



## Agenda

- Re-enforce the importance for Data security
  - What do we need to protect
  - When do we need to protect ourselves
  - Who do we need to protect ourselves from
  - Why do we need to protect our data
- Provide quick and easy tips/reminders to keep your resources safe
  - Secure your data, credentials, physical devices



## **Session Objective**

- Revisit your security practices
- Data Breach
  - Any incident in which confidential or sensitive information has been accessed without permission, including unauthorized access to a computer system or network. The offending party then steals the private, sensitive, or confidential personal and financial data of the customers or users.
- Data Security
  - The safeguarding digital information throughout its life cycle to protect it from loss, corruption, theft, or unauthorized access". Including hardware, software, storage devices, and user devices.



## Why do we need data security?

- The obvious
  - Personal loss of access to resources, data
    - Data corruption
    - Loss of data
  - Organizational loss of access to resources, data
- The not so obvious
  - A compromised personal computer can compromise external resources
    - An attacker on your computer can do anything you can



### Who do we need to protect from

- Nefarious Character (deliberate, intentional)
- Friendly Character (inadvertent, unintentional)
  - Deleting personal files
    - > rm -rf \*
    - > rm -rf / directory/file (notice the space after the '/')
  - System issues



## What do we need to protect!

- Client, Resource
  - Personal Devices, credentials
  - Remote Devices
- Data
  - Files, directories (Data corruption/modification/deletion)
- Code/Project
  - Project dependencies
  - Project repository
- Research
  - Someone else publishes your work
  - Research integrity

## When do we need to protect ourselves

#### Always

- Even if you don't....
  - have anything interesting
  - have sensitive data, your research is public
- But.....
  - Attackers are opportunistic
  - Attackers are not aware of what you have
  - Attackers are interested in information you are not aware they are interested in
  - "Attack" may not be deliberate

## Security is a Shared Responsibility

- Resource provider is responsible to:
  - Provide Access to Computational Resources
  - Protect your accounts/data from unauthorized users
  - Enforce the permissions you set for your data
- End user will:
  - Protect their account credentials
  - Protect your data with permission controls
  - Use resources only for purpose you have been authorized to use



#### **Best Practices**

- Secure your information
  - Credentials
- Secure your data
  - Have a contingency plan(Data recovery plan)
  - Clean up
- Reduce dependencies
  - For the parts of your project that you can not control (3<sup>rd</sup> party libraries, modules, external users)



## **Client Security: Protecting Accounts**

- Passwords
  - What is a good password
    - Longer is better
  - Don't reuse passwords
  - Don't keep digital plaintext copies of passwords
  - Use password-manager program
  - Don't share passwords
  - Use SSH keys, ssh agent
  - NEVER share you password with anyone!!!
- Install and run anti-malware software
- Keep personal machine and software updated



## Client Security: Protecting Resources

- Install and run anti-malware software
- Keep personal machine and software updated



## Data Security: Protecting your Data

- Access Controls: Permissions granularity levels
  - (Attribute), User, Group, Other
  - Read(4), Write(2), Execute(1)
  - Default 755 (User(read, write, execute):Group(read, execute): Other(read, execute)
  - Use chmod, chown commands to modify ownership and permissions
- Data Resiliency
  - Back up Data
  - Clean up unnecessary files
  - Use integrity checking
    - Data transfers, bad hardware



# Data Security: Protecting your Projects

- Reduce dependencies with in projects
  - Many larger software project depend on third party libraries and modules
  - Therefore the project is relying on the best practices of others to maintain the security and integrity of the project
- Protect web based application on our machines (Jupyter Notebooks, Globus connect personal)



#### Review

- Security Awareness
- Best Practices
- Training Catalog
  - https://www.sdsc.edu/education and training/training hpc.html#catalog
- Comet Webinar- Indispensable Security: Tips to Use SDSC's HPC Resources Securely
  - https://www.sdsc.edu/event\_items/202007\_CometWebinar.html
- Expanse Webinar: Enduring Security: The Journey Continues
  - <a href="https://education.sdsc.edu/training/interactive/202204">https://education.sdsc.edu/training/interactive/202204</a> expanse enduring security /index.html



## Questions?

