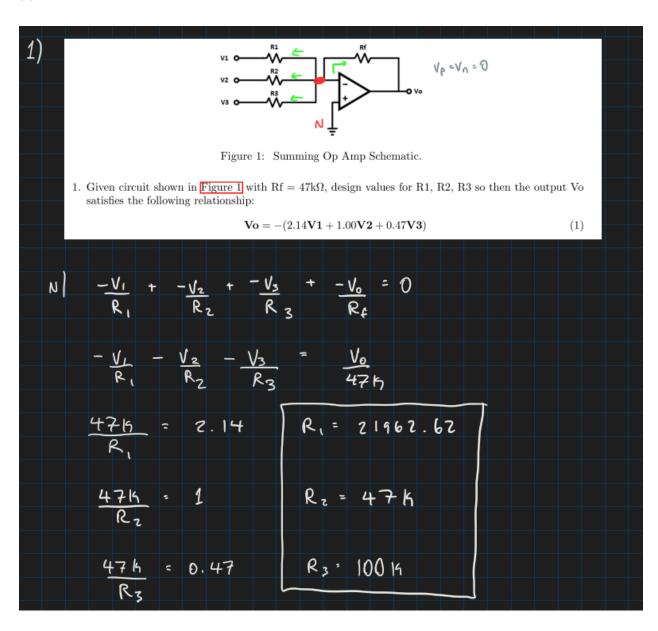
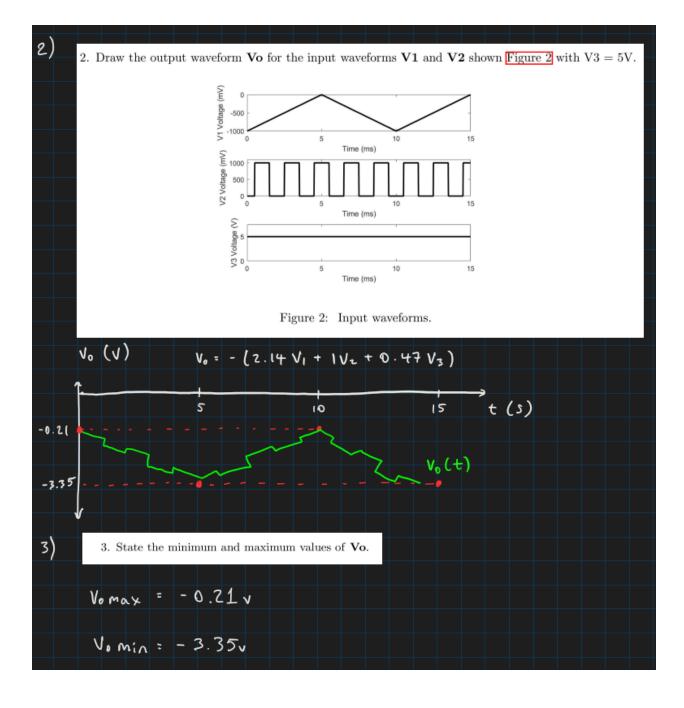
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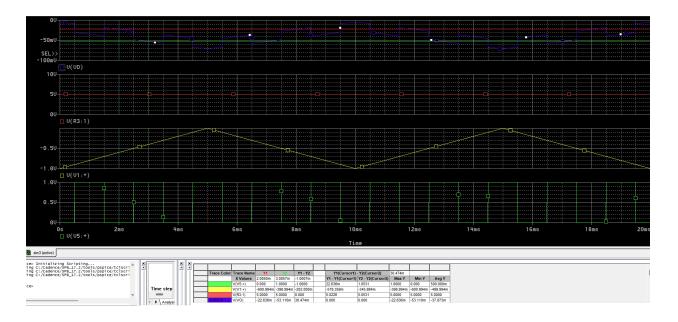
(1) Objective: Learn how to calculate, build, and simulate a summing amplifier circuit by using three different input waveforms and input voltages.

(2) Prelab:





(3) Simulation:



(4) Experiment:

Probe R1:



Probe R2:



Probe R3:



(5) Conclusion:

The calculations I made as well as the PSpice simulation agreed with our experimental results. We can see that the output waveform makes sense because as the circuit name suggests, the output waveform is the overall sum of the 3 input waveforms, which explains its general triangular wave trend while having the rectangular increase and decrease in voltage as seen in a rectangular waveform. The experimental voltages are a little off from the PSpice and calculated voltages because real world resistors, op-amps, and wires are non ideal, and the resistance values do not match the nominal values. Additionally, the presence of noise due to an imperfect power supply, lack of decoupling, as well as poor wire quality also contribute to the experimental results not matching the simulated and calculated values.

(6) Checkoff:

