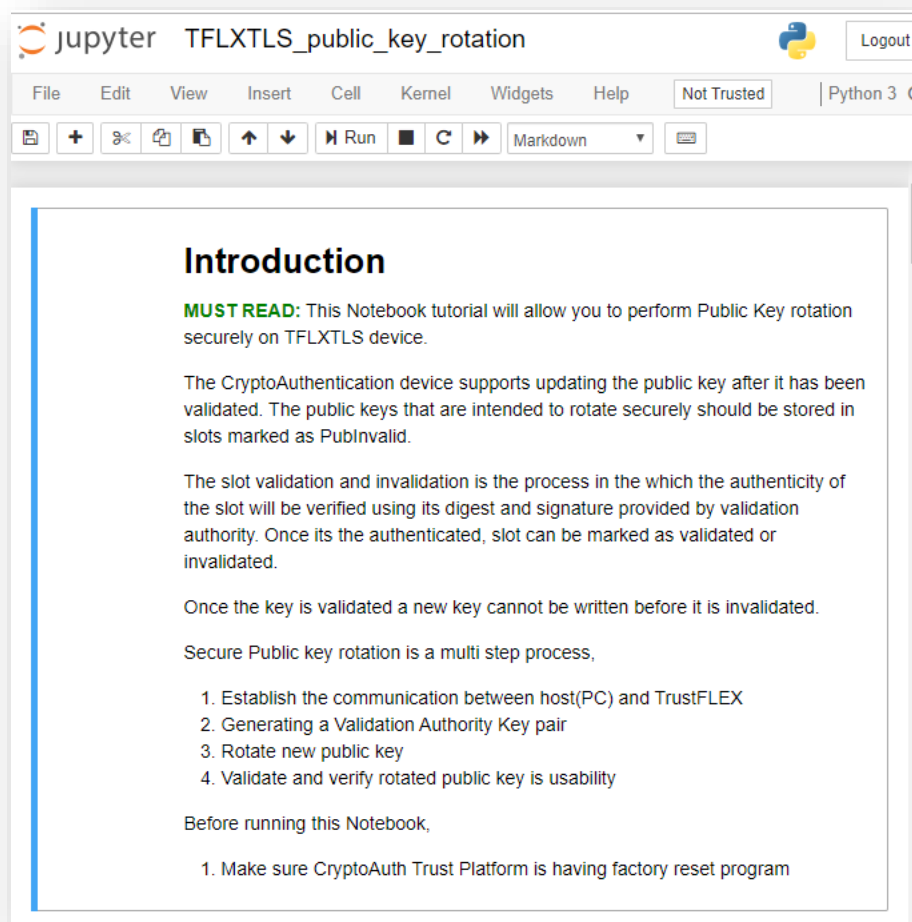
Following sections provide detail steps to execute the usecase both on Jupyter Notebook and on Embedded project.

4.1 Running Public Key Rotation example on Jupyter Notebook:

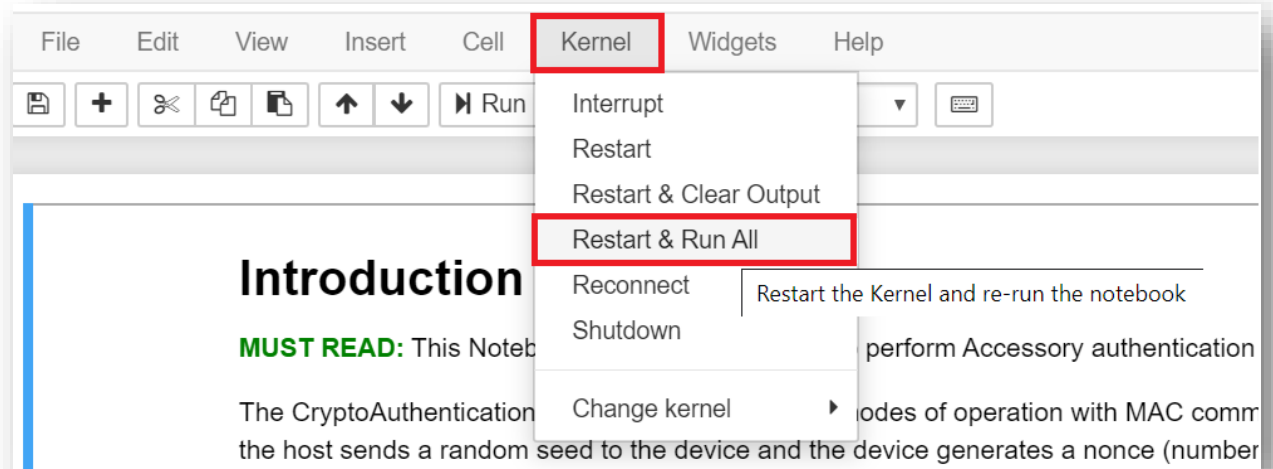
1. From the Jupyter Home page, navigate to **TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\notebook\TFLXTLS_public_key_rotation.ipynb** notebook file and open it.



