Assignment-3

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Assignment 3: Machine learning

3 main parts: 1. Create a skeptical and an informed simulation, based on the meta-analysis. 2. Build and test our machine learning pipeline on the simulated data. 3. Apply the pipeline to the empirical data.

Report: - Describe your machine learning pipeline. Produce a diagram of it to guide the reader (e.g. see Rybner et al 2022 Vocal markers of autism: Assessing the generalizability of ML models), and describe the different parts: data budgeting, data preprocessing, model choice and training, assessment of performance. - Briefly justify and describe your use of simulated data, and results from the pipeline on them. - Describe results from applying the ML pipeline to the empirical data and what can we learn from them.

```
pacman::p_load(tidyverse, dplyr, tidybayes, ggplot2, ggridges, plyr, brms, cmdstanr, gridExtra, readxl, tidymodel
s, knitr, dotwhisker, DALEX, DALEXtra, tidytext, reshape, stringr)
```

Part I - Simulating data

Use the meta-analysis reported in Parola et al (2020), create a simulated dataset with 100 matched pairs of schizophrenia and controls, each participant producing 10 repeated measures (10 trials with their speech recorded). for each of these "recordings" (data points) produce 10 acoustic measures: 6 from the meta-analysis, 4 with just random noise. Do the same for a baseline data set including only 10 noise variables. Tip: see the slides for the code.

Taken from Parola et al (2020).

Values I use for InformedEffectMean: -0.55 - for pitch variability; -1.26 - proportion of spoken time; -0.75 - speech rate; 1.89 - duration of pauses; 0.25 - pitch mean; 0.05 - number of pauses.

```
#Population size
n <- 100
trials <- 10

#Acoustic measures:
InformedEffectMean <- c(-1.26, -0.55, -0.75, 1.89, 0.25, 0.05, 0, 0, 0, 0)
SkepticEffectMean <- rep(0, 10)

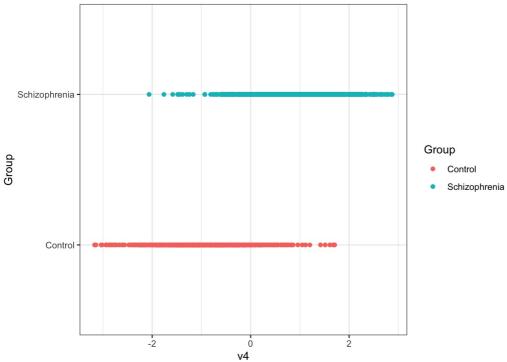
#Individual variability from population, across trials and measurement error.
IndividualSD <- 1
TrialSD <- 0.5
Error <- 0.2</pre>
```

Generating tibble:

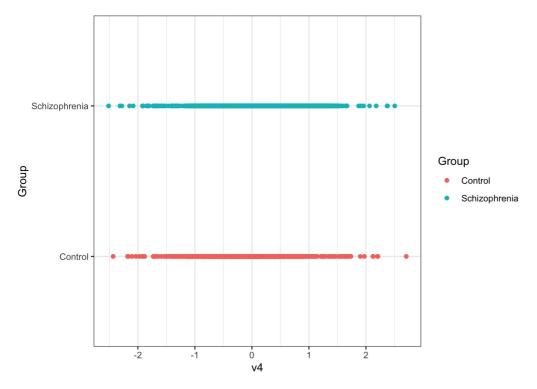
```
#For each pair of participants we need to identify the true effect size for each variable. Generating the effect,
the true difference for each pair for each variable.
for (i in seq(10)) {
  temp informed <- tibble( #Informed data set</pre>
    ID = seq(n),
    TrueEffect = rnorm(n, InformedEffectMean[i], IndividualSD),
    Variable = paste0("v", i))
  temp_skeptic <- tibble( #Controlled data set</pre>
    ID = seq(n),
    TrueEffect = rnorm(n, SkepticEffectMean[i], IndividualSD),
    Variable = paste0("v", i))
  if (i == 1) {
    d_informed_true <- temp_informed</pre>
    d_skeptic_true <- temp_skeptic</pre>
    d informed true <- rbind(d informed true, temp informed )</pre>
    d_skeptic_true <- rbind(d_skeptic_true, temp_skeptic)</pre>
}
```

Creating a tibble with one row per trial:

```
d informed <- merge(d informed true, d trial) #add all true effects by variables.
d skeptic <- merge(d skeptic true, d trial)</pre>
for (i in seq(nrow(d_informed))) { #loop each row, identify the measurement.
 d_informed$measurement[i] <- ifelse(d_informed$Group[i] == "Schizophrenia",</pre>
                                   rnorm(1, rnorm(1, d_informed$TrueEffect[i]/2, TrialSD), Error),
                                   rnorm(1, rnorm(1, (-d_informed$TrueEffect[i])/2, TrialSD), Error))
 d_skeptic$measurement[i] <- ifelse(d_skeptic$Group[i] == "Schizophrenia",</pre>
                                   rnorm(1, rnorm(1, d_skeptic$TrueEffect[i]/2, TrialSD), Error),
                                   rnorm(1, rnorm(1, (-d_skeptic$TrueEffect[i])/2, TrialSD), Error))
}
#Per each trial/speech recording we have one value of each variable.
d informed wide <- d informed %>%
 mutate(TrueEffect = NULL) %>%
 pivot wider(names from = Variable, values from = measurement)
d_skeptic_wide <- d_skeptic %>%
 mutate(TrueEffect = NULL) %>%
 pivot wider(names from = Variable, values from = measurement)
ggplot(d informed wide, aes(x = v4, y = Group, color = Group)) + geom point() + theme bw() #plotted pitch ranges
of each group.
```



 $ggplot(d_skeptic_wide, aes(x = v4, y = Group, color = Group)) + geom_point() + theme_bw()$



Visualizing each of the variables from the two data sets:

```
plot_informed_vars <- ggplot(d_informed, aes(x = measurement, color = Group, fill = Group)) +
    geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
    facet_wrap(~Variable) +
    ggtitle("Plot of informed data")

plot_skeptic_vars <- ggplot(d_skeptic, aes(x = measurement, color = Group, fill = Group)) +
    geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
    facet_wrap(~Variable) +
    ggtitle("Plot of skeptic data")
plot_informed_vars
plot_skeptic_vars</pre>
```

Part II - ML pipeline on simulated data

On the two simulated datasets (separately) build a machine learning pipeline: i) create a data budget (e.g. balanced training and test sets); ii) preprocess the data (e.g. scaling the features); iii) fit and assess a classification algorithm on the training data (e.g. Bayesian multilevel logistic regression); iv) assess performance on the test set; v) discuss whether performance is as expected and feature importance is as expected.

Data budgeting:

Data pre-processing (TIDYMODELS):

```
rec_informed <- train_informed %>%
  recipe(Group ~ . ) %>% # defines the outcome
  step scale(all numeric() ) %>% # scales numeric predictors
  step center(all numeric() ) %>% # center numeric predictors
  prep(training = train_informed, retain = TRUE)
rec_skeptic <- train_skeptic %>%
  recipe(Group ~ . ) %>% # defines the outcome
  step_scale(all numeric() ) %>% # scales numeric predictors
  step_center(all_numeric() ) %>% # center numeric predictors
  prep(training = train_skeptic, retain = TRUE)
#Apply recipe to train and test
train informed s <- juice(rec informed)</pre>
test informed s <- bake(rec informed, new data = test informed, all predictors()) %>%
  mutate(Group = test_informed$Group)
train_skeptic_s <- juice(rec_skeptic)</pre>
test_skeptic_s <- bake(rec_skeptic, new_data = test_skeptic, all_predictors()) %>%
  mutate(Group = test_skeptic$Group)
```

Setting up the models:

```
#Fixed effects:
p_range_f_1 <- bf(Group ~ 1 + v2 + v1 + v3 + v4 + v5 + v6 + v7 + v8 + v9 + v10)
get_prior(p_range_f_1, train_informed_s, family = bernoulli)</pre>
```

```
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    student_t(3, 0, 2.5) Intercept
                                                                             default
##
```

```
#Priors for fixed effect model:
p_range_p <- c(
    prior(normal(0, 1), class = Intercept),
    prior(normal(0, 0.3), class = b)
)

#Varying intercepts:
p_range_f_2 <- bf(Group ~ 1 + v2 + v1 + v3 + v4 + v5 + v6 + v7 + v8 + v9 + v10 + (1|ID))
get_prior(p_range_f_2, train_informed_s, family = bernoulli)</pre>
```

```
##
                                          coef group resp dpar nlpar lb ub
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    student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
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    student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
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    (vectorized)
```

```
#Priors for varying intercept models:
p_range_p_2 <- c(
    prior(normal(0, 1), class = Intercept),
    prior(normal(0, 0.3), class = b),
    prior(normal(0, 0.3), class = sd)
)

#Varying slopes with priors specified above
p_range_f_3 <- bf(Group ~ 1 + v2 + v1 + v3 + v4 + v5 + v6 + v7 + v8 + v9 + v10 + (1 + v2 + v1 + v3 + v4 + v5 + v6 + v7 + v8 + v9 + v10|ID))
get_prior(p_range_f_3, train_informed_s, family = bernoulli)</pre>
```

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                    prior
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                                  sd Intercept
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                                             v1
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    student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
                                  sd
                                            v10
                                                    ID
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                                                    ID
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    student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
                                  sd
                                             ν4
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    student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
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                                  sd
                                             ν5
                                                    ID
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##
                                  sd
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    student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
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```

