

DAAPY 10

Wednesday, November 8, 2023 3:50 PM

----- class 9 11/1/2023 -----

1 ✓

----- class 10 11/8/2023 -----

2

----- class 11 11/15/2023 -----

3

----- class 12 11/22/2023 -----

NO CLASS. THANKS GIVING FALL BREAK

----- class 13 11/29/2023 -----

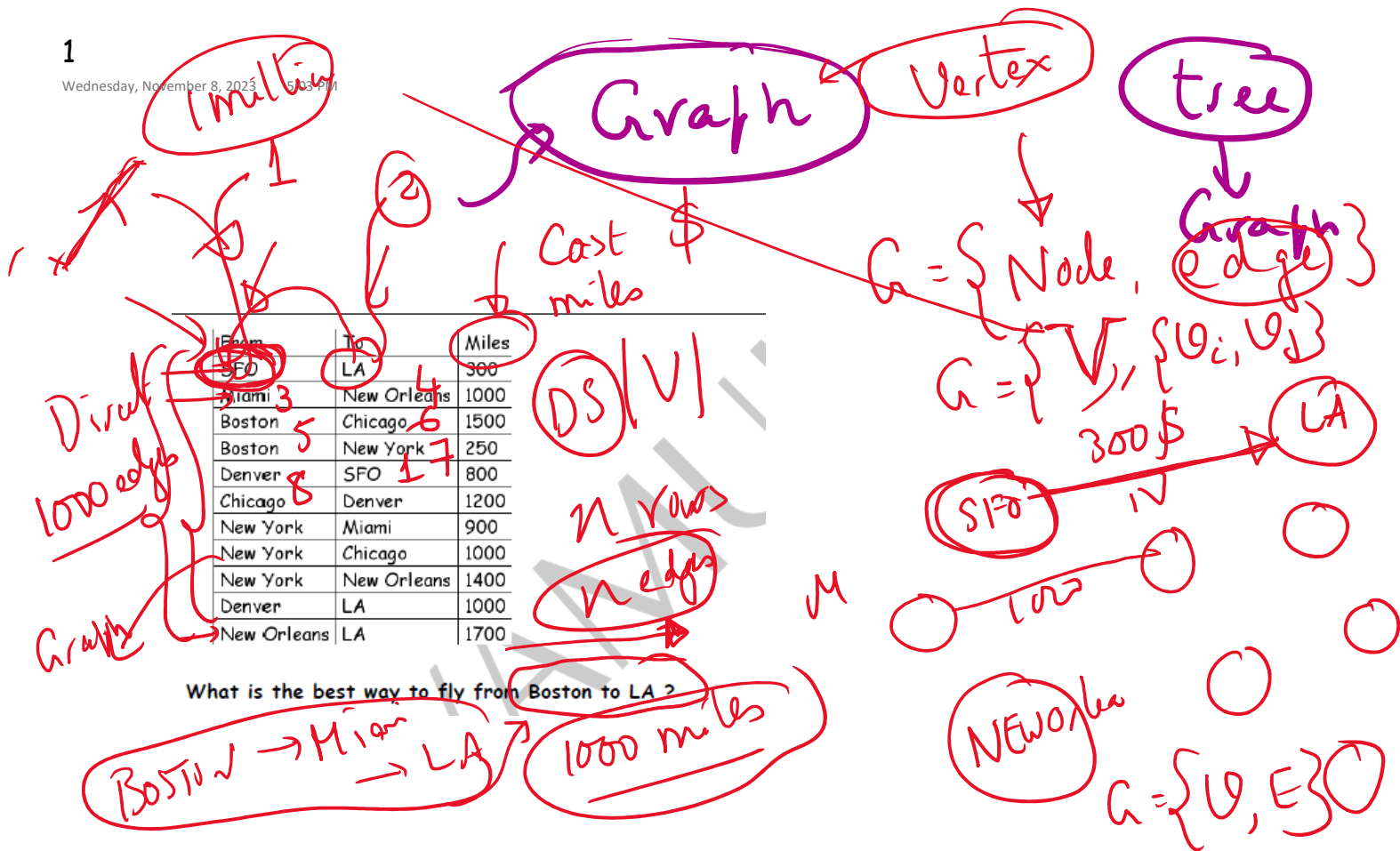
4

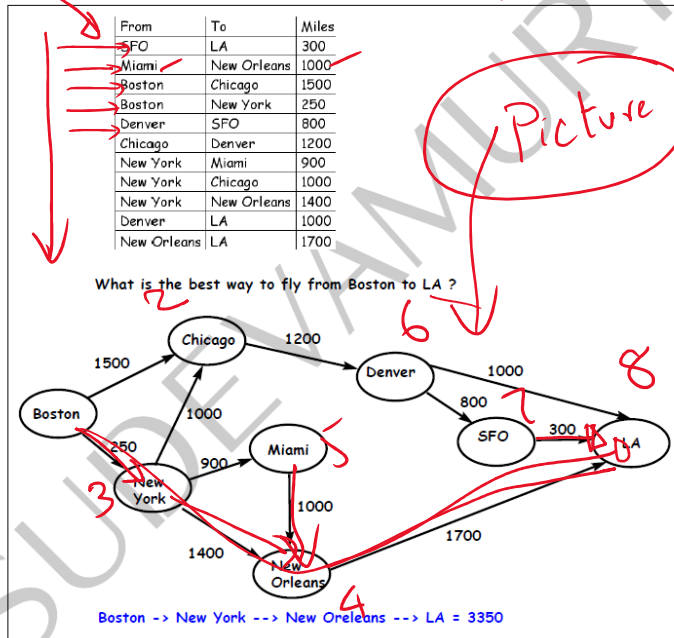
----- 12/6/2023 -----

NO CLASS

----- class 14 12/10/2023 -----

FINAL



Figure 18.1: What is the best way to fly from Boston to LA?

$G = \{V, E\}$
 $\{V, \{ \overset{\text{undirected}}{\longleftrightarrow} v_i, v_j \} \}$
 $|V| = 8$ $\xrightarrow{\text{direct}}$
 With Weight-

$N = 1 \text{ million}$
 edge = ?

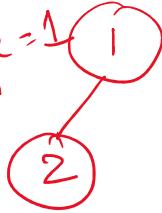


Graph

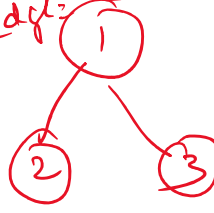
$n=1$
 $edge=0$

①

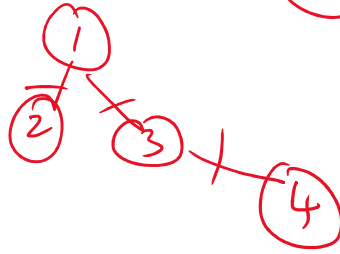
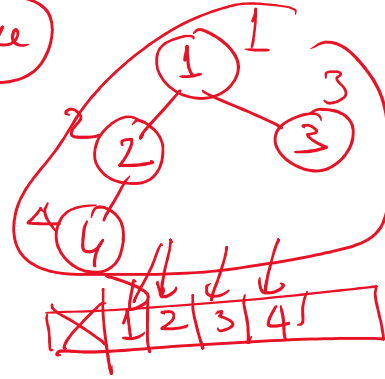
$n=2$
 $edge=1$