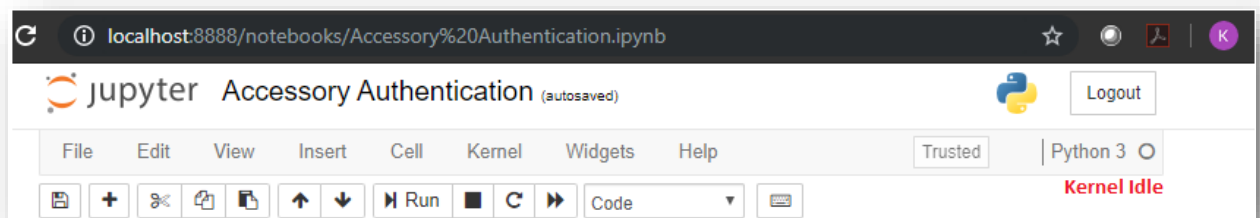
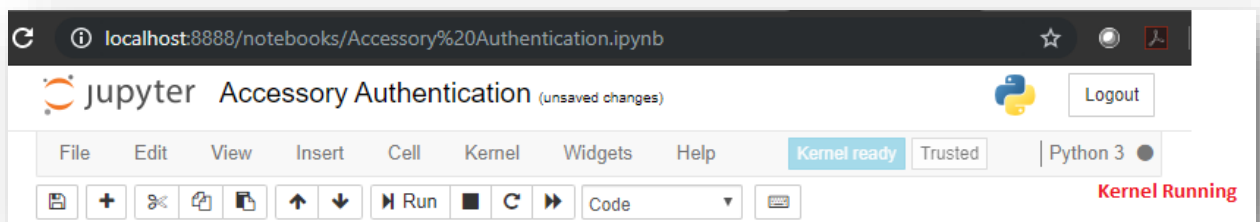
Opening the notebook from Jupyter home page should load the following on the browser,



2. Run All Cells by using Kernel -> Restart & Run All



3. It may take a while to complete, wait for the kernel to complete all processing i.e. from Kernel Running to Kernel Idle state (Check circle above **RED** text)



4. Navigate through different cells output for the description of the step and result from the execution.
5. There are 6 major steps in this lab
This lab is setup to generate multiple button at the end of the example. These buttons perform the tasks listed below.

Generating a Validation Authority key pair

This step setups a temporary validation authority to perform slot validation and validation process. This is already taken care part of resource generation

Generating a new public key

This step generates a new key pair to rotate the existing public key in the slot. This will be the new public key attempted to load in to PubInvalid slot i.e. for secure public key rotation.

Click on “Gen Rotating Key Pair” button at the bottom of the Notebook. This generates new key to update the existing slot. The button turns **RED** if there is any error in the execution.

```
verify = widgets.Button(description = "Step4. Verify using Rotated key",
    tooltip='Perform Verify with rotated Public Key', layout=layout)
verify.on_click(verify_rotate_public_key)
display(widgets.VBox((rotating_key_pair_generate, Authorise, write_and_validate_key, verify)))
```

Step1. Gen Rotating key pair
Step2. Authorize new key
Step3. Validate Slot for Rotation
Step4. Verify using Rotated key

Generated new rotating public key pair

Authorize public key

Before the new key to be used for writing into the slot, this should be validated by validation authority. In this step, validation authority calculates the Pubkey’s digest and signs using its private key.

Click on “Authorize new key” button at the bottom of the Notebook. This authorizes the new public key using validation authority. The button turns **RED** if there is any error in the execution.

```
verify = widgets.Button(description = "Step4. Verify using Rotated key",
    tooltip='Perform Verify with rotated Public Key', layout=layout)
verify.on_click(verify_rotate_public_key)
display(widgets.VBox((rotating_key_pair_generate, Authorise, write_and_validate_key, verify)))
```

Step1. Gen Rotating key pair
Step2. Authorize new key
Step3. Validate Slot for Rotation
Step4. Verify using Rotated key

Generated new rotating public key pair

Signing the rotating key digest with the Authority Private Key

Update public key

This is the step where actual slot update happens. Before updating the existing slot should be invalidated using existing public key digest and signature provided by the validation authority. This signature should be of existing (old) public key, but not new public key.

Once the slot is invalidated, new public key can be overwritten to this slot. After writing it successfully, the slot remains in invalidated state and doesn't allow any cryptographic operations.

