

# Assignment 2 - Meta-analysis of pitch in schizophrenia

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## Assignment 2: meta-analysis

### Questions to be answered

1. Simulate data to setup the analysis and gain insight on the structure of the problem. Simulate: One data set of 100 studies with a mean effect size of 0.4, average deviation by study of 0.4 and measurement error of 0.8.

N of participants should follow a normal distribution with mean of 20, SD of 10, but no fewer than 10 participants).

The data should consist of: a) one row per study, with an effect size mean and standard error. Then: b) Build a proper Bayesian model to analyze the simulated data. c) Then simulate publication bias (only some of the studies you simulate are likely to be published, which?), the effect of publication bias on your estimates (re-run the model on published studies, assess the difference), d) Discuss what this implies for your model. e) Use at least one plot to visualize your results.

BONUS question: do a power/precision analysis: w this kind of sample sizes (participants) how many studies would you need to acquire good precision (e.g. .1 sd in the pop level estimate)

```
#Loading the packages
pacman::p_load(tidyverse, dplyr, tidybayes, ggplot2, ggridges, plyr, brms, cmdstanr, gridExtra, readxl)
```

### Question 1

```
set.seed(578)

#Parameters for the simulation:
EffectMean <- 0.4                                     #Effect between the populations.
Effect size in the simulation
StudySD <- 0.4                                         #Difference between single studie
s. Average deviation by study
error <- 0.8                                           #Error of measuring the pitch in
voice.

#Simulations
Studies <- 100                                         #Simulating data set of 100 studi
es.

#How many participants each study will sample.
#Positive number of individuals per each study: defining the data frame
d <- tibble(
  Study = seq(Studies),
  Participants = round(msm::rtnorm(Studies, 20, 10, lower = 10), 0),
  EffectMu = NA, #effect size
  EffectSigma = NA, #uncertainty of the study
  StudyEffect = NA,
  Published = NA, #whether the study is published or not, will be simulated later
  PublishedPos = NA
)
```

Simulating the effect size, mean and standard error

```

for (i in seq(Studies)) {
  d$StudyEffect[i] <- rnorm(1, EffectMean, StudySD)
  sampling <- rnorm(d$Participants[i], d$StudyEffect[i], error)
  d$EffectMu[i] <- mean(sampling)
  d$EffectSigma[i] <- sd(sampling)/sqrt(d$Participants[i]) #Standard error
  d$Published[i] <- ifelse(
    abs(d$EffectMu[i]) - (2*d$EffectSigma[i]) > 0, #If study is significant, it gets published by 90%
    rbinom(1, 1, .9), rbinom(1, 1, .1)) #if study is not significant, it gets published with prob. of 10%
  d$PublishedPos[i] <- ifelse(
    abs(d$EffectMu[i]) - (2*d$EffectSigma[i]) > 0 & d$EffectMu[i] > 0, #
    rbinom(1, 1, .9), rbinom(1, 1, .1))
}

pub_bias_all <- ggplot(d) +
  aes(x = EffectMu) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30L, fill = "#E68613", color = "#E68613", alpha = 0.3) +
  labs(title = "Pub bias: all studies") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, color="black") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 18L, face = "bold"))

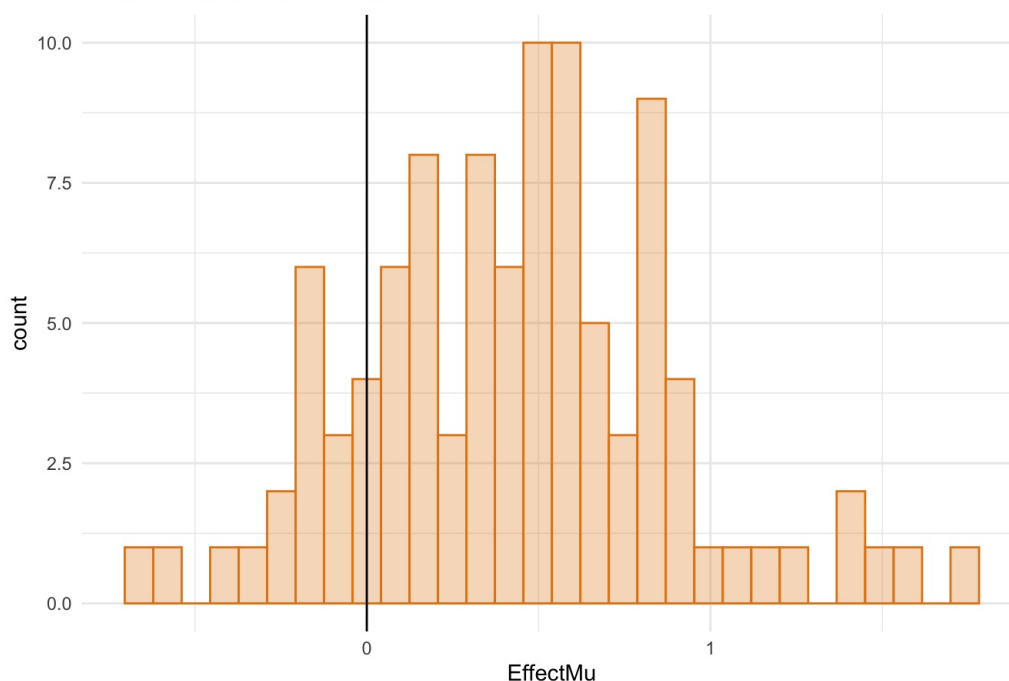
pub_bias_1 <- ggplot(subset(d, Published == 1)) +
  aes(x = EffectMu) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30L, fill = "#E68613", color = "#E68613", alpha = 0.3) +
  labs(title = "Pub bias: Published = 1") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, color="black") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 18L, face = "bold"))

pub_bias_pubpos_1 <- ggplot(subset(d, PublishedPos == 1)) +
  aes(x = EffectMu) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30L, fill = "#E68613", color = "#E68613", alpha = 0.3) +
  labs(title = "Pub bias: PublishedPos = 1") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, color="black") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 18L, face = "bold"))

pub_bias_all

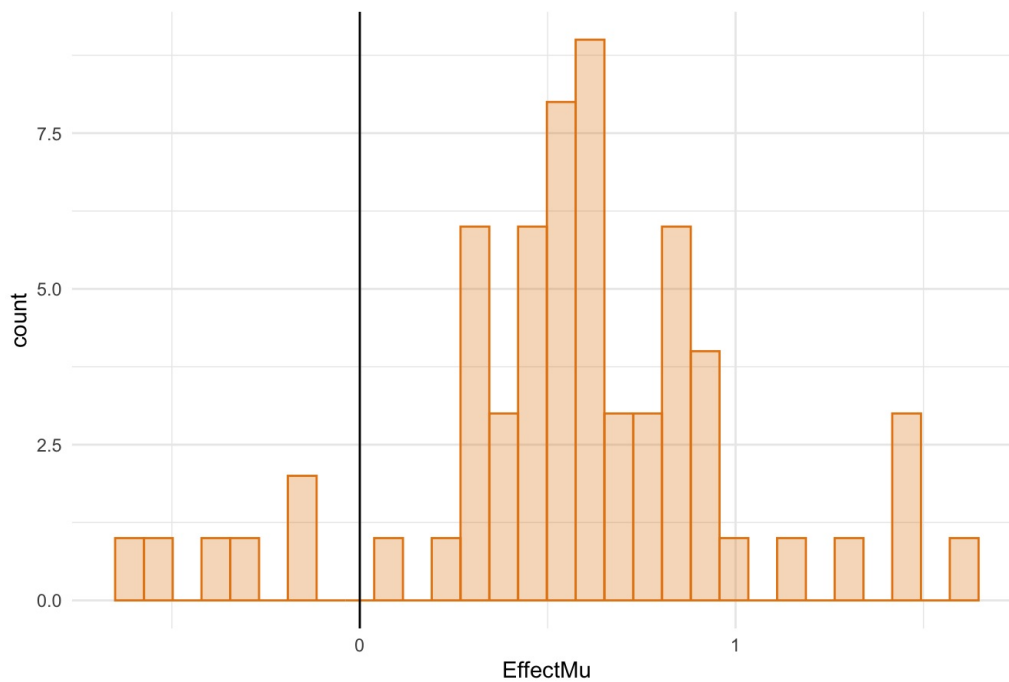
```