$n=3$
 $edge=2$

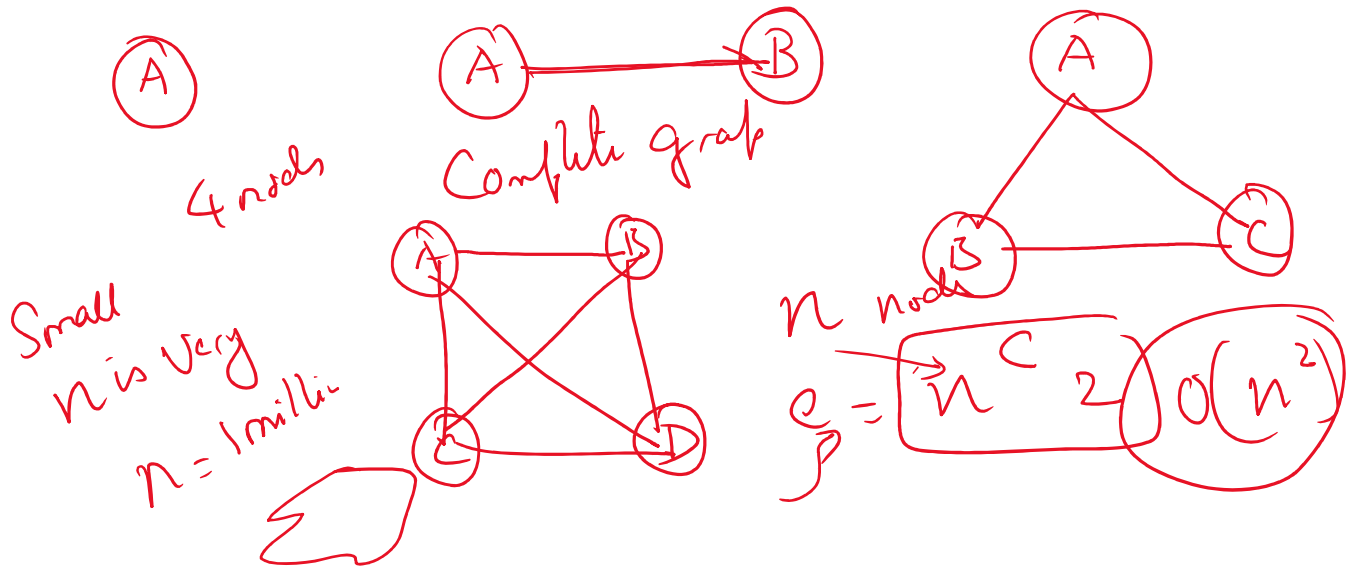


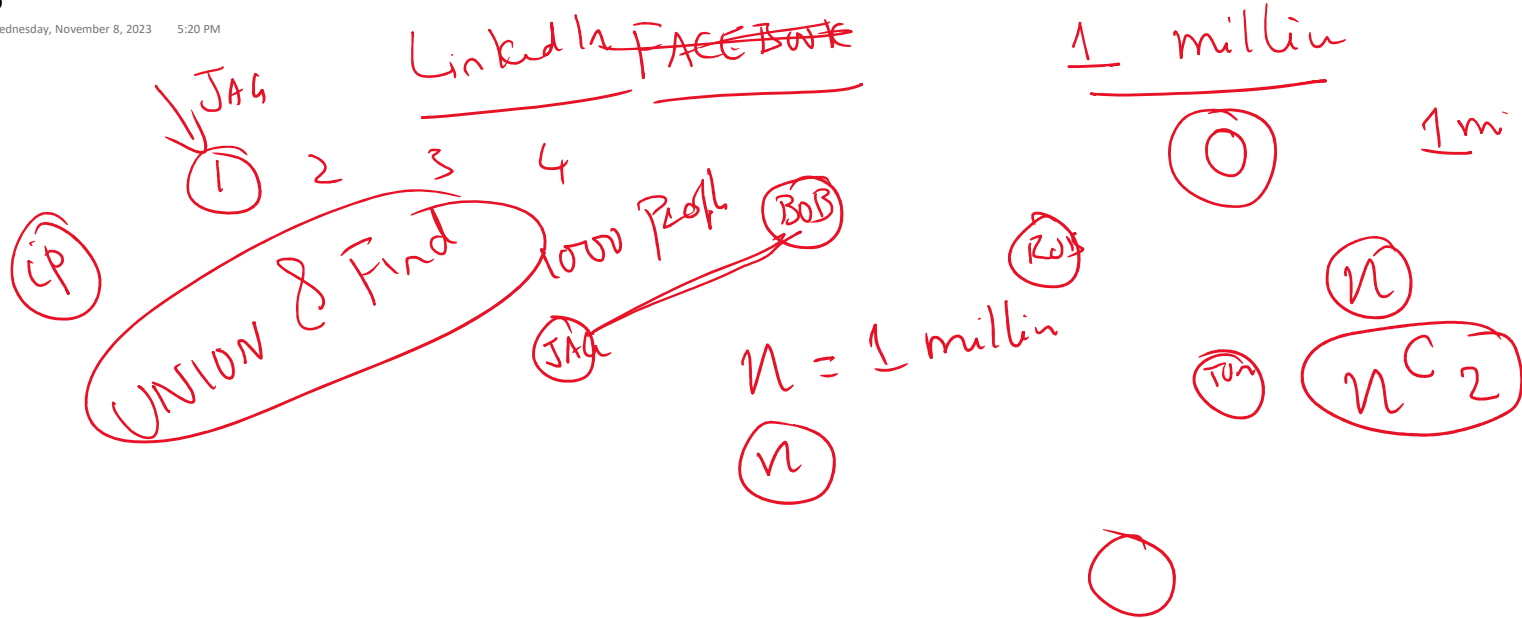
tree

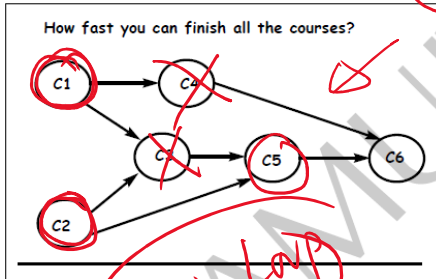


Loop

n nodes
 $e = (n-1)$ edges







MS

How?

6 Courses

MS

1: C1 & C2

1: C1 & C2

2: C3, C4

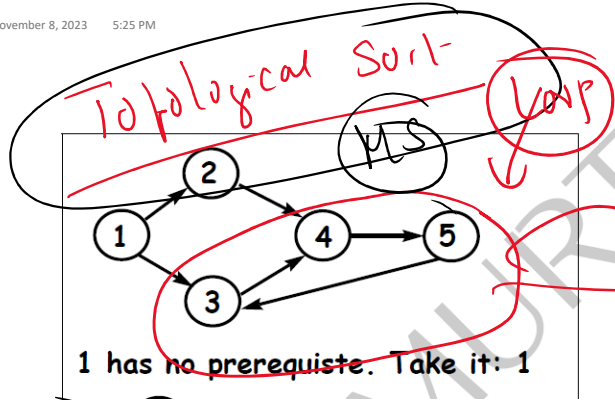
2.