Validate the rotating public key

This step does the slot validation after writing the new public key into PubInvalid slot i.e. slot14. Unless the slot is validated this cannot be used for cryptographic operations like Verify.

The process of validation involves the Public Key digest, Signature provided by validation authority. During this process, TrustFLEX device initiates internal Public key digest calculation on Slot14. Once the Digest is generated atcab_verify_validate will be issued with Slot number and Signature as parameters. On the successful match of digest and signature, the slot will be marked as PubInvalid. This restricts further writes to slot, but enables cryptographic operations using this slot.

Click on "Validate Slot for Rotation Key" button at the bottom of the Notebook to perform Public key authorization, updating to slot and validating the new public key. The button turns **RED** if there is any error in the execution.

```
verify = widgets.Button(description = "Step4. Verify using Rotated key",  
                        tooltip="Perform Verify with rotated Public Key", layout=layout)  
verify.on_click(verify_rotate_public_key)  
display(widgets.VBox((rotating_key_pair_generate, Authorise, write_and_validate_key, verify)))
```

Step1. Gen Rotating key pair

Step2. Authorize new key

Step3. Validate Slot for Rotation

Step4. Verify using Rotated key

Generated new rotating public key pair

Signing the rotating key digest with the Authority Private Key

Rotating Public Key is written to device

Rotating Public Key is validated with authority signed signature

Verify the rotating public key

Once rotating public key is validated, then the rotating public key can be used for ECC operations. To verify that rotating public key availability for ECC operations, here we perform a sign and verify ECC operation.

First generate a temporary message digest and sign by private key corresponding to new/rotated public key. Then the signature is verified by using rotating public key. If it is verified, then the rotating public key is available for ECC operations or else not.

Click on "Verify Key" button at the bottom of the Notebook to perform verify operation using rotated key. The button turns green if rotated public key can be used for ECC operations or it will turn **RED**.

```
verify = widgets.Button(description = "Step4. Verify using Rotated key",  
                        tooltip='Perform Verify with rotated Public Key', layout=layout)  
verify.on_click(verify_rotate_public_key)  
display(widgets.VBox((rotating_key_pair_generate, Authorise, write_and_validate_key, verify)))
```

Step1. Gen Rotating key pair

Step2. Authorize new key

Step3. Validate Slot for Rotation

Step4. Verify using Rotated key

Generated new rotating public key pair

Signing the rotating key digest with the Authority Private Key

Rotating Public Key is written to device

Rotating Public Key is validated with authority signed signature

Signing with the Rotating Private Key

Verified the Rotating Public key

4.2 Running Public Key Rotation on Embedded platform

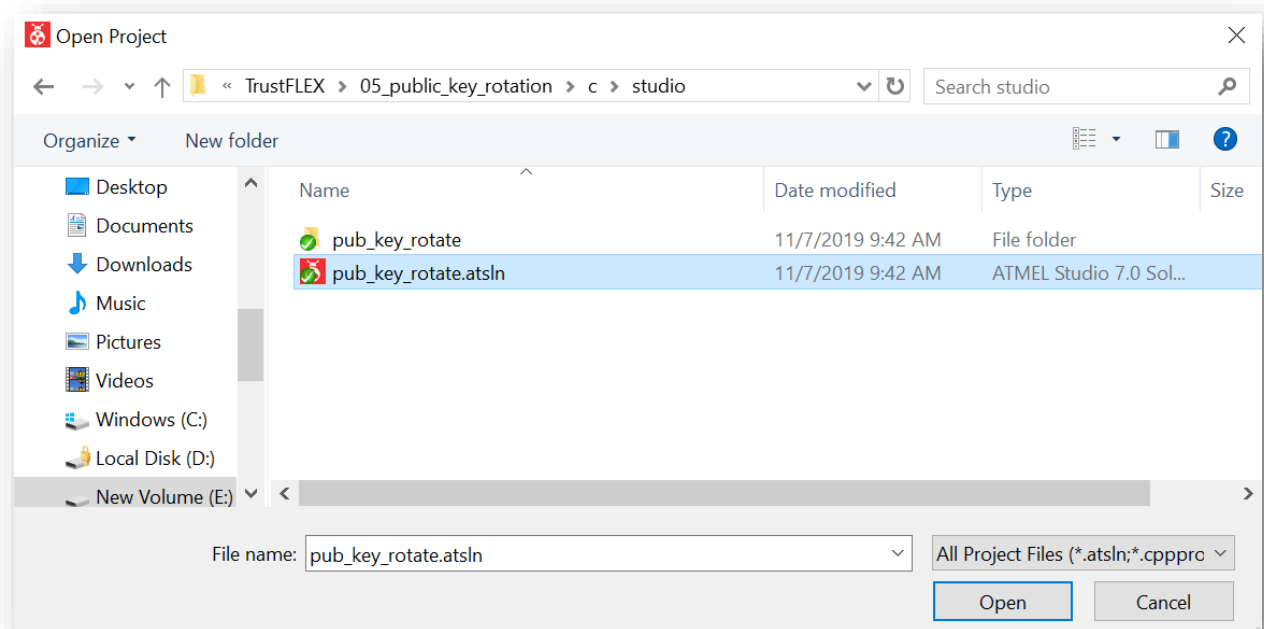
This usecase can also be executed on Embedded platform. Once the resources are generated, both Atmel Studio and MPLAB projects provided can be used to run the application on CryptoAuth Trust Platform.