## Pub bias: all studies



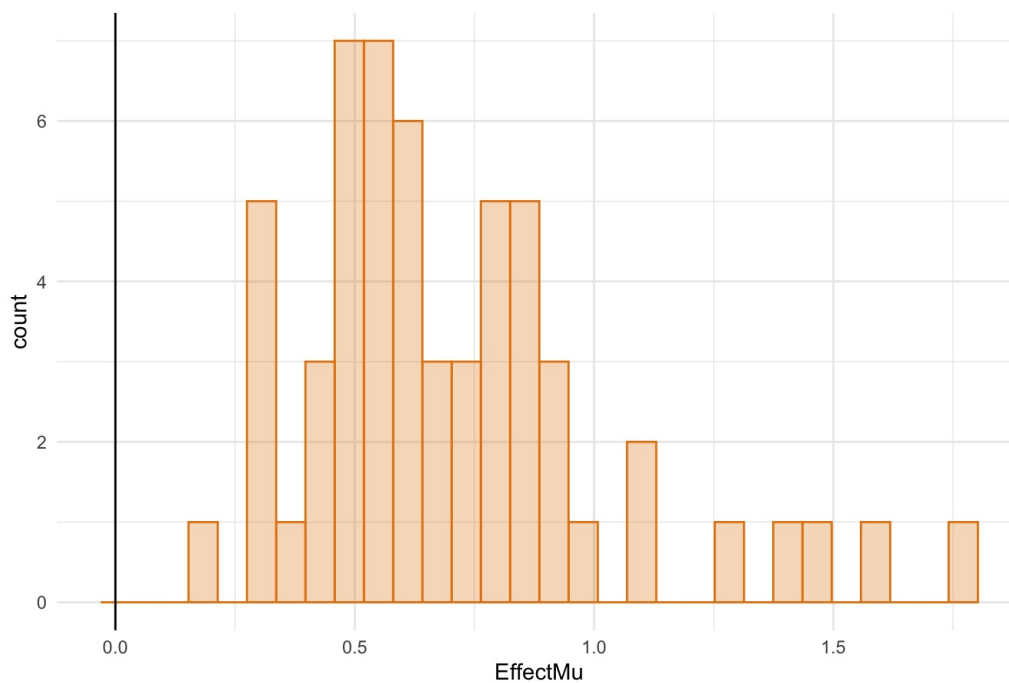
pub\_bias\_1

## Pub bias: Published = 1



```
pub_bias_pubpos_1
```

## Pub bias: PublishedPos = 1



### Meta-analytic multilevel modeling

```
f1 <- bf(EffectMu | se(EffectSigma) ~ 1 + (1 | Study))
get_prior(f1, d, gaussian)
```

### Setting priors on the underlying level and not the data itself

```
model_1_p <- c(
  prior(normal(0, 0.3), class = Intercept), #average undelying distribution of effects, any effect between -0.6 a
  nd 0.6 is possible.
  prior(normal(0, 0.3), class = sd) #how much on average the studies will deviate from each other. Uncertainty of
  the studies.
)
```

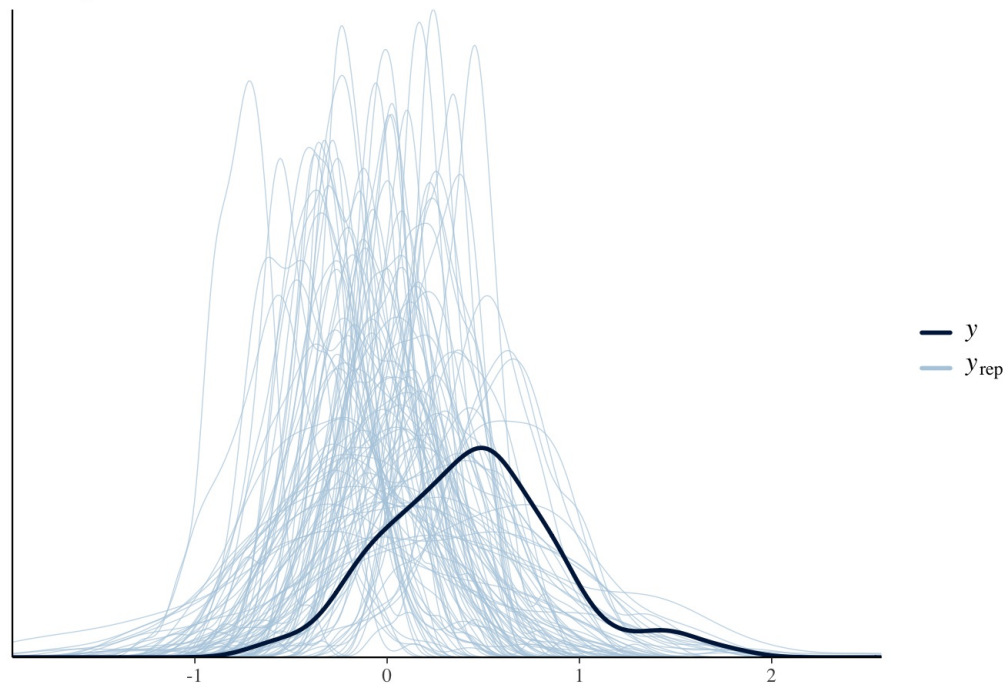
### Plotting prior-predictive model

```
model_1_prior <- brm(
  f1,
  data = d,
  family = gaussian,
  prior = model_1_p,
  sample_prior = "only",
  backend = "cmdstanr",
  threads = threading(2),
  chains = 2,
  core = 2,
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
pp_check(model_1_prior, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Prior-predictive check")
```

### Prior-predictive check



Plotting posterior-predictive models #Differs every time when re-running, as I am not using "seed", therefore looks different in the Word file.

*#Fitting the models on full data set and the two publication biases*

```
model_1_post <- brm(
  f1,
  data = d,
  family = gaussian,
  prior = model_1_p,
  sample_prior = T,
  backend = "cmdstanr",
  threads = threading(2),
  chains = 2,
  core = 2,
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
m1 <- pp_check(model_1_post, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check")
```

```
model_1_post_pub <- update(model_1_post, newdata = subset(d, Published == 1))
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
model_1_post_pubpos <- update(model_1_post, newdata = subset(d, PublishedPos == 1))
```

```
## Start sampling
```

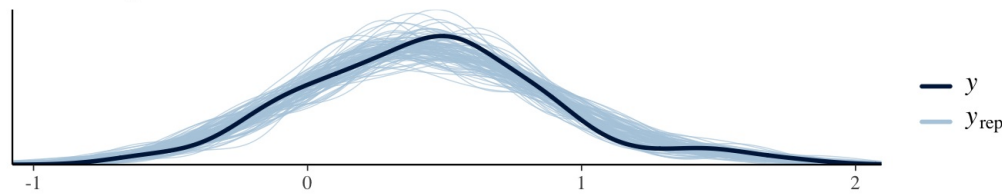
```

m2 <- pp_check(model_1_post_pub, ndraws = 100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check, Published = 1") #creating plot
m3 <- pp_check(model_1_post_pubpos, ndraws = 100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check, PublishedPos = 1")#
creating plot

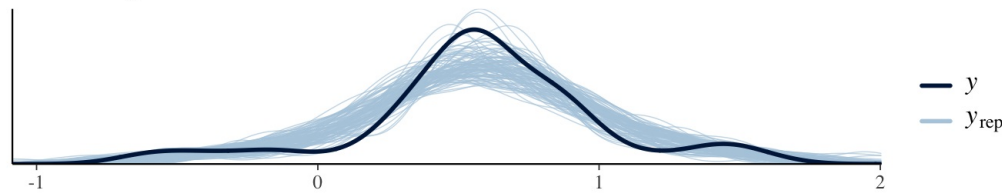
grid.arrange(m1, m2, m3)

```

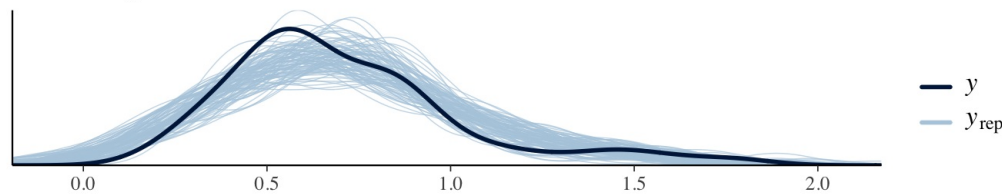
Posterior-predictive check



Posterior-predictive check, Published = 1



Posterior-predictive check, PublishedPos = 1



Plotting the estimates of these models

```

posterior_2 <- as_draws_df(model_1_post)
variables(posterior_2)

```

```

## [1] "b_Intercept"      "sd_Study_Intercept" "sigma"
## [4] "r_Study[1,Intercept]" "r_Study[2,Intercept]" "r_Study[3,Intercept]"
## [7] "r_Study[4,Intercept]" "r_Study[5,Intercept]" "r_Study[6,Intercept]"
## [10] "r_Study[7,Intercept]" "r_Study[8,Intercept]" "r_Study[9,Intercept]"
## [13] "r_Study[10,Intercept]" "r_Study[11,Intercept]" "r_Study[12,Intercept]"
## [16] "r_Study[13,Intercept]" "r_Study[14,Intercept]" "r_Study[15,Intercept]"
## [19] "r_Study[16,Intercept]" "r_Study[17,Intercept]" "r_Study[18,Intercept]"
## [22] "r_Study[19,Intercept]" "r_Study[20,Intercept]" "r_Study[21,Intercept]"
## [25] "r_Study[22,Intercept]" "r_Study[23,Intercept]" "r_Study[24,Intercept]"
## [28] "r_Study[25,Intercept]" "r_Study[26,Intercept]" "r_Study[27,Intercept]"
## [31] "r_Study[28,Intercept]" "r_Study[29,Intercept]" "r_Study[30,Intercept]"
## [34] "r_Study[31,Intercept]" "r_Study[32,Intercept]" "r_Study[33,Intercept]"
## [37] "r_Study[34,Intercept]" "r_Study[35,Intercept]" "r_Study[36,Intercept]"
## [40] "r_Study[37,Intercept]" "r_Study[38,Intercept]" "r_Study[39,Intercept]"
## [43] "r_Study[40,Intercept]" "r_Study[41,Intercept]" "r_Study[42,Intercept]"
## [46] "r_Study[43,Intercept]" "r_Study[44,Intercept]" "r_Study[45,Intercept]"
## [49] "r_Study[46,Intercept]" "r_Study[47,Intercept]" "r_Study[48,Intercept]"
## [52] "r_Study[49,Intercept]" "r_Study[50,Intercept]" "r_Study[51,Intercept]"
## [55] "r_Study[52,Intercept]" "r_Study[53,Intercept]" "r_Study[54,Intercept]"
## [58] "r_Study[55,Intercept]" "r_Study[56,Intercept]" "r_Study[57,Intercept]"
## [61] "r_Study[58,Intercept]" "r_Study[59,Intercept]" "r_Study[60,Intercept]"
## [64] "r_Study[61,Intercept]" "r_Study[62,Intercept]" "r_Study[63,Intercept]"
## [67] "r_Study[64,Intercept]" "r_Study[65,Intercept]" "r_Study[66,Intercept]"
## [70] "r_Study[67,Intercept]" "r_Study[68,Intercept]" "r_Study[69,Intercept]"
## [73] "r_Study[70,Intercept]" "r_Study[71,Intercept]" "r_Study[72,Intercept]"
## [76] "r_Study[73,Intercept]" "r_Study[74,Intercept]" "r_Study[75,Intercept]"
## [79] "r_Study[76,Intercept]" "r_Study[77,Intercept]" "r_Study[78,Intercept]"
## [82] "r_Study[79,Intercept]" "r_Study[80,Intercept]" "r_Study[81,Intercept]"
## [85] "r_Study[82,Intercept]" "r_Study[83,Intercept]" "r_Study[84,Intercept]"
## [88] "r_Study[85,Intercept]" "r_Study[86,Intercept]" "r_Study[87,Intercept]"
## [91] "r_Study[88,Intercept]" "r_Study[89,Intercept]" "r_Study[90,Intercept]"
## [94] "r_Study[91,Intercept]" "r_Study[92,Intercept]" "r_Study[93,Intercept]"
## [97] "r_Study[94,Intercept]" "r_Study[95,Intercept]" "r_Study[96,Intercept]"
## [100] "r_Study[97,Intercept]" "r_Study[98,Intercept]" "r_Study[99,Intercept]"
## [103] "r_Study[100,Intercept]" "prior_Intercept" "prior_sd_Study"
## [106] "lprior" "lp__"

