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```
# TensorMap & Tensor:
# general tensor implementation with arbitrary symmetries
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    struct TensorMap{S<:IndexSpace, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, ...} <: AbstractTensorMap{S, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>}
Specific subtype of [`AbstractTensorMap`](@ref) for representing tensor maps
(morphisms in
a tensor category) whose data is stored in blocks of some subtype of `DenseMatrix`.
struct TensorMap{S<:IndexSpace, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, G<:Sector,
A<:Union{<:DenseMatrix, SectorDict{G,<:DenseMatrix}}, F1, F2} <:
AbstractTensorMap{S, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>}
    data::A
    codom::ProductSpace{S,N1}
    dom::ProductSpace{S,N2}
    rowr::SectorDict{G,FusionTreeDict{F1,UnitRange{Int}}}
    colr::SectorDict{G,FusionTreeDict{F2,UnitRange{Int}}}
    function TensorMap{S, N1, N2, G, A, F1, F2}(data::A,
                  codom::ProductSpace{S,N1}, dom::ProductSpace{S,N2},
                  rowr::SectorDict{G,FusionTreeDict{F1,UnitRange{Int}}},
                  colr::SectorDict{G,FusionTreeDict{F2,UnitRange{Int}}}) where
                      {S<:IndexSpace, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, G<:Sector,
A<:SectorDict(G,<:DenseMatrix),
                       F<sub>1</sub><:FusionTree{G,N<sub>1</sub>}, F<sub>2</sub><:FusionTree{G,N<sub>2</sub>}}
         eltype(valtype(data)) ⊆ field(S) ||
             @warn("eltype(data) = $(eltype(data)) ⊈ $(field(S)))", maxlog=1)
         new{S, N1, N2, G, A, F1, F2}(data, codom, dom, rowr, colr)
    end
    function TensorMap{S, N1, N2, Trivial, A, Nothing, Nothing}(data::A,
                  codom::ProductSpace{S,N1}, dom::ProductSpace{S,N2}) where
                      {S<:IndexSpace, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, A<:DenseMatrix}
         eltype(data) ⊆ field(S) ||
             @warn("eltype(data) = $(eltype(data)) ⊈ $(field(S)))", maxlog=1)
         new{S, N1, N2, Trivial, A, Nothing, Nothing}(data, codom, dom)
    end
end
const Tensor{S<:IndexSpace, N, G<:Sector, A, F1, F2} = TensorMap{S, N, 0, G, A,</pre>
F_1, F_2
const TrivialTensorMap{S<:IndexSpace, N1, N2, A<:DenseMatrix} = TensorMap{S, N1,</pre>
N<sub>2</sub>, Trivial, A, Nothing, Nothing}
# Basic methods for characterising a tensor:
codomain(t::TensorMap) = t.codom
domain(t::TensorMap) = t.dom
blocksectors(t::TrivialTensorMap) = TrivialOrEmptyIterator(dim(t) == 0)
blocksectors(t::TensorMap) = keys(t.data)
Base @pure storagetype(::Type{<:TensorMap{<:IndexSpace,N1,N2,Trivial,A}}) where
    \{N_1, N_2, A < : DenseMatrix\} = A
Base.@pure
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  storagetype(::Type{<:TensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2, G, <:SectorDict{G, A}}}) where</pre>
       \{N_1,N_2,G<:Sector,A<:DenseMatrix\} = A
  dim(t::TensorMap) = mapreduce(x->length(x[2]), +, blocks(t); init = 0)
  # General TensorMap constructors
  # with data
  function TensorMap(data::DenseArray, codom::ProductSpace{S,N1},
  dom::ProductSpace{S,N2}) where {S<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}</pre>
       if sectortype(S) === Trivial # For now, we can only accept array data for
           Trivial sectortype
           (d1, d2) = (dim(codom), dim(dom))
           if !(length(data) == d1*d2 || size(data) == (d1, d2) ||
               size(data) == (dims(codom)..., dims(dom)...))