This project can only perform Public key rotation steps, but not key generations for validation authority and new public key. It is **required** to use Public Key Rotation Notebook to generate new public key and get it authorized by validation authority. This notebook generates supporting data files like public keys, signatures and nonces for C projects.

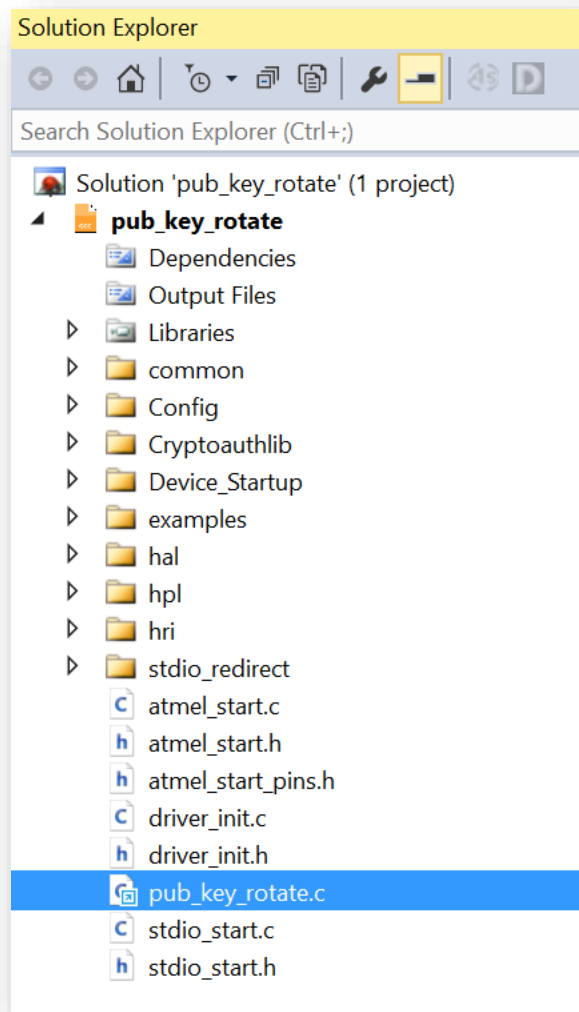
Once the new public key is generated and authorized, these embedded projects can be used to rotate the current public key to the new one.

