Aim: To learn the basic concepts of core java.

1. Write a java program to display "welcome to java".
Program:
 public class _1_a{
 public static void main(String args[]){
 System.out.println("Welcome to java");
 }
}
Output:
 Welcome to java

2. Write a java program to display your name 10 times.

```
Program:
```

```
public class _1_b {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        for(int i=1;i<=10;i++){
            System.out.println(i+". Jayesh");
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

Output:

- 1. Jayesh
- 2. Jayesh
- 3. Jayesh
- 4. Jayesh
- 5. Jayesh
- 6. Jayesh
- 7. Jayesh
- 8. Jayesh
- 9. Jayesh
- 10. Jayesh
- 3. Write a java program for reading data from keyboard using data input stream.

```
import java.io.DataInputStream;
public class _1_c {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
DataInputStream input = new DataInputStream(System.in);
             int intValue = 0;
             float floatValue = 0.0f;
             try {
                 System.out.print("Enter an integer: ");
                 intValue = Integer.parseInt(input.readLine());
                 System.out.print("Enter a floating-point number: ");
                 floatValue = Float.parseFloat(input.readLine());
             } catch (Exception e) {}
             System.out.println("Integer number is "+intValue);
             System.out.println("Floating point number is
             "+floatValue);
         }
     }
Output:
     Enter an integer: 34
     Enter a floating-point number: 34.34
     Integer number is 34
     Floating point number is 34.34
```

Aim: Write a java program to illustrate the concept of array

1. Write a java program to accept and display single dimensional array.

```
Program:
```

```
public class _2_a {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        int array[];
        array = new int[5];

        System.out.print("Array elements are: ");
        for(int i=0;i<array.length;i++){
            array[i] = i+1;
            System.out.print(array[i]+" ");
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

Output:

Array elements are: 1 2 3 4 5

2. Write a java program to accept and display two-dimensional array.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class _2_b {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        try(Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in)){
            System.out.print("Enter number of rows for array:
            ");
            int row = input.nextInt();
            System.out.print("Enter number of colums for array:
            int col = input.nextInt();
            int arr[][] = new int[row][col];
            System.out.println("\nCreating the
            "+(row)+"x"+(col)+" array.");
            for(int i=0; i<row;i++){</pre>
                for(int j=0; j<col; j++){</pre>
                     System.out.print("Enter element for
                     ["+i+"]["+j+"] index: ");
```

```
arr[i][j] = input.nextInt();
                      }
                  System.out.println("Array elements are: ");
                  for(int i =0;i<row;i++){</pre>
                      for(int j=0; j < col; j++){</pre>
                          System.out.print(arr[i][j]+" ");
                      System.out.println();
                  }
              }
         }
     }
Output:
     Enter number of rows for array: 4
     Enter number of columns for array: 3
     Creating the 4x3 array.
     Enter element for [0][0] index: 1
     Enter element for [0][1] index: 2
     Enter element for [0][2] index: 3
     Enter element for [1][0] index: 4
     Enter element for [1][1] index: 5
     Enter element for [1][2] index: 6
     Enter element for [2][0] index: 7
     Enter element for [2][1] index: 8
     Enter element for [2][2] index: 9
     Enter element for [3][0] index: 0
     Enter element for [3][1] index: 9
     Enter element for [3][2] index: 8
     Array elements are:
     1 2 3
     4 5 6
     7 8 9
     0 9 8
```

3. Write a java program to accept value of a, b, c which are co-efficient of quadratic equation.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class _2_c {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        int a,b,c;
        double root1, root2;

    try(Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in)){
```

```
System.out.println("Enter values for a, b, c: ");
                  a = input.nextInt();
                  b = input.nextInt();
                  c = input.nextInt();
              }
              double dtrmnt = (b * b) - (4 * a * c);
              if(dtrmnt>0){
                  root1 = (-b + Math.sqrt(dtrmnt))/(2*a);
                  root2 = (-b - Math.sqrt(dtrmnt))/(2*a);
                  System.out.format("root1 = %.2f and root2 =
                  %.2f",root1,root2);
              } else if(dtrmnt == 0){
                  root1 = root2 = -b / (2 * a);
                  System.out.format("root1 = root2 = %.2f;", root1);
              } else {
                  double real = -b / (2 * a);
                  double imaginary = Math.sqrt(-dtrmnt) / (2 * a);
                  System.out.format("root1 = %.2f+%.2fi", real,
                  imaginary);
                  System.out.format("\nroot2 = %.2f-%.2fi", real,
                  imaginary);
              }
         }
     }
Output:
     Enter values for a, b, c:
     -2
     -8
     root1 = 4.00 and root2 = -2.00
```

Aim: Illustrate the use of various string methods.

