

This repository contains training data for an ML-based parameter optimization for modeling morphogen gradient formation by a source-diffusion-sink (SDS) mechanism, as described by the following one-dimensional (1D) reaction-diffusion partial differential equation:

$$\frac{\partial c(x, t)}{\partial t} = f_{\text{source}}(x) + D \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} c(x, t) - k_{\text{sink}} c(x, t). \quad (1)$$

Here, $c(x, t)$ is the scalar concentration field of the morphogen in space x at time t , D is the constant homogeneous diffusion coefficient, k_{sink} is the sink rate scaling with $c(x, t)$, describing morphogen degradation by the cells and proteases in the extracellular space, and f_{source} is the source term describing morphogen secretion by the source cells.

f_{source} depends on the location as only a group of cells produce the morphogen, i.e.,

$$f_{\text{source}}(x) = \begin{cases} k_{\text{source}} & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq w_{\text{source}} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

with source width $w_{\text{source}} = 0.3L$ in a 1D diffusion domain of length L .

Solving Eq. (1) until steady-state results in a morphogen concentration profile that can be flat, exponential, or step-wise depending on the parameters k_{source} , k_{sink} , and D . The goal is to generate a model that predicts a set of parameters given an input gradient. To train this model, we produce simulated training data by solving Eq. (1) until steady-state for different parameter sets.

The output folders contain a `parameters.csv` file, where the first row defines the parameter type of the respective column, and each row below contains a set of parameters with index i . The corresponding gradients folder contains `gradient_ i .csv` files, each corresponding to one row i of the `parameters.csv` file.

Each `gradient_ i .csv` file contains two columns: the first containing x , the second containing the steady-state concentration field $c(x, t_{\text{max}})$.