4.2.1 Atmel Studio:

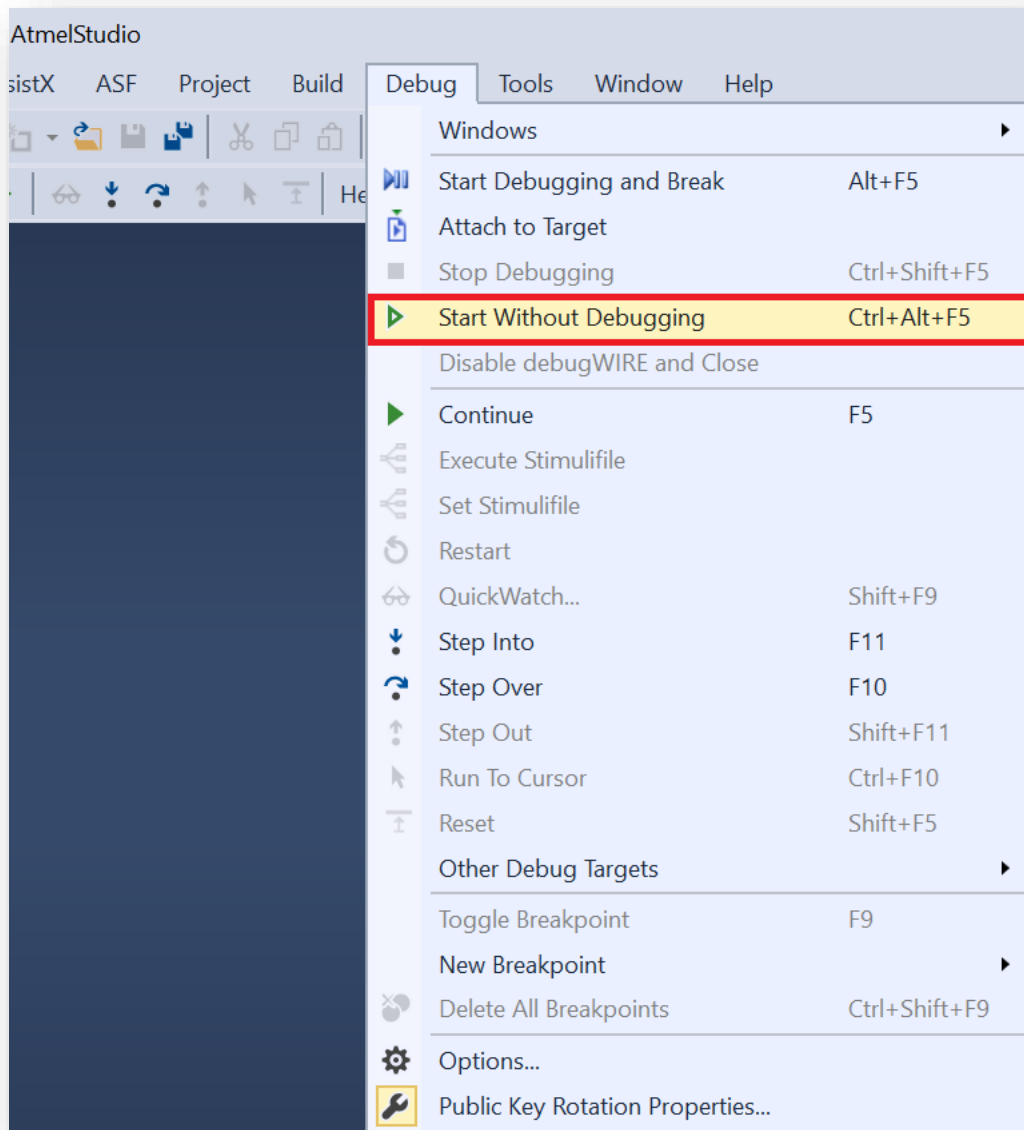
1. Open **pub_key_rotate.atsln** project by navigating to Atmel Studio -> File -> open-> **TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\c\studio\pub_key_rotate.atsln**



2. The application source code **pub_key_rotate.c** is available at **TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\c\pub_key_rotate.c**. Other supporting files can be found under **assets\ dependencies**



3. Program the Crypto Trust platform by navigating to **Debug -> Start Without Debugging**



This step may take some time, wait for Atmel Studio to compile and program the device.

Once the programming is done, the firmware will do public key rotation operation. Depending on the public key rotation operation's output, the Cryptoauth Trust Platform board's Status LED will blink at different rates.

If public key rotation operation **succeeds**, LED blinks once every second.
If public key rotation operation **fails**, LED blinks five times every second.

It is also possible to view the console messages by using applications like TeraTerm. Open the application with the COM related to CryptoAuth TrustPlatform with 115200-8-N-1 settings.

