Dale-Chall formula

The **Dale-Chall formula** is one of the ways to predict how difficult text is to read. It is a <u>readability test</u>. [1] The Dale-Chall formula is a one-<u>variable</u> test: it measures the difficulty of the words used. It does not measure the difficulty of the sentence structure (the <u>syntax</u>).

One of the first readability tests, the Dale-Chall formula used a <u>vocabulary</u> list. It counted the number of listed words in a passage, and applied a <u>formula</u> which gave a <u>grade level</u>. It was used to rate <u>textbooks</u> for grade levels in US <u>school districts</u>. In 1995 the authors published an updated word list. [2]

It is easy, in principle, to use a vocabulary list as part of a <u>computer</u>-based readability measure. The list is organised as a <u>look-up table</u>. The percentage of listed words in a passage gives the data for the formula, and the user is presented with a grade level.

Related pages

[change | change source]

- List of readability tests
- Textual difficulty

References

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- 1. <u>↑</u> Klare G.R. 1963. *The measurement of readability*. Iowa State University Press, Ames IA.
- 2. 1 Chall, Jeanne S. and Edgar Dale. 1995. Readability revisited: The new Dale-Chall readability formula. Cambridge, MA: Brookline Books

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