Informed models

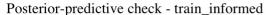
Informed: fixed effects

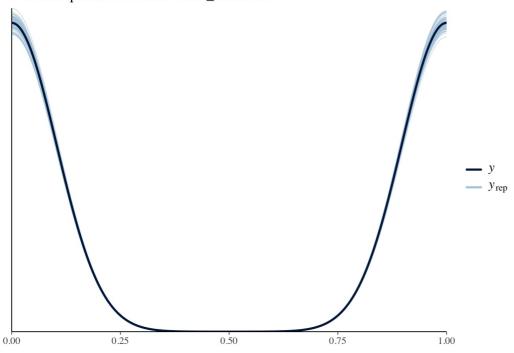
```
pitch_m_informed <- brm(
  p_range_f_1,
  data = train_informed_s,
  family = bernoulli,
  prior = p_range_p,
  sample_prior = T,
  backend = "cmdstanr",
  threads = threading(2),
  chains = 2,
  core = 2,
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))</pre>
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                          1 / 2000 [
                                      0%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000 [
                                     5%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                         1 / 2000
                                   ſ
                                      0%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000 [
                                      5%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       500 / 2000 [ 25%]
##
  Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       300 /
                             2000
                                     15%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
## Chain 2 Iteration:
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## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000 [ 25%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
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   Chain 1 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
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                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
## Chain 2 Iteration: 900 / 2000 [ 45%]
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## Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [
                                     50%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                           (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 /
                             2000
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## Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
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## Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
  Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 0.9 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 1.1 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 1.0 seconds.
## Total execution time: 1.3 seconds.
```

```
pp check(pitch m informed, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check - train informed")
```



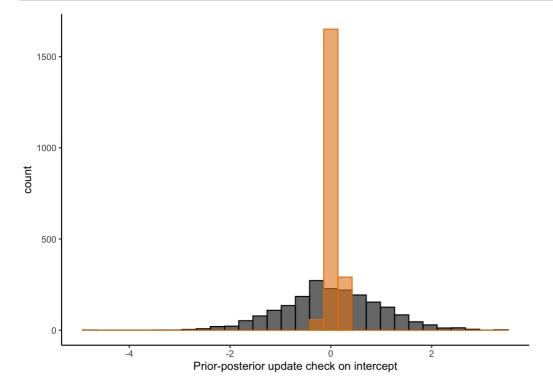


```
informed_draws <- as_draws_df(pitch_m_informed)
#variables(informed_draws)</pre>
```

Prior-predictive checks: Fixed effect model

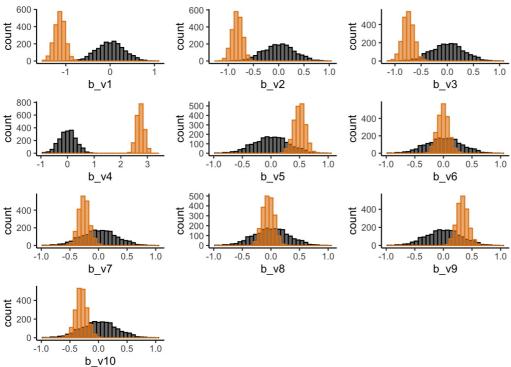
```
informed_pp_intercept <- ggplot(informed_draws) +
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_Intercept), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(b_Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")
informed_pp_intercept</pre>
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
informed_pp_b_v2 <- ggplot(informed_draws) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v2), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v2")
informed pp b v1 <- ggplot(informed draws) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v1), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b_v1")
informed_pp_b_v3 <- ggplot(informed_draws) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v3), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v3")
informed pp b v4 <- ggplot(informed draws) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v4), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v4")
informed pp b v5 <- ggplot(informed draws) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v5), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v5")
informed_pp_b_v6 <- ggplot(informed_draws) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v6), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v6")
informed_pp_b_v7 <- ggplot(informed_draws) +</pre>
  geom\_histogram(aes(prior\_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +\\
  geom histogram(aes(b v7), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v7")
informed_pp_b_v8 <- ggplot(informed_draws) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  qeom histogram(aes(b v8), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b_v8")
informed_pp_b_v9 <- ggplot(informed_draws) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v9), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v9")
informed pp b v10 <- ggplot(informed draws) +
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(b_v10), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior of v2
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v10")
grid.arrange(informed pp b v1, informed pp b v2, informed pp b v3, informed pp b v4, informed pp b v5, informed p
p b v6, informed pp b v7, informed pp b v8, informed pp b v9, informed pp b v10)
```

```
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
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    `stat_bin()` using
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   `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
   `stat bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
   `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
##
```



 $\#ggsave("prior-post.jpeg", plot = p1_10, path = "/Users/justina/Desktop/Desktop - Justina's MacBook Pro/Aarhus_Uni/Semester_3/Methods_3/Assignment-3")$

Informed: varying intercepts

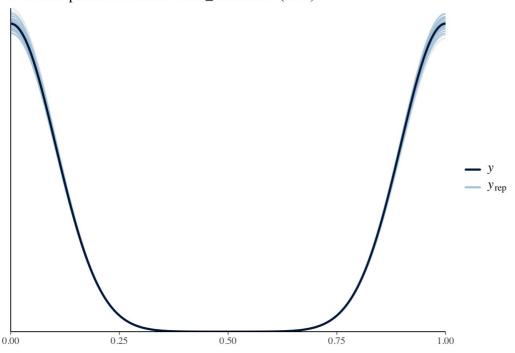
```
pitch_m_informed_3 <- brm(
    p_range_f_2,
    data = train_informed_s,
    family = bernoulli,
    prior = p_range_p,
    sample_prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    threads = threading(2),
    chains = 2,
    core = 2,
    control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))</pre>
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                         1 / 2000 [
                                      0%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                                      A%]
                         1 / 2000 [
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000 [
                                      5%1
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                        100 /
                              2000
                                   ſ
                                      5%1
                                           (Warmup)
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       500 /
                             2000
                                     25%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000 [
                                     25%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                        600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                           (Warmup)
  Chain 2 Iteration:
##
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                        800 /
                              2000
                                   [ 40%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [
                                     50%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 /
                             2000 [ 65%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
  Chain 2 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 / 2000
                                     85%1
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 5.5 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 5.5 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 5.5 seconds.
## Total execution time: 5.6 seconds.
```

```
pp check(pitch m informed 3, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check - train informed - (1|ID)")
```

Posterior-predictive check - train_informed - (1|ID)



```
informed_draws_2 <- as_draws_df(pitch_m_informed_3)
#colnames(informed_draws_2)</pre>
```

Prior-predictive checks: Varying intercept model

```
informed pp sd 2 <- ggplot(informed draws 2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_sd_ID), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(sd_ID__Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")
informed_pp_intercept_2 <- ggplot(informed_draws_2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_Intercept), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(b_Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")
informed_pp_b_v2_2 <- ggplot(informed_draws_2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v2), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b_v2")
informed pp b v1 2 <- ggplot(informed draws 2) +</pre>
  geom\_histogram(aes(prior\_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +\\
  geom histogram(aes(b v1), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v1")
informed_pp_b_v3_2 <- ggplot(informed_draws_2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(b_v3), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v3")
informed_pp_b_v4_2 <- ggplot(informed_draws_2) +</pre>
  geom\_histogram(aes(prior\_b), fill="black", color="black", alpha=0.6,) +\\
  geom\_histogram(aes(b\_v4), fill="\#E68613", color="\#E68613", alpha=0.6) + \\
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v4")
informed_pp_b_v5_2 <- ggplot(informed_draws_2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v5), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v5")
informed_pp_b_v6_2 <- ggplot(informed_draws_2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
```

```
geom\_histogram(aes(b\_v6), fill="\#E68613", color="\#E68613", alpha=0.6) +\\
  theme classic() +
  xlab("b_v6")
informed pp b v7 2 <- ggplot(informed draws 2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v7), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
  xlab("b_v7")
informed pp b v8 2 <- ggplot(informed draws 2) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v8), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
  xlab("b v8")
informed\_pp\_b\_v9\_2 \ \textit{<-} \ ggplot(informed\_draws\_2) \ \textit{+}
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom\_histogram(aes(b\_v9), fill="\#E68613", color="\#E68613", alpha=0.6) +\\
  theme classic() +
  xlab("b_v9")
informed_pp_b_v10_2 <- ggplot(informed_draws_2) +</pre>
  geom\_histogram(aes(prior\_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +\\
  geom histogram(aes(b v10), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
  xlab("b v10")
 d\_pp\_b\_v5\_2, \ informed\_pp\_b\_v6\_2, \ informed\_pp\_b\_v7\_2, \ informed\_pp\_b\_v8\_2, \ informed\_pp\_b\_v9\_2, \ informed\_pp\_b\_v10\_2) 
#ggsave("prior-post-m2.jpeg", plot = p1 10 m2, path = "/Users/justina/Desktop/Desktop - Justina's MacBook Pro/Aar
hus_Uni/Semester_3/Methods 3/Assignment-3")
```

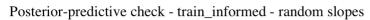
Informed: random slopes

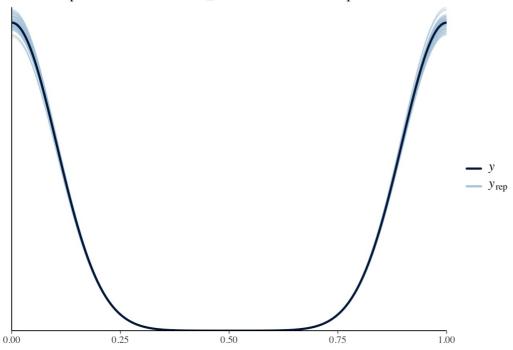
```
pitch_m_informed_2 <- brm(
    p_range_f_2,
    data = train_informed_s,
    family = bernoulli,
    prior = p_range_p,
    sample_prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    threads = threading(2),
    chains = 2,
    core = 2,
    control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))</pre>
```

