

StatsLab Code

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Download necessary packages

```
# Install gmodels for cross-tabulation
install.packages('gmodels', repos="http://cran.rstudio.com/")
```

Data Management

Loading data from current directory

```
data <- read.table("videodata.txt", header=TRUE)
data.population <- 314      # True population
data.samples <- 91         # Number of samples
head(data)
```

```
##   time like where freq busy educ sex age home math work own cdrom email
## 1  2.0   3     3    2   0   1   0  19   1   0   10   1   0    1
## 2  0.0   3     3    3   0   0   0  18   1   1   0   1   1    1
## 3  0.0   3     1    3   0   0   1  19   1   0   0   1   0    1
## 4  0.5   3     3    3   0   1   0  19   1   0   0   1   0    1
## 5  0.0   3     3    4   0   1   0  19   1   1   0   0   0    1
## 6  0.0   3     2    4   0   0   1  19   0   0  12   0   0    0
##   grade
## 1     4
## 2     2
## 3     3
## 4     3
## 5     3
## 6     3
```

```
summary(data)
```

```
##           time           like           where           freq
##  Min.      : 0.000   Min.      : 1.000   Min.      : 1.00   Min.      : 1.00
## 1st Qu.: 0.000   1st Qu.: 2.000   1st Qu.: 3.00   1st Qu.: 2.00
##  Median : 0.000   Median : 3.000   Median : 3.00   Median : 3.00
##  Mean    : 1.243   Mean    : 4.077   Mean    :21.97   Mean    :16.46
## 3rd Qu.: 1.250   3rd Qu.: 3.000   3rd Qu.: 5.00   3rd Qu.: 4.00
##  Max.    :30.000   Max.    :99.000   Max.    :99.00   Max.    :99.00
##           busy           educ           sex           age
##  Min.      : 0.00   Min.      : 0.00   Min.      :0.0000   Min.      :18.00
## 1st Qu.: 0.00   1st Qu.: 0.00   1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:19.00
##  Median : 0.00   Median : 1.00   Median :1.0000   Median :19.00
##  Mean     :12.15   Mean     :14.55   Mean     :0.5824   Mean     :19.52
```

```
## 3rd Qu.: 1.00 3rd Qu.: 1.00 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:20.00
## Max. :99.00 Max. :99.00 Max. :1.0000 Max. :33.00
## home math work own
## Min. :0.0000 Min. : 0.000 Min. : 0.00 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:1.0000 1st Qu.: 0.000 1st Qu.: 0.00 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :1.0000 Median : 0.000 Median : 5.00 Median :1.0000
## Mean :0.7582 Mean : 1.407 Mean :10.37 Mean :0.7363
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.: 1.000 3rd Qu.:14.50 3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :99.000 Max. :99.00 Max. :1.0000
## cdrom email grade
## Min. : 0.000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :2.000
## 1st Qu.: 0.000 1st Qu.:1.0000 1st Qu.:3.000
## Median : 0.000 Median :1.0000 Median :3.000
## Mean : 5.604 Mean :0.7912 Mean :3.253
## 3rd Qu.: 0.000 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max. :99.000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :4.000
```

Cleaning Data

Replacing 99 values (the unanswered/improper results) with NAs

```
data[data == 99] <- NA
numSamples <- NROW(data)
head(data)
```

```
## time like where freq busy educ sex age home math work own cdrom email
## 1 2.0 3 3 2 0 1 0 19 1 0 10 1 0 1
## 2 0.0 3 3 3 0 0 0 18 1 1 0 1 1 1
## 3 0.0 3 1 3 0 0 1 19 1 0 0 1 0 1
## 4 0.5 3 3 3 0 1 0 19 1 0 0 1 0 1
## 5 0.0 3 3 4 0 1 0 19 1 1 0 0 0 1
## 6 0.0 3 2 4 0 0 1 19 0 0 12 0 0 0
## grade
## 1 4
## 2 2
## 3 3
## 4 3
## 5 3
## 6 3
```

```
summary(data)
```

```
## time like where freq
## Min. : 0.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.: 0.000 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:2.000
## Median : 0.000 Median :3.000 Median :3.000 Median :3.000
## Mean : 1.243 Mean :3.022 Mean :2.973 Mean :2.705
## 3rd Qu.: 1.250 3rd Qu.:3.000 3rd Qu.:4.000 3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max. :30.000 Max. :5.000 Max. :6.000 Max. :4.000
## NA's :1 NA's :18 NA's :13
## busy educ sex age
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :18.00
## 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:19.00
## Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000 Median :1.0000 Median :19.00
## Mean :0.2125 Mean :0.4744 Mean :0.5824 Mean :19.52
```

```
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:20.00
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :33.00
## NA's :11 NA's :13
## home math work own
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. : 0.000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:1.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.: 0.000 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :1.0000 Median :0.0000 Median : 1.000 Median :1.0000
## Mean :0.7582 Mean :0.3222 Mean : 7.352 Mean :0.7363
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:13.250 3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :55.000 Max. :1.0000
## NA's :1 NA's :3
## cdrom email grade
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :2.000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:1.0000 1st Qu.:3.000
## Median :0.0000 Median :1.0000 Median :3.000
## Mean :0.1744 Mean :0.7912 Mean :3.253
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :4.000
## NA's :5
```

Scenario 1

Sample Proportion of Students Who Played a Video Game in the Last Week

The individual variables measured here are Bernoulli since time is being converted to a binary 'did' or 'did not' play.

```
# Create 'numPlayers' variable to count number of players in the last week.
# This is done by counting the number of people with time spent over 0, which represents the
# people who played something in the last week since they spent time on it. 0 indicates no time
# spent.
```

```
numPlayers <- NROW(which(data$time > 0))
paste("Number of players:", numPlayers, sep=" ")
```

```
## [1] "Number of players: 34"
```

```
# Sample proportion is the ratio of numPlayers to total students (rows in data)
data.playersSampleProportion <- (numPlayers/numSamples)
paste("Sample proportion:", data.playersSampleProportion, sep=" ")
```

```
## [1] "Sample proportion: 0.373626373626374"
```

Players Sample Proportion Confidence Interval

Since the sample Bernoulli variables are NOT identically independently distributed, the confidence interval itself will be computed utilizing the finite population correction factor.

```
# Sample proportion is nearly Binomial, except not iid.
playersCorrectionFactor <- sqrt((data.population - numSamples)/data.population)
# Binomial standard error formula without correction
playersIndepStandardError <- (sqrt(data.playersSampleProportion*(1-data.playersSampleProportion)))/sqrt
# Standard error with finite population correction
```

```

data.playersStandardErrorEstimate <- playersIndepStandardError*playersCorrectionFactor
paste("Corrected Standard Error:", data.playersStandardErrorEstimate, sep=" ")

## [1] "Corrected Standard Error: 0.0429736108569751"

# Since the sample proportion follows a normal distribution by the Central Limit Theorem,
# we need to multiply the corrected standard error by 1.96 to generate the interval.
data.playersMarginOfError <- 1.96*data.playersStandardErrorEstimate
paste("Margin of Error: ", data.playersMarginOfError, sep="")

## [1] "Margin of Error: 0.0842282772796712"

# Therefore, the confidence interval:
playersLowerBound <- data.playersSampleProportion - data.playersMarginOfError
playersUpperBound <- data.playersSampleProportion + data.playersMarginOfError
data.playersSampleProportionConf95 <- c(playersLowerBound, playersUpperBound)
paste("Player Proportion 95% CI: ", "(", playersLowerBound, ", ", playersUpperBound, ")", sep="")

## [1] "Player Proportion 95% CI: (0.289398096346702, 0.457854650906045)"