3: C5

2 Years

4: C6

1 Year



1: 1
2: 2

Refrain
Loop

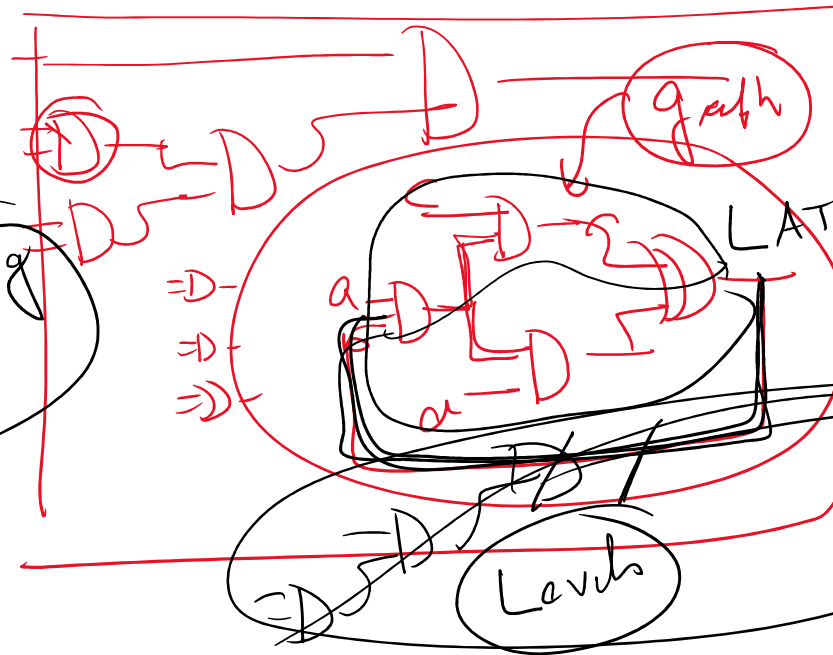
Loop



Graph

Node

Combinational E



1 Billion per

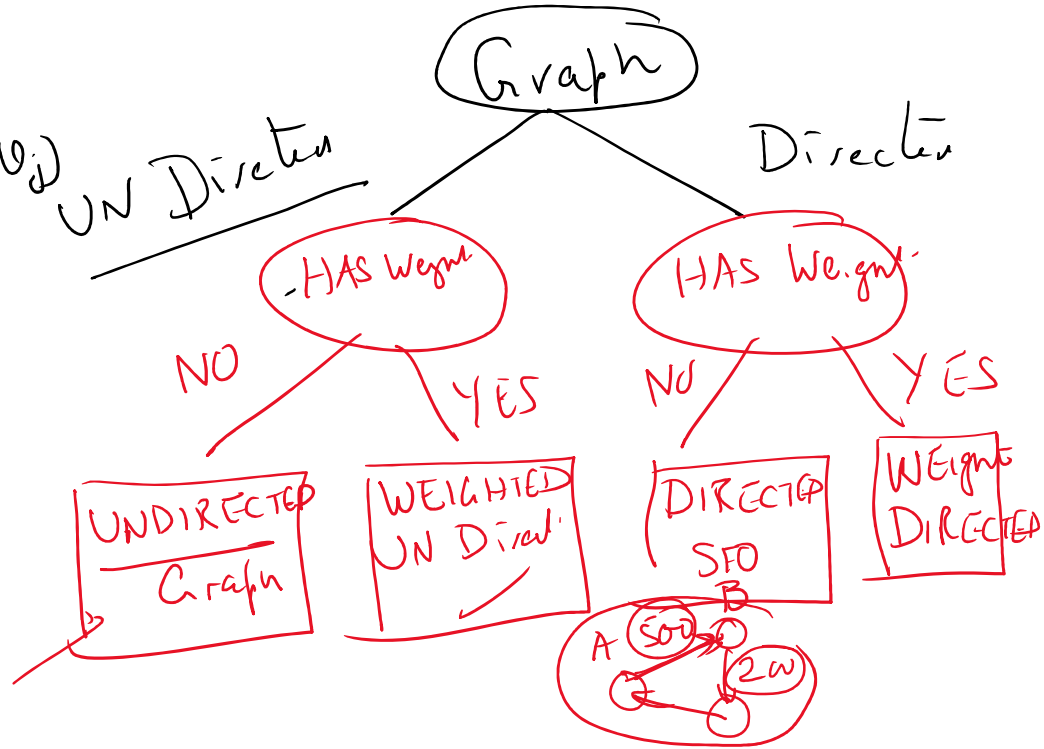
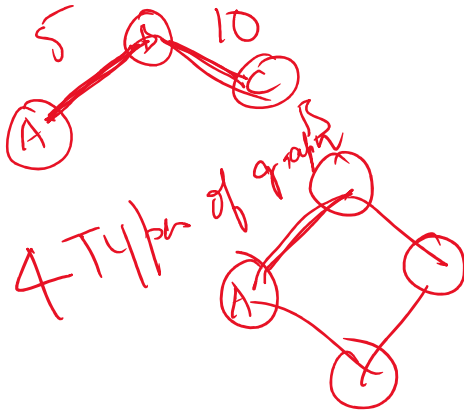
$$G = \{V, E\}$$

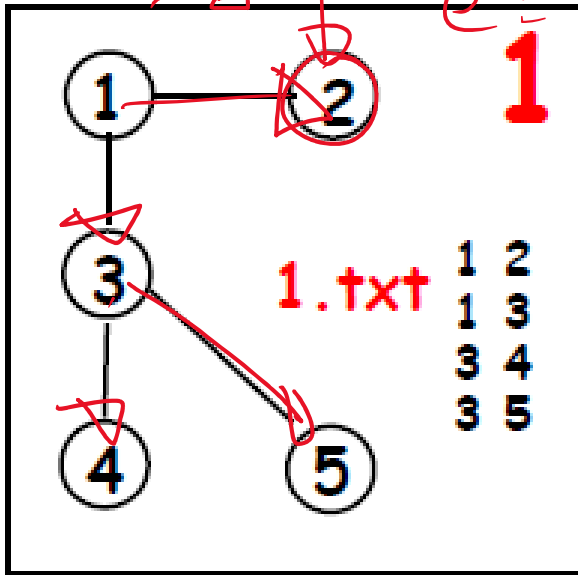
$$\{v_i, v_j\}$$

UN Directed

Graph

Directed





$$n = 5$$

$$e = 4$$

Fr TO

①
SFO

②
LONDON

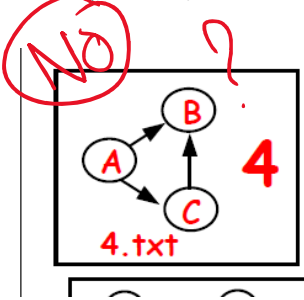
Graph

1. taxi, Under

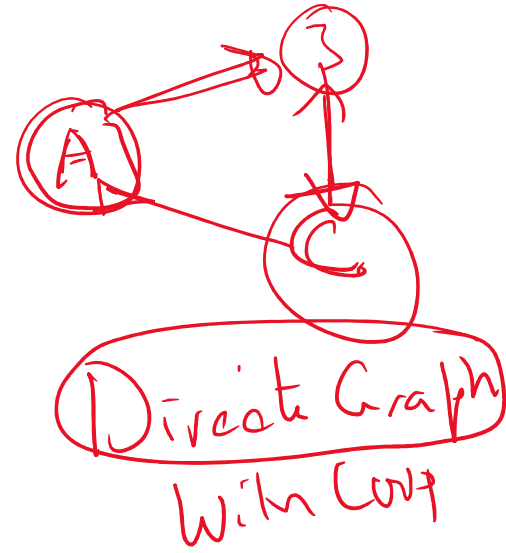
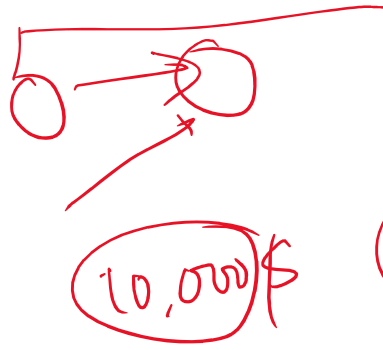
1 2
1 3

