Virginia Plan

The **Virginia Plan** was a proposal made by <u>Virginia</u> delegates at the <u>Constitutional Convention</u> of 1787. <u>James Madison</u> drafted the plan for a <u>government</u> with 3 <u>subdivisions</u>, or branches that would be equal in power. It also proposed states with large <u>populations</u> have more representatives. States with small populations would have fewer representatives. The plan called for a congress with new powers to <u>tax</u> and make laws. It also proposed a president and a supreme court. Ultimately, this created a strong central government separated into three branches. The resolutions went well beyond making minor changes to the <u>Articles of Confederation</u>. It succeeded in expanding the <u>debate</u> to include basic changes to the <u>structure</u> and powers of the <u>national</u> government. The plan was made by James Madison in 1789 Later on, the Virginia plan was modified and accepted as the <u>United States Constitution</u>.

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