Problem Set 2

Due: 3/16

Part One: Hand-Written Exercise

1. Verify the statement in slide 16, Lecture 2. That is, let $\hat{r}_{i,1}$ be the OLS residual of regressing x_1 on the constant one and $x_2, ..., x_k$. Show that $\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{r}_{i,1} x_{i,1} = \sum_{i=1}^n \hat{r}_{i,1}^2$. (25 points)

2. Suppose $y_i = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_{i1} + \hat{\beta}_2 x_{i2} + \hat{u}_i$. Under Classical Assumptions, discuss whether the OLS estimator $\hat{\beta}_1$ is biased in each of the following scenarios. Justify your answers with brief explanation. (25 points)

(a) $Var(y_i)$ is no longer a constant, but a function of x_i instead.

(b)
$$\mathbb{E}(y_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{i1} + \beta_2 x_{i2} + \beta_3 x_{i3}$$

(c)
$$\mathbb{E}(y_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{i1}$$

3. For the multiple linear regression, the data matrix noted by \mathbf{X} is below:

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 8 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 & 7 \\ 3 & 6 & 2 & 9 \\ 4 & 8 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

For this data matrix, can you calculate the OLS estimators? Why or why not? Please give a brief explanation. (25 points)

4. Suppose there is a multiple linear regression model without intercept term, that is, $y_i = \beta_1 x_{i1} + \beta_2 x_{i2} + ... + \beta_k x_{ik} + u_i$. Please show that $SST \neq SSR + SSE$, which means R^2 may not be between 0 and 1. (25 points)

Part Two: Computer Exercise

1. (100 point)

Please load the data set "mtcars" from R using the code data(mtcars). The data was extracted from the 1974 Motor Trend US magazine, and comprises fuel consumption and 10 aspects of automobile design and performance for 32 automobiles (1973-74 models).

(a) Please show the data for the automobile "Duster 360".

- (b) Please show the qsec (1/4 mile time) for all the automobile.
- (c) Please show the data with cyl (number of cylinders) = 6.
- (d) Please list the automobiles with mpg (miles/gallon) > 15, vs (Engine) = 1, and hp (horsepower) between 50 and 150.
- (e) Suppose we have the following model:

$$drat_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 wt_i + \beta_2 hp_i + \beta_3 qsec_i + \beta_4 vs_i + u_i,$$

and we wish to test the hypothesis $H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_3 = 0$. Please construct the constrained and unconstrained model, obtain R_{ur}^2 and R_r^2 and construct the F statistic.

- (f) Instead of R_{ur}^2 and R_r^2 , please obtain SSR_{ur} and SSR_r and recalculate the F statistic. Verify that it's identical to (e).
- (g) Use the function linearHypothesis() to directly obtain the F statistic. Verify that it's identical to (e).