```

Scenario 2

```

smalltime.ind <- which(data$time < 6)
data.smalltime <- data[smalltime.ind,]

zerohours.ind <- which(data.smalltime$time ==0)
data.zerohours <- data[zerohours.ind, ]
mean(data.zerohours$freq, na.rm=TRUE)

## [1] 3

fewhours.ind <- which(data.smalltime$time > 0 & data.smalltime$time <=5 )
data.fewhours <- data[fewhours.ind, ]
mean(data.fewhours$freq, na.rm=TRUE)

## [1] 2.206897

manyhours.ind <- which(data$time > 6)
data.manyhours <- data[manyhours.ind, ]
summary(data.manyhours$freq, na.rm=TRUE)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.   Max.
##    1.000   1.000   1.000   1.333   1.500   2.000

daily.ind <- which(data$freq == 1)
weekly.ind <- which(data$freq == 2)
monthly.ind <- which(data$freq == 3)
semester.ind <- which(data$freq == 4)

data.daily <- data[daily.ind, ]
data.weekly <- data[weekly.ind, ]
data.monthly <- data[monthly.ind, ]
data.semester <- data[semester.ind, ]

mean(data.daily$time)

```

```
## [1] 4.444444
mean(data.weekly$time)

## [1] 2.539286
mean(data.monthly$time)

## [1] 0.05555556
mean(data.semester$time)

## [1] 0.04347826
busy.ind <- which(data$busy == 1)
data.busy <- data[busy.ind, ]

notbusy.ind <- which(data$busy == 0)
data.notbusy <- data[notbusy.ind, ]

mean(data.busy$time)

## [1] 4.705882
mean(data.notbusy$time)

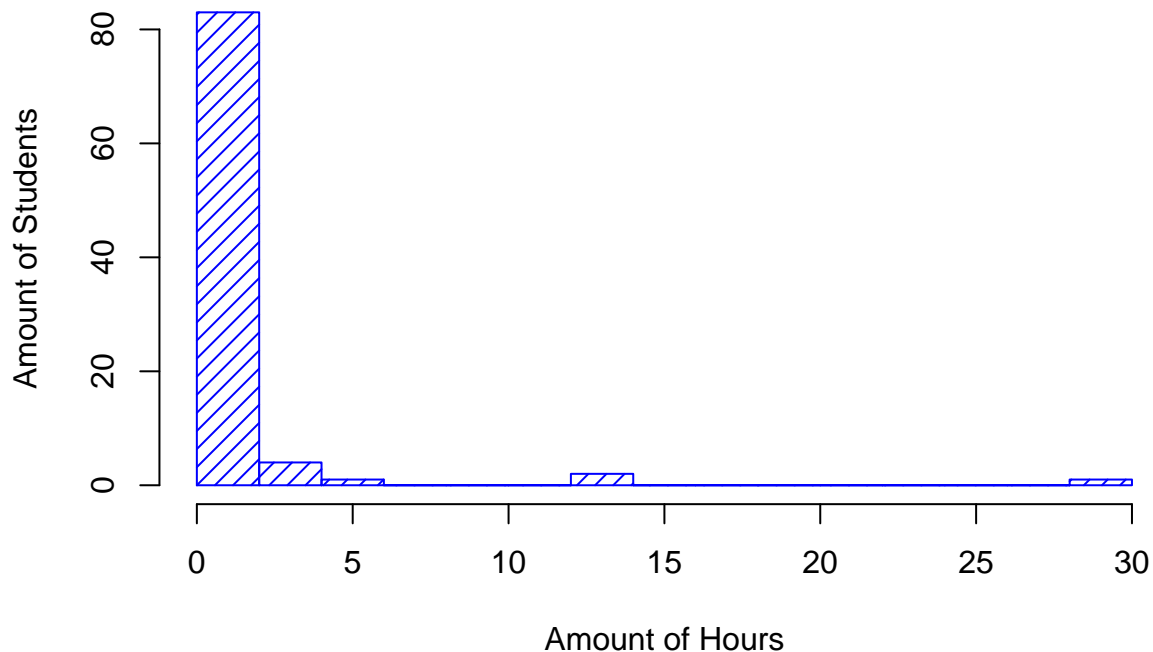
## [1] 0.5095238
```