```

```

model_1_post_pub_draws <- as_draws_df(model_1_post_pub)

model_1_post_pubpos_draws <- as_draws_df(model_1_post_pubpos)

mod_1_df <- tibble(
  Model = "1",
  mean_est = mean(posterior_2$b_Intercept),
  upper = quantile(posterior_2$b_Intercept, 0.975),
  lower = quantile(posterior_2$b_Intercept, 0.025)
)

mod_2_df <- tibble(
  Model = "2",
  mean_est = mean(model_1_post_pub_draws$b_Intercept),
  upper = quantile(model_1_post_pub_draws$b_Intercept, 0.975),
  lower = quantile(model_1_post_pub_draws$b_Intercept, 0.025)
)

mod_3_df <- tibble(
  Model = "3",
  mean_est = mean(model_1_post_pubpos_draws$b_Intercept),
  upper = quantile(model_1_post_pubpos_draws$b_Intercept, 0.975),
  lower = quantile(model_1_post_pubpos_draws$b_Intercept, 0.025)
)

df_models_draws <- rbind(mod_1_df, mod_2_df, mod_3_df)

plots_est_p2 <- ggplot(df_models_draws) +
  geom_pointrange(aes(x= Model,y= mean_est,
                     ymin=lower,ymax=upper,
                     color = Model),alpha= 1) +
  xlab("Model") +
  ylab("Estimate")

plot1 <- ggplot(posterior_2) +
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_sd_Study), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(sd_Study__Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior
  theme_classic() +
  xlab("Prior-posterior update check on standard deviation")

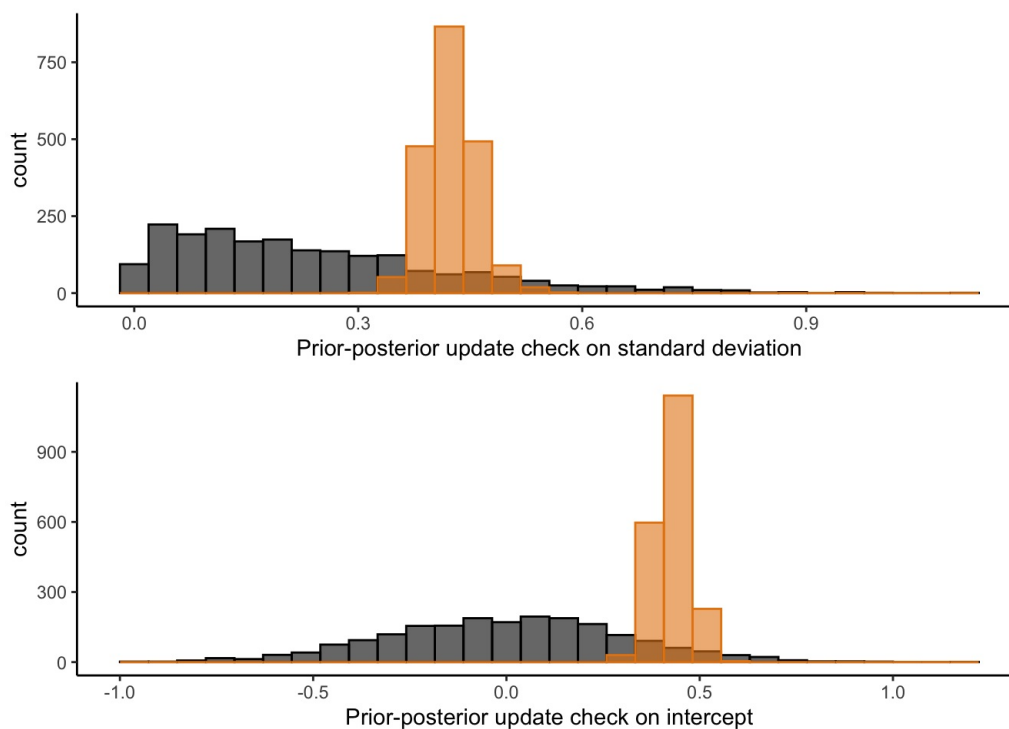
plot2 <- ggplot(posterior_2) +
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_Intercept), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(b_Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior
  theme_classic() +
  xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")
grid.arrange(plot1, plot2)

```

```

## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.

```



## Question 2

2. What is the current evidence for distinctive vocal patterns in schizophrenia? Use the data from Parola et al (2020) - [https://www.dropbox.com/s/0l9ur0gaabr80a8/Matrix\\_MetaAnalysis\\_Diagnosis\\_updated290719.xlsx?dl=0](https://www.dropbox.com/s/0l9ur0gaabr80a8/Matrix_MetaAnalysis_Diagnosis_updated290719.xlsx?dl=0) ([https://www.dropbox.com/s/0l9ur0gaabr80a8/Matrix\\_MetaAnalysis\\_Diagnosis\\_updated290719.xlsx?dl=0](https://www.dropbox.com/s/0l9ur0gaabr80a8/Matrix_MetaAnalysis_Diagnosis_updated290719.xlsx?dl=0)) - focusing on pitch variability (PITCH\_F0SD).

2.1) Describe the data available (studies, participants). 2.2) Using the model from question 1 analyze the data, visualize and report the findings: population level effect size; how well studies reflect it; influential studies, publication bias.

```
#Loading the data in:
ass_2_d <- read_excel("Matrix_MetaAnalysis_Diagnosis_updated290719.xlsx")
```

```
## New names:
## • `frequency` -> `frequency...68`
## • `frequency` -> `frequency...73`
## • `frequency` -> `frequency...78`
## • `frequency` -> `frequency...83`
## • `frequency` -> `frequency...88`
## • `frequency` -> `frequency...93`
## • `frequency` -> `frequency...98`
## • `variability` -> `variability...108`
## • `variability` -> `variability...113`
## • `variability` -> `variability...118`
## • `variability` -> `variability...123`
## • `variability` -> `variability...128`
```

Variables: - HC - healthy controls - F0 = Fundamental frequency (frequency of oscillation produced by tension of vocal folds during speech). Measured in seconds/Hz. Corresponds roughly to perceived pitch of speech.