1. taxi, Dir



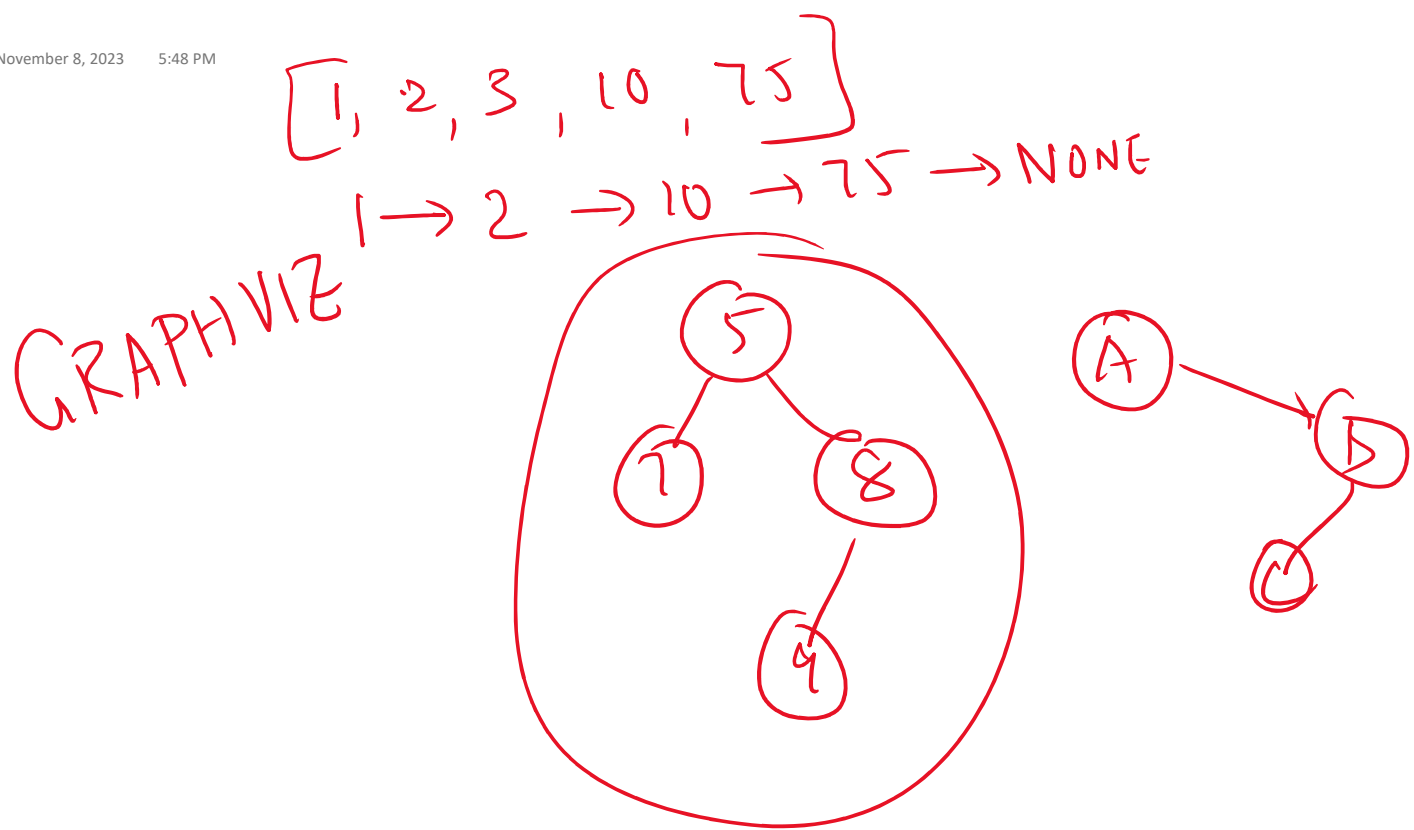


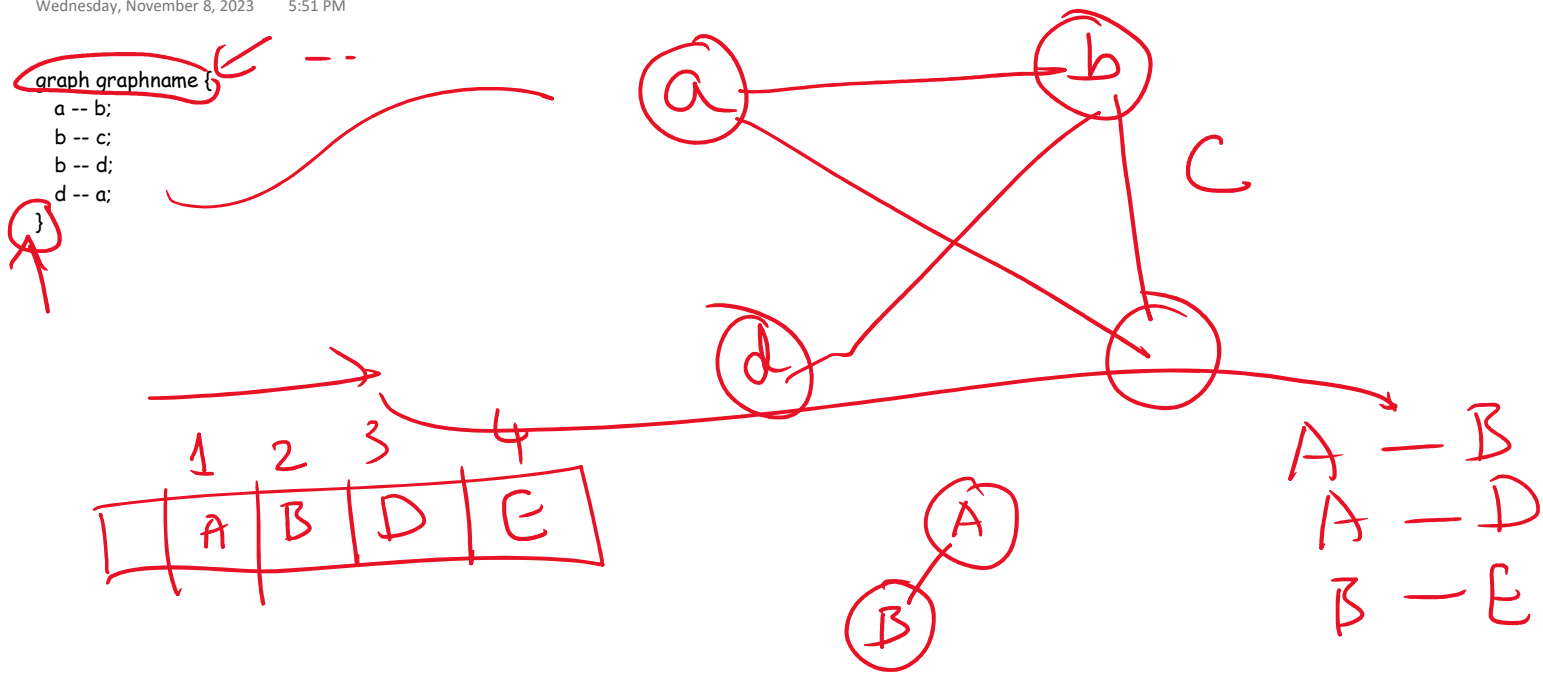
A B
A C
C B



No Loop
Direct graph
With No Loop
DAG
Direct Acyclic Graph





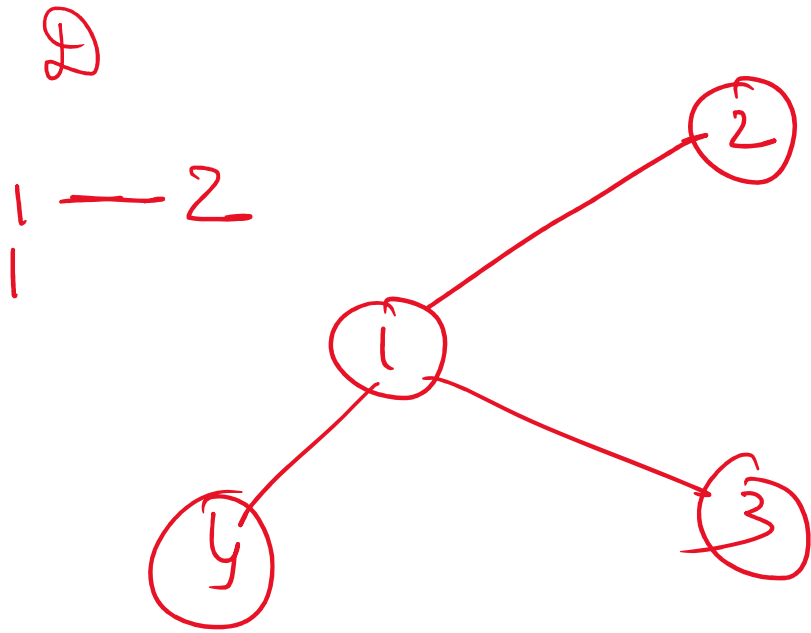


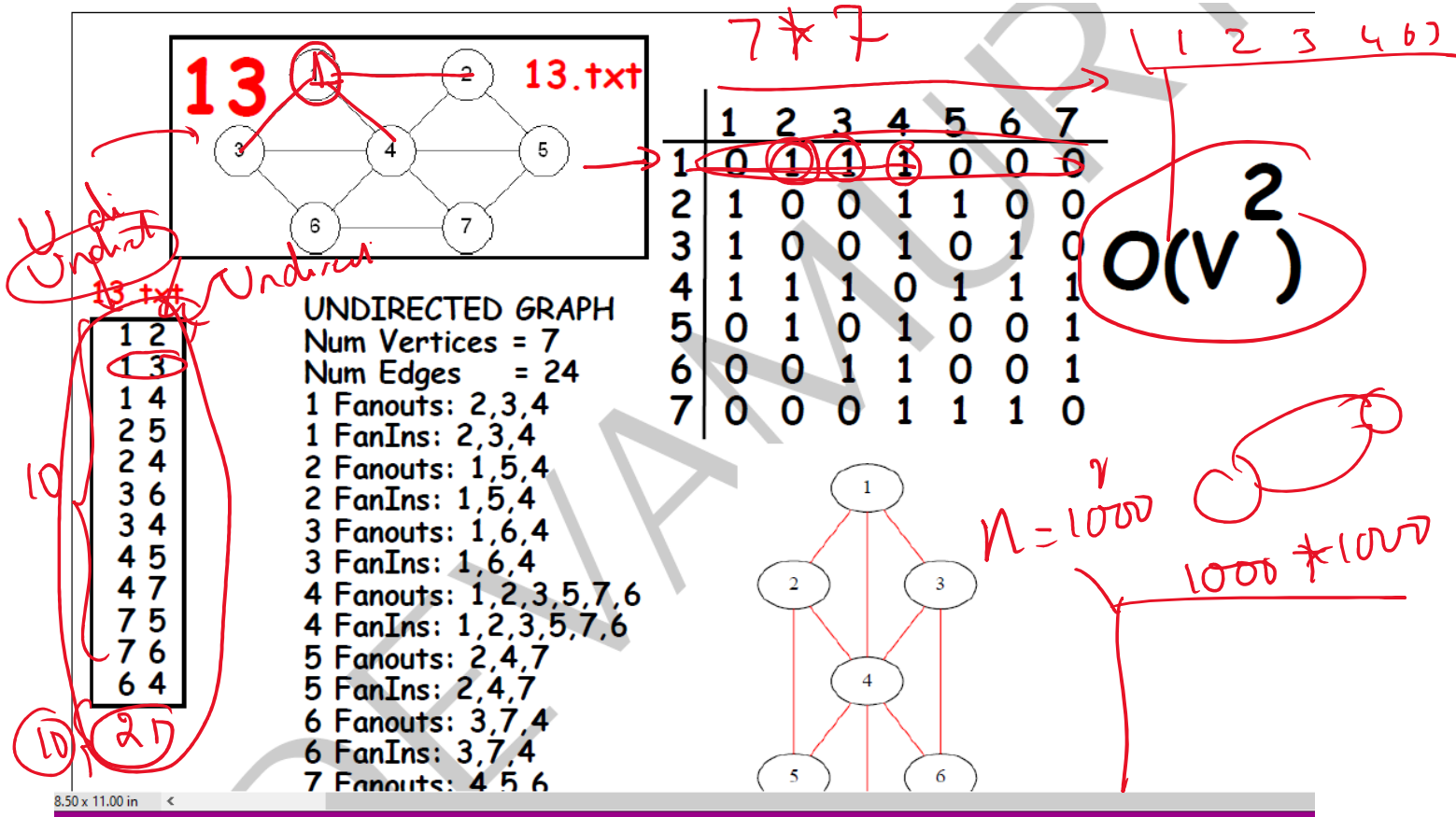
8

```

## Jagadeesh Vasudevamurthy #####
diagraph g {
  edge [dir=none, color=red]
    1 -> 2
    1 -> 3
    1 -> 4
    2 -> 5
    2 -> 4
    3 -> 6
    3 -> 4
    4 -> 5
    4 -> 7
    4 -> 6
    5 -> 7
    6 -> 7
}

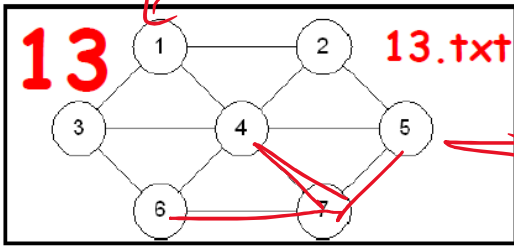
```





①

SPACE: $O(V^2)$ 1 Bill
 $O(V)$
 $O(V)$



.txt
 2
 3
 4
 5

UNDIRECTED GRAPH
 Num Vertices = 7
 Num Edges = 24
 1 Fanouts: 2,3,4

