

UNIVERSITY OF CALOOCAN CITY COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT



Data Structure and Algorithm

Laboratory Activity No. 7

Doubly Linked Lists

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DSA

I. Objectives

Introduction

A doubly linked list is a type of linked list data structure where each node contains three components:

Data - The actual value stored in the node Previous pointer - A reference to the previous node in the sequence Next pointer - A reference to the next node in the sequence.

This laboratory activity aims to implement the principles and techniques in:

- Writing algorithms using Linked list
- Writing a python program that will perform the common operations in a Doubly linked list
- A doubly linked list is particularly useful when you need frequent bidirectional traversal or easy deletion of nodes from both ends of the list.

II. Methods

• Using Google Colab, type the source codes below:

```
class Node:
  """Node class for doubly linked list"""
  def init (self, data):
     self.data = data
    self.prev = None
     self.next = None
class DoublyLinkedList:
  """Doubly Linked List implementation"""
  def init_(self):
     self.head = None
     self.tail = None
     self.size = 0
  def is_empty(self):
     """Check if the list is empty"""
    return self.head is None
  def get_size(self):
     """Get the size of the list"""
```

return self.size

```
def display forward(self):
  """Display the list from head to tail"""
  if self.is_empty():
     print("List is empty")
     return
  current = self.head
  print("Forward: ", end="")
  while current:
     print(current.data, end="")
     if current.next:
        print(" \leftrightarrow ", end="")
     current = current.next
  print()
def display_backward(self):
  """Display the list from tail to head"""
  if self.is_empty():
     print("List is empty")
     return
  current = self.tail
  print("Backward: ", end="")
  while current:
     print(current.data, end="")
     if current.prev:
        print(" \leftrightarrow ", end="")
     current = current.prev
  print()
def insert_at_beginning(self, data):
  """Insert a new node at the beginning"""
  new_node = Node(data)
  if self.is_empty():
     self.head = self.tail = new node
```

```
else:
     new_node.next = self.head
     self.head.prev = new_node
     self.head = new node
  self.size += 1
  print(f"Inserted {data} at beginning")
def insert_at_end(self, data):
  """Insert a new node at the end"""
  new_node = Node(data)
  if self.is_empty():
     self.head = self.tail = new node
  else:
     new node.prev = self.tail
     self.tail.next = new node
     self.tail = new_node
  self.size += 1
  print(f"Inserted {data} at end")
def insert at position(self, data, position):
  """Insert a new node at a specific position"""
  if position < 0 or position > self.size:
     print("Invalid position")
     return
  if position == 0:
     self.insert_at_beginning(data)
     return
  elif position == self.size:
     self.insert_at_end(data)
     return
  new node = Node(data)
  current = self.head
```

```
# Traverse to the position
  for _ in range(position - 1):
     current = current.next
  # Insert the new node
  new node.next = current.next
  new node.prev = current
  current.next.prev = new node
  current.next = new\_node
  self.size += 1
  print(f"Inserted {data} at position {position}")
def delete from beginning(self):
  """Delete the first node"""
  if self.is empty():
     print("List is empty")
     return None
  deleted_data = self.head.data
  if self.head == self.tail: # Only one node
     self.head = self.tail = None
  else:
     self.head = self.head.next
     self.head.prev = None
  self.size -= 1
  print(f"Deleted {deleted_data} from beginning")
  return deleted_data
def delete_from_end(self):
  """Delete the last node"""
  if self.is empty():
     print("List is empty")
     return None
  deleted data = self.tail.data
```

```
if self.head == self.tail: # Only one node
     self.head = self.tail = None
  else:
     self.tail = self.tail.prev
     self.tail.next = None
  self.size -= 1
  print(f"Deleted {deleted_data} from end")
  return deleted_data
def delete_from_position(self, position):
  """Delete a node from a specific position"""
  if self.is_empty():
     print("List is empty")
     return None
  if position < 0 or position >= self.size:
     print("Invalid position")
     return None
  if position == 0:
     return self.delete from beginning()
  elif position == self.size - 1:
     return self.delete_from_end()