Scenario 3

```
#First we calculate the estimate for the # of students that played a video game:
nogame.ind <- which(data['time'] == 0.0) #Identify those who did not play video games the week prior
data.nogame <- data[nogame.ind,] #Create a data frame with no gamers
n1 <- length(data.nogame$time) #Calculates the # of students that played video games
prop.nogame <- (n1)/91 #Calculates the proportion (# that don't play/sample size)
sd.prop.nogame <- sqrt( (.6263736)*(1-.6263736)/90 )*sqrt((314-91)/314 ) #Calculates the sd of those th
prop.nogame.ci <- prop.nogame + c(-1, 1)*2*sd.prop.nogame #Creates the CI

#Histogram of sample time spent playing
hist(data$time, main = "Histogram of Time Spent Playing Videogames", xlab = "Amount of Hours", ylab = "Density",
      col = 4, density = 15, breaks = 15)
```

Histogram of Time Spent Playing Videogames



```
#Here we do Bootstrap
boot.population <- rep(data$time, length.out = 314) #Creates the population
sample1 <- sample(boot.population, size = 91, replace = FALSE) #creates the sample populations
B = 500 # the number of bootstrap samples we want
boot.sample <- array(dim = c(B, 91))
for (i in 1:B)
{
  boot.sample[i, ] <- sample(boot.population, size = 91, replace = FALSE)
}
boot.mean <- apply(X = boot.sample, MARGIN = 1, FUN = mean) #Here we take the sample mean of each sample
ci.boot <- c(quantile(boot.mean,0.025), quantile(boot.mean, 0.975))
```

Scenario 4

Getting proportion who likes games.

```
# Initializing variables corresponding to responses from students on the survey
likeVeryMuch <- 2
likeSomewhat <- 3
# Fetching all students who responded with positive game likeness
data.likeColumns <- which(data$like == likeVeryMuch)
data.likeColumns <- c(data.likeColumns, which(data$like == likeSomewhat))
# Calculating percentage
numOfLikes <- NROW(data.likeColumns)
proportionLike <- numOfLikes/data.samples
paste("Proportion of Like: ", proportionLike, sep="")
```

```
## [1] "Proportion of Like: 0.758241758241758"
```