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
3	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
4	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
5	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
6	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
7	0	0	0	1	1	1	0

$O(V^2)$

Where CAN I go from ① $O(V)$

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
2	0	0	1	0			
3	0	0	1	0			
4	0	0	1	0			
5	1						
6	1						
7	0						

② SPARSE MATRIX

FANIN

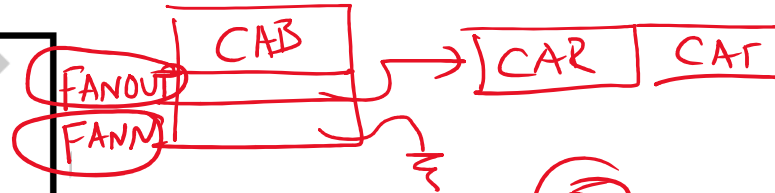
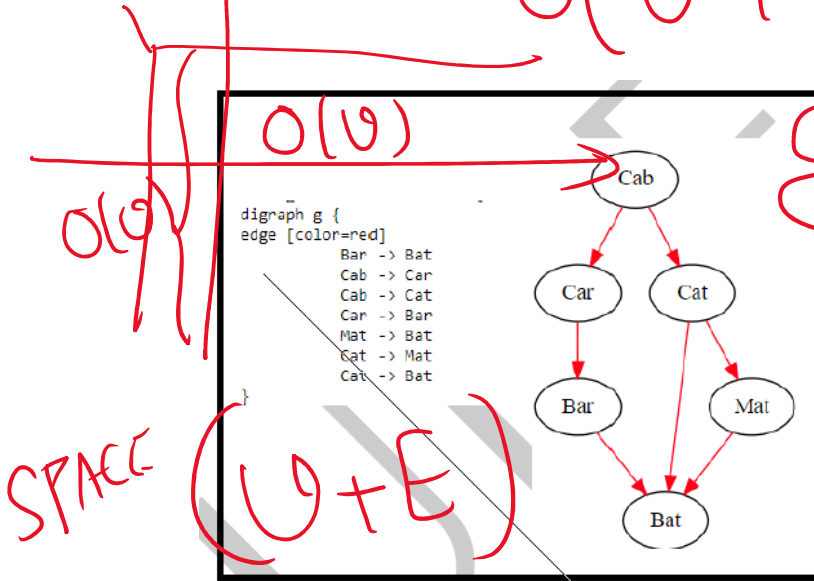
FANOUT

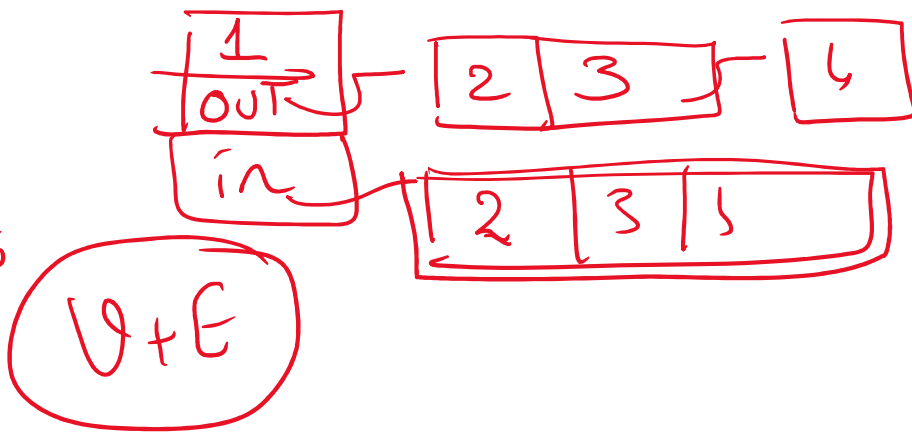
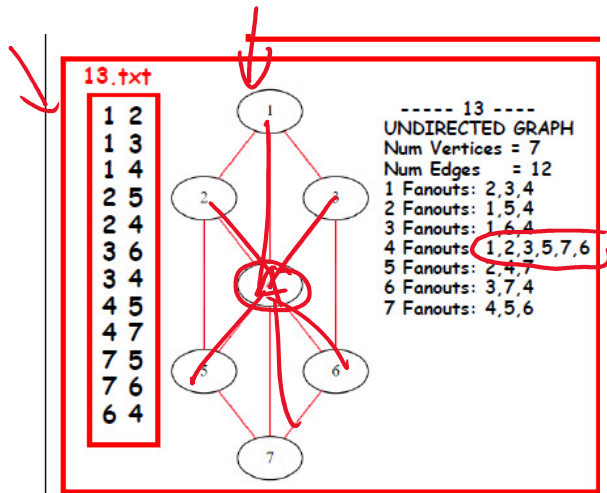
① $O(V^2)$