Describe the data:

```
ass_2_d$StudyID <- as.factor(ass_2_d$StudyID)
length(levels(ass_2_d$StudyID)) #50 studies

#Changing variables from chr to num so I could compare them.
#For sample size:
ass_2_d$MALE_SZ <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$MALE_SZ)
ass_2_d$FEMALE_SZ <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$FEMALE_SZ)

ass_2_d$MALE_HC <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$MALE_HC)
ass_2_d$FEMALE_HC <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$FEMALE_HC)

#For age:
ass_2_d$AGE_M_SZ <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$AGE_M_SZ)
ass_2_d$AGE_SD_SZ <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$AGE_SD_SZ)

ass_2_d$AGE_M_HC <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$AGE_M_HC)
ass_2_d$AGE_SD_HC <- as.numeric(ass_2_d$AGE_SD_HC)
```

Data analysis: (Focus on pitch variability: PITCH\_F0\_HC\_SD and PITCH\_F0\_SZ\_SD for control and schizophrenic group.)

```
library(metafor)
```

```
## Loading required package: Matrix
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':  
##  
## expand, pack, unpack
```

```
## Loading required package: metadat
```

```
##  
## Loading the 'metafor' package (version 3.8-1). For an  
## introduction to the package please type: help(metafor)
```

```
#Converting existing outcomes of the studies to Cohen's D:  
Outcome_ES <- escalc('SMD',  
  n1i = SAMPLE_SIZE_SZ, n2i = SAMPLE_SIZE_HC,  
  m1i = PITCH_F0_SZ_M, m2i=PITCH_F0_HC_M,  
  sd1i = PITCH_F0_SZ_SD, sd2i=PITCH_F0_HC_SD,  
  data = ass_2_d)  
#head(Outcome_ES)
```

Yi - The EffectMu Vi - Standard error

Defining the formula for the model:

```
pitch_data_f <- bf(yi | se(vi) ~ 1 + (1 | StudyID))  
#get_prior(pitch_data_f, data = Outcome_ES, gaussian)  
  
#Same as in the model above  
model_2_priors <- c(  
  prior(normal(0, 0.3), class = Intercept),  
  prior(normal(0, 0.3), class = sd)  
)  
  
model_p2_prior <- brm(  
  pitch_data_f,  
  data = Outcome_ES,  
  family = gaussian,  
  prior = model_2_priors,  
  sample_prior = "only",  
  backend = "cmdstanr",  
  threads = threading(2),  
  chains = 2,  
  core = 2,  
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))
```

```
## Warning: Rows containing NAs were excluded from the model.
```

```
## Start sampling
```

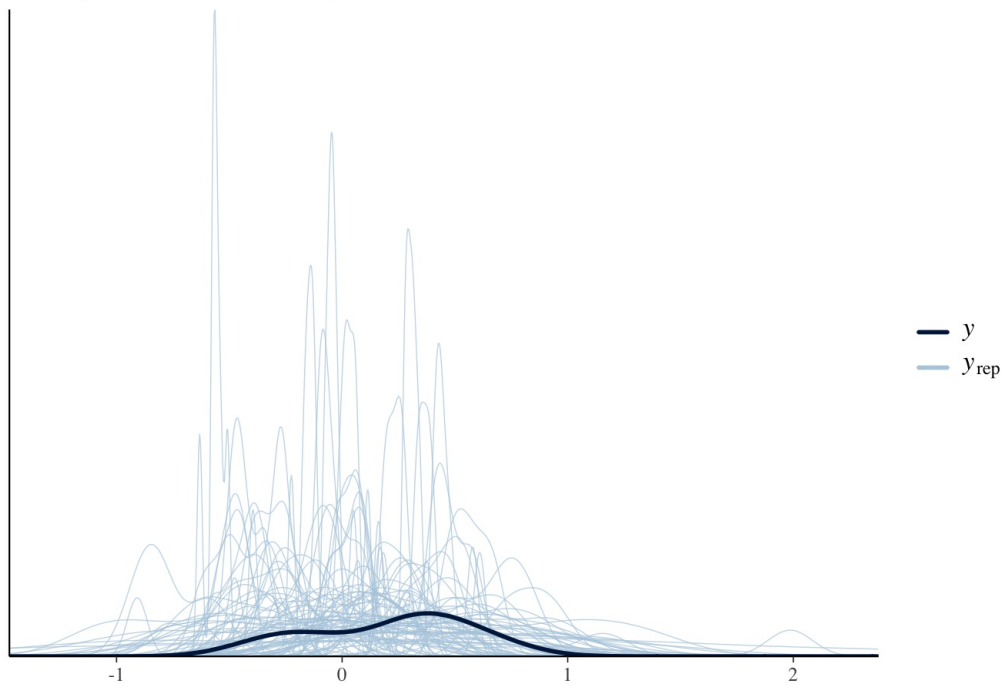


```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
```

```
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   100 / 2000 [  5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1500 / 2000 [ 75%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   100 / 2000 [  5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1500 / 2000 [ 75%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 0.1 seconds.
## Chain 2 finished in 0.1 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 0.1 seconds.
## Total execution time: 0.2 seconds.
```

```
#update(model_p2_prior)
pp_check(model_p2_prior, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Prior-predictive check, empirical data")
```

## Prior-predictive check, empirical data



```
model_p2_post <- brm(  
  pitch_data_f,  
  data = Outcome_ES,  
  family = gaussian,  
  prior = model_2_priors,  
  sample_prior = T,  
  backend = "cmdstanr",  
  threads = threading(2),  
  chains = 2,  
  core = 2,  
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))
```

```
## Warning: Rows containing NAs were excluded from the model.
```

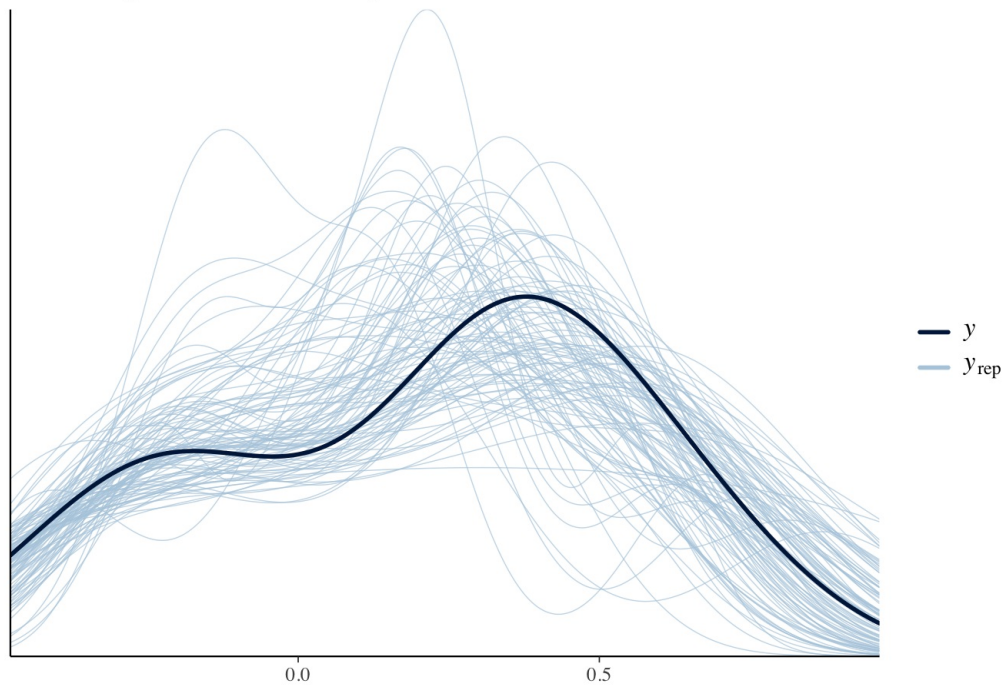
```
## Start sampling
```

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
```

```
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   100 / 2000 [  5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   100 / 2000 [  5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1500 / 2000 [ 75%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1500 / 2000 [ 75%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 0.5 seconds.
## Chain 2 finished in 0.4 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 0.5 seconds.
## Total execution time: 0.6 seconds.
```