Scenario 5

```
# Using gmodels library
library(gmodels)

#Cross-Tabulation for owning a computer/like playing games
CrossTable(data$like, data$own)
```

```
##
##
##      Cell Contents
## |-----|
## |              N |
## | Chi-square contribution |
## |      N / Row Total |
## |      N / Col Total |
## |      N / Table Total |
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table:  90
##
##
##      data$like | data$own
##      data$like |      0 |      1 | Row Total |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           1 |      0 |      1 |      1 |
##           | 0.267 | 0.097 |      |
##           | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.011 |
##           | 0.000 | 0.015 |      |
##           | 0.000 | 0.011 |      |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           2 |      5 |     18 |     23 |
##           | 0.209 | 0.076 |      |
##           | 0.217 | 0.783 | 0.256 |
##           | 0.208 | 0.273 |      |
##           | 0.056 | 0.200 |      |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           3 |     16 |     30 |     46 |
##           | 1.136 | 0.413 |      |
##           | 0.348 | 0.652 | 0.511 |
##           | 0.667 | 0.455 |      |
##           | 0.178 | 0.333 |      |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           4 |      1 |     12 |     13 |
##           | 1.755 | 0.638 |      |
##           | 0.077 | 0.923 | 0.144 |
##           | 0.042 | 0.182 |      |
##           | 0.011 | 0.133 |      |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           5 |      2 |      5 |      7 |
##           | 0.010 | 0.003 |      |
##           | 0.286 | 0.714 | 0.078 |
```

```
##           |      0.083 |      0.076 |           |
##           |      0.022 |      0.056 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
## Column Total |      24 |      66 |      90 |
##           |      0.267 |      0.733 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##
##
```

```
#Cross-Tabulation for working/like playing games
CrossTable(data$like, data$work==0)
```

```
##
##
##   Cell Contents
## |-----|
## |              N |
## | Chi-square contribution |
## |      N / Row Total |
## |      N / Col Total |
## |      N / Table Total |
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table:  87
##
##
##           | data$work == 0
##   data$like |      FALSE |      TRUE | Row Total |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           1 |          1 |          0 |          1 |
##           |      0.518 |      0.506 |           |
##           |      1.000 |      0.000 |      0.011 |
##           |      0.023 |      0.000 |           |
##           |      0.011 |      0.000 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           2 |         14 |          9 |         23 |
##           |      0.609 |      0.596 |           |
##           |      0.609 |      0.391 |      0.264 |
##           |      0.326 |      0.205 |           |
##           |      0.161 |      0.103 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           3 |         22 |         21 |         43 |
##           |      0.026 |      0.026 |           |
##           |      0.512 |      0.488 |      0.494 |
##           |      0.512 |      0.477 |           |
##           |      0.253 |      0.241 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           4 |          3 |         10 |         13 |
##           |      1.826 |      1.785 |           |
##           |      0.231 |      0.769 |      0.149 |
##           |      0.070 |      0.227 |           |
##           |      0.034 |      0.115 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           5 |          3 |          4 |          7 |
```



```
##           |      0.061 |      0.060 |           |
##           |      0.429 |      0.571 |      0.080 |
##           |      0.070 |      0.091 |           |
##           |      0.034 |      0.046 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
## Column Total |      43 |      44 |      87 |
##           |      0.494 |      0.506 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##
##
```

```
#Cross-Tabulation for sex/like playing games
CrossTable(data$like, data$sex)
```

```
##
##
##   Cell Contents
## |-----|
## |              N |
## | Chi-square contribution |
## |      N / Row Total |
## |      N / Col Total |
## |      N / Table Total |
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table:  90
##
##
##           | data$sex
##   data$like |      0 |      1 | Row Total |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           1 |      0 |      1 |      1 |
##           |      0.422 |      0.309 |           |
##           |      0.000 |      1.000 |      0.011 |
##           |      0.000 |      0.019 |           |
##           |      0.000 |      0.011 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           2 |      5 |      18 |      23 |
##           |      2.285 |      1.670 |           |
##           |      0.217 |      0.783 |      0.256 |
##           |      0.132 |      0.346 |           |
##           |      0.056 |      0.200 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           3 |      21 |      25 |      46 |
##           |      0.128 |      0.094 |           |
##           |      0.457 |      0.543 |      0.511 |
##           |      0.553 |      0.481 |           |
##           |      0.233 |      0.278 |           |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##           4 |      8 |      5 |      13 |
##           |      1.149 |      0.840 |           |
##           |      0.615 |      0.385 |      0.144 |
##           |      0.211 |      0.096 |           |
##           |      0.089 |      0.056 |           |
```

```
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##          5 |          4 |          3 |          7 |
##          |    0.369 |    0.270 |          |
##          |    0.571 |    0.429 |    0.078 |
##          |    0.105 |    0.058 |          |
##          |    0.044 |    0.033 |          |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
## Column Total |          38 |          52 |          90 |
##          |    0.422 |    0.578 |          |
## -----|-----|-----|-----|
##
##
```

Scenario 6

```
#Chi-square test
observed <- c(31, 52, 8, 0)
expected <- c(.2, .33, .4, .1)
chisq.test(observed, p = expected, rescale.p = TRUE)

##
## Chi-squared test for given probabilities
##
## data:  observed
## X-squared = 57.942, df = 3, p-value = 1.617e-12
```