COM18 - Tera Term VT

File Edit Setup Control Window Help

```
Device revision:
00 00 60 02

Validated public key is already in slot, invalidated the slot to
update the new public key

New Rotating Public key written to device:
1B DC 32 6C 9C 47 CB AF FA E6 F1 3D 59 41 E3 B1
96 12 2F 8C 70 BE 3B 07 CB CD 5C 01 FE 6B A4 1E
E7 58 E4 EF 08 3E 16 45 71 B3 0B CE 09 25 97 62
43 BB D8 00 8F D9 CD 84 AF 71 50 55 95 E7 5C A2

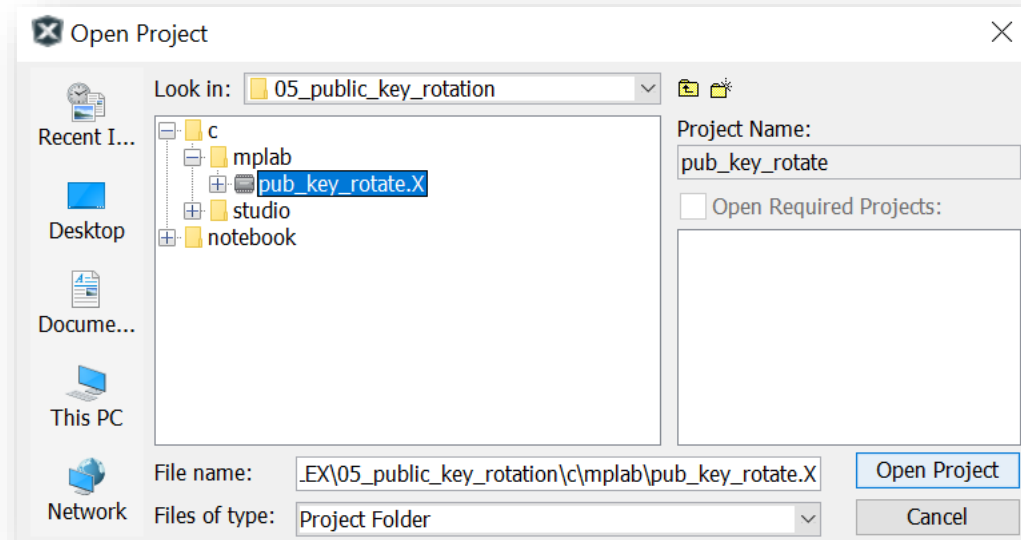
Validated the Rotating Public key in device

Verified the Rotating Public key in device is usable for verify
operations

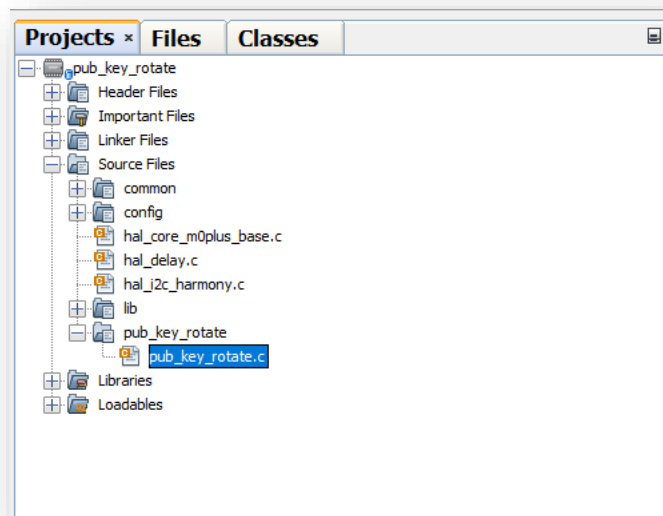
Execution completed with status 00
```

4.2.2 MPLAB:

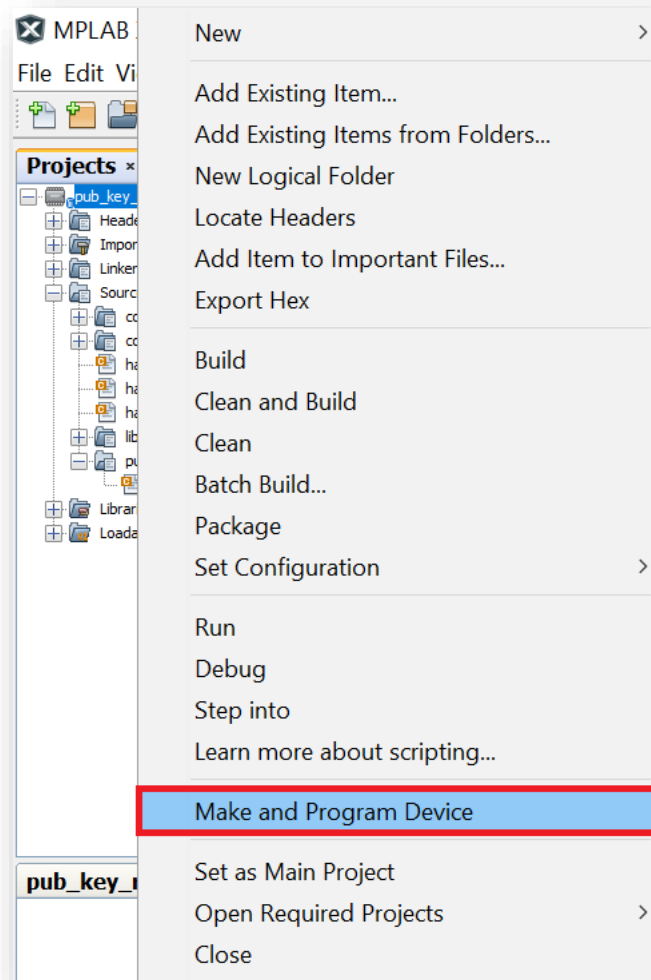
1. Open **pub_key_rotate.X** project by navigating to MPLAB -> File -> Open Project -> **TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\c\mplab\pub_key_rotate.X**