Start sampling

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                          1 / 2000 [
                                      0%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                                      A%]
                          1 / 2000 [
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000
                                      5%1
                                            (Warmup)
                                   ſ
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                        100 /
                              2000
                                   ſ
                                      5%1
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                            (Warmup)
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
##
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
                        400 /
                              2000 [ 20%]
                                            (Warmup)
  Chain 1 Iteration:
                       500 /
                              2000
                                     25%]
                                            (Warmup)
##
  Chain 2 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000 [
                                     25%1
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                        600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                            (Warmup)
##
  Chain 1 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
##
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                        800 /
                              2000
                                   [ 40%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
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                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
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## Chain 2 Iteration:
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## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                            (Warmup)
##
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [
                                     50%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
##
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
##
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 /
                              2000
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 /
                              2000
                                     85%]
                                            (Sampling)
  Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
##
                                            (Sampling)
  Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 5.4 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 5.5 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 5.5 seconds.
## Total execution time: 5.6 seconds.
```

```
pp_check(pitch_m_informed_2, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check - train_informed - random slo
pes")
```



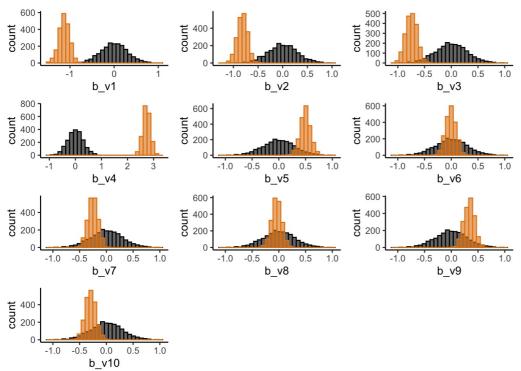


informed_draws_3 <- as_draws_df(pitch_m_informed_2)
#colnames(informed_draws_3)</pre>

Prior-predictive checks: Varying slope model

```
informed_pp_sd_3 <- ggplot(informed_draws_3) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior sd ID), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(sd ID Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior
  theme classic() +
   xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")
informed_pp_intercept_3 <- ggplot(informed_draws_3) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior Intercept), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")
informed pp b v2 3 <- ggplot(informed draws 3) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v2), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v2")
informed pp b v1 3 <- ggplot(informed draws 3) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v1), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v1")
informed pp b v3 3 <- ggplot(informed draws 3) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v3), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b_v3")
informed_pp_b_v4_3 <- ggplot(informed_draws_3) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v4), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b_v4")
informed pp b v5 3 <- ggplot(informed draws 3) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v5), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b v5")
informed pp b v6 3 <- ggplot(informed draws 3) +
  geom histogram(aes(prior b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v6), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v6")
informed_pp_b_v7_3 <- ggplot(informed_draws_3) +</pre>
  geom histogram(aes(prior b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(b_v7), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme classic() +
   xlab("b_v7")
informed_pp_b_v8_3 <- ggplot(informed_draws_3) +</pre>
  geom\_histogram(aes(prior\_b), fill="black", color="black", alpha=0.6,) +\\
  geom histogram(aes(b v8), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b v8")
informed pp b v9 3 <- ggplot(informed draws 3) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom histogram(aes(b v9), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b_v9")
informed_pp_b_v10_3 <- ggplot(informed_draws_3) +</pre>
  geom\_histogram(aes(prior\_b), fill="black", color="black", alpha=0.6,) +\\
  geom\_histogram(aes(b\_v10), fill="\#E68613", color="\#E68613", alpha=0.6) +\\
  theme_classic() +
   xlab("b_v10")
grid.arrange(informed pp b v1 3, informed pp b v2 3, informed pp b v3 3, informed pp b v4 3, informed pp b v5 3,
informed pp b v6 3, informed pp b v7 3, informed pp b v8 3, informed pp b v9 3, informed pp b v10 3)
```

```
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
    `stat bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
##
   `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
   `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
##
    `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
##
    `stat_bin()` using
`stat_bin()` using
                           `bins = 30`. Pick better value with
##
                           `bins = 30`. Pick better value with
                                                                      `binwidth`.
##
    `stat bin()` using
                          `bins = 30`. Pick better value with
                                                                      `binwidth`.
##
   `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
   `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
##
    `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`. `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
##
    `stat_bin()` using
                          `bins = 30`. Pick better value with
                                                                      `binwidth`.
##
   `stat bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
   `stat bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
   `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
##
```



 $\#ggsave("prior-post-m3.jpeg", plot = p1_10_m3, path = "/Users/justina/Desktop/Desktop - Justina's MacBook Pro/Aarhus Uni/Semester 3/Methods 3/Assignment-3")$

Skeptic models

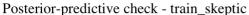
Skeptic: fixed effects

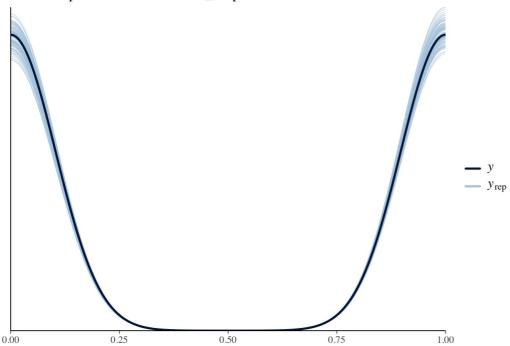
```
pitch_m_skeptic <- brm(
    p_range_f_1,
    data = train_skeptic_s,
    family = bernoulli,
    prior = p_range_p,
    sample_prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    threads = threading(2),
    chains = 2,
    core = 2,
    control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))</pre>
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                          1 / 2000 [
                                      0%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000 [
                                     5%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                         1 / 2000
                                   ſ
                                      0%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000 [
                                      5%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000
                                     25%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000 [ 25%]
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## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                           (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
##
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       600 /
                             2000
                                     30%1
                                            (Warmup)
                                     35%]
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [
                                     50%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                           (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 /
                             2000
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                           (Sampling)
  Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1500 / 2000
                                     75%1
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 1.0 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 1.1 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 1.0 seconds.
## Total execution time: 1.2 seconds.
```

```
pp check(pitch m skeptic, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check - train skeptic")
```





```
skeptic_draws <- as_draws_df(pitch_m_skeptic)
#variables(informed_draws)

skeptic_pp_intercept <- ggplot(skeptic_draws) +
    geom_histogram(aes(prior_Intercept), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
    geom_histogram(aes(b_Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
    theme_classic() +
    xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")

skeptic_pp_b_v2 <- ggplot(skeptic_draws) +
    geom_histogram(aes(prior_b), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
    geom_histogram(aes(b_v2), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) +
    theme_classic() +
    xlab("Prior-posterior update check on b_v2")</pre>
```

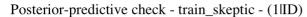
Skeptic: varying intercepts

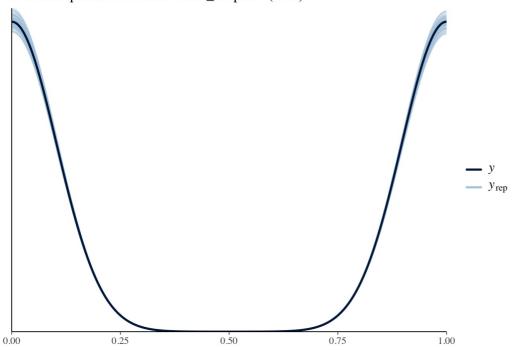
```
pitch_m_skeptic_2 <- brm(
    p_range_f_2,
    data = train_skeptic_s,
    family = bernoulli,
    prior = p_range_p_2,
    sample_prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    threads = threading(2),
    chains = 2,
    core = 2,
    control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))</pre>
```

Start sampling

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                         1 / 2000 [
                                      0%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                                      A%]
                         1 / 2000 [
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000 [
                                      5%1
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       100 /
                             2000
                                   ſ
                                      5%1
                                           (Warmup)
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       500 / 2000 [ 25%]
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       400 / 2000
                                     20%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000 [ 25%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                           (Warmup)
  Chain 2 Iteration:
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000
                                   [ 45%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [
                                     60%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                           (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                           (Sampling)
  Chain 2 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 6.3 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 6.8 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 6.6 seconds.
## Total execution time: 6.9 seconds.
```

```
pp\_check(pitch\_m\_informed\_2, \ ndraws=100) \ + \ labs(title = "Posterior-predictive \ check - train\_skeptic - (1|ID)")
```





Skeptic: varying slopes

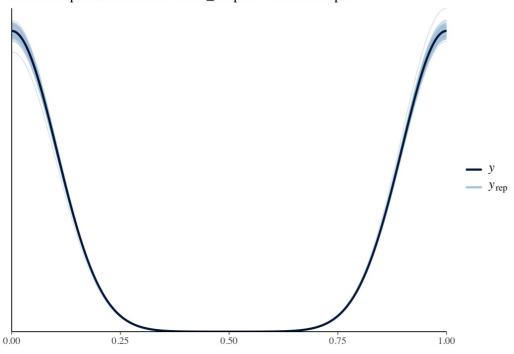
```
pitch_m_skeptic_3 <- brm(
    p_range_f_3,
    data = train_skeptic_s,
    family = bernoulli,
    prior = p_range_p_2,
    sample_prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    threads = threading(2),
    chains = 2,
    core = 2,
    control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))</pre>
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                          1 / 2000 [
                                      0%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                                      A%]
                          1 / 2000 [
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000
                                      5%1
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                        100 /
                              2000
                                   ſ
                                      5%1
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                            (Warmup)
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
##
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
                        400 /
                              2000 [ 20%]
                                            (Warmup)
  Chain 1 Iteration:
                       500 /
                              2000
                                     25%]
                                            (Warmup)
##
  Chain 2 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000 [
                                     25%1
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                        600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                            (Warmup)
##
  Chain 1 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
##
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                        800 /
                              2000
                                   [ 40%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                            (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [
                                     50%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 /
                              2000
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1600 /
                              2000
                                     80%1
                                            (Sampling)
  Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
##
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 1 finished in 118.8 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 126.4 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 122.6 seconds.
## Total execution time: 126.5 seconds.
```

```
pp_check(pitch_m_informed_3, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check - train_skeptic - random slop
es")
```

