

# Everything as a service

**Everything as a service**<sup>[1]</sup> (*EaaS*,<sup>[2]</sup> *XaaS*,<sup>[3]</sup> *\*aaS*<sup>[4]</sup>) is a [concept](#) of being able to call up re-usable, fine-grained [software](#) components across a network.<sup>[5]</sup> It is a subset of [cloud computing](#). The most common and successful example is [software as a service](#) (*SaaS*<sup>[6]</sup>), but the [term](#) *as a service* has been associated and used with many core components of [cloud computing](#) including [communication](#), [infrastructure](#), [data](#) and [platforms](#).

A number of vendors including [Google](#), [Microsoft](#), [Hewlett Packard](#)<sup>[7][8]</sup> and [Amido](#)<sup>[9]</sup> have been associated with the "everything as a service" trend.<sup>[10]</sup>

## Key characteristics

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Offerings tagged with the *as a service* suffix have a number of common attributes, including:

- **Low [barriers to entry](#)** is a common method of offerings, with services typically being available to or targeting consumers and small businesses.
- **Little or no capital expenditure** as [infrastructure](#) is owned by the provider.
- **Massive scalability** is also common, though this is not an absolute requirement and many of the offerings have yet to achieve [large scale](#).
- **Multitenancy** enables resources (and costs) to be shared among many [users](#).
- **Device independence**<sup>[2]</sup> enables users to access systems regardless of what device they are using (e.g. [PC](#), [mobile](#),...etc.).
- **Location independence**<sup>[2]</sup> allows users remote access to systems.

## Sub-categories

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This kind of services can be divided into more specific types:

- [Software as a Service \(SaaS\)](#)
- [Platform as a Service \(PaaS\)](#)
- [Infrastructure as a Service \(IaaS\)](#)

## Related pages

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- [Cloud computing](#)

## References

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