# ELC 2137 Lab 10: 7-segment Display with Time-Division Multiplexing

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### Summary

In this lab, we used synchronous design methodology to design a calculator. This was done by creating a counter module which was tested. This was done using a similar method as creating a register, but differed in that it has no input. A form of sseg4 was created to combine the counter and a display driver, also tested. This 4-digit display was then combined with the top level calculator form Lab 9 and implemented into the Basys3 board.

#### Questions

- 1. What are the three main "groups" of the RTL definition of sequential logic? State memory, next-state, output logic
- 2. Annotated Counter-timer

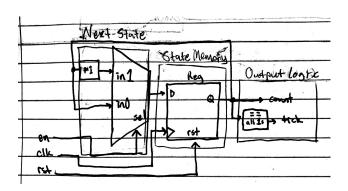


Figure 1: Annotated counter timer

3. If instead of a counter, you wanted to make a shift register that moved the input bits from right to left (low to high). What would you put on the line Q = /\*???\*/?

Qreg - 1;

## Results

Time (ns):	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-45	45-50	50-55	55-60
clk	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
en	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
$\operatorname{rst}$	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
count	X	0	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	0
tick	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

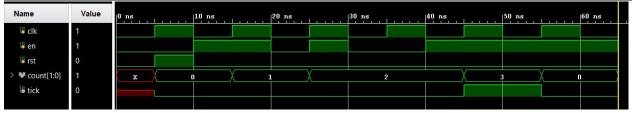


Figure 2: Counter Simulation Waveform and ERT

Time (ms):	0-2	2-4	4-6	6-8	8-10	10-12	12-14	14-16	16-18	18-20
data	41	82	103	204	41	82	103	204	41	82
$\operatorname{sign}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
hexDec	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
seg	79	24to0	40to79	79to24	40	40	10to12	79	40	3f
an	e	etod	$\mathrm{d}to\mathrm{b}$	bto7	7	7toe	etod	$\mathrm{d}to\mathrm{b}$	b	bto7
$\mathrm{d}\mathrm{p}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

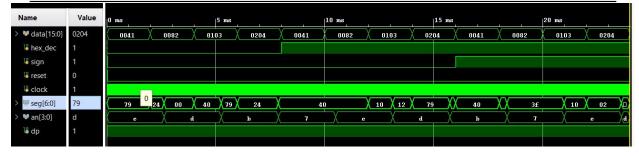


Figure 3: sseg4TDM Simulation Waveform and ERT  $\,$ 

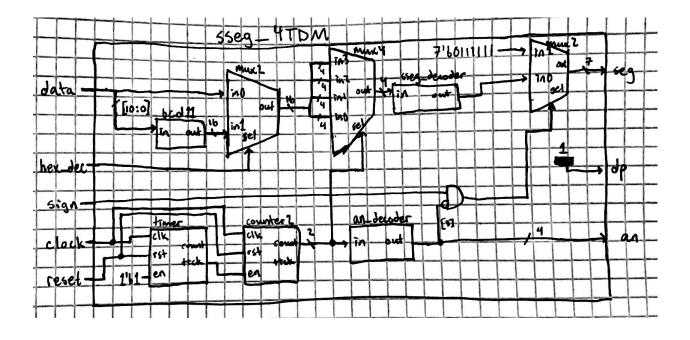


Figure 4: sseg4tdm Schematic

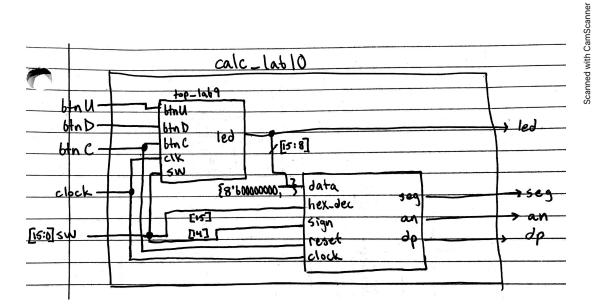


Figure 5: calclab10 Schematic

## Code

Listing 1: Counter Source Code

```
module counter #(parameter N=1)
   input clk, rst, en,
   output [N-1:0] count,
   output tick
   );
   // internal signals
   reg [N-1:0] Q_reg , Q_next;
   // register (state memory)
   always @(posedge clk, posedge rst)
   begin
      if (rst)
         Q_reg <= 0;
      else
         Q_reg <= Q_next;
   end
   // next -state logic
   always @*
      begin
      if (en)
         Q_next = Q_reg + 1;
      else
         Q_next = Q_reg; // no change
   end
   // output logic
   assign count = Q_reg;
   assign tick = (Q_reg=={N{1'b1}}) ? 1'b1 : 1'b0;
endmodule
```