Posterior-predictive check - train_skeptic - random slopes



Calculating performance of the models: INFORMED

```
#Informed
train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc0 <- predict(pitch_m_informed)[, 1]
train_informed_s$Predictions0[train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc0 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions0`.
```

```
train_informed_s$Predictions0[train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc0 <= 0.5] <- "Control"

train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc1 <- predict(pitch_m_informed_3)[, 1]
train_informed_s$Predictions1[train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc1 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions1`.
```

```
train_informed_s$Predictions1[train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc1 <= 0.5] <- "Control"
train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc2 <- predict(pitch_m_informed_2)[, 1]
train_informed_s$Predictions2[train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc2 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions2`.
```

```
train_informed_s$Predictions2[train_informed_s$PredictionsPerc2 <= 0.5] <- "Control"

train_informed_s <- train_informed_s %>%
    mutate(
        Group = as.factor(Group),
        Predictions0 = as.factor(Predictions0),
        Predictions1 = as.factor(Predictions1),
        Predictions2 = as.factor(Predictions2)
)

test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc0 <- predict(pitch_m_informed, newdata = test_informed_s, allow_new_levels = T)[,
1]
test_informed_s$Predictions0[test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc0 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions0`.
```

```
test_informed_s$Predictions0[test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc0 <= 0.5] <- "Control"

test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc1 <- predict(pitch_m_informed_3, newdata = test_informed_s, allow_new_levels = T)[
, 1]
test_informed_s$Predictions1[test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc1 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions1`.
 test_informed_s$Predictions1[test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc1 <= 0.5] <- "Control"</pre>
 test informed s$PredictionsPerc2 <- predict(pitch m informed 2, newdata = test informed s, allow new levels = T)[
 , 1]
 test_informed_s$Predictions2[test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc2 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"
 ## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions2`.
 test_informed_s$Predictions2[test_informed_s$PredictionsPerc2 <= 0.5] <- "Control"</pre>
 test_informed_s <- test_informed_s %>%
   mutate(
     Group = as.factor(Group),
     Predictions0 = as.factor(Predictions0),
     Predictions1 = as.factor(Predictions1),
     Predictions2 = as.factor(Predictions2)
   )
SKEPTIC
 train skeptic s$PredictionsPerc0 <- predict(pitch m skeptic)[, 1]</pre>
 train_skeptic s$Predictions0[train_skeptic s$PredictionsPerc0 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"
 ## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions0`.
 train skeptic s$Predictions0[train skeptic s$PredictionsPerc0 <= 0.5] <- "Control"
 train_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc1 <- predict(pitch_m_skeptic_2)[, 1]</pre>
 train skeptic s$Predictions1[train skeptic s$PredictionsPerc1 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"
 ## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions1`.
 train skeptic s$Predictions1[train skeptic s$PredictionsPerc1 <= 0.5] <- "Control"
 train_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc2 <- predict(pitch_m_skeptic_3)[, 1]</pre>
 train_skeptic_s$Predictions2[train_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc2 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"
 ## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions2`.
 train skeptic s$Predictions2[train skeptic s$PredictionsPerc2 <= 0.5] <- "Control"
 train_skeptic_s <- train_skeptic_s %>%
   mutate(
     Group = as.factor(Group),
     Predictions0 = as.factor(Predictions0),
     Predictions1 = as.factor(Predictions1),
     Predictions2 = as.factor(Predictions2)
 test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc0 <- predict(pitch_m_skeptic, newdata = test_skeptic_s, allow_new_levels = T)[, 1]</pre>
 test skeptic s$Predictions0[test skeptic s$PredictionsPerc0 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"
 ## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions0`.
```

```
test_skeptic_s$Predictions0[test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc0 <= 0.5] <- "Control"

test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc1 <- predict(pitch_m_skeptic_2, newdata = test_skeptic_s, allow_new_levels = T)[, 1
]
test_skeptic_s$Predictions1[test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc1 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions1`.
```

```
test_skeptic_s$Predictions1[test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc1 <= 0.5] <- "Control"

test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc2 <- predict(pitch_m_skeptic_3, newdata = test_skeptic_s, allow_new_levels = T)[, 1]

test_skeptic_s$Predictions2[test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc2 > 0.5] <- "Schizophrenia"</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions2`.
```

```
test_skeptic_s$Predictions2[test_skeptic_s$PredictionsPerc2 <= 0.5] <- "Control"

test_skeptic_s <- test_skeptic_s %>%
  mutate(
    Group = as.factor(Group),
    Predictions0 = as.factor(Predictions0),
    Predictions1 = as.factor(Predictions1),
    Predictions2 = as.factor(Predictions2)
)
```

Assessing average performance:

```
#INFORMED: TRAINING DATA
conf_mat(train_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 756 45
## Schizophrenia 44 755
```

```
metrics(train_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.944375
kap	binary	0.888750

```
conf_mat(train_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 756 44
## Schizophrenia 44 756
```

```
metrics(train_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.945
kap	binary	0.890

```
conf_mat(train_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 756 45
## Schizophrenia 44 755
```

```
metrics(train_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.944375
kap	binary	0.888750

#INFORMED: TEST DATA
conf_mat(test_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))

Truth
Prediction Control Schizophrenia
Control 188 9
Schizophrenia 12 191

metrics(test_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0) %>%
knitr::kable()

.metric.estimator.estimateaccuracybinary0.9475kapbinary0.8950

conf_mat(test_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))

Truth
Prediction Control Schizophrenia
Control 188 9
Schizophrenia 12 191

metrics(test_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1) %>%
knitr::kable()

.metric.estimator.estimateaccuracybinary0.9475kapbinary0.8950

conf_mat(test_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))

Prediction Control Schizophrenia
Control 189 8
Schizophrenia 11 192

metrics(test_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2) %>%
knitr::kable()

.metric.estimator.estimateaccuracybinary0.9525kapbinary0.9050

#SKEPTIC: TRAINING DATA conf_mat(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))

Prediction Control Schizophrenia
Control 491 334
Schizophrenia 309 466

metrics(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0) %>%
 knitr::kable()

.metric.estimator.estimateaccuracybinary0.598125kapbinary0.196250

conf_mat(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))

```
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 491 332
## Schizophrenia 309 468
```

```
metrics(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.599375
kap	binary	0.198750

```
conf_mat(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 795 2
## Schizophrenia 5 798
```

```
metrics(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.995625
kap	binary	0.991250

```
#SKEPTIC: TEST DATA
conf_mat(test_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 95 112
## Schizophrenia 105 88
```

```
metrics(test_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.4575
kap	binary	-0.0850

```
conf_mat(test_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 100 117
## Schizophrenia 100 83
```

```
metrics(test_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.4575
kap	binary	-0.0850

```
conf_mat(test_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction Control Schizophrenia
## Control 107 107
## Schizophrenia 93 93
```

```
metrics(test_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.5
kap	binary	0.0

```
PerformanceProb <- tibble(expand grid(
  Sample = seq(2000),
  Model = c("FixedEffects", "VaryingIntercept", "VaryingSlope"),
  Setup = c("Informed", "Skeptic"),
  Type = c("Training", "Test")
))
#Informed: fixed effects
train0 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m informed, summary = F))</pre>
test0 <- inv_logit_scaled(posterior_linpred(pitch_m_informed, summary = F,</pre>
                                            newdata = test_informed_s, allow_new_levels = T))
for (i in seq(2000)) {
  train informed s$Predictions0 <- as.factor(ifelse(train0[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
  test_informed_s$Predictions0 <- as.factor(ifelse(test0[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
  PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "FixedEffects" &
                             PerformanceProb$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Training"] <- accurac
y(train informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0)[, ".estimate"]
    PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "FixedEffects" &
                             PerformanceProb$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Test"] <- accuracy(te
st informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0)[, ".estimate"]
}
```

Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Accuracy`.

```
#Informed: varying intercepts
train1 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m informed 3, summary = F))</pre>
test1 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m informed 3, summary = F,
                                                                  newdata = test informed s, allow new levels = T))
for (i in seq(2000)) {
   train informed s$Predictions1 <- as.factor(ifelse(train1[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   test_informed_s$Predictions1 <- as.factor(ifelse(test1[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   PerformanceProb$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Training"] <- accurac
y(train informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1)[, ".estimate"]
      \label{lem:performanceProb} PerformanceProb\\ Sample == i \& PerformanceProb\\ Smodel == "VaryingIntercept" \& PerformanceProb\\ Sample == i \& PerformanceProb
                                           PerformanceProb$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Test"] <- accuracy(te
st informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1)[, ".estimate"]
}
#Informed: varying slopes
train2 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m informed 2, summary = F))</pre>
test2 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m informed 2, summary = F,</pre>
                                                                  newdata = test informed s, allow new levels = T))
for (i in seq(2000)) {
   train informed s$Predictions2 <- as.factor(ifelse(train2[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   test informed s$Predictions2 <- as.factor(ifelse(test2[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingSlope" &
                                           PerformanceProb$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Training"] <- accurac
y(train_informed_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2)[, ".estimate"]
      PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingSlope" &
                                           PerformanceProb$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Test"] <- accuracy(te
st informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2)[, ".estimate"]
}
```

```
#Skeptic: fixed effects
train0 s <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m skeptic, summary = F))</pre>
test0 s <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m skeptic, summary = F,</pre>
                                                                           newdata = test skeptic s, allow new levels = T))
for (i in seq(2000)) {
   train\_skeptic\_s\$Predictions0 <- as.factor(ifelse(train0\_s[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   test skeptic s$Predictions0 <- as.factor(ifelse(test0 s[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   \label{lem:performanceProbs} PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i \& PerformanceProb$Model == "FixedEffects" \& PerformanceProb$Model == berformanceProb$Model == berformanceProb$Mo
                                                 PerformanceProb$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Training"] <- accuracy
(train skeptic s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0)[, ".estimate"]
       PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "FixedEffects" &
                                                 PerformanceProb$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Test"] <- accuracy(tes
t skeptic s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions0)[, ".estimate"]
#Skeptic: varying intercepts
train1 s <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m skeptic 2, summary = F))</pre>
test1 s <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m skeptic 2, summary = F,</pre>
                                                                           newdata = test skeptic s, allow new levels = T))
for (i in seq(2000)) {
   train skeptic s$Predictions1 <- as.factor(ifelse(train1 s[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   test skeptic s$Predictions1 <- as.factor(ifelse(test1 s[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingIntercept" &
                                                 PerformanceProb$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Training"] <- accuracy
(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1)[, ".estimate"]
      PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingIntercept" &
                                                 PerformanceProb$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Test"] <- accuracy(tes
t skeptic s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions1)[, ".estimate"]
#Skeptic: varving slopes
train2 s <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m skeptic 3, summary = F))</pre>
test2 s <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(pitch m skeptic 3, summary = F,</pre>
                                                                          newdata = test_skeptic_s, allow_new_levels = T))
for (i in seq(2000)) {
   train_skeptic_s$Predictions2 <- as.factor(ifelse(train2_s[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   test skeptic s$Predictions2 <- as.factor(ifelse(test2 s[i,]> 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
   PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingSlope" &
                                                 PerformanceProb$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Training"] <- accuracy</pre>
(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2)[, ".estimate"]
      PerformanceProb$Accuracy[PerformanceProb$Sample == i & PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingSlope" &
                                                 PerformanceProb$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb$Type == "Test"] <- accuracy(tes
t skeptic s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions2)[, ".estimate"]
}
```