               throw(DimensionMismatch())
           end
           data2 = reshape(data, (d1, d2))
           A = typeof(data2)
           return TensorMap{S, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, Trivial, A, Nothing, Nothing}(data2, codom,
  dom)
       else
           # TODO: allow to start from full data (a single DenseArray) and create the
             dictionary, in the first place for Abelian sectors, or for e.g. SU<sub>2</sub>
             using Wigner 3j symbols
           throw(SectorMismatch())
       end
  end
  function TensorMap(data::AbstractDict{<:Sector,<:DenseMatrix},</pre>
  codom::ProductSpace{S,N1}, dom::ProductSpace{S,N2}) where {S<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}
       G = sectortype(S)
       G == keytype(data) || throw(SectorMismatch())
       if G == Trivial
           if dim(dom) != 0 && dim(codom) != 0
               return TensorMap(data[Trivial()], codom, dom)
           else
               return TensorMap(valtype(data)(undef, dim(codom), dim(dom)), codom,
  dom)
           end
       end
       F_1 = fusiontreetype(G, StaticLength(N<sub>1</sub>))
       F_2 = fusiontreetype(G, StaticLength(N<sub>2</sub>))
       rowr = SectorDict{G, FusionTreeDict{F1, UnitRange{Int}}}()
       colr = SectorDict{G, FusionTreeDict{F2, UnitRange{Int}}}()
       blockiterator = blocksectors(codom ← dom)
       for c in blockiterator
           rowrc = FusionTreeDict{F1, UnitRange{Int}}()
           colrc = FusionTreeDict{F2, UnitRange{Int}}()
           offset1 = 0
           for s1 in sectors(codom)
               for f1 in fusiontrees(s1, c, map(isdual, codom.spaces))
                    r = (offset1 + 1):(offset1 + dim(codom, s1))
                    push!(rowrc, f1 => r)
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                     offset1 = last(r)
                end
           end
            offset2 = 0
            for s2 in sectors(dom)
                for f2 in fusiontrees(s2, c, map(isdual, dom.spaces))
                     r = (offset2 + 1):(offset2 + dim(dom, s2))
                     push!(colrc, f2 => r)
                     offset2 = last(r)
                end
           end
            (haskey(data, c) && size(data[c]) == (offset1, offset2)) ||
                throw(DimensionMismatch())
            push!(rowr, c=>rowrc)
            push!(colr, c=>colrc)
       end
       if !isreal(G) && eltype(valtype(data)) <: Real</pre>
            b = valtype(data)(undef, (0,0))
           V = typeof(complex(b))
           K = keytype(data)
           data2 = SectorDict{K,V}((c=>complex(data[c])) for c in blockiterator)
            A = typeof(data2)
            return TensorMap{S, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, G, A, F<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>2</sub>}(data2, codom, dom, rowr, colr)
       else
           V = valtype(data)
           K = keytype(data)
           data2 = SectorDict{K,V}((c=>data[c]) for c in blockiterator)
           A = typeof(data2)
            return TensorMap{S, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, G, A, F<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>2</sub>}(data2, codom, dom, rowr, colr)
       end
   end
  # without data: generic constructor from callable:
   function TensorMap(f, codom::ProductSpace{S,N1}, dom::ProductSpace{S,N2}) where
   {S<:IndexSpace, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>}
       G = sectortype(S)
       if G == Trivial
           d1 = dim(codom)
           d2 = dim(dom)
           data = f((d1,d2))
           A = typeof(data)
            return TensorMap{S, N1, N2, Trivial, A, Nothing, Nothing}(data, codom, dom)
       else
           F_1 = fusiontreetype(G, StaticLength(N<sub>1</sub>))
            F_2 = fusiontreetype(G, StaticLength(N_2))
           # TODO: the current approach is not very efficient and somewhat wasteful
            sampledata = f((1,1))
            if !isreal(G) && eltype(sampledata) <: Real</pre>
                A = typeof(complex(sampledata))
           else
                A = typeof(sampledata)
           end
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rowr = SectorDict{G, FusionTreeDict{F1, UnitRange{Int}}}()

data = SectorDict(G,A)()

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           colr = SectorDict{G, FusionTreeDict{F2, UnitRange{Int}}}()
           for c in blocksectors(codom ← dom)
                rowrc = FusionTreeDict{F1, UnitRange{Int}}()