  current = self.head
  # Traverse to the position
  for _ in range(position):
     current = current.next
  # Delete the node
  deleted data = current.data
  current.prev.next = current.next
  current.next.prev = current.prev
  self.size -= 1
```

```
print(f"Deleted {deleted_data} from position {position}")
  return deleted data
def search(self, data):
  """Search for a node with given data"""
  if self.is empty():
     return -1
  current = self.head
  position = 0
  while current:
     if current.data == data:
       return position
     current = current.next
     position += 1
  return -1
def reverse(self):
  """Reverse the doubly linked list"""
  if self.is empty() or self.head == self.tail:
     return
  current = self.head
  self.tail = self.head
  while current:
     # Swap next and prev pointers
     temp = current.prev
     current.prev = current.next \\
     current.next = temp
     # Move to the next node (which is now in prev due to swap)
     current = current.prev
  # Update head to the last node we processed
  if temp:
```

```
self.head = temp.prev
    print("List reversed successfully")
  def clear(self):
    """Clear the entire list"""
    self.head = self.tail = None
    self.size = 0
    print("List cleared")
# Demonstration and testing
def demo_doubly_linked_list():
  """Demonstrate the doubly linked list operations"""
  print("=" * 50)
  print("DOUBLY LINKED LIST DEMONSTRATION")
  print("=" * 50)
  dll = DoublyLinkedList()
  # Insert operations
  dll.insert at beginning(10)
  dll.insert at end(20)
  dll.insert at end(30)
  dll.insert at beginning(5)
  dll.insert_at_position(15, 2)
  # Display
  dll.display_forward()
  dll.display_backward()
  print(f"Size: {dll.get_size()}")
  print()
  # Search operation
  search value = 20
  position = dll.search(search_value)
  if position != -1:
    print(f"Found {search value} at position {position}")
  else:
```

```
print(f"{search_value} not found in the list")
  print()
  # Delete operations
  dll.delete_from_beginning()
  dll.delete from end()
  dll.delete from position(1)
  # Display after deletions
  dll.display_forward()
  print(f"Size: {dll.get_size()}")
  print()
  # Insert more elements
  dll.insert_at_end(40)
  dll.insert_at_end(50)
  dll.insert_at_end(60)
  # Display before reverse
  print("Before reverse:")
  dll.display forward()
  # Reverse the list
  dll.reverse()
  # Display after reverse
  print("After reverse:")
  dll.display_forward()
  dll.display_backward()
  print()
  # Clear the list
  dll.clear()
  dll.display_forward()
# Interactive menu for user to test
def interactive menu():
  """Interactive menu for testing the doubly linked list"""
```

```
while True:
  print("\n" + "=" * 40)
  print("DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU")
  print("=" * 40)
  print("1. Insert at beginning")
  print("2. Insert at end")
  print("3. Insert at position")
  print("4. Delete from beginning")
  print("5. Delete from end")
  print("6. Delete from position")
  print("7. Search element")
  print("8. Display forward")
  print("9. Display backward")
  print("10. Reverse list")
  print("11. Get size")
  print("12. Clear list")
  print("13. Exit")
  print("=" * 40)
  choice = input("Enter your choice (1-13): ")
  if choice == '1':
    data = int(input("Enter data to insert: "))
    dll.insert_at_beginning(data)
  elif choice == '2':
    data = int(input("Enter data to insert: "))
    dll.insert_at_end(data)
  elif choice == '3':
    data = int(input("Enter data to insert: "))
    position = int(input("Enter position: "))
    dll.insert at position(data, position)
  elif choice == '4':
     dll.delete from beginning()
```

dll = DoublyLinkedList()

```
elif choice == '5':
  dll.delete_from_end()
elif choice == '6':
  position = int(input("Enter position to delete: "))
  dll.delete from position(position)
elif choice == '7':
  data = int(input("Enter data to search: "))
  pos = dll.search(data)
  if pos != -1:
     print(f"Element found at position {pos}")
  else:
     print("Element not found")
elif choice == '8':
  dll.display_forward()
elif choice == '9':
  dll.display backward()
elif choice == '10':
  dll.reverse()
elif choice == '11':
  print(f"Size: {dll.get_size()}")
elif choice == '12':
  dll.clear()
elif choice == '13':
  print("Exiting...")
  break
else:
  print("Invalid choice! Please try again.")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Run the demonstration
    demo_doubly_linked_list()

# Uncomment the line below to run interactive menu
# interactive menu()
```