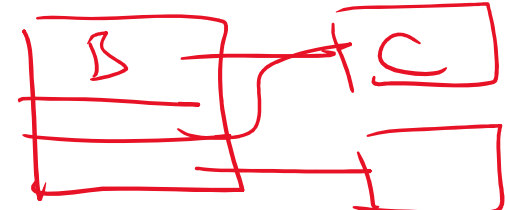
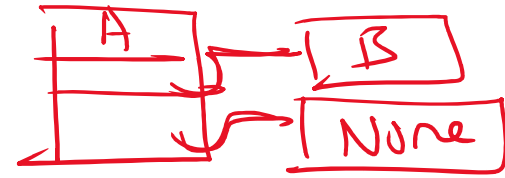
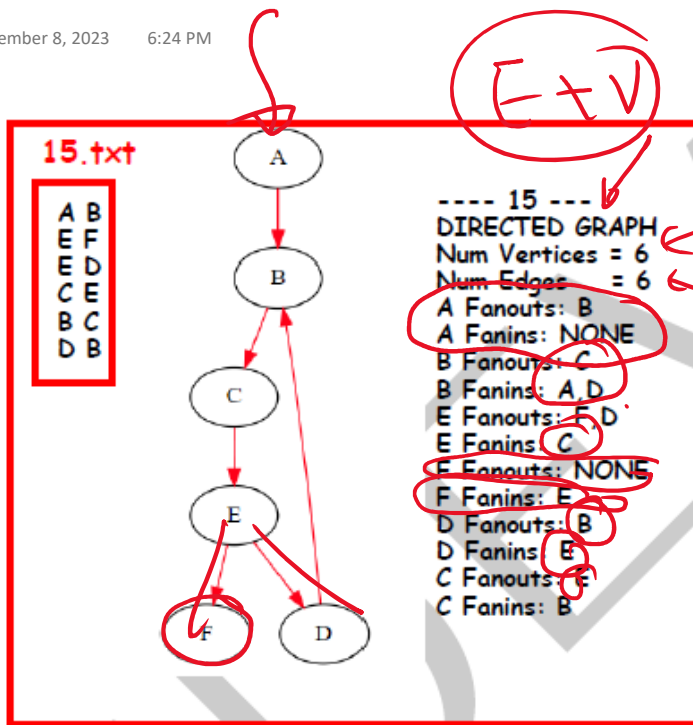
$O(V+E)$

$O(V)$ $O(V)$ $O(V)$ $O(V)$ $O(V)$ $O(V)$ $O(V)$ $O(V)$

$$O(V + E)$$

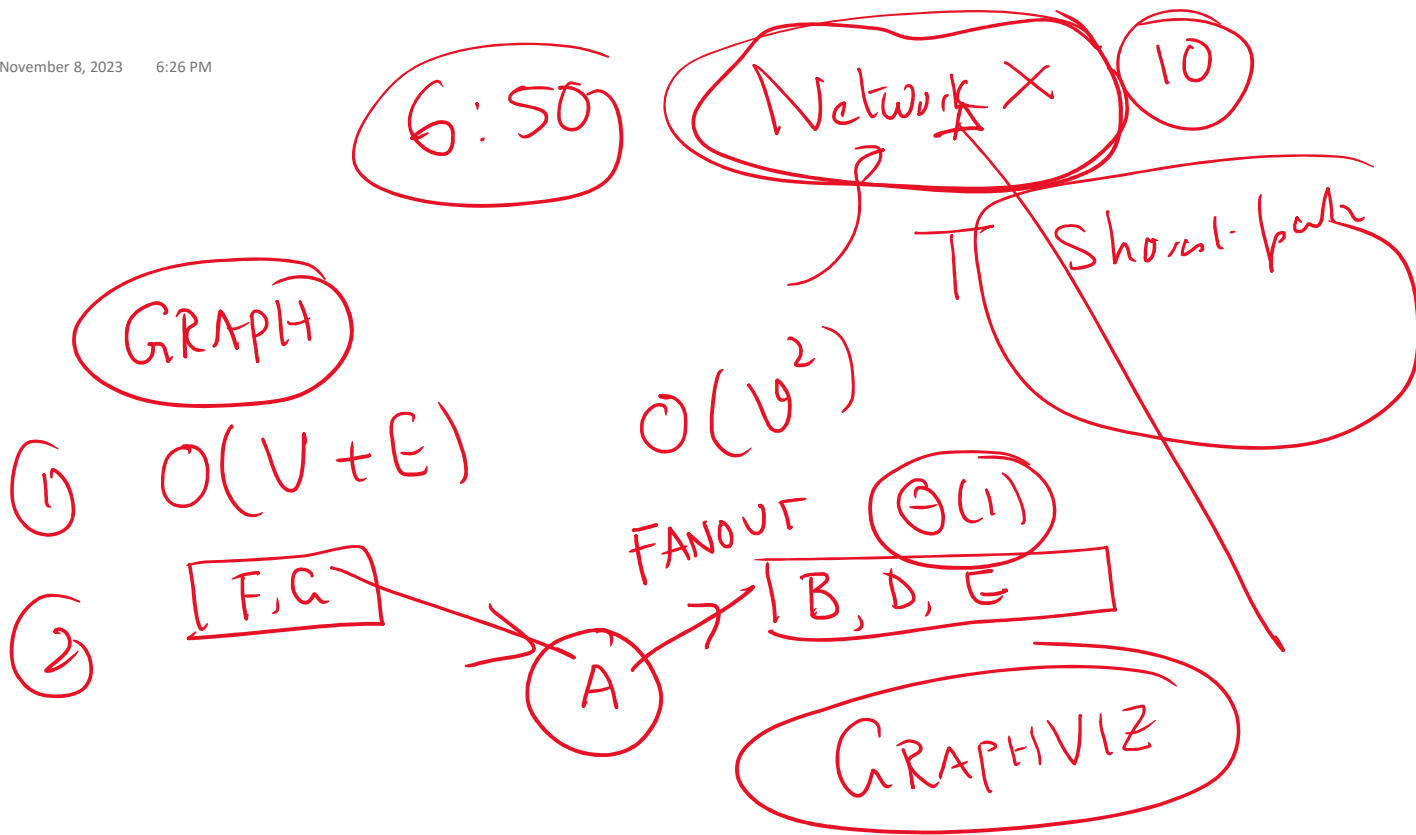






$O(V)$

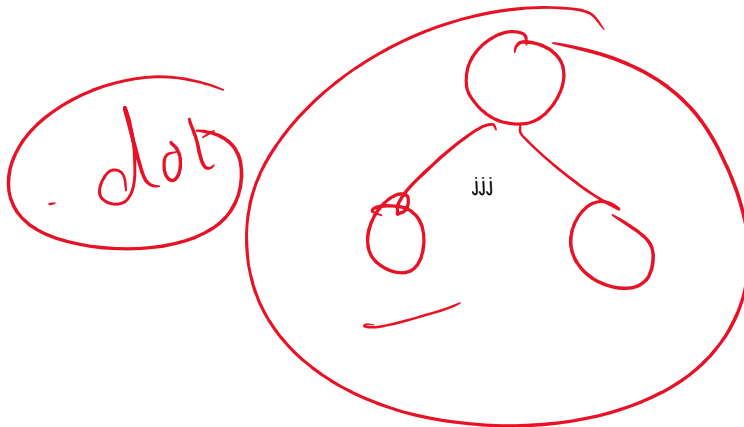
$O(V)$



(13)

13.6x1

```
inputFileBase = "C:\\Users\\jag\\OneDrive\\vasu\\work\\algdata\\graphdata\\"  
outputFileBase = "C:\\Users\\jag\\OneDrive\\vasu\\work\\py3\\objects\\graph\\notebook\\dot\\"
```



13, ~~UNDIRECTED~~
Directed

Graph Types

```
1 class GraphType(enum.Enum):  
2     NONE = 0  
3     UNDIRECTED = 1  
4     DIRECTED = 2  
5     WEIGHTED_UNDIRECTED = 3  
6     WEIGHTED_DIRECTED = 4
```

```
24 ...  
25  
26 class Graph:  
27     ##GRAPH DATA STRUCTURE  
28     def __init__(self):  
29         self._g = None # networkx graph  
30
```