```
#update(model_p2_post)
pp_check(model_p2_post, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check, empirical data")
```

## Posterior-predictive check, empirical data



```
#Outcome_ES
```

Posterior:

```
model_p2_draws <- as_draws_df(model_p2_post)
variables(model_p2_draws)
```

```
## [1] "b_Intercept"          "sd_StudyID__Intercept"
## [3] "sigma"                "r_StudyID[1,Intercept]"
## [5] "r_StudyID[5,Intercept]" "r_StudyID[11,Intercept]"
## [7] "r_StudyID[18,Intercept]" "r_StudyID[28,Intercept]"
## [9] "r_StudyID[50,Intercept]" "prior_Intercept"
## [11] "prior_sd_StudyID"      "lprior"
## [13] "lp__"
```

```
model_p2_draws
```

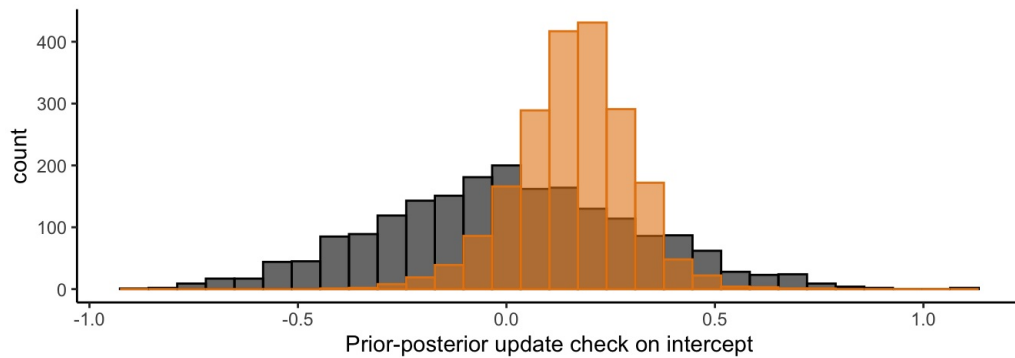
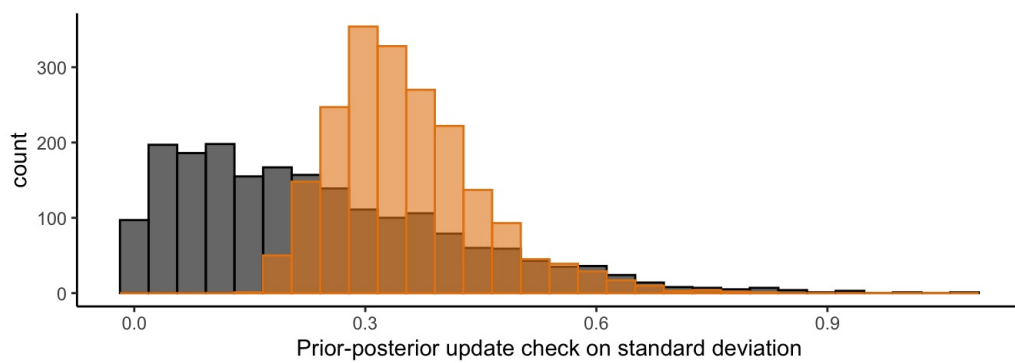
```
## # A draws_df: 1000 iterations, 2 chains, and 13 variables
##   b_Intercept sd_StudyID__Intercept sigma r_StudyID[1,Intercept]
## 1      0.09277          0.37      0          0.204
## 2     -0.02933          0.36      0          0.438
## 3      0.07495          0.35      0          0.442
## 4      0.02344          0.31      0          0.348
## 5      0.00068          0.28      0          0.370
## 6      0.22976          0.39      0          0.123
## 7      0.27548          0.37      0          0.078
## 8      0.23802          0.27      0          0.247
## 9      0.34855          0.27      0          0.111
## 10     0.09413          0.22      0          0.104
##   r_StudyID[5,Intercept] r_StudyID[11,Intercept] r_StudyID[18,Intercept]
## 1          -0.46          0.61          1.5e-01
## 2          -0.24          0.65          3.3e-01
## 3          -0.39          0.54          1.6e-01
## 4          -0.28          0.57          2.2e-01
## 5          -0.37          0.65          2.6e-01
## 6          -0.58          0.41         -5.0e-02
## 7          -0.56          0.36         -4.6e-05
## 8          -0.49          0.48          4.5e-02
## 9          -0.79          0.19         -9.3e-02
## 10         -0.43          0.38          1.9e-01
##   r_StudyID[28,Intercept]
## 1          0.242
## 2          0.287
## 3          0.462
## 4          0.350
## 5          0.173
## 6          0.374
## 7          0.131
## 8         -0.076
## 9          0.034
## 10         0.116
## # ... with 1990 more draws, and 5 more variables
## # ... hidden reserved variables {'.chain', '.iteration', '.draw'}
```

```
plot1_emp <- ggplot(model_p2_draws) +
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_sd_StudyID), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(sd_StudyID__Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior
  theme_classic() +
  xlab("Prior-posterior update check on standard deviation")

plot2_emp <- ggplot(model_p2_draws) +
  geom_histogram(aes(prior_Intercept), fill="black", color="black",alpha=0.6,) +
  geom_histogram(aes(b_Intercept), fill="#E68613", color="#E68613",alpha=0.6) + #Posterior
  theme_classic() +
  xlab("Prior-posterior update check on intercept")