• Save your source codes to GitHub

Answer the following questions:

- 1. What are the three main components of a Node in the doubly linked list implementation, and what does the __init__ method of the DoublyLinkedList class initialize?
- 2. The insert_at_beginning method successfully adds a new node to the start of the list.

 However, if we were to reverse the order of the two lines of code inside the else block, what specific issue would this introduce? Explain the sequence of operations that would lead to this problem:

```
def insert_at_beginning(self, data):
    new_node = Node(data)

if self.is_empty():
    self.head = self.tail = new_node
else:
    new_node.next = self.head
    self.head.prev = new_node
    self.head = new_node

self.size += 1
```

3. How does the reverse method work? Trace through the reversal process step by step for a list containing [A, B, C], showing the pointer changes at each iteration def reverse(self):

```
if self.is_empty() or self.head == self.tail:
    return

current = self.head
self.tail = self.head

while current:
    temp = current.prev
    current.prev = current.next
    current.next = temp
```

```
current = current.prev
```

```
if temp:
self.head = temp.prev
```

III. Results

Present the visualized procedures done. Also present the results with corresponding data visualizations such as graphs, charts, tables, or image. Please provide insights, commentaries, or explanations regarding the data. If an explanation requires the support of literature such as academic journals, books, magazines, reports, or web articles please cite and reference them using the IEEE format.

Please take note of the styles on the style ribbon as these would serve as the style format of this laboratory report. The body style is Times New Roman size 12, line spacing: 1.5. Body text should be in Justified alignment, while captions should be center-aligned. Images should be readable and include captions. Please refer to the sample below:

ANSWER:

- 1. A node holds data, a pointer to the next node, and a pointer to the previous node, enabling two-way traversal. The list starts empty with head and tail set to None.
- 2. Swapping the insertion lines creates a temporary broken link. The old head is incorrectly set to point backward before the new node points forward, causing a brief disconnect.
- 3. Reversing the list flips the next and prev pointers of every node. This turns the head into the tail and the tail into the head, inverting the entire order of the list.

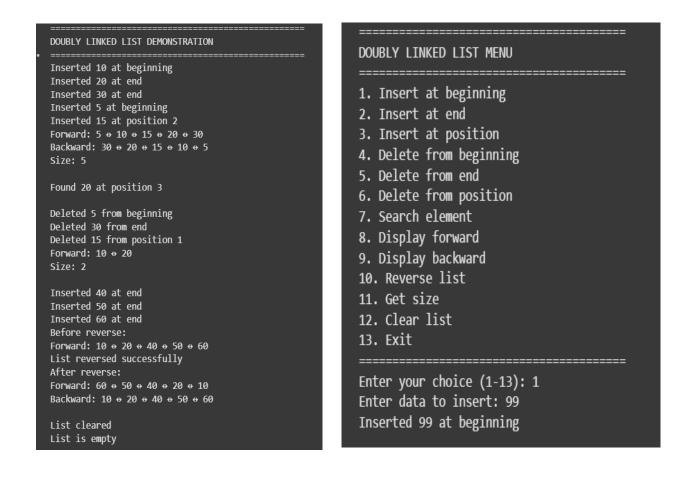


Figure 1 Screenshot of program output

```
-----
                                            DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU
DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU

    Insert at beginning

    Insert at beginning

                                            2. Insert at end
2. Insert at end
                                            3. Insert at position
3. Insert at position
                                            4. Delete from beginning
4. Delete from beginning
                                            5. Delete from end
5. Delete from end
                                            6. Delete from position
6. Delete from position
                                            7. Search element
7. Search element
                                            8. Display forward
8. Display forward
                                            9. Display backward
9. Display backward
                                            10. Reverse list
10. Reverse list
                                            11. Get size
11. Get size
                                            12. Clear list
12. Clear list
                                            13. Exit
13. Exit
                                            Enter your choice (1-13): 3
Enter your choice (1-13): 2
                                            Enter data to insert: 70
Enter data to insert: 150
                                            Enter position: 2
Inserted 150 at end
                                            Inserted 70 at end
```