               colrc = FusionTreeDict{F2, UnitRange{Int}}()
                offset1 = 0
                for s1 in sectors(codom)
                    for f1 in fusiontrees(s1, c, map(isdual, codom.spaces))
                         r = (offset1 + 1):(offset1 + dim(codom, s1))
                        push!(rowrc, f1 => r)
                        offset1 = last(r)
                    end
               end
                dim1 = offset1
                offset2 = 0
                for s2 in sectors(dom)
                    for f2 in fusiontrees(s2, c, map(isdual, dom.spaces))
                         r = (offset2 + 1):(offset2 + dim(dom, s2))
                        push!(colrc, f2 => r)
                        offset2 = last(r)
                    end
               end
                dim2 = offset2
                push!(data, c=>f((dim1, dim2)))
               push!(rowr, c=>rowrc)
                push!(colr, c=>colrc)
           end
           return TensorMap{S, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, G, SectorDict{G,A}, F<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>2</sub>}(data, codom, dom,
  rowr, colr)
       end
  end
  TensorMap(f,
                ::Type{T},
                codom::ProductSpace{S},
                dom::ProductSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace, T<:Number} =</pre>
       TensorMap(d->f(T, d), codom, dom)
  TensorMap(::Type{T},
               codom::ProductSpace{S},
                dom::ProductSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace, T<:Number} =</pre>
       TensorMap(d->Array{T}(undef, d), codom, dom)
  TensorMap(::UndefInitializer,
                ::Type{T},
                codom::ProductSpace{S},
                dom::ProductSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace, T<:Number} =</pre>
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TensorMap(d->Array{T}(undef, d), codom, dom)

dom::ProductSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>

codom::ProductSpace{S},

TensorMap(undef, Float64, codom, dom)

TensorMap(::UndefInitializer,

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  function TensorMap(I::LinearAlgebra.UniformScaling,
                       ::Type{T},
                       codom::ProductSpace{S},
                       dom::ProductSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace, T<:Number}</pre>
      Base.depwarn("`TensorMap(I, T, codomain, domain)` using `LinearAlgebra.I` is
  deprecated, use `id([A,], space)` for creating the identity tensor on a space, and
  `isomorphism([A,], codomain, domain)` to construct a fixed invertible map between
  two isomorphic spaces. When `spacetype(domain)<:EuclideanSpace`, one can also use
   `unitary([A,], codomain, domain)` which is then equivalent to `isomorphism`.
  `A<:AbstractMatrix` is the type of storage, and is by default chosen equal to
  `Matrix{Float64}`.", ((Base.Core).Typeof(TensorMap)).name.mt.name)
       isomorphism(Matrix{T}, codom, dom)
  end
  TensorMap(I::LinearAlgebra.UniformScaling,
               codom::ProductSpace{S},
               dom::ProductSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(I, Float64, codom, dom)
  TensorMap(::Type{T},
               codom::TensorSpace{S},
               dom::TensorSpace{S}) where {T<:Number, S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(T, convert(ProductSpace, codom), convert(ProductSpace, dom))
  TensorMap(dataorf, codom::TensorSpace{S}, dom::TensorSpace{S}) where
  {S<:IndexSpace} =
       TensorMap(dataorf, convert(ProductSpace, codom), convert(ProductSpace, dom))
  TensorMap(dataorf, ::Type{T},
               codom::TensorSpace{S},
               dom::TensorSpace{S}) where {T<:Number, S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(dataorf, T, convert(ProductSpace, codom), convert(ProductSpace, dom))
  TensorMap(codom::TensorSpace{S}, dom::TensorSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(Float64, convert(ProductSpace, codom), convert(ProductSpace, dom))
  TensorMap(dataorf, T::Type{<:Number}, P::TensorMapSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(dataorf, T, codomain(P), domain(P))
  TensorMap(dataorf, P::TensorMapSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(dataorf, codomain(P), domain(P))
  TensorMap(T::Type{<:Number}, P::TensorMapSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(T, codomain(P), domain(P))
  TensorMap(P::TensorMapSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} = TensorMap(codomain(P),</pre>