grid.arrange(plot1_emp, plot2_emp)
```

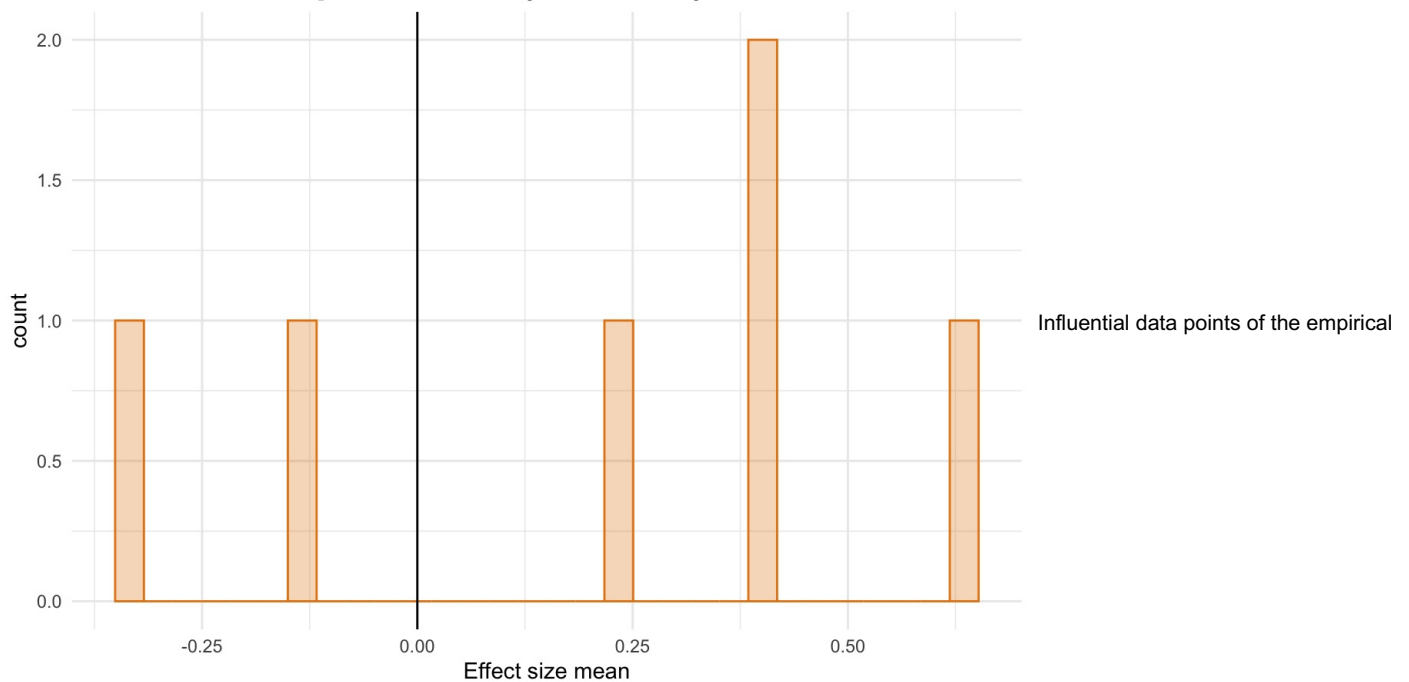
```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
pub_bias_real_d <- ggplot(Outcome_ES) +
  aes(x = yi) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30L, fill = "#E68613", color = "#E68613", alpha = 0.3) +
  labs(title = "Plot of the empirical data (EffectMU)") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, color="black") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 18L, face = "bold")) +
  xlab("Effect size mean")
pub_bias_real_d
```

```
## Warning: Removed 51 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_bin()`).
```

## Plot of the empirical data (EffectMU)



data:

```

#Creating a tibble to make it easier:
infl_studies <- tibble(
  Index = seq(1:6),
  StudyID = c(1, 5, 11, 18, 28, 50), #doing manually since its only 6 effect sizes.
  Mean = NA,
  Upper = NA,
  Lower = NA
)

#Adding the values:
infl_studies[1,3] <- mean(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[1,Intercept])
infl_studies[1,4] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[1,Intercept], 0.975)
infl_studies[1,5] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[1,Intercept], 0.025)

infl_studies[2,3] <- mean(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[5,Intercept])
infl_studies[2,4] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[5,Intercept], 0.975)
infl_studies[2,5] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[5,Intercept], 0.025)

infl_studies[3,3] <- mean(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[11,Intercept])
infl_studies[3,4] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[11,Intercept], 0.975)
infl_studies[3,5] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[11,Intercept], 0.025)

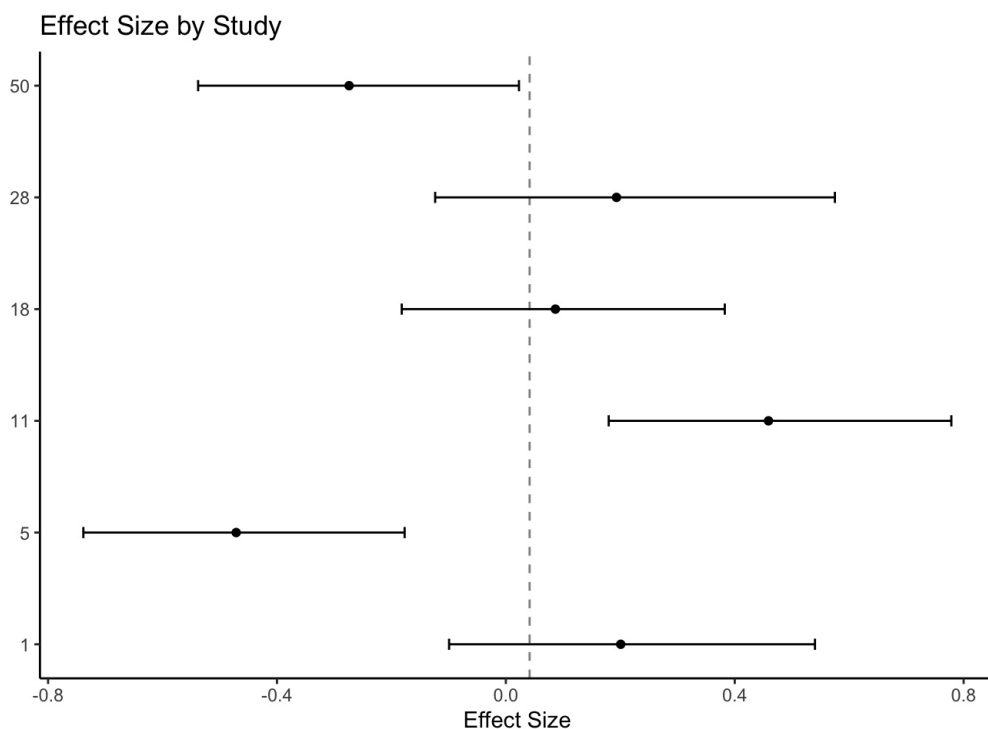
infl_studies[4,3] <- mean(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[18,Intercept])
infl_studies[4,4] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[18,Intercept], 0.975)
infl_studies[4,5] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[18,Intercept], 0.025)

infl_studies[5,3] <- mean(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[28,Intercept])
infl_studies[5,4] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[28,Intercept], 0.975)
infl_studies[5,5] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[28,Intercept], 0.025)

infl_studies[6,3] <- mean(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[50,Intercept])
infl_studies[6,4] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[50,Intercept], 0.975)
infl_studies[6,5] <- quantile(model_p2_draws$r_StudyID[50,Intercept], 0.025)