Figure 2 Screenshot of program output

DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU 1. Insert at beginning Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 2. Insert at end Insert at position 3. Insert at position 4. Delete from beginning 4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from position 6. Delete from position 7. Search element 7. Search element 8. Display forward 8. Display forward 9. Display backward 9. Display backward 10. Reverse list 10. Reverse list 11. Get size 11. Get size 12. Clear list 12. Clear list 13. Fxit 13. Exit _____ Enter your choice (1-13): 5 Enter your choice (1-13): 4 Deleted 70 from end Deleted 99 from beginning

Figure 3 Screenshot of program output



Figure 4 Screenshot of program output

DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU 1. Insert at beginning Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at position 3. Insert at position 4. Delete from beginning 4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from position 6. Delete from position 7. Search element 7. Search element 8. Display forward 8. Display forward 9. Display backward 9. Display backward 10. Reverse list 10. Reverse list 11. Get size 11. Get size 12. Clear list 12. Clear list 13. Exit 13. Exit Enter your choice (1-13): 8 Enter your choice (1-13): 9 Forward: 5 ↔ 10 ↔ 15 ↔ 20 ↔ 25 ↔ 30 Backward: 30 ↔ 25 ↔ 20 ↔ 15 ↔ 10 ↔ 5

Figure 5 Screenshot of program output

DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU	DOUBLY LINKED LIST MENU
1. Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at position 4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from position 7. Search element 8. Display forward 9. Display backward 10. Reverse list 11. Get size 12. Clear list 13. Exit	1. Insert at beginning 2. Insert at end 3. Insert at position 4. Delete from beginning 5. Delete from end 6. Delete from position 7. Search element 8. Display forward 9. Display backward 10. Reverse list 11. Get size 12. Clear list 13. Exit
Enter your choice (1-13): 10 List reversed successfully	Enter your choice (1-13): 11 Size: 6

Figure 6 Screenshot of program output

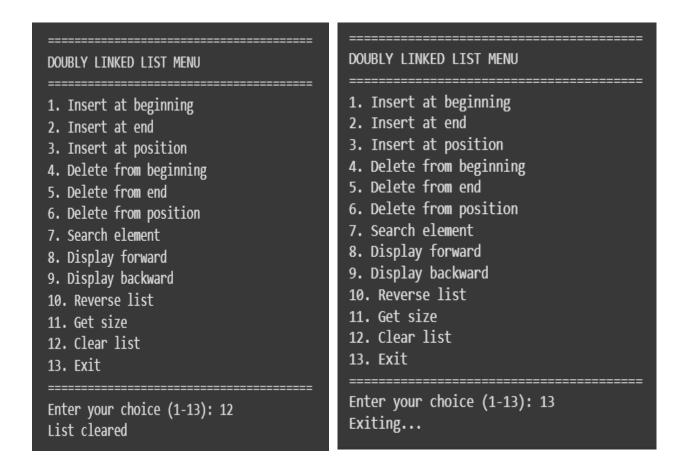


Figure 7 Screenshot of program output

IV. Conclusion

In Conclusion, this activity deepened my understanding of doubly linked lists. I learned that their two-way pointers (next and previous) enable traversal in both directions. I saw firsthand how the precise order of operations in methods like insert is critical, as swapping steps can temporarily break the links. Tracing the reverse method clarified how flipping each node's pointers successfully inverts the entire list. Overall, this improved my practical knowledge of managing data structures in programming.

References

- [1] Co Arthur O.. "University of Caloocan City Computer Engineering Department Honor Code," UCC-CpE Departmental Policies, 2020.
- [2] GeeksforGeeks. (2025c, September 1). *Doubly linked list tutorial*. GeeksforGeeks. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/dsa/doubly-linked-list/