

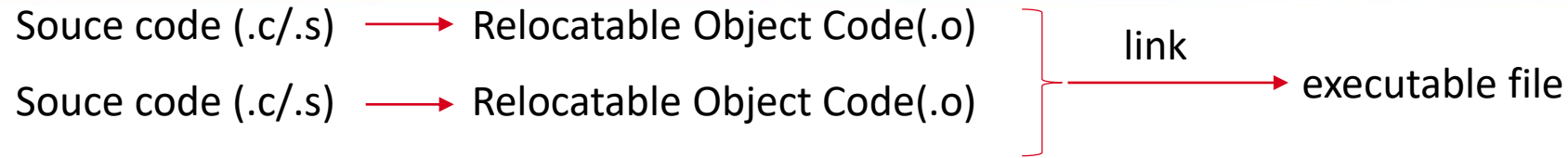
# Tutorial 6.2

## Separate Compilation

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# Separate Compilation



```
first.s
...
main:  .balign 4
      .global main
      stp     x29, x30, [sp, -16]!
      mov     x29, sp

      adrp    x19, a_m
      add     x19, x19, :lo12:a_m

      ldr     w0, [x19]
      bl     myfunc

      ldp     x29, x30, [sp], 16
      ret
```

```
second.s
.data
.global a_m
.word 44

.text
.balign 4
.global myfunc
myfunc: stp     x29, x30, [sp, -16]!
        mov     x29, sp

        sub     w0, w0, 1

        ldp     x29, x30, [sp], 16
        ret
```

## makefile

```
all:
    as first.s -o first.o
    as second.s -o second.o
    gcc first.o second.o -o myexec
```

```
lei.wang2@csa2:~/tutorial6/sep$ ls
first.s  makefile  second.s
lei.wang2@csa2:~/tutorial6/sep$ make
as first.s -o first.o
as second.s -o second.o
gcc first.o second.o -o myexec
lei.wang2@csa2:~/tutorial6/sep$ ls
first.o  first.s  makefile  myexec  second.o  second.s
lei.wang2@csa2:~/tutorial6/sep$
```

# C code call functions written in assembly

## main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int, int); // function prototype

int main()
{
    int i = 5, j = 10, result;

    result = sum(i, j);
    printf("result = %d\n", result);
    return 0;
}
```

## makefile

```
all:
    gcc -c mymain.c
    as sum.s -o sum.o
    gcc mymain.o sum.o -o myprog
```

## sum.s

```
.balign 4
.global sum
sum:  stp x29, x30, [sp, -16]!
      mov x29, sp

      add w0, w0, w1

      ldp x29, x30, [sp], 16
      ret
```

# Separate compilation in assignment 4

## a5aMain.c

```
int main()
{
    /* ... .. code omitted here */
    switch (operation) {
    case 1:
        enqueue(value);
        break;
    case 2:
        value = dequeue();
        if (value != -1)
            printf("\nDequeued value is %d\n", value);
        break;
    case 3:
        display();
        break;
    case 4:
        printf("\nTerminating program\n");
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("\nInvalid option! Try again.\n");
        break;
    }
    /* ... .. code omitted here */
    return 0;
}
```

## a5a.asm

```
/*-----
macros and equates
-----*/
/*-----
external variables(.data/.bss)
(with or without .global)
-----*/
/*-----
format strings
-----*/

//equates for stack variables in enqueue
.balign 4
.global enqueue
/*-----
implementation of enqueue()
*/

//equates for stack variables in dequeue
.balign 4
.global dequeue
/*-----
implementation of dequeue()
*/

