

Government of Canada

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- Nutrition and Healthy Eating > Healthy Weights
- > Canadian Guidelines for Body Weight Classification in Adults

Body Mass Index (BMI) Nomogram

This BMI nomogram is not intended for use with:

- those under 18 years of age,
- and <u>pregnant</u> and lactating women.

Visit the <u>Question and Answer</u> (Q & A) section for more information about weight classification and answers to questions about weight and health.

BMI Chart

You can also calculate your BMI using this formula:

BMI = weight(kg)/height(m) 2



<u>Pregnancy Weight</u>

Gain Calculator

Health Risk Classification According to Body Mass Index (BMI)

Classification		Risk of developing health
	(kg/m²)	problems

Underweight	< 18.5	Increased
Normal Weight	18.5 - 24.9	Least
Overweight	25.0 - 29.9	Increased
Obese class I	30.0 - 34.9	High
Obese class II	35.0 - 39.9	Very high
Obese class III	>= 40.0	Extremely high

Note: For persons 65 years and older the 'normal' range may begin slightly above BMI 18.5 and extend into the 'overweight' range.

Source: Health Canada. Canadian Guidelines for Body Weight Classification in Adults. Ottawa: Minister of Public Works and Government Services Canada; 2003.

To clarify risk for each individual, other factors such as lifestyle habits, fitness level, and presence or absence of other health risk conditions also need to be considered.

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