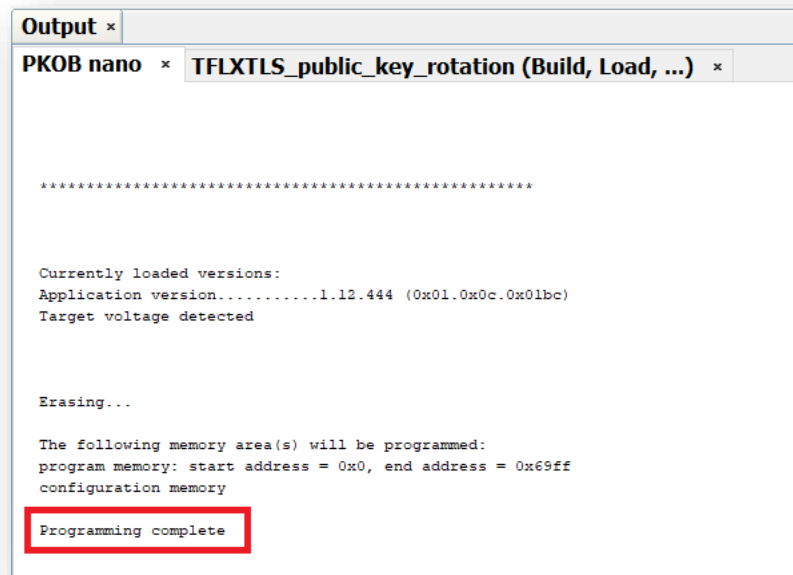
2. The application source code **pub_key_rotate.c** is available at **TrustFLEX\05_public_key_rotation\c\pub_key_rotate.c**. Other supporting files can be found under **assets\ dependencies**.



3. Program the Crypto Trust platform by navigating to **pub_key_rotate** -> **Make and Program Device**



This step may take some time, wait for MPLAB to program the device. Once it is done programming you will see "**Programming complete**" message in Output Window.



```
*****

Currently loaded versions:
Application version.....1.12.444 (0x01.0x0c.0x01bc)
Target voltage detected

Erasing...

The following memory area(s) will be programmed:
program memory: start address = 0x0, end address = 0x69ff
configuration memory

Programming complete
```

Once the programming is done, the firmware will do public key rotation operation. Depending on the public key rotation operation's output, the Cryptoauth Trust Platform board's Status LED will blink at different rates.

If public key rotation operation **succeeds**, LED blinks once every second.
If public key rotation operation **fails**, LED blinks five times every second.

It is also possible to view the Console messages by using applications like TeraTerm. Open the application with the COM related to CryptoAuth TrustPlatform with 115200-8-N-1 settings

COM18 - Tera Term VT

File Edit Setup Control Window Help

```
Device revision:
00 00 60 02

Validated public key is already in slot, invalidated the slot to
update the new public key

New Rotating Public key written to device:
1B DC 32 6C 9C 47 CB AF FA E6 F1 3D 59 41 E3 B1
96 12 2F 8C 70 BE 3B 07 CB CD 5C 01 FE 6B A4 1E
E7 58 E4 EF 08 3E 16 45 71 B3 0B CE 09 25 97 62
43 BB D8 00 8F D9 CD 84 AF 71 50 55 95 E7 5C A2

Validated the Rotating Public key in device

Verified the Rotating Public key in device is usable for verify
operations

Execution completed with status 00
```

4.3 CryptoAuth TrustPlatform Factory reset

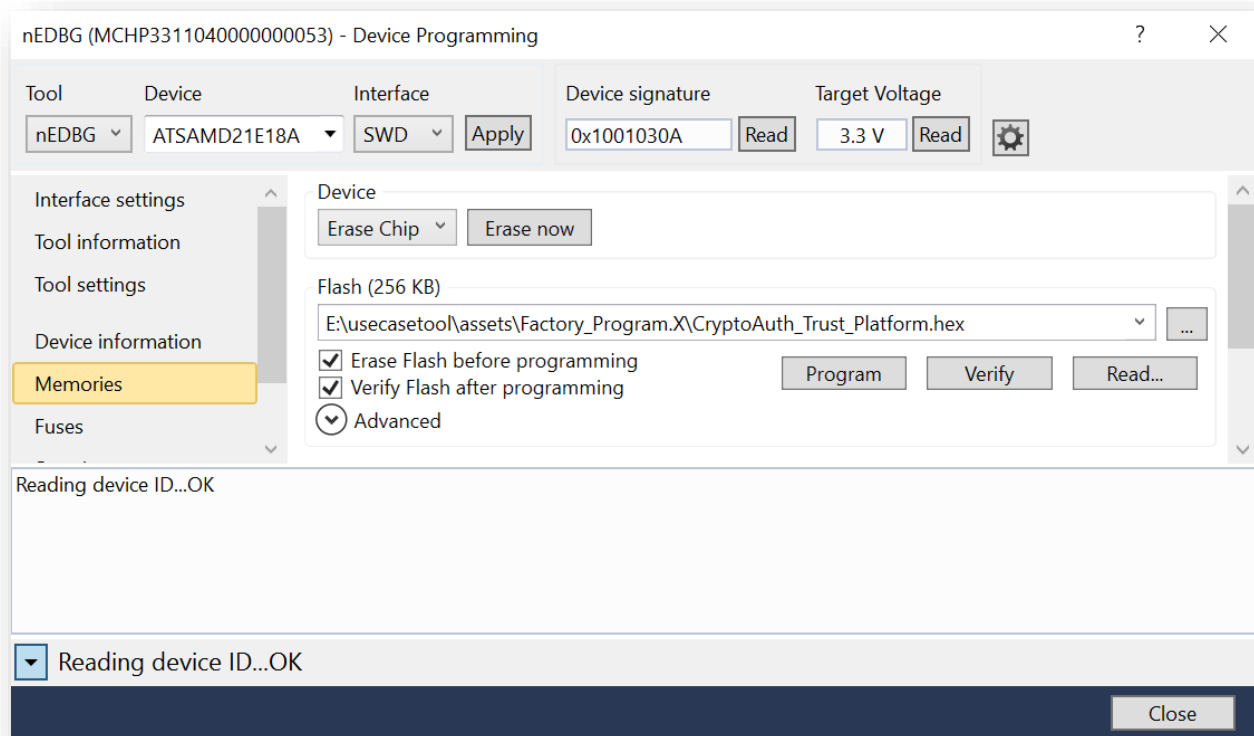
Once any of the embedded project is loaded to CryptoAuth TrustPlatform, the default program that enables interaction with TrustPlatform tools will be erased.