  domain(P))
  Tensor(dataorf, T::Type{<:Number}, P::TensorSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} =</pre>
       TensorMap(dataorf, T, P, one(P))
  Tensor(dataorf, P::TensorSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} = TensorMap(dataorf, P,</pre>
  one(P))
  Tensor(T::Type{<:Number}, P::TensorSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} = TensorMap(T,</pre>
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  P, one(P))
  Tensor(P::TensorSpace{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace} = TensorMap(P, one(P))</pre>
  # Efficient copy constructors
  function Base.copy(t::TrivialTensorMap{S, N_1, N_2, A}) where {S, N_1, N_2, A}
       return TrivialTensorMap{S, N1, N2, A}(copy(t.data), t.codom, t.dom)
  end
  function Base.copy(t::TensorMap{S, N1, N2, G, A, F1, F2}) where {S, N1, N2, G, A,
  F_1, F_2
       return TensorMap{S, N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, G, A, F<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>2</sub>}(deepcopy(t.data), t.codom, t.dom,
  t.rowr, t.colr)
  end
  # Similar
  #----
  Base.similar(t::AbstractTensorMap, T::Type, codomain::VectorSpace,
  domain::VectorSpace) =
       similar(t, T, codomain←domain)
  Base.similar(t::AbstractTensorMap, codomain::VectorSpace, domain::VectorSpace) =
       similar(t, codomain←domain)
  Base.similar(t::AbstractTensorMap{S}, ::Type{T},
                   P::TensorMapSpace\{S\} = (domain(t) \rightarrow codomain(t))) where \{T,S\} =
       TensorMap(d->similarstoragetype(t, T)(undef, d), P)
  Base.similar(t::AbstractTensorMap{S}, ::Type{T}, P::TensorSpace{S}) where {T,S} =
       Tensor(d->similarstoragetype(t, T)(undef, d), P)
  Base.similar(t::AbstractTensorMap{S},
                    P::TensorMapSpace{S} = (domain(t) \rightarrow codomain(t))) where {S} =
       TensorMap(d->storagetype(t)(undef, d), P)
  Base.similar(t::AbstractTensorMap{S}, P::TensorSpace{S}) where {S} =
       Tensor(d->storagetype(t)(undef, d), P)
  function Base.complex(t::AbstractTensorMap)
       if eltype(t) <: Complex</pre>
           return t
       elseif t.data isa AbstractArray
           return TensorMap(complex(t.data), codomain(t), domain(t))
       else
           data = SectorDict(c=>complex(d) for (c,d) in t.data)
           return TensorMap(data, codomain(t), domain(t))
       end
  end
  # Conversion between TensorMap and Dict, for read and write purpose
  function Base.convert(::Type{Dict}, t::AbstractTensorMap)
       d = Dict{Symbol,Any}()
       d[:codomain] = repr(codomain(t))
       d[:domain] = repr(domain(t))
       data = Dict{String,Any}()
       for (c,b) in blocks(t)
           data[repr(c)] = Array(b)
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       end
      d[:data] = data
       return d
  end
  function Base.convert(::Type{TensorMap}, d::Dict{Symbol,Any})
       codomain = eval(Meta.parse(d[:codomain]))
       domain = eval(Meta.parse(d[:domain]))
       data = SectorDict(eval(Meta.parse(c))=>b for (c,b) in d[:data])
       return TensorMap(data, codomain, domain)
  end
  # Getting and setting the data
  hasblock(t::TrivialTensorMap, ::Trivial) = true
  hasblock(t::TensorMap, s::Sector) = haskey(t.data, s)
  block(t::TrivialTensorMap, ::Trivial) = t.data
  function block(t::TensorMap, s::Sector)
       sectortype(t) == typeof(s) || throw(SectorMismatch())
       A = valtype(t.data)
       if haskey(t.data, s)
           return t.data[s]
       else # at least one of the two matrix dimensions will be zero
           return storagetype(t)(undef, (blockdim(codomain(t),s), blockdim(domain(t),
  s)))
       end
  end
  blocks(t::TensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N_1, N_2, Trivial}) where \{N_1, N_2\} =
       SingletonDict(Trivial()=>t.data)
  blocks(t::TensorMap) = t.data
  fusiontrees(t::TrivialTensorMap) = ((nothing, nothing),)
  fusiontrees(t::TensorMap) = TensorKeyIterator(t.rowr, t.colr)
  @inline function Base.getindex(t::TensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2, G},</pre>
                                    sectors::Tuple{Vararg{G}}) where {N1,N2,G<:Sector}</pre>
       FusionStyle(G) isa Abelian ||
           throw(SectorMismatch("Indexing with sectors only possible if abelian"))
       s1 = TupleTools.getindices(sectors, codomainind(t))
       s2 = TupleTools.getindices(sectors, domainind(t))
       c1 = length(s1) == 0 ? one(G) : (length(s1) == 1 ? s1[1] : first(<math>\otimes(s1...)))
