7.2 Data Collection through API

CPE311 Computational Thinking with Python

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Using the NCEI API

```
1 import requests
3 def make_request(endpoint, payload=None):
5
    return requests.get(
      f'https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/api/v2/{endpoint}',
7
      headers={
       'token': 'ScaDZizCDQEmlzVblxYzxvHktsblPcCK'
8
9
10
      params=payload
    )
11
1 # see what datasets are available
2 response = make_request('datasets', {'startdate':'2018-10-01'})
3 response.status_code
    200
```

Get the key of the result

```
1 response.json().keys()
    dict_keys(['metadata', 'results'])

1 response.json()['metadata']
    {'resultset': {'offset': 1, 'count': 11, 'limit': 25}}

1 response json()['results'][0] keys()
```

```
dict_keys(['uid', 'mindate', 'maxdate', 'name', 'datacoverage', 'id'])
```

parse the result

```
1 [(data['id'], data['name']) for data in response.json()['results']]
     [('GHCND', 'Daily Summaries'),
        ('GSOM', 'Global Summary of the Month'),
        ('GSOY', 'Global Summary of the Year'),
        ('NEXRAD2', 'Weather Radar (Level II)'),
        ('NEXRAD3', 'Weather Radar (Level III)'),
        ('NORMAL_ANN', 'Normals Annual/Seasonal'),
        ('NORMAL_DLY', 'Normals Daily'),
        ('NORMAL_HLY', 'Normals Hourly'),
        ('NORMAL_MLY', 'Normals Monthly'),
        ('PRECIP_15', 'Precipitation 15 Minute'),
        ('PRECIP_HLY', 'Precipitation Hourly')]
```

Figure which category we want

```
1 # get data category id
2 response = make_request(
3 'datacategories',
4 payload={
5 'datasetid' : 'GHCND'
6 }
7)
8 response.status_code
    200
1 response.json()['results']
    [{'name': 'Evaporation', 'id': 'EVAP'},
     {'name': 'Land', 'id': 'LAND'},
     {'name': 'Precipitation', 'id': 'PRCP'},
     {'name': 'Sky cover & clouds', 'id': 'SKY'},
     {'name': 'Sunshine', 'id': 'SUN'},
     {'name': 'Air Temperature', 'id': 'TEMP'},
     {'name': 'Water', 'id': 'WATER'},
     {'name': 'Wind', 'id': 'WIND'},
     {'name': 'Weather Type', 'id': 'WXTYPE'}]
```

Grab the data type ID for the Temperature category

```
1 # get data type id
2 response = make_request(
3 'datatypes',
4 payload={
5 'datacategoryid' : 'TEMP',
6 'limit' : 100
7 }
8)
9 response.status_code
    200
1 [(datatype['id'], datatype['name']) for datatype in response.json()['results']][-5:] |
    [('MNTM', 'Monthly mean temperature'),
     ('TAVG', 'Average Temperature.'),
     ('TMAX', 'Maximum temperature'),
     ('TMIN', 'Minimum temperature'),
     ('TOBS', 'Temperature at the time of observation')]
1 [(datatype['id'], datatype['maxdate']) for datatype in response.json()['results']][-5
    [('MNTM', '2016-03-01'),
     ('TAVG', '2024-03-11'),
('TMAX', '2024-03-11'),
     ('TMIN', '2024-03-11'),
     ('TOBS', '2024-03-11')]
1 [(datatype['id'], datatype['mindate']) for datatype in response.json()['results']][-5
    [('MNTM', '1763-01-01'),
     ('TAVG', '1750-02-01'),
     ('TMAX', '1750-02-01'),
('TMIN', '1750-02-01'),
     ('TOBS', '1876-11-27')]
```

Determine which Location Category we want

```
1 # get location category id
2 response = make_request(
3 'locationcategories',
4 {
5 'datasetid' : 'GHCND'
6 }
7 )
8 response.status_code
200
```