Before using the Platform with any other notebook or tools on PC, its required to reprogram the default .hex file. Default hex file is available at

assets\Factory_Program.X\CryptoAuth_Trust_Platform.hex

To reprogram using Atmel Studio:

1. Navigate to AtmelStudio -> Tools -> Device Programming
2. Select Tool as nEDBG and Apply
3. Go to Memories and navigate to above path under Flash dropdown
4. Check both Erase Flash and Verify Flash
5. Click on Program



To reprogram using MPLAB:

1. Open **assets\Factory_Program.X** project in MPLAB IDE
2. Program the Crypto Trust platform by navigating to
CryptoAuth_Trust_Platform_Factory_Program -> Make and Program Device

Now, Crypto Trust Platform contains factory programmed application that enables interactions with Notebooks and/or PC tools.

5 FAQ

1. What are the reasons for “**AssertionError: Can't connect to the USB dongle**” error?

There are many possibilities like,

1. Crypto Trust Platform is having different application than factory reset firmware. Refer to “CryptoAuth TrustPlatform Factory reset” section any usecase TrustFLEX Guide for reloading it
2. Check the switch positions on Crypto Trust Platform and/or ATECC608A Trust board
 - a. Correct Trust device should be connected and only one device of that type is allowed on the I2C bus. Multiple devices with same address results in error
3. Check USB connections to Crypto Trust Platform

2. How to reload factory default application to Crypto Trust Platform?

Refer to “CryptoAuth TrustPlatform Factory reset” section any usecase TrustFLEX Guide for reloading it.

3. Why does my C projects generates No such file or directory with ../../../../TFLXTLS_resource_generation/?

C project generates this error when the resources are not generated prior to using embedded projects. Running the resource generation notebook ensures these files and secrets are generated.

4. Before running any use case notebook and/or C project, why is it mandate to execute resource generation?

When resource generation notebook is executed, it generates and programs the required resources like secrets, keys and certificates. These are only prototyping keys and cannot be used for production. These keys will be used part of Usecase notebooks and C projects

5. How to know the resources being used in a use case?

Refer to individual Usecase description html for details on transaction diagrams, resources being used and other details. The resources required for given use case is mentioned in INFER CRYPTOGRAPHIC ASSETS section.

6. When should I select Custom certificates while doing resource generation?

Custom certificates are required when user wants to have their own root, signer instead of MCHP provided. The difference would be organization name, common name and validity are configurable

7. How to know whether C project is executing on Trust Platform or not after programming?

Once the programming is done, the firmware will do use case operation. Depending on the use case operation's output, the Crypto Trust Platform board's status LED will blink at different rates.

If use case operation succeeds, LED blinks once every second. If it fails, LED blinks five times every second.

It is also possible to view the Console messages by using applications like TeraTerm. Open the application with the COM related to Crypto Trust Platform with 115200-8-N-1 settings

8. Why is public key rotation project fails with error “Rotating Public key verification failed”?

There are many possibilities like,

- a. Signer registration is not done to the right account
- b. aws client region is select incorrectly
- c. WiFi credentials are not populated or in correct in C project
- d. aws-iot endpoint is not populated or in-correct in C project

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