Listing 2: Counter Test

```
module counterTest();
   reg clk, en, rst;
   wire [1:0] count;
   wire tick;
   counter #(.N(2)) c(.count(count), .clk(clk),
      .en(en), .rst(rst),
      .tick(tick) );
   always begin
      clk = ~clk; #5;
   end
   // this block only runs once
   initial begin
      clk=0; en=0; rst=0; ; #5;
      rst = 1; #5;
      // reset
      en = 1; rst = 0; #10;
      en = 0;
                  #5;
      en = 1;
                   #5;
      en = 0;
                  #10;
      en = 1;
                  #5;
      $finish;
   end
endmodule
```

Listing 3: Sseg4TDM Source Code

```
module sseg4_TDM(
   input [15:0] data,
   input hex_dec, sign,
   input reset, clock,
   output [6:0] seg,
   output [3:0] an,
   output dp
   );
   wire [15:0] mux2mux4, bcd2mux2;
   wire [6:0] ssegmux2;
   wire [3:0] mux4sseg, anan;
   wire [1:0] digit_sel;
   wire andmux2;
   wire timer2counter;
   bcd11 bcd11in(
      .in(data[10:0]),
      .out(bcd2mux2)
      );
   mux2 #(.N(16)) mux2num1(
      .in0(data), .in1(bcd2mux2), .sel(hex_dec),
      .out(mux2mux4)
```

```
);
  mux4 mux4num1(
      .in3(mux2mux4[15:12]), .in2(mux2mux4[11:8]),
      .in1(mux2mux4[7:4]), .in0(mux2mux4[3:0]),
      .sel(digit_sel),
      .out(mux4sseg)
      );
  sseg_decoder ssegdecode(
      .in(mux4sseg),
      .out(ssegmux2)
      );
  mux2 #(.N(7)) mux2num2(
      .in1(7'b0111111), .in0(ssegmux2), .sel(andmux2),
      .out(seg[6:0])
      );
  and A1(
      andmux2,
      sign, ~anan[3]
      );
  an_decoder andecode(
      .in(digit_sel),
      .out(anan)
      );
  counter #(.N(18)) timer(
      .en(1'b1), .clk(clock), .rst(reset),
      .count(), .tick(timer2counter)
      );
  counter #(.N(2)) counter2(
      .en(1'b1), .clk(timer2counter), .rst(reset),
      .count(digit_sel), .tick()
      );
  assign an = anan;
  assign dp = 1;
endmodule
```

```
module sseg4_TDMTEST();
   reg [15:0] data;
   reg hex_dec, sign;
   reg reset, clock;
   wire [6:0] seg;
   wire [3:0] an;
   wire dp;
   sseg4_TDM s(.data(data), .hex_dec(hex_dec),
      .sign(sign), .reset(reset), .clock(clock),
      .seg(seg), .an(an), .dp(dp)
      );
   always begin
      clock = ~clock; #5;
   end
   // this block only runs once
   initial begin
      clock = 0; reset=0; #5;
      reset = 1; #5;
      // reset
      reset = 0; sign = 0; hex_dec = 0;
      data = 16'b000000001000001; #2000000;
      data = 16'b0000000010000010; #2000000;
      data = 16'b0000000100000011; #2000000;
      data = 16'b0000001000000100; #2000000;
      reset = 0; sign = 0; hex_dec = 1;
      data = 16'b000000001000001; #2000000;
      data = 16'b000000010000010; #2000000;
      data = 16'b0000000100000011; #2000000;
      data = 16'b000000100000100; #2000000;
      reset = 0; sign = 1; hex_dec = 1;
      data = 16'b0000000001000001; #2000000;
      data = 16'b0000000010000010; #2000000;
      data = 16'b0000000100000011; #2000000;
      data = 16'b0000001000000100; #2000000;
      $finish;
   end
endmodule
```

#### Listing 5: CalcLab10

```
module calc_lab10(
   input btnU, btnD, clk, btnC,
   input [15:0]sw,
   output [6:0] seg,
   output [3:0] an,
   output [15:0] led,
   output dp
   );
   top_lab9 calc_unit(
      .btnU(btnU), .btnD(btnD), .clk(clk), .btnC(btnC),
      .sw(sw),
      .led(led)
      );
   sseg4_TDM disp_unit(
      .data(\{8'b00000000, led[15:8]\}), .hex_dec(sw[15]),
      .sign(sw[14]), .reset(btnC), .clock(clk),
      .seg(seg), .an(an), .dp(dp)
      );
endmodule
```