$g = \text{Graph}()$

g

$-g$

networkx
graphs

$g.is_directed()$

Heap

$h.add_heap()$

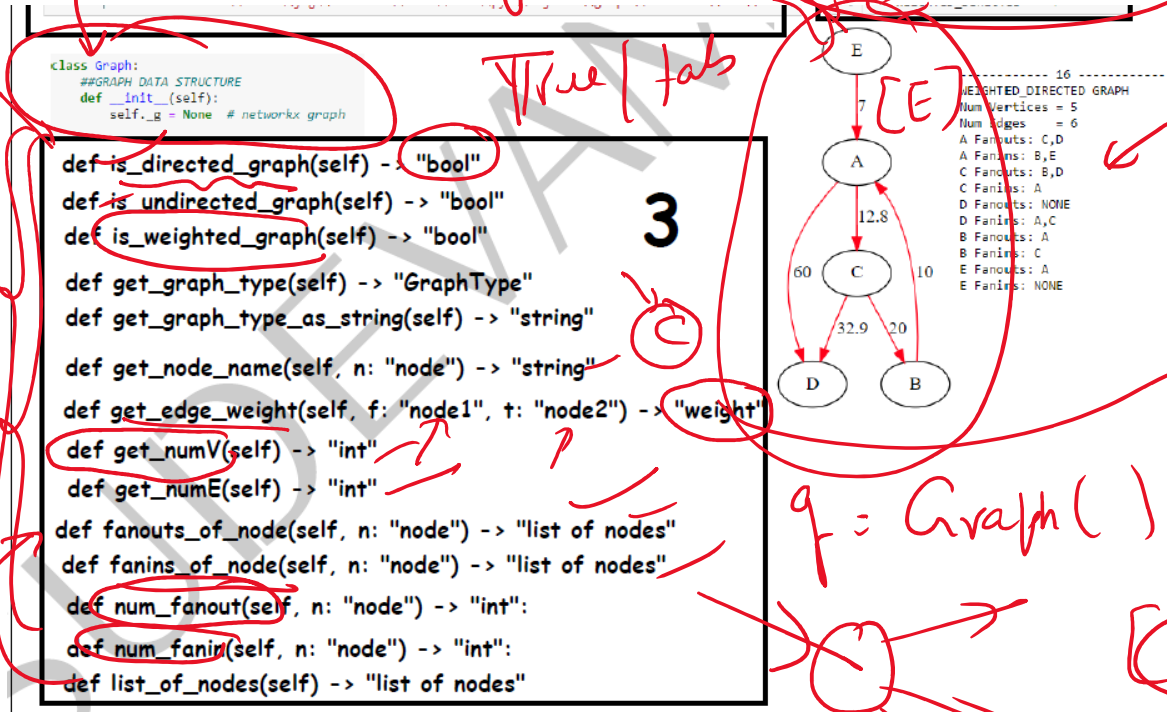


Figure 18.18: Graph public functions

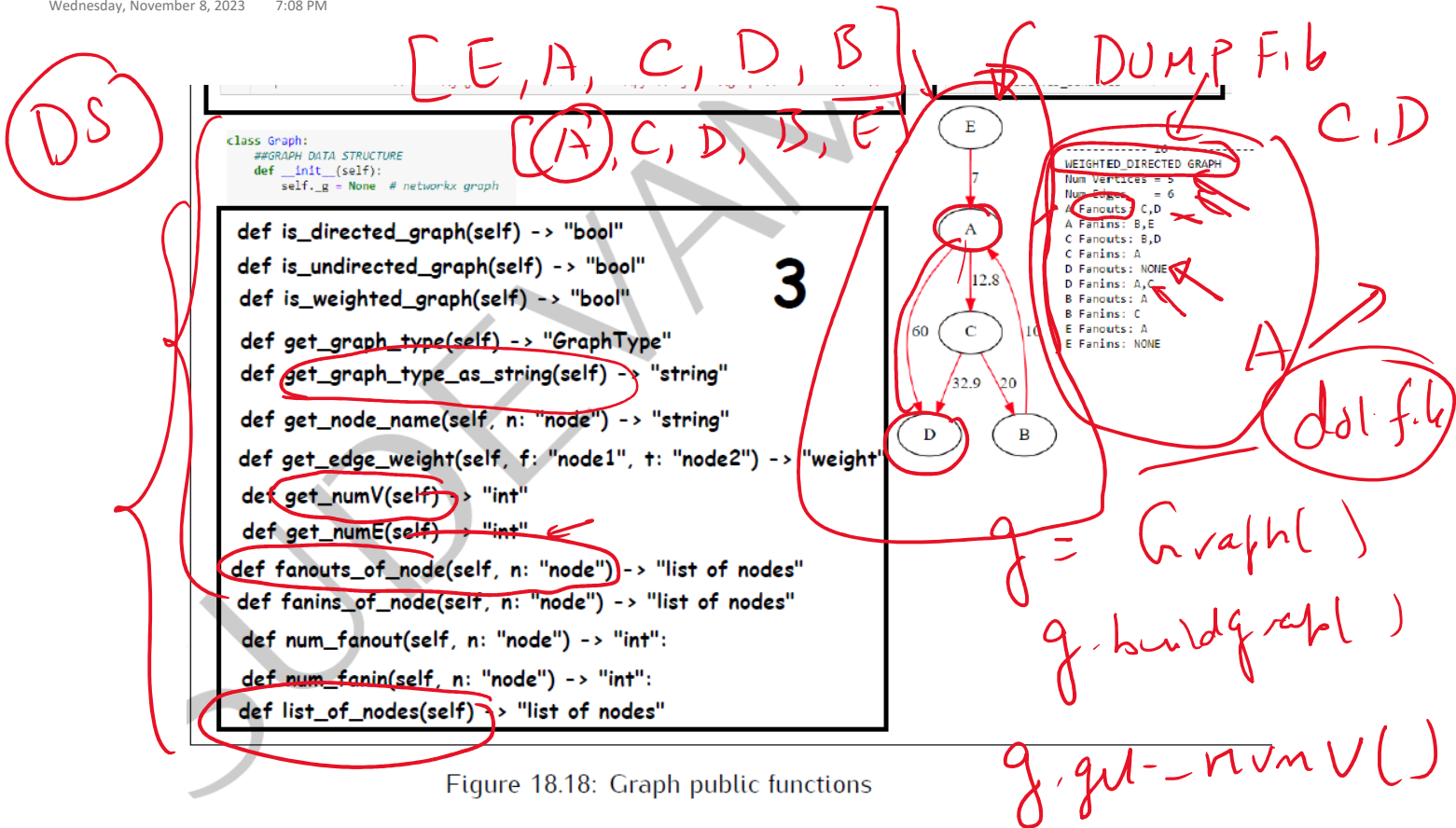


Figure 18.18: Graph public functions

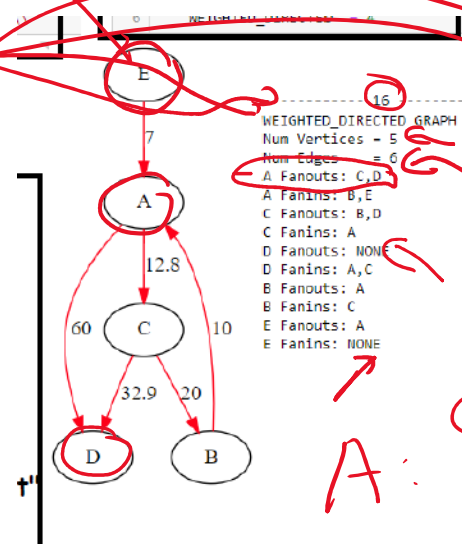
```

def dump(self, name):
    print("-----", name, "-----")
    s = self.get_graph_type_as_string()

    print(s)
    print("Num Vertices =", self.get_numV())
    print("Num Edges   =", self.get_numE())
    nodes = self.list_of_nodes()
    for n in nodes:
        print(n, "Fanouts: ", end=" ")
        fanouts_of_n = self.fanouts_of_node(n)
        f = len(fanouts_of_n)
        if f == 0:
            print("NONE")
        else:
            j = 0
            for nf in fanouts_of_n:
                if j < f - 1:
                    print(nf, ", ", sep="", end="")
                else:
                    print(nf)
                j = j + 1
    if self.is_directed_graph():
        print(n, "Fanins: ", end=" ")
        fanins_of_n = self.fanins_of_node(n)
        f = len(fanins_of_n)
        if f == 0:
            print("NONE")
        else:
            j = 0
            for nf in fanins_of_n:
                if j < f - 1:
                    print(nf, ", ", sep="", end="")
                else:
                    print(nf)
                j = j + 1