       @boundscheck begin
           c2 = length(s2) == 0 ? one(G) : (length(s2) == 1 ? s2[1] : first(<math>\otimes(s1...)))
           c2 == c1 || throw(SectorMismatch())
           hassector(codomain(t), s1) && hassector(domain(t), s2)
       end
       f1 = FusionTree(s1,c1)
       f2 = FusionTree(s2,c1)
       @inbounds begin
           return t[f1,f2]
       end
  end
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  @propagate_inbounds Base.getindex(t::TensorMap, sectors::Tuple) =
       t[map(sectortype(t), sectors)]
  @inline function Base.getindex(t::TensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2, G},</pre>
           f1::FusionTree{G,N<sub>1</sub>}, f2::FusionTree{G,N<sub>2</sub>}) where {N<sub>1</sub>,N<sub>2</sub>,G<:Sector}
       c = f1.coupled
       @boundscheck begin
           c == f2.coupled || throw(SectorMismatch())
           haskey(t.rowr[c], f1) || throw(SectorMismatch())
           haskey(t.colr[c], f2) || throw(SectorMismatch())
       end
      @inbounds begin
           d = (dims(codomain(t), f1.uncoupled)..., dims(domain(t), f2.uncoupled)...)
           return sreshape(StridedView(t.data[c])[t.rowr[c][f1], t.colr[c][f2]], d)
       end
  end
  @propagate_inbounds Base.setindex!(t::TensorMap{<:IndexSpace,N1,N2,G}, v,</pre>
  f1::FusionTree(G,N_1), f2::FusionTree(G,N_2)) where \{N_1,N_2,G<:Sector\} =
  copyto!(getindex(t, f1, f2), v)
  # For a tensor with trivial symmetry, allow no argument indexing
  @inline Base.getindex(t::TrivialTensorMap) =
       sreshape(StridedView(t.data), (dims(codomain(t))..., dims(domain(t))...))
  @inline Base.setindex!(t::TrivialTensorMap, v) = copyto!(getindex(t), v)
  # For a tensor with trivial symmetry, fusiontrees returns (nothing, nothing)
  @inline Base.getindex(t::TrivialTensorMap, ::Tuple{Nothing, Nothing}) = getindex(t)
  @inline Base.setindex!(t::TrivialTensorMap, v, ::Tuple{Nothing,Nothing}) =
  setindex!(t, v)
  # For a tensor with trivial symmetry, allow direct indexing
  @inline function Base.getindex(t::TrivialTensorMap, I::Vararg{Int})
       data = t[]
       @boundscheck checkbounds(data, I...)
       @inbounds v = data[I...]
       return v
  end
  @inline function Base.setindex!(t::TrivialTensorMap, v, I::Vararg{Int})
       data = t[]
       @boundscheck checkbounds(data, I...)
       @inbounds data[I...] = v
       return v
  end
  # Show
  function Base.summary(t::TensorMap)
       print("TensorMap(", codomain(t), " ← ", domain(t), ")")
  function Base.show(io::I0, t::TensorMap{S}) where {S<:IndexSpace}</pre>
       if get(io, :compact, false)
           print(io, "TensorMap(", codomain(t), " ← ", domain(t), ")")
           return
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      println(io, "TensorMap(", codomain(t), " ← ", domain(t), "):")
      if sectortype(S) == Trivial
          Base.print_array(io, t[])
          println(io)
      elseif FusionStyle(sectortype(S)) isa Abelian
          for (f1,f2) in fusiontrees(t)
               println(io, "* Data for sector ", f1.uncoupled, " ← ", f2.uncoupled,
  ":")
               Base.print_array(io, t[f1,f2])
               println(io)
          end
      else
          for (f1,f2) in fusiontrees(t)
               println(io, "* Data for fusiontree ", f1, " ← ", f2, ":")
               Base.print_array(io, t[f1,f2])
               println(io)
          end
      end
  end
  # Real and imaginary parts
  function Base.real(t::AbstractTensorMap{S}) where {S}
      # `isreal` for a `Sector` returns true iff the F and R symbols are real. This
        quarantees
      # that the real/imaginary part of a tensor `t` can be obtained by just taking
      # real/imaginary part of the degeneracy data.
      if isreal(sectortype(S))
           realdata = Dict(k => real(v) for (k, v) in blocks(t))
          return TensorMap(realdata, codomain(t), domain(t))
      else
          msg = "`real` has not been implemented for `AbstractTensorMap{$(S)}`."
          throw(ArgumentError(msg))
      end
  end
  function Base.imag(t::AbstractTensorMap{S}) where {S}
      # `isreal` for a `Sector` returns true iff the F and R symbols are real. This
        guarantees
      # that the real/imaginary part of a tensor `t` can be obtained by just taking
      # real/imaginary part of the degeneracy data.
      if isreal(sectortype(S))
           imagdata = Dict(k => imag(v) for (k, v) in blocks(t))
           return TensorMap(imagdata, codomain(t), domain(t))
      else
          msg = "`imag` has not been implemented for `AbstractTensorMap{$(S)}`."
          throw(ArgumentError(msg))
      end
  end
  # Conversion and promotion:
  # TODO
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