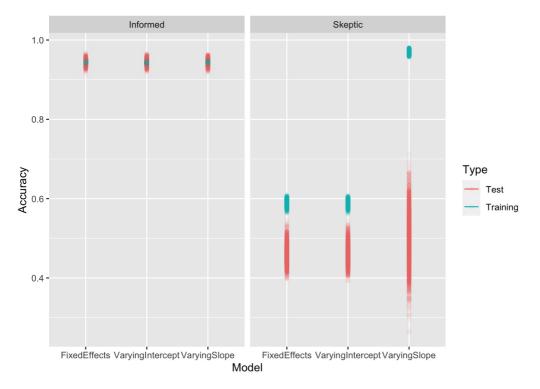
Plot of accuracy in classification:

```
PerformanceProb <- PerformanceProb %>%
  mutate(
    Model = as.factor(Model),
    Type = as.factor(Type),
    Setup = as.factor(Setup),
    Accuracy= as.numeric(Accuracy)
)

performance_1 <- ggplot(data=PerformanceProb, aes(x=Model, y=Accuracy, color = Type)) +
    geom_point(alpha = 0.05) +
    facet_wrap(~Setup) +
    stat_summary(geom = "line", fun = mean)

performance_1</pre>
```

```
## `geom_line()`: Each group consists of only one observation.
## i Do you need to adjust the group aesthetic?
## `geom_line()`: Each group consists of only one observation.
## i Do you need to adjust the group aesthetic?
```



Assessing impact of the priors:

```
#What is the impact of the priors?
#Construct the sequence of sds to loop through for the slope
priSD <- seq(0.1, 1.5, length.out = 15) #defining prior confidence
priorsN <- p_range_p_2 #using mine

#Create empty variables to store output of the loop:
PerformanceProb_p <- tibble(expand_grid(
    Sample = seq(4000),
    Prior = priSD,
    Setup = c("Informed", "Skeptic"),
    Type = c("Training", "Test")
))</pre>
```

```
for (i in 1:length(priSD)) {
  print(i)
  priorsN[2,] <- set prior(paste0("normal(0, ", priSD[i], ")"), class = "b")</pre>
#model Fixed effects
  model for loop <- update(</pre>
    pitch m informed,
    prior = priorsN,
    sample_prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    chains = 2,
    cores = 2.
    iter = 4e3,
    threads = threading(2),
    control = list(adapt_delta = 0.9, max_treedepth = 20)
    model sk for loop <- update(</pre>
   pitch_m_skeptic,
    prior = priorsN,
    sample prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr".
    chains = 2,
    cores = 2,
    iter = 4e3,
    threads = threading(2),
    control = list(adapt delta = 0.9, max treedepth = 20)
  train_inf <- inv_logit_scaled(posterior_linpred(model_for_loop, summary = F))</pre>
  test_inf <- inv_logit_scaled(posterior_linpred(model_for_loop, summary = F,</pre>
                                             newdata = test informed s, allow new levels = T))
  train sk <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(model sk for loop, summary = F))</pre>
  test sk <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(model sk for loop, summary = F,</pre>
                                             newdata = test skeptic s, allow new levels = T))
  for (j in seq(4000)) {
    train\_informed\_s\$Predictions <- as.factor(ifelse(train\_inf[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    test informed s$Predictions <- as.factor(ifelse(test inf[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    train skeptic s$Predictions <- as.factor(ifelse(train sk[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    test skeptic s$Predictions <- as.factor(ifelse(test sk[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    PerformanceProb p$Accuracy[PerformanceProb p$Sample == j & PerformanceProb p$Prior == priSD[i] &
                              PerformanceProb p$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb p$Type == "Training"] <- ac
curacy(train informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions)[, ".estimate"]
    PerformanceProb_p$Accuracy[PerformanceProb_p$Sample == j & PerformanceProb_p$Prior == priSD[i] &
                              PerformanceProb_p$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb_p$Type == "Test"] <- accura
cy(test informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions)[, ".estimate"]
    PerformanceProb p$Accuracy[PerformanceProb p$Sample == j & PerformanceProb p$Prior == priSD[i] &
                             PerformanceProb p$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb_p$Type == "Training"] <- accu
racy(train skeptic s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions)[, ".estimate"]
    PerformanceProb p$Accuracy[PerformanceProb p$Sample == j & PerformanceProb p$Prior == priSD[i] &
                              PerformanceProb p$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb p$Type == "Test"] <- accuracy
(test_skeptic s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions)[, ".estimate"]
 }
}
```

```
priSD <- seq(0.1, 1.5, length.out = 15) #defining prior confidence</pre>
priorsN <- p_range_p_2 #using mine</pre>
#Create empty variables to store output of the loop:
PerformanceProb p 3 <- tibble(expand grid(</pre>
  Sample = seq(4000),
  Prior = priSD,
  Setup = c("Informed", "Skeptic"),
  Type = c("Training", "Test")
))
for (i in 1:length(priSD)) {
  print(i)
  priorsN[2,] <- set_prior(paste0("normal(0, ", priSD[i], ")"), class = "b")</pre>
#model Varving slope
  model for loop <- update(</pre>
    pitch m informed 2, #model with varying slope
    prior = priorsN,
    sample prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    chains = 2.
    cores = 2,
    iter = 4e3,
    threads = threading(2),
    control = list(adapt delta = 0.9, max treedepth = 20)
    model sk for loop <- update(</pre>
    pitch m skeptic 3, #model with varying slope
    prior = priorsN,
    sample_prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    chains = 2,
    cores = 2.
    iter = 4e3,
    threads = threading(2),
    control = list(adapt_delta = 0.9, max_treedepth = 20)
  )
  train inf 3 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(model for loop, summary = F))</pre>
  test inf 3 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(model for loop, summary = F,
                                             newdata = test informed s, allow new levels = T))
  train sk 3 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(model sk for loop, summary = F))</pre>
  test sk 3 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(model sk for loop, summary = F,
                                             newdata = test skeptic s, allow new levels = T))
  for (j in seq(4000)) {
    train_informed_s$Predictions_3 <- as.factor(ifelse(train_inf_3[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    test informed s$Predictions 3 <- as.factor(ifelse(test inf 3[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    train skeptic s$Predictions 3 <- as.factor(ifelse(train sk 3[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    test_skeptic_s$Predictions_3 <- as.factor(ifelse(test_sk_3[j,] > 0.5, "Schizophrenia", "Control"))
    PerformanceProb_p_3$Accuracy[PerformanceProb_p_3$Sample == j & PerformanceProb_p_3$Prior == priSD[i] &
                              PerformanceProb p 3$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb p 3$Type == "Training"] <
- accuracy(train informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions 3)[, ".estimate"]
    PerformanceProb_p_3$Accuracy[PerformanceProb_p_3$Sample == j & PerformanceProb_p_3$Prior == priSD[i] &
                              PerformanceProb p 3$Setup == "Informed" & PerformanceProb_p_3$Type == "Test"] <- ac
curacy(test informed s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions 3)[, ".estimate"]
    PerformanceProb p 3$Accuracy[PerformanceProb p 3$Sample == j & PerformanceProb p 3$Prior == priSD[i] &
                             PerformanceProb p 3$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb p 3$Type == "Training"] <-</pre>
accuracy(train_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions_3)[, ".estimate"]
    PerformanceProb_p_3$Accuracy[PerformanceProb_p_3$Sample == j & PerformanceProb p 3$Prior == priSD[i] &
                             PerformanceProb_p_3$Setup == "Skeptic" & PerformanceProb_p_3$Type == "Test"] <- accu
racy(test_skeptic_s, truth = Group, estimate = Predictions_3)[, ".estimate"]
  }
}
```

```
PerformanceProb_p <- PerformanceProb_p %>%
  mutate(
    Type = as.factor(Type),
    Setup = as.factor(Setup),
    Prior = as.numeric(Prior),
    Accuracy= as.numeric(Accuracy)
)

ggplot(data=PerformanceProb_p, aes(x=Prior, y=Accuracy, color = Type)) +
    geom_point(alpha = 0.05) +
    facet_wrap(~Setup) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0.5) +
    ggtitle("Analysis of accuracy")
```

Plot of priors (Varying slope model):

```
PerformanceProb_p_3 <- PerformanceProb_p_3 %>%
  mutate(
    Type = as.factor(Type),
    Setup = as.factor(Setup),
    Prior = as.numeric(Prior),
    Accuracy= as.numeric(Accuracy)
)

ggplot(data=PerformanceProb_p_3, aes(x=Prior, y=Accuracy, color = Type)) +
    geom_point(alpha = 0.05) +
    facet_wrap(~Setup) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0.5) +
    ggtitle("Sensitivity analysis (model with varying slopes)")
```