```

How I g r g.dump("+6")



WEIGHTED DIRECTED GRAPH
 Num Vertices = 5
 Num Edges = 6
 A Fanouts: C,D
 A Fanins: B,E
 C Fanouts: B,D
 C Fanins: A
 D Fanouts: NONE
 D Fanins: A,C
 B Fanouts: A
 B Fanins: C
 E Fanouts: A
 E Fanins: NONE

A: C, D, E

A

A, B, C, D

g.

```

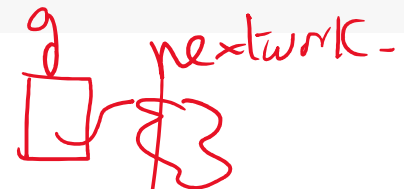
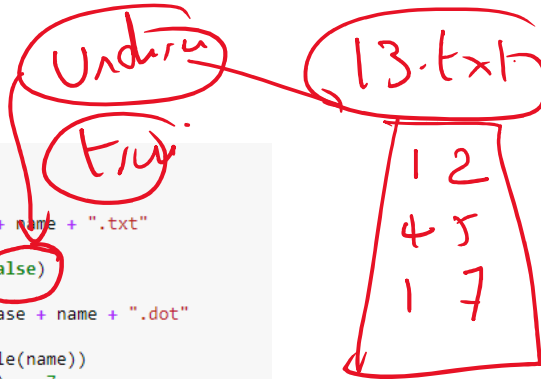
15
16
17 class GraphBuilder:
18     def __init__(self, g: "graph", f: "string", d: "bool"):
19         self._g = g
20         # graph object
21         self._f = f # File from which you are building graph
22         self._directed = d # true means directed graph
23         self._g._g = self._build_graph()
24

```

```

def _u1(self):
    name = "13"
    f = inputFileBase + name + ".txt"
    g = Graph()
    g.build_graph(f, False)
    g.dump(name)
    file = outputFileBase + name + ".dot"
    g.write_dot(file)
    Source(read_dot_file(name))
    assert g.get_numV() == 7
    assert g.get_numE() == 12

```



/13.txt

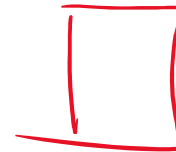
d = true
false

GraphBuilder

```

#####
def build_graph(self, f: "file name", d: "bool"):
    b = GraphBuilder(self, f, d) # d True means directed. False means undirected

```



```

def _build_graph(self) -> "graph":
    notReadline = 0
    readline = 0
    if self._directed:
        g = nx.DiGraph()
    else:
        g = nx.Graph()
    with open(self.f, "r") as file:
        data = file.readlines()
        for aline in data:
            token = aline.split()
            size = len(token)
            if (size < 2) or (size > 3):
                notReadline = notReadline + 1
                print("NOT READ LINE", aline)
                continue
            readline = readline + 1
            tf = token[0]
            tt = token[1]
            if size == 3:
                # weighted graph
                # Hard to debug
                # g.add_edge('A', 'B', weight=3)
                tw = token[2]
                tw_float = float(tw)
                if g.has_edge(tf, tt):
                    w = g.edges[tf, tt]["weight"]
                    # w will be in float
                    if tw_float < w:
                        # set weight in float. Not as a string
                        g[tf][tt]["weight"] = tw_float
                else:
                    # set weight in float. Not as a string
                    g.add_edge(tf, tt, weight=tw_float)
            else:
                g.add_edge(tf, tt)
    return g

```

10.5x1

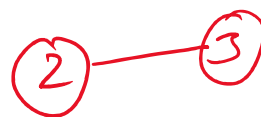
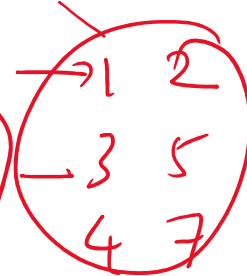
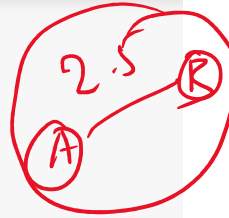
2

3

add edge (→)

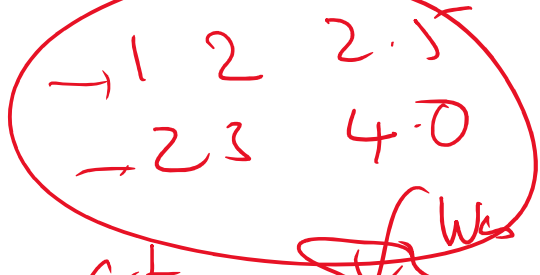
From City

g.add-edge (from, to)



g.

#



Was

g

```

def _d1(self):
    name = "15"
    f = inputFileBase + name + ".txt"
    g = Graph()
    g.build_graph(f, True)
    g.dump(name)
    file = outputFileBase + name + ".dot"
    g.write_dot(file)
    Source(read_dot_file(name))
    assert g.get_numV() == 6
    assert g.get_numE() == 6

```

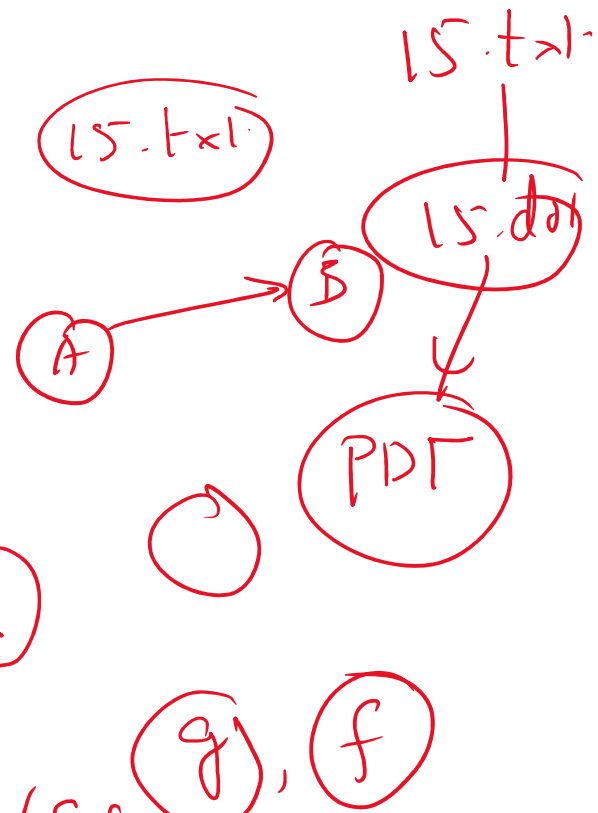
Graph

```

def write_dot(self, f):
    b = GraphDot(self, f)

```

GraphDot (self, f)



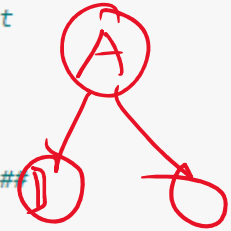
30

Wednesday, November 8, 2023 7:37 PM

network
Public

```
class GraphDot:
    def __init__(self, g, f):
        self.g = g # Handle to graph
        self.f = f # File where you write graph in dot format
        self._of = open(self.f, "w")
        self._write_dot()
        self._of.close()
```

```
#####
# Write code: _write_dot
# Use as many private functions and private data you want
#####
def _write_dot(self):
    self._of.write("## Jagadeesh Vasudevamurthy ###\n")
    self._of.write("digraph g {\n")
    printf("Remove this line and write code")
```



BAR → BAR

BAR

BAR

dot

```
digraph g {
    edge [color=red]
    Bar -> Bat
    Cab -> Car
    Cab -> Cat
    Car -> Bar
    Mat -> Bar
    Cat -> Mat
    Cat -> Bat
}
```

PPI

g

digraph g {