Get NYC Location ID

```
1 def get_item(name, what, endpoint, start=1, end=None):
2
3
    # find the midpoint which we use to cut the data in half each time
4
    mid = (start + (end if end else 1)) // 2
5
    # lowercase the name so this is not case-sensitive
    name = name.lower()
7
    # define the payload we will send with each request
8
    payload = {
9
       'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
10
       'sortfield' : 'name',
11
       'offset' : mid, # we will change the offset each time
12
       'limit' : 1 # we only want one value back
13
      }
14
    # make our request adding any additional filter parameters from `what`
15
    response = make_request(endpoint, {**payload, **what})
16
17
    if response.ok:
18
      # if response is ok, grab the end index from the response metadata the first time
19
      end = end if end else response.json()['metadata']['resultset']['count']
20
      # grab the lowercase version of the current name
21
      current_name = response.json()['results'][0]['name'].lower()
22
      # if what we are searching for is in the current name, we have found our item
23
      if name in current name:
24
        return response.json()['results'][0] # return the found item
25
      else:
26
        if start >= end:
27
      # if our start index is greater than or equal to our end, we couldn't find it
28
           return {}
         alif nama / current nama.
```

```
ETTI HAME / CHITEHL HAME.
30
        # our name comes before the current name in the alphabet, so we search further t
31
           return get_item(name, what, endpoint, start, mid - 1)
32
         elif name > current name:
33
         # our name comes after the current name in the alphabet, so we search further to
34
           return get item(name, what, endpoint, mid + 1, end)
35
    else:
36
      # response wasn't ok, use code to determine why
37
       print(f'Response not OK, status: {response.status code}')
38
39 def get_location(name):
40
41
     return get_item (name, {'locationcategoryid' : 'CITY'}, 'locations')
 1 nyc = get location('New York')
 2 nyc
     {'mindate': '1869-01-01',
      'maxdate': '2024-03-11',
      'name': 'New York, NY US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'CITY:US360019'}
 1 Jry = get_location('Jersey ')
 2 Jry
     {'mindate': '1869-01-01',
      'maxdate': '2024-03-11',
      'name': 'Jersey City, NJ US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'CITY:US340001'}
```

Get the station ID for Central Park

Get the station ID for Statue of Liberty

```
1 Statue_of_Liberty = get_item('NY City Statue_of_Liberty', {'locationid' : nyc['id']},
2 Statue_of_Liberty
    Response not OK, status: 502
```

Request the temperature data

```
1 # get NYC daily summaries data
 2 response = make_request(
 3 'data',
 4 {
 5 'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
 6 'stationid' : central_park['id'],
 7 'locationid' : nyc['id'],
8 'startdate' : '2018-10-01',
9 'enddate' : '2018-10-31',
10 'datatypeid' : ['TMIN', 'TMAX', 'TOBS'], # temperature at time of observation, min, ar
11 'units' : 'metric',
12 'limit' : 1000
13 }
14)
15 response.status_code
     200
```

Create a DataFrame

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 df = pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results'])
3 df.head()
```

```
1 df.datatype.unique()
    array(['TMAX', 'TMIN'], dtype=object)

1 if get_item(
2 'NY City Central Park', {'locationid' : nyc['id'], 'datatypeid': 'TOBS'}, 'stations'
3 ):
4    print('Found!')
    Found!
```

Using a different statiom

```
1 laguardia = get_item(
 2 'LaGuardia', {'locationid' : nyc['id']}, 'stations'
 3)
 4 laguardia
     {'elevation': 3,
      'mindate': '1939-10-07',
      'maxdate': '2024-03-11',
      'latitude': 40.77945,
      'name': 'LAGUARDIA AIRPORT, NY US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'GHCND:USW00014732',
      'elevationUnit': 'METERS',
      'longitude': -73.88027}
 1 # get NYC daily summaries data
 2 response = make request(
 3 'data',
 4 {
 5 'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
 6 'stationid' : laguardia['id'],
 7 'locationid' : nyc['id'],
 8 'startdate' : '2018-10-01',
 9 'enddate' : '2018-10-31',
10 'datatypeid' : ['TMIN', 'TMAX', 'TAVG'], # temperature at time of observation, min, ar
11 'units' : 'metric',
12 'limit' : 1000
13 }
15 response.status_code
     200
```

```
1 f = pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results'])
2 df.head()
```

```
Next steps:
```

```
View recommended plots
```

1 df.datatype.value_counts()

TMAX 31 TMIN 31

Name: datatype, dtype: int64

1 df.to_csv('sample_data/nyc_temperatures.csv', index=False)

*End of 7.2 *

1 file_path = "/content/nyc_temperatures.csv"

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