Feature importance:

```
library(reshape)
#Informed:
#Model with fixed intercepts
#Converting into a tibble, changing the format so I could plot it as overlapping densities.
f in <- as draws df(pitch m informed)</pre>
ggplot(f_in) +
  geom\_density(aes(x = b\_v1), colour = "green", fill = "green", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom\_density(aes(x = b\_v2), colour = "blue", fill = "blue", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v3), colour = "red", fill = "red", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v4), colour = "yellow", fill = "yellow", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom density(aes(x = b v5), colour = "black", fill = "black", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v6), colour = "violet", fill = "violet", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v7), colour = "grey", fill = "grey", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v8), colour = "chocolate", fill = "chocolate", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v9), colour = "darkgreen", fill = "darkgreen", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom density(aes(x = b v10), colour = "orange", fill = "orange", alpha = 0.2) +
  xlab("Variables v1-v10") + ggtitle("Fixed effects")
p_v^2 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v^2)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = -0.55, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density() + xlab("Pitch variability: v2")
p_v1 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v1)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = -1.26, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Proportion of spoken time: v1")
p_v3 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v3)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = -0.75, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Speech rate: v3")
p_v4 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v4)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 1.89, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Duration of pauses: v4")
p_v5 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v5)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0.25, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Pitch mean: v5")
p_v6 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v6)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0.05, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density() + xlab("Number of pauses: v6")
p v7 <- ggplot(f in, aes(x=b v7)) +
```

```
geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density()
p_v8 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v8)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density()
p_v9 < -ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v9)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density()
p_v10 \leftarrow ggplot(f_in, aes(x=b_v10)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density()
#Plot of density for each simulated variable
grid.arrange(p_v1, p_v2, p_v3, p_v4, p_v5, p_v6, p_v7, p_v8, p_v9, p_v10)
#According to this model, with fixed predictors, the features of v1 (proportion of spoken time), v3 (Speech rate)
and v4 (Duration of pauses) are used the most.
#Model with Varying intercept:
v_int <- as_draws_df(pitch_m_informed_3)</pre>
ggplot(v_int) +
  geom\_density(aes(x = b\_v1), colour = "green", fill = "green", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom\_density(aes(x = b\_v2), colour = "blue", fill = "blue", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v3), colour = "red", fill = "red", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v4), colour = "yellow", fill = "yellow", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v5), colour = "black", fill = "black", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v6), colour = "violet", fill = "violet", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v7), colour = "grey", fill = "grey", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom density(aes(x = b v8), colour = "chocolate", fill = "chocolate", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v9), colour = "darkgreen", fill = "darkgreen", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom density(aes(x = b_v10), colour = "orange", fill = "orange", alpha = 0.2) +
  xlab("Variables v1-v10") + ggtitle("Varying intercept")
p_v1_v \leftarrow ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v1)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = -1.26, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Proportion of spoken time: v1")
p_v2_v \leftarrow ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v2)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = -0.55, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Pitch variability: v2")
p_v3_v \leftarrow ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v3)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = -0.75, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Speech rate: v3")
p_v4 v \leftarrow ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v4)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = 1.89, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density() + xlab("Duration of pauses: v4")
p_v5_v \leftarrow ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v5)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = 0.25, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Pitch mean: v5")
p_v6_v \leftarrow ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v6)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0.05, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Number of pauses: v6")
p_v7_v < -ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v7)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density()
p_v8_v \leftarrow ggplot(v_int, aes(x=b_v8)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density()
p v9 v <- ggplot(v int, aes(x=b v9)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density()
p v10 v <- ggplot(v int, aes(x=b v10)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density()
 \texttt{grid.arrange}(p\_v1\_v, \ p\_v2\_v, \ p\_v3\_v, \ p\_v4\_v, \ p\_v5\_v, \ p\_v6\_v, \ p\_v7\_v, \ p\_v8\_v, \ p\_v9\_v, \ p\_v10\_v) 
#According to this model, with varying intercept, the features of v1 (proportion of spoken time), v3 (Speech rate
), v5 (Pitch mean) and v6(number of pauses) are used the most.
```

```
#Model with Varying slopes:
v_sl <- as_draws_df(pitch_m_informed_2)</pre>
ggplot(v sl) +
  geom\ density(aes(x = b\ v1),\ colour = "green",\ fill = "green",\ alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v2), colour = "blue", fill = "blue", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v3), colour = "red", fill = "red", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v4), colour = "yellow", fill = "yellow", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v5), colour = "black", fill = "black", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom\_density(aes(x = b\_v6), colour = "violet", fill = "violet", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom density(aes(x = b v7), colour = "grey", fill = "grey", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom density(aes(x = b v8), colour = "chocolate", fill = "chocolate", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom_density(aes(x = b_v9), colour = "darkgreen", fill = "darkgreen", alpha = 0.2) +
  geom density(aes(x = b v10), colour = "orange", fill = "orange", alpha = 0.2) +
  xlab("Variables v1-v10") + ggtitle("Varying slope")
p v1 s \leftarrow ggplot(v sl, aes(x=b v1)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = -1.26, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Proportion of spoken time: v1")
p_v2_s \leftarrow ggplot(v_sl, aes(x=b_v2)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = -0.55, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density() + xlab("Pitch variability: v2")
p v3 s \leftarrow ggplot(v sl, aes(x=b v3)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = -0.75, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density() + xlab("Speech rate: v3")
p_v4_s \leftarrow ggplot(v_sl, aes(x=b_v4)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = 1.89, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density() + xlab("Duration of pauses: v4")
p v5 s <- ggplot(v sl, aes(x=b v5)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = 0.25, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Pitch mean: v5")
p_v6 s \leftarrow ggplot(v_sl, aes(x=b_v6)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0.05, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density() + xlab("Number of pauses: v6")
p v7 s \leftarrow ggplot(v sl, aes(x=b v7)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density()
p_v8_s \leftarrow ggplot(v_sl, aes(x=b_v8)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density()
p_v9_s < -ggplot(v_sl, aes(x=b_v9)) +
  geom vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom density()
p v10 s <- ggplot(v sl, aes(x=b v10)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour="red", linetype = "longdash") +
  geom_density()
grid.arrange(p_v1_s, p_v2_s, p_v3_s, p_v4_s, p_v5_s, p_v6_s, p_v7_s, p_v8_s, p_v9_s, p_v10_s)
#According to this model, with varying intercept, the features of v1 (proportion of spoken time), v3 (Speech rate
), v5 (Pitch mean) and v6(number of pauses) are used the most.
```

Another way of assessing feature importance:

```
#Tidymodels
train informed scaled <- train informed s[3:13] #Excluding unnecessary columns
d_inf <- train_informed_scaled %>%
     mutate(ID = NULL, Trial = NULL, Preds = NULL, Predictions = NULL, v1 s = NULL)
LogisticRegression inf SIM <- logistic reg() %>%
     set_mode("classification") %>%
      set engine("glm") %>%
      fit(Group ~ . , data = d_inf)
explainer lm <- explain tidymodels( #for the logistic regression
      LogisticRegression_inf_SIM,
      data = train_informed_scaled,
     y = as.numeric(train informed scaled$Group) - 1,
     label = "logReg",
      verbose = FALSE
explainer_lm %>% model_parts() %>% plot(show_boxplots = FALSE) + ggtitle("Feature importance ", "")
model profile lm1 <- model profile(explainer lm, type = "partial",</pre>
                                                                                                       variables = c("v1", "v2", "v3", "v4","v5", "v6","v7", "v8","v9", "v10"))
plot(model\_profile\_lm1, \ variables = c("v1", "v2", "v3", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v3", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v4", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v5", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v1", "v2", "v5", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v5", "v5", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v5", "v5", "v5", "v5", "v6")) \ + \ ggtitle("Partial \ dependence \ profile "v5", "v5
plot(model profile lm1, variables = c("v7", "v8", "v9", "v10")) + ggtitle("Partial dependence profile ", "")
```

Part III - Applying the ML pipeline to empirical data

Download the empirical dataset from brightspace and apply your ML pipeline to the new data, adjusting where needed. Warning: in the simulated dataset we only had 10 features, now you have many more! Such is the life of the ML practitioner. Consider the impact a higher number of features will have on your ML inference, and decide whether you need to cut down the number of features before running the pipeline (or alternatively expand the pipeline to add feature selection).

```
d <- read_csv("Ass3_empiricalData1.csv")</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 1889 Columns: 398
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (5): NewID, Diagnosis, Language, Gender, Trial
## dbl (393): PatID, Corpus, Duration_Praat, F0_Mean_Praat, F0_SD_Praat, Intens...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
d$PatID <- as.factor(d$PatID) #Has 122 levels (?)
d$NewID <- as.factor(d$NewID) #Has 221 levels
```

Cleaning the data set, using it for global feature importance later:

```
edata <- d %>%
  select(-ends with("Median"),-"Trial", -"Corpus", -"PatID", -"Language", -"Gender", -"NewID") #removing unnecess
ary columns just for now, so I could do a feature importance analysis.
#Identifying and removing highly correlated variables/columns:
no dig edata <- edata %>% select( -"Diagnosis")
cor_matrix <- cor(no_dig_edata)</pre>
#Modify correlation matrix:
cor_matrix_rm <- cor_matrix</pre>
cor_matrix_rm[upper.tri(cor_matrix_rm)] <- 0</pre>
diag(cor_matrix_rm) <- 0</pre>
#Removing highly correlated variables:
new_emp <- no_dig_edata[ , !apply(cor_matrix_rm,</pre>
                            2,
                            function(x) any(x > 0.7))] #Chose correlation 0.8 at first, but R could not load it as
well, therefore cut it down to 0.7.
#Adding diagnosis back to the data set
emp data <- cbind(new emp, Diagnosis = edata$Diagnosis)</pre>
emp data$Diagnosis <- as.factor(emp data$Diagnosis)</pre>
```