#Plot of the studies
ggplot(data=infl_studies, aes(y=Index, x=Mean, xmin=Lower, xmax=Upper)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_errorbarh(height=.1) +
  scale_y_continuous(name = "", breaks=1:nrow(infl_studies), labels=infl_studies$StudyID) +
  labs(title='Effect Size by Study', x='Effect Size', y = 'Study') +
  geom_vline(xintercept=0.0415, color='black', linetype='dashed', alpha=.5) +
  theme_classic()

```



Rerunning the model without influential studies:

```
data_i <- Outcome_ES %>% filter(!is.na(yi)) #keeping only the data that has yi values.
data_i <- data_i %>% filter(!row_number() %in% c(2, 3))
```

```
model_p2_2_prior <- brm(
  pitch_data_f,
  data = data_i,
  family = gaussian,
  prior = model_2_priors,
  sample_prior = "only",
  backend = "cmdstanr",
  threads = threading(2),
  chains = 2,
  core = 2,
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))
```

```
## Start sampling
```

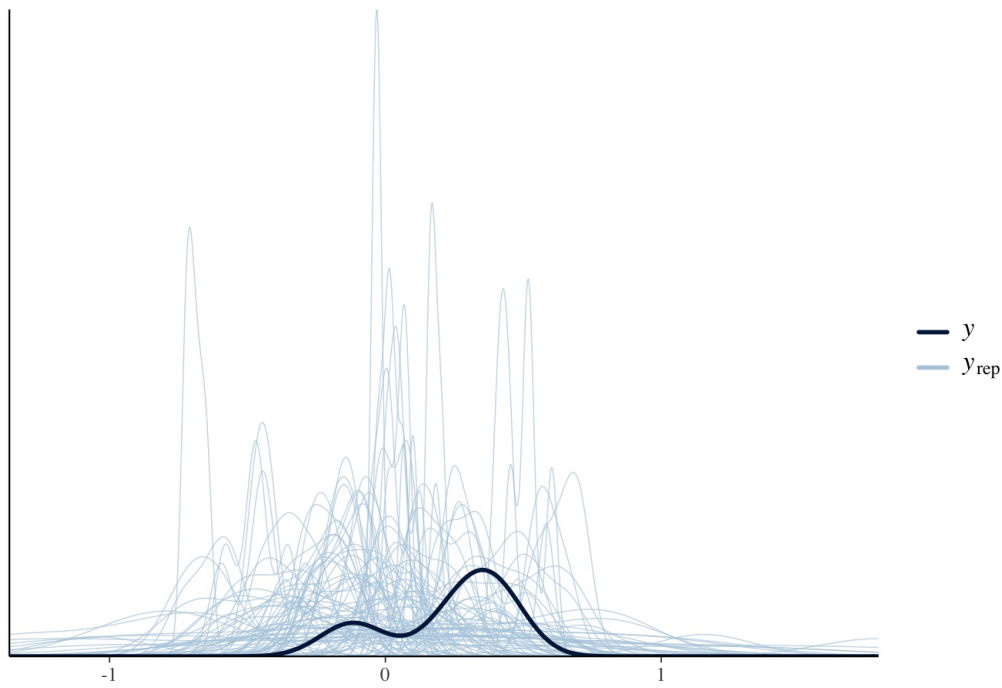
```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
```

```
##
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 100 / 2000 [ 5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 100 / 2000 [ 5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
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## Chain 2 Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 0.1 seconds.
## Chain 2 Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 finished in 0.1 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 0.1 seconds.
## Total execution time: 0.2 seconds.
```

```
#update(model_p2_prior)
pp_check(model_p2_2_prior, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Prior-predictive check, without influential studies")
```



## Prior-predictive check, without influential studies



```
model_p2_2_post <- brm(  
  pitch_data_f,  
  data = data_i,  
  family = gaussian,  
  prior = model_2_priors,  
  sample_prior = T,  
  backend = "cmdstanr",  
  threads = threading(2),  
  chains = 2,  
  core = 2,  
  control = list(adapt_delt = 0.99, max_treedepth = 20))
```

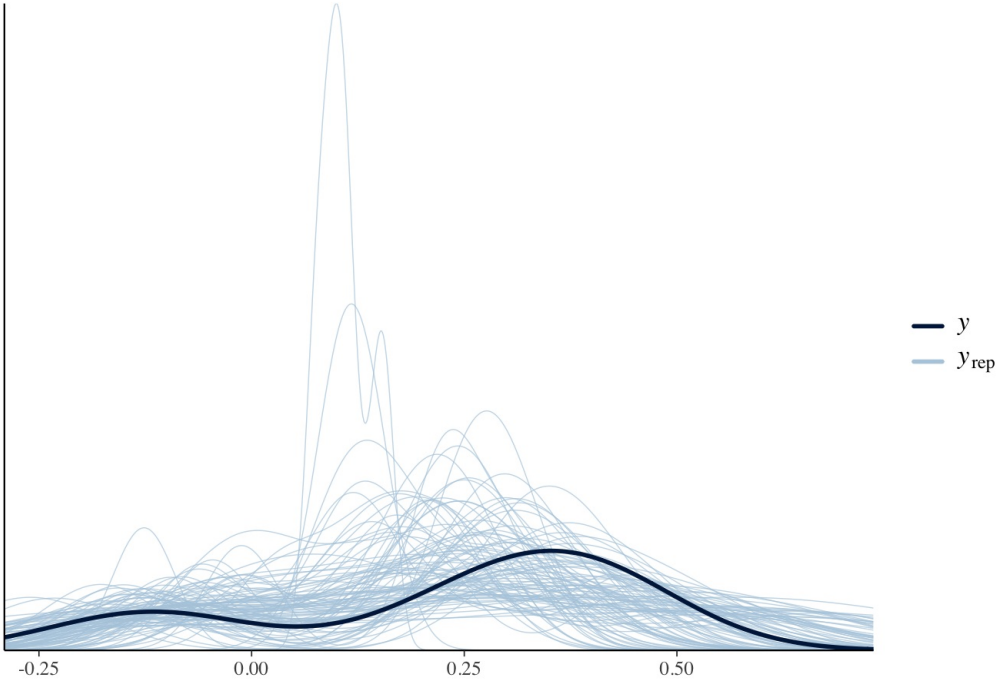
```
## Start sampling
```

```
## Running MCMC with 2 parallel chains, with 2 thread(s) per chain...
```

```
##
## Chain 1 Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   100 / 2000 [  5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   100 / 2000 [  5%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   300 / 2000 [ 15%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:   900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   500 / 2000 [ 25%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   700 / 2000 [ 35%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:   900 / 2000 [ 45%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1500 / 2000 [ 75%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1100 / 2000 [ 55%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1300 / 2000 [ 65%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1500 / 2000 [ 75%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1700 / 2000 [ 85%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  1900 / 2000 [ 95%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2 Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1 finished in 0.4 seconds.
## Chain 2 finished in 0.4 seconds.
##
## Both chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 0.4 seconds.
## Total execution time: 0.5 seconds.
```

```
pp_check(model_p2_2_post, ndraws=100) + labs(title = "Posterior-predictive check, without influential studies")
```

Posterior-predictive check, without influential studies



#Outcome\_ES