Reports in Rmarkdown

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Main Title

Report for Species virginica

In this Rmarkdown we will show how to build a workflow around RMarkdown that allows for the automated generation of reports.

Repository Organisation

There are several key files that are often useful when writing remports in RMarkdown (especially when the project is big):

- RMarkdown document (this one)
- Data (usually excel/csv files)
- Control file: used to automatically generate reports
- R Scripts and additional data wrangling (helps keep long code out of this document)
- Git/version control (we can leave this for another time)

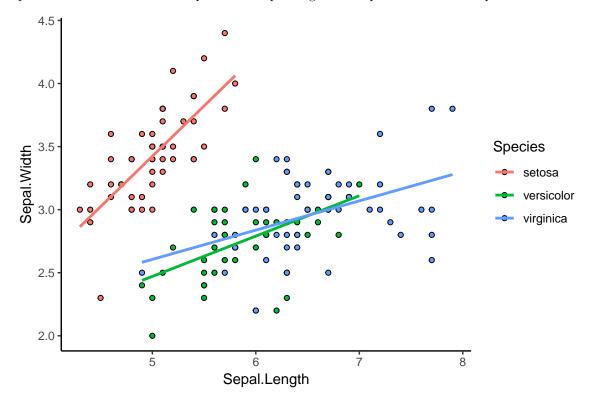
Rmarkdown Basics

RMarkdown is a document written in the markdown language that has embedded R code. For instance, I can add a calculation into the text, such as the sum of two integers (three and five): 8. We can also add code chunks:

setosa	versicolor	virginica
50	50	50

Graphical Presentation of Data

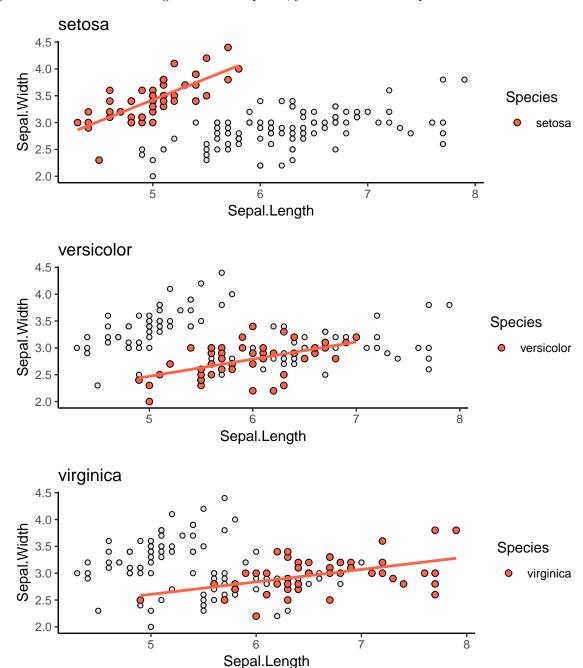
Ultimately, your report will begin to blend text, code, tables and figures. In this case we can include a scatter splot that shows the relationship between sepal length and sepal width for each species:



Generating multiple plots

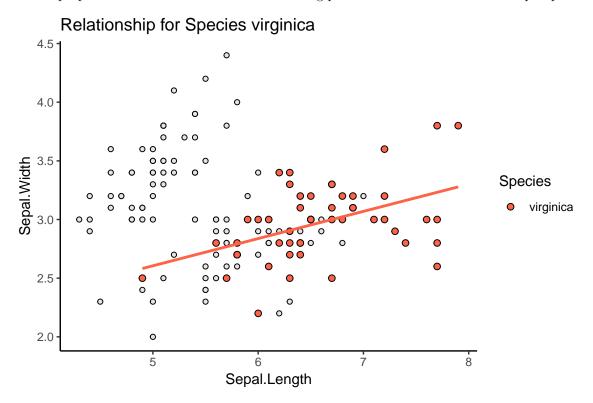
Now imagine that we want to look at the correlation between sepal lengths and sepal widths for each of the iris plant species, **BUT** we want to keep the other two species unidentifiable... For instance, imagine we want to make a report for *setosa* but we don't want the person reading it to know what the correlation is for the other two species.

If you wanted to make three figures for each species, you could make a loop within this RMarkdown:



Generating multiple reports

But, we are interested in generating multiple reports, so the loop should be placed outside of this RMarkdown, for this purpose we make a control file. The following plot will than render for each unique species



Finally, we can customise large sections of text that someone has written externally and placed in a csv. To do that we map a *csv* file with the custom text to the specific report parameter (Species). The following is taken from the wikipedia entries for each species:

Iris virginica, with the common name Virginia iris, is a perennial species of flowering plant, native to eastern North America. It is common along the coastal plain from Florida to Georgia in the Southeastern United States. It is one of the three Iris species in the Iris flower data set outlined by Ronald Fisher in his 1936 paper "The use of multiple measurements in taxonomic problems" as an example of linear discriminant analysis.