PCA Haven't used it, keeping as a note.

```
pca rec <- recipe(~., data = edata) %>%
  update role(NewID, Diagnosis, new role = "id") %>%
  step_normalize(all_predictors()) %>%
  step_pca(all_predictors())
pca_prep <- prep(pca_rec)</pre>
tidied_pca <- tidy(pca_prep, 2)</pre>
tidied_pca %>%
  filter(component %in% paste0("PC", 1:5)) %>%
  mutate(component = fct inorder(component)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(value, terms, fill = terms)) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet wrap(\simcomponent, nrow = 1) +
  labs(y = NULL)
library("tidytext")
tidied_pca %>%
  filter(component %in% paste0("PC", 1:5)) %>%
  group by(component) %>%
  top n(10, abs(value)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(terms = reorder within(terms, abs(value), component)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(abs(value), terms, fill = value > 0)) +
  geom_col() +
  facet_wrap(~component, scales = "free_y") +
  scale_y_reordered() +
  labs(
    x =  "Absolute value of contribution",
    y = NULL, fill = "Positive?"
juice(pca prep) %>%
  ggplot(aes(terms, value, label = NewID)) +
  geom_point(aes(color = Diagnosis), alpha = 0.7, size = 2) +
  geom text(check overlap = TRUE, hjust = "inward") +
  labs(color = NULL)
```

Running machine learning pipeline on the empirical data

1. Data budgeting:

```
library("groupdata2", "rsample")
set.seed(100)
#Adding the ID and gender to the data set:
emp df <- cbind(emp data, NewID = d$NewID, Gender = d$Gender) #1889 obs.</pre>
#Re-coding levels for simplicity:
levels(emp_df$NewID) <- seq(1:221)</pre>
#Splitting the data into 20/80 partition:
emp_df_split <- partition(emp_df, p = 0.2, id_col = "NewID", cat_col = c("Diagnosis", "Gender"))</pre>
#Creating testing and training sets:
e test <- emp df split[[1]]
e_train <- emp_df_split[[2]]</pre>
#Describing the population in training and test data sets:
e_test$Gender <- as.factor(e_test$Gender)</pre>
e_train$Gender <- as.factor(e_train$Gender)</pre>
e test$Diagnosis <- as.factor(e test$Diagnosis)</pre>
e_train$Diagnosis <- as.factor(e_train$Diagnosis)</pre>
summary(e test$Gender) #154 F and 213 M
## F M
```

```
## 139 240
```

```
summary(e_train$Gender) #654 F and 868 M
```

```
## F M
## 669 841
```

```
summary(e_test$Diagnosis) #188 CT and 179 SCZ
```

```
## CT SCZ
## 195 184
```

```
summary(e_train$Diagnosis) #801 CT and 721 SCZ
```

```
## CT SCZ
## 794 716
```

2. Data pre-processing:

```
#Scaling training data set:
rec_e_train <- e_train %>%
  recipe(Diagnosis ~ . ) %>%
  step_scale(all_numeric() ) %>%
  step_center(all_numeric() ) %>%
  prep(training = e_train, retain = TRUE)
e_train_s <- juice(rec_e_train)</pre>
e_test_s <- bake(rec_e_train, new_data = e_test, all_predictors()) %>%
  mutate(Diagnosis = e_test$Diagnosis)
.libPaths()
```

[1] "/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.2/Resources/library"

Global feature importance

```
#Starting with analysis on feature importance:
d_e_train <- e_train_s[2:103] %>% select(-"Gender")#Leaving only necessary columns

LogisticRegression_inf_emp <- logistic_reg() %>%
    set_mode("classification") %>%
    set_engine("glm") %>%
    fit(Diagnosis ~ . , data = d_e_train)
```

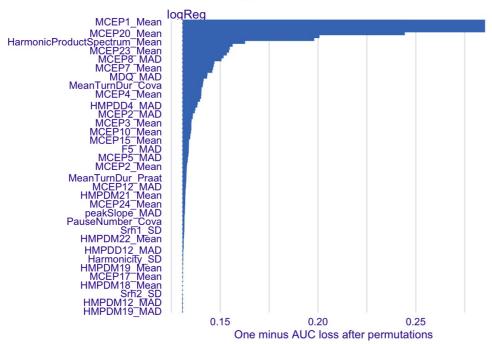
```
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
```

```
explainer_lm_emp <- explain_tidymodels( #for the logistic regression
  LogisticRegression_inf_emp,
  data = d_e_train,
  y = as.numeric(d_e_train$Diagnosis) - 1,
  label = "logReg",
  verbose = FALSE
)

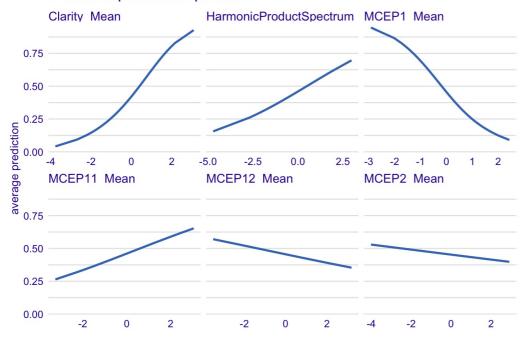
ed_f_i_1 <- explainer_lm_emp %>% model_parts() %>% plot(show_boxplots = FALSE) + ggtitle("Feature importance ", "
") + scale_x_discrete(guide = guide_axis(check.overlap = TRUE)) #Avoids the overlapping of the text.

explainer_lm_emp %>% model_parts() %>% plot(show_boxplots = FALSE) + ggtitle("Feature importance ", "") + scale_x_discrete(guide = guide_axis(check.overlap = TRUE))
```

Feature importance

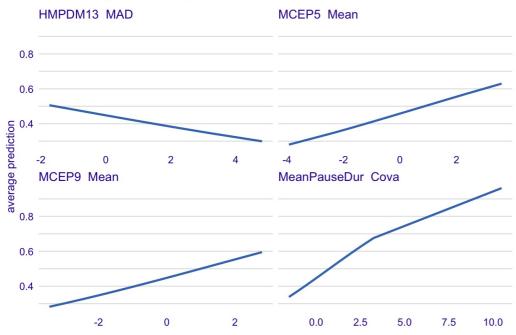


Partial dependence profile



plot(model_profile_lm_emp, variables = c("MCEP9_Mean", "MCEP5_Mean", "MeanPauseDur_Cova", "HMPDM13_MAD")) + ggtit
le("Partial dependence profile ", "")

Partial dependence profile



```
\#ggsave("ef_1\_analysis.jpeg", plot = ed_f\_i\_1, path = "/Users/justina/Desktop/Desktop - Justina's MacBook Pro/Aar
hus Uni/Semester 3/Methods 3/Assignment-3")
#Important variables: MCEP1 Mean, Clarity Mean, HarmonicProcuctSpectrum Mean, MCEP11 Mean, MCEP12 Mean, MCEP2 Mea
n, MCEP9 Mean, MCEP5 Mean, MeanPauseDur Cova, HMPDM13 MAD, F5 MAD, TurnNumMin Cova, F0 SD Praat.
randomforest inf emp <- rand forest() %>%
  set_mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("randomForest") %>%
  fit(Diagnosis ~ . , data = d_e_train)
explainer_rf_emp <- explain_tidymodels( #for the logistic regression</pre>
  randomforest_inf_emp,
  data = d_e_train,
  y = as.numeric(d e train$Diagnosis) - 1,
  label = "random forest",
  verbose = FALSE
ed_f_i_2 <- explainer_rf_emp %>% model_parts() %>% plot(show_boxplots = FALSE) + ggtitle("Feature importance ", "
") + scale x discrete(guide = guide axis(check.overlap = TRUE)) #Avoids the overlapping of the text.
#ggsave("ef 2 analysis.jpeg", plot = ed f i 2, path = "/Users/justina/Desktop/Desktop - Justina's MacBook Pro/Aar
hus Uni/Semester 3/Methods 3/Assignment-3")
```

3. Model choice and training - Model fitting in TIDYMODELS:

```
#Building model specification
LogisticRegression_inf <- logistic_reg() %>%
  set_mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("glm") %>%
  fit(Diagnosis ~ . , data = d_e_train) #Estimation based on the training set.
```

Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred

```
randomforest inf <- rand forest() %>%
  set mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("randomForest") %>%
  fit(Diagnosis ~ . , data = d e train)
#Train data
res train <- e train s %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  mutate(
    log_class_train = predict(LogisticRegression_inf, new_data = e_train_s) %>%
      pull(.pred_class),
    log_prob_train = predict(LogisticRegression_inf, new_data = e_train_s, type = "prob") %>%
     pull(.pred_SCZ),
    rf class train = predict(randomforest inf, new data = e train s) %>%
      pull(.pred class),
    rf_prob_train = predict(randomforest_inf, new_data = e_train_s, type = "prob") %>%
      pull(.pred SCZ)
  )
metrics(res train, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = log class train) %>%
  knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.7821192
kap	binary	0.5620210

```
metrics(res_train, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = rf_class_train) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	1
kap	binary	1

```
#Test data
res_test <- e_test_s %>%
    as_tibble() %>%
mutate(
    log_class = predict(LogisticRegression_inf, new_data = e_test_s) %>%
    pull(.pred_class),
    log_prob = predict(LogisticRegression_inf, new_data = e_test_s, type = "prob") %>%
    pull(.pred_SCZ),
    rf_class = predict(randomforest_inf, new_data = e_test_s) %>%
    pull(.pred_class),
    rf_prob = predict(randomforest_inf, new_data = e_test_s, type = "prob") %>%
    pull(.pred_SCZ)
)

metrics(res_test, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = log_class) %>%
    knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.7044855
kap	binary	0.4079281

```
metrics(res_test, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = rf_class) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

.metric	.estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.6569921
kap	binary	0.3115061

At first, created model with empirical data in brms. Ended up not using it, keeping as a note. Here, used the variables that showed the greatest importance in the model, therefore the applying in to training data set resulted in overfitting.

