

# Department of Mechanical Engineering

# **CS-114 - Fundamentals of Programing**

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**LAB REPORT # 5(HOME TASKS)** 

# **HOME TASKS**

### **Objective:**

To understand repetition structure and the types of repetition structure.

# TASK 1

1. Write a program in C++ to find LCM of any two numbers using HCF.

### **CODE**

```
//Code to find the LCM of two numbers using the HCF
/* Juveriah Waqqas - 460510
01-11-2023
Lab Report # 5 */
#include<iostream>
using namespace std:
int main()
    int x, y, hcf, lcm, j;
/*defining variables x and y which are the numbers that will be input, hcf that will store the heighest common factor,
  lcm that will store the lowest common multiple and j which is in the condition of the loop*/
    cout<<"Input the first number : ";</pre>
    cin>>x:
    cout<<"Input the second number : ";</pre>
    cin>>y;
    j = (x < y) ? x : y;
//Loop will run till the smallest of the two numbers
    for(int i=1; i<=j; i++)
        if(x \% i == 0 \&\& y \% i == 0){hcf = i;}
//The heigest common factor of both the numbers x and y is stored in the variable hcf
    lcm= (x*y)/hcf;
//LCM can be calculated by multiplying the two numbers and dividing by the HCF
        cout<<"The LCM of "<<x<<" and "<<y<<" is "<<lcm;
    return 0;
```

### **EXECUTION** (example)

```
Input the first number : 45
Input the second number : 77
The LCM of 45 and 77 is 3465
------
Process exited after 3.124 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# TASK 2

2. Write a program in C++ to find out the sum of an Arithmetic progression series.

### CODE

```
//Code to find the sum of an arithmetic progression
/* Juveriah Waggas - 460510
01-11-2023
Lab Report # 5 */
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
    int a1,d,n;
    cout<<"Enter the first term of the AP : ";
    cin>>a1:
    cout<<"Enter the common difference : ";</pre>
    cin>>d:
    int a11=a1;
//To output the Arithmetic series
    cout<<"The Arithmetic Progression is : "<<a1<<", ";</pre>
    for(int i=1; i<=3; i++)
        a1 += d;
        cout<<a1<<", ";
    cout<<"....."<<endl;
//To sum the arithmetic series
    cout<<"Enter the total number of terms : ";
    int sum = a11;
    for(int j=1; j<n; j++)</pre>
        a11 += d;
        sum += a11;
    cout<<"The sum of the Arithmetic Progression is : "<<sum;
    return 0;
EXECUTION (example)
```

# TASK 3

3. Write a program in C++ to create a diamond.

### **CODE**

```
//Code to make a diamond
/* Juveriah Waqqas - 460510
01-11-2023
Lab Report # 5 */
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
    int num, i, j;
    cout<<"Input rows in half the diamond: ";
    cin>>num;
//First loop to print the top half of the diamond
    for(i=0; i<num; i++)
//first nested loop that is used to print the number of spaces before the asterisks, total spaces decrease as i increases
for(j=0; j<=num-i-1; j++){cout<<" ";</pre>
//second nested loop that prints the asterisks , two astersiks are increased in each successive row
for(j=1; j<= 2*i + 1; j++){cout<<"*";</pre>
         cout<<endl;
//second loop to print the second half of the diamond, in which the spaces increase and the asterisks decrease as i decreases
        for(i=num-2; i>=0; i--)
         for(j=0; j<=num-i-1; j++){cout<<" ";</pre>
         for(j=1; j<= 2*i + 1; j++){cout<<"*";
         cout<<endl;
    return 0;
```

# **EXECUTION** (example)

```
Input rows in half the diamond: 7
Input rows in half the diamond: 5
     *
                                              ***
    ***
                                             ****
                                            *****
   ****
  *****
                                           *****
 ******
                                           *****
  *****
                                           ******
   ****
                                            *****
                                             ****
    ***
     *
```

# TASK 4

4. Write a program in C++ to convert a decimal number to binary number.

### **CODE**

```
//Code to make a diamond
/* Juveriah Waqqas - 460510
01-11-2023
Lab Report # 5 */
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
    int num, binary=0, remainder, product=1;
    cout<<"Input the decimal number : ";
    cin>>num;
    while(num!=0)
//loop will run until the the number is reduced to zero
       remainder = num % 2;
//to find the remainder
       binary = binary + ( remainder * product );
//this operation is performed to save the value of the remainder in the unit place of the binary number
        num /= 2;
       product *= 10;
/*the variable produt is multiplied by 10 each time so that the next time the loop runs ,
  the value of the remainder is saved in the correct place value of the binary number*/
    cout<<"Its corresponding binary representation is : "<<binary;</pre>
    return 0;
```

### **EXECUTION** (example)

```
Input the decimal number : 35
Its corresponding binary representation is : 100011
------
Process exited after 2.917 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
Input the decimal number : 35456
Its corresponding binary representation is : 695257216
------
Process exited after 2.476 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

THE END