//equates for stack variables in display
.balign 4
.global display
/*-----
implementation of display()
*/
```

# makefile

all:

m4 a5a.asm > a5a.s

as a5a.s -o a5a.o

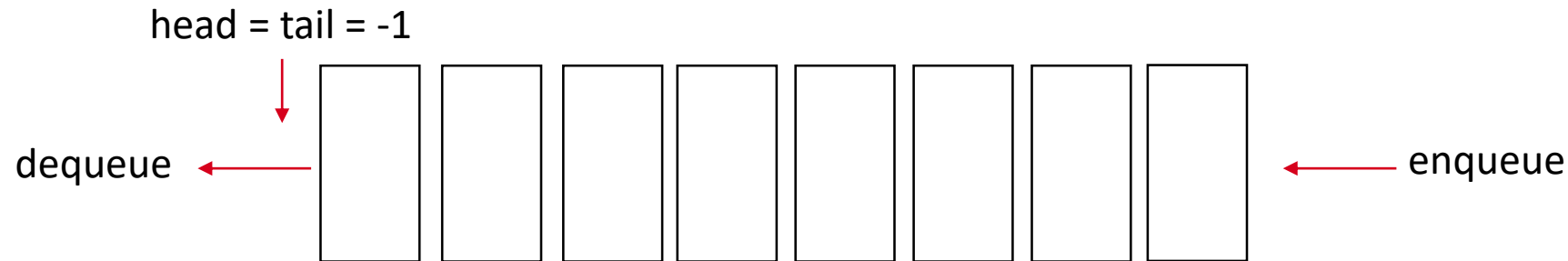
gcc -c a5aMain.c

gcc a5aMain.o a5a.o -o a5a

# Assignment4 — FIFO queue data structure

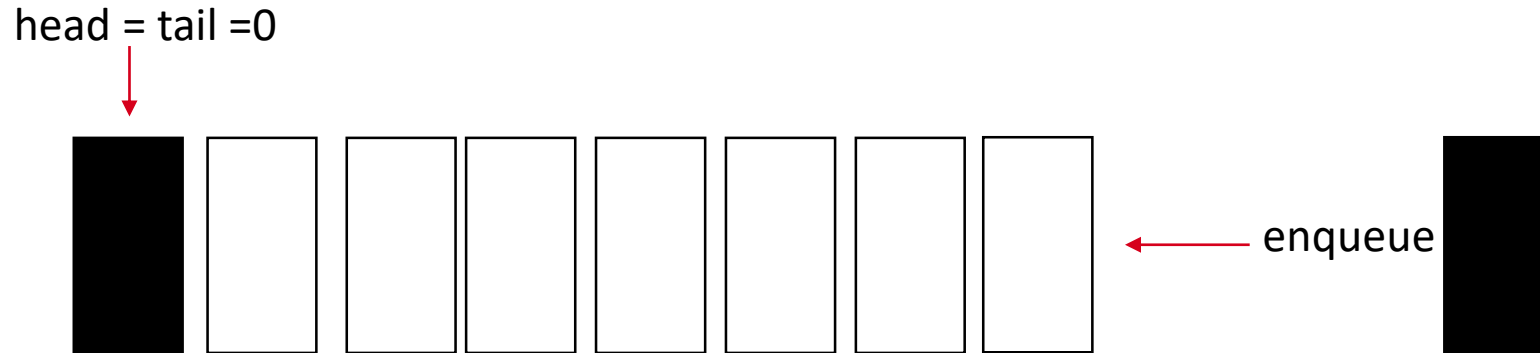
- $QUEUESIZE = 8$
- implemented using array
- *head* and *tail* are the index of the first element and the last element
- when there is only one element in the queue:  $head = tail$

initialization

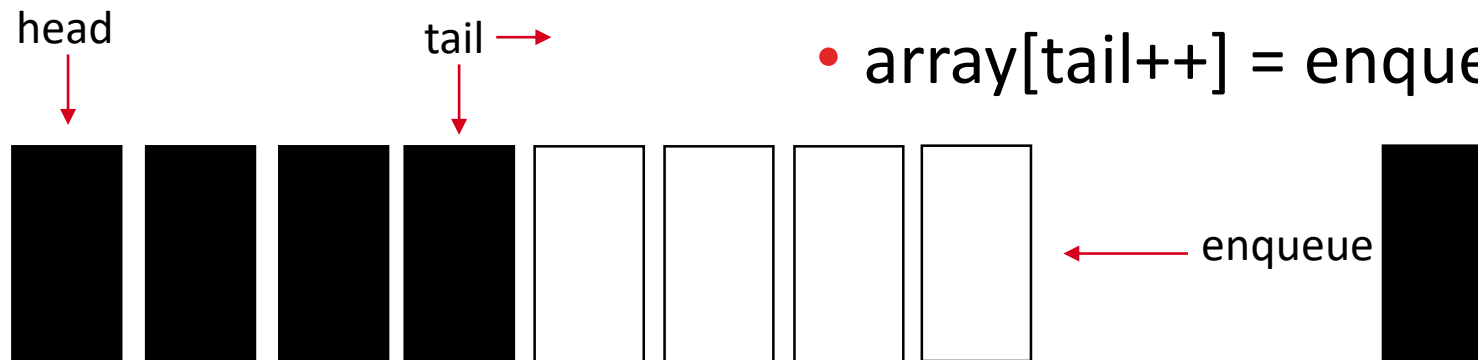


# Enqueue

- when the first element is enqueued, set *head* and *tail* both to 0



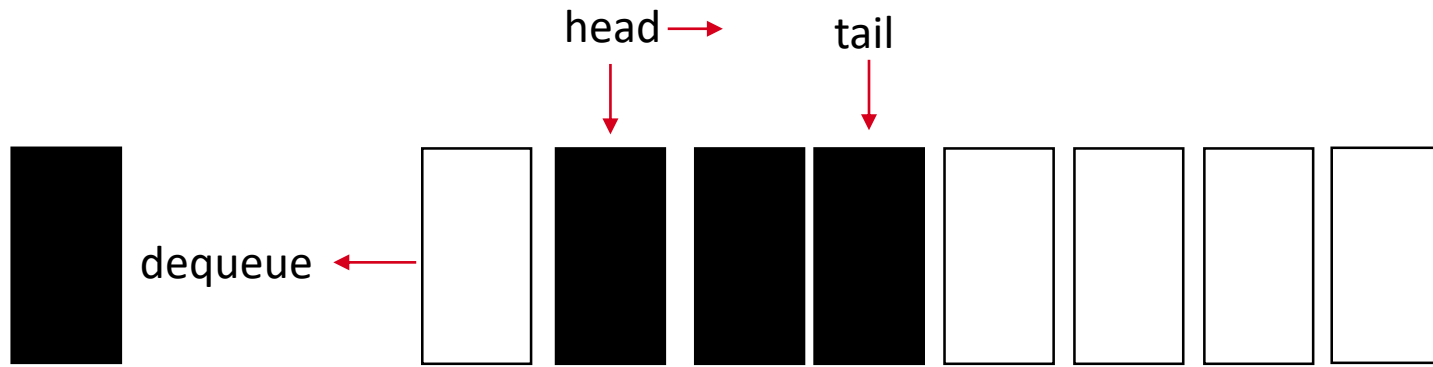
- when an element is enqueued, set *head* unchanged and *tail*++



- `array[tail++] = enqueue_value`

# Deque

- when a element is enqueued, set  $head++$  and  $tail$  unchanged



- `dequeued_value = array[head]`



# Recycling the array

- when incrementing *head* and *tail* and array is not full, set them to  $head++\&0x7$ ,  $tail++\&0x7$



- $\&0x7$  is equal to  $\%8$ , is to get the remainder of the division by 8
- when  $(tail+1)\&0x7 == head$  (in enqueue), the queue is full
- when  $tail == head$  (in dequeue), the queue is empty

# Assignment4: external variables

- queue
  - array of 8 ints
  - size:  $8 \times 4$
  - uninitialized
- head
  - index of the first element
  - size: 4 (word)
  - initialized with -1
- tail
  - index of the last element
  - size: 4 (word)
  - initialized with -1