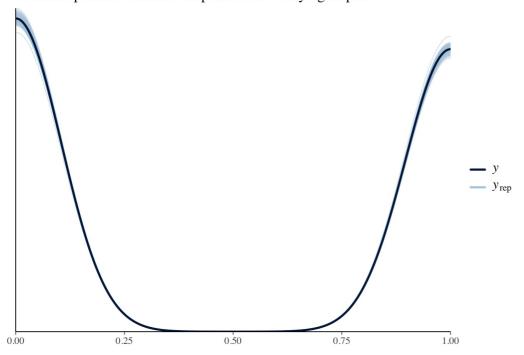
```
e df f <- bf(Diagnosis ~ 1 + MCEP1 Mean + Clarity Mean + HarmonicProductSpectrum Mean + MCEP11 Mean + MCEP12 Mean
+ MCEP2 Mean + MCEP9 Mean + MCEP5 Mean + MeanPauseDur Cova + HMPDM13 MAD + F5 MAD + TurnNumMin Cova + F0 SD Praat
+ (1 + MCEP1 Mean + Clarity Mean + HarmonicProductSpectrum Mean + MCEP11 Mean + MCEP12 Mean + MCEP2 Mean + MCEP9
Mean + MCEP5 Mean + MeanPauseDur Cova + HMPDM13 MAD + F5 MAD + TurnNumMin Cova+ F0 SD Praat | NewID))
#get_prior(e_df_f, e_train_s, family = bernoulli)
#Priors to start with:
e_df_p0 <- c(
  prior(normal(0, 1), class = Intercept),
  prior(normal(0, 0.4), class = b),
  prior(normal(0, 0.4), class = sd)
#Fitting the model:
e df m1 <- brm(
  e df f,
  data = e train s,
  family = bernoulli,
  prior = e df p0,
  sample_prior = T,
  backend = "cmdstanr",
  threads = threading(2),
  chains = 2,
  core = 2.
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                         1 / 2000 [
                                      0%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                                      A%]
                         1 / 2000 [
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       100 / 2000 [
                                      5%1
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                        100 /
                              2000
                                   ſ
                                      5%1
                                           (Warmup)
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                           (Warmup)
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
##
   Chain 2 Iteration:
                                           (Warmup)
   Chain 1 Iteration:
                       400 / 2000 [ 20%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000
                                     25%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       500 / 2000 [
                                     25%1
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                        600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                           (Warmup)
   Chain 2 Iteration:
                       700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                           (Warmup)
  Chain 1 Iteration:
                        800 /
                              2000
                                   [ 40%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                            (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:
                       900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                           (Warmup)
  Chain 2 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [
                                     50%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                            (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 /
                              2000 [ 65%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
   Chain 2 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                           (Sampling)
  Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 / 2000
                                     85%1
                                            (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                            (Sampling)
  Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 189.4 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                           (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 190.7 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 190.1 seconds.
## Total execution time: 190.9 seconds.
```

```
pp_check(e_df_m1, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check - empirical data - varying slopes")
```

Posterior-predictive check - empirical data - varying slopes



Calculating the performance of the model: (brms, not included)

```
#Training
e_train_s$PredictionsPerc0 <- predict(e_df_m1)[, 1]
e_train_s$Predictions0[e_train_s$PredictionsPerc0 > 0.5] <- "SCZ"</pre>
```

Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions0`.

```
e_train_s$Predictions0[e_train_s$PredictionsPerc0 <= 0.5] <- "CT"

e_train_s <- e_train_s %>%
    mutate(
    Diagnosis = as.factor(Diagnosis),
    Predictions0 = as.factor(Predictions0)
)

#Testing
e_test_s$PredictionsPerc0 <- predict(e_df_m1, newdata = e_test_s, allow_new_levels = T)[, 1]
e_test_s$Predictions0[e_test_s$PredictionsPerc0 > 0.5] <- "SCZ"</pre>
```

Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `Predictions0`.

.metric

```
e_test_s$Predictions0[e_test_s$PredictionsPerc0 <= 0.5] <- "CT"

e_test_s <- e_test_s %>%
    mutate(
        Diagnosis = as.factor(Diagnosis),
        Predictions0 = as.factor(Predictions0)
)

#TRAINING DATA
conf_mat(e_train_s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions0, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction CT SCZ
## CT 794 0
## SCZ 0 716
```

```
metrics(e_train_s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions0) %>%
knitr::kable()
```

accuracy	binary	1

estimate

.estimator

kap binary 1

```
#TEST DATA (not scaled)
conf_mat(e_test_s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions0, dnn = c("Prediction", "Truth"))
```

```
## Truth
## Prediction CT SCZ
## CT 149 103
## SCZ 46 81
```

```
metrics(e_test_s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions0) %>%
   knitr::kable()
```

.metric	estimator	.estimate
accuracy	binary	0.6068602
kap	binary	0.2061209

#The model performs poorly, therefore I will run the sensitivity analysis on priors, to see whether the prior has to be adjusted.

Plotting the accuracy: (brms, not included)

```
e_df_PerformanceProb <- tibble(expand_grid(</pre>
  Sample = seq(1889), #The number of samples I have (?)
  Model = c("VaryingSlope"),
  Setup = c("Empirical data");
  Type = c("Training", "Test")
))
#Informed model with all predictors
train_emp <- inv_logit_scaled(posterior_linpred(e_df_m1, summary = F))</pre>
test_emp <- inv_logit_scaled(posterior_linpred(e_df_m1, summary = F,</pre>
                                             newdata = e_test_s, allow_new_levels = T))
for (i in seq(200)) {
  e_train_s$Predictions0 <- as.factor(ifelse(train_emp[i,]> 0.5, "SCZ", "CT"))
  e_test_s$Predictions0 <- as.factor(ifelse(test_emp[i,]> 0.5, "SCZ", "CT"))
  e df PerformanceProb$Accuracy[e df PerformanceProb$Sample == i & e df PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingSlope" &
                             e df PerformanceProb$Setup == "Empirical data" & e df PerformanceProb$Type == "Train
ing"] <- accuracy(e train s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions0)[, ".estimate"]</pre>
  e_df_PerformanceProb$Accuracy[e_df_PerformanceProb$Sample == i & e_df_PerformanceProb$Model == "VaryingSlope" &
                             e df PerformanceProb$Setup == "Empirical data" & e df PerformanceProb$Type == "Test"
] <- accuracy(e test s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions0)[, ".estimate"]
e_df_PerformanceProb <- e_df_PerformanceProb %>%
  mutate(
    Model = as.factor(Model),
    Type = as.factor(Type),
    Setup = as.factor(Setup),
    Accuracy= as.numeric(Accuracy)
```

```
e_df_performance <- ggplot(data=e_df_PerformanceProb, aes(x=Model, y=Accuracy, color = Type)) +
    geom_point(alpha = 0.05) +
    facet_wrap(~Setup) +
    stat_summary(geom = "line", fun = mean)

#A lot of uncertainty in the model. It over fits, classifies test data just at the chance level.
e_df_performance</pre>
```

Sensitivity analysis on priors: (brms - not included)

```
#What is the impact of the priors?
#Construct the sequence of sds to loop through for the slope
e priSD <- seq(0.1, 1.5, length.out = 15) #defining prior confidence
e_priorsN <- e_df_p0 #using mine
#Create empty variables to store output of the loop:
e PerformanceProb p <- tibble(expand grid(
  Sample = seq(4000),
  Prior = e priSD,
  Setup = c("Empirical_data"),
  Type = c("Training", "Test")
))
for (i in 1:length(e_priSD)) {
  e priorsN[2,] <- set prior(paste0("normal(0, ", e priSD[i], ")"), class = "b")</pre>
#model Fixed effects
  model for loop <- update(</pre>
    e df m1,
    prior = e priorsN,
    sample prior = T,
    backend = "cmdstanr",
    chains = 2,
    cores = 2,
    iter = 4e3,
    threads = threading(2),
    control = list(adapt_delta = 0.9, max_treedepth = 20)
  train emp 1 <- inv logit scaled(posterior linpred(model for loop, summary = F))</pre>
  test_emp_1 <- inv_logit_scaled(posterior_linpred(model_for_loop, summary = F,</pre>
                                             newdata = e test s, allow new levels = T))
  for (j in seq(4000)) {
    e_train_s$Predictions <- as.factor(ifelse(train_emp_1[j,] > 0.5, "SCZ", "CT"))
    e test s$Predictions <- as.factor(ifelse(test emp 1[j,] > 0.5, "SCZ", "CT"))
    e PerformanceProb p$Accuracy[e PerformanceProb p$Sample == j & e PerformanceProb p$Prior == e priSD[i] &
                              e PerformanceProb p$Setup == "Empirical data" & e PerformanceProb p$Type == "Traini
ng"] <- accuracy(e train s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions)[, ".estimate"]</pre>
    e_PerformanceProb_p$Accuracy[e_PerformanceProb_p$Sample == j & e_PerformanceProb_p$Prior == e_priSD[i] &
                              e PerformanceProb p$Setup == "Empirical data" & e PerformanceProb p$Type == "Test"]
<- accuracy(e test s, truth = Diagnosis, estimate = Predictions)[, ".estimate"]
  }
}
e_PerformanceProb_p <- e_PerformanceProb_p %>%
    Type = as.factor(Type),
    Setup = as.factor(Setup),
    Prior = as.numeric(Prior),
    Accuracy= as.numeric(Accuracy)
```

ggplot(data=e PerformanceProb p, aes(x=Prior, y=Accuracy, color = Type)) +

ggtitle("Sensitivity analysis (model with varying slopes)")

geom_point(alpha = 0.05) +
geom hline(yintercept = 0.5) +