1. Write a java program to demonstrate the use of String methods.

```
public class str {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        System.out.println("----Using the String Class----");
        char ch[]={'J','A','Y','E','S','H','
','V','E','R','M','A'};
        String s1 = "Jayesh Verma";
        String s2 = "Jayesh Verma";
        String s3 = new String("Jayesh R. Verma");
        String s4 = new String(ch);
        System.out.println(s1);
        System.out.println(s2);
        System.out.println(s3);
        System.out.println(s4);
        System.out.println("\n----Formatted String----");
        String name = "Jayesh";
        String sf1 = String.format("Name is %s",name);
        String sf2 = String.format("Value is %f",12039.124);
        String sf3 = String.format("Value is %20.7f",9720.3533);
        System.out.println(sf1);
        System.out.println(sf2);
        System.out.println(sf3);
        String sf4 = String.format("%d",101);
        String sf5 = String.format("%s","Jayesh Verma");
        String sf6 = String.format("%f",101.00);
        String sf7 = String.format("%x",105);
        String sf8 = String.format("%c",'J');
        System.out.println(sf4);
        System.out.println(sf5);
        System.out.println(sf6);
        System.out.println(sf7);
        System.out.println(sf8);
        System.out.println("\n----Integer Formatting----");
```

```
String si1 = String.format("%d",101);
String si2 = String.format("|%10d|",101);
String si3 = String.format("|\%-10d|",101);
String si4 = String.format("|%d|",101);
String si5 = String.format("|%010d|",101);
System.out.println(si1);
System.out.println(si2);
System.out.println(si3);
System.out.println(si4);
System.out.println(si5);
System.out.println("\n---Substring Demo----");
String ss1 = "Jayesh R. Verma";
String substr1 = ss1.substring(+2);
System.out.println("Fetching the substring starting with
index 2: "+substr1);
String substr2 = ss1.substring(3, 13);
System.out.println("Fetching the substring starting with
index 3 and ending to index 13: "+substr2);
System.out.println("The length of string:
"+ss1.length());
System.out.println("String contains(. V)?:
"+ss1.contains(". V"));
System.out.println("Character at index 7:
"+ss1.charAt(7));
String se1 = "Jayesh";
String se2 = "jayesh";
String se3 = "Jayesh";
System.out.println("\nString 1: "+se1);
System.out.println("String 2: "+se2);
System.out.println("String 3: "+se3);
System.out.println("\n---Case Sensetive----");
System.out.println("String1 is equal to string2?:
"+se1.equals(se2));
System.out.println("String1 is equal to string3?:
"+se1.equals(se3));
System.out.println("\n----Case Insensetive----");
System.out.println("String1 is equal to string2 ?:
"+se1.equalsIgnoreCase(se2));
System.out.println("String1 is equal to string3 ?:
```

```
"+se1.equalsIgnoreCase(se3));
              System.out.println("\n----Concat----");
              String fn = "Jayesh";
              String ln = " Verma";
              System.out.println(fn.concat(ln));
              System.out.println("\n----Replace----");
              System.out.println("Replacin 'Jay' with 'Jiv':
             "+fn.replace("Jay", "Jiv"));
              System.out.println("Index of V in last name is
              "+ln.indexOf("V"));
              System.out.println("Surname is lower
              case"+ln.toLowerCase());
              System.out.println("Surname is upper
              case"+ln.toUpperCase());
              String strg = "
                                 It's 1:28pm now, Are you
              tired??
              System.out.println("Before trim: "+strg);
              System.out.println("After trim: "+strg.trim());
         }
     }
Output:
      ----Using the String Class----
     Jayesh Verma
     Jayesh Verma
     Jayesh R. Verma
     JAYESH VERMA
     ----Formatted String----
     Name is Jayesh
     Value is 12039.124000
     Value is
                       9720.3533000
     101
     Jayesh Verma
     101.000000
     69
     J
     ----Integer Formatting----
     101
              101 l
     101
      |101|
     |000000101|
```

```
13: esh R. Ver
     The length of string: 15
     String contains(. V)?: true
     Character at index 7: R
     String 1: Jayesh
     String 2: jayesh
     String 3: Jayesh
     ----Case Sensetive----
     String1 is equal to string2?: false
     String1 is equal to string3?: true
     ----Case Insensetive----
     String1 is equal to string2 ?: true
     String1 is equal to string3 ?: true
     ----Concat----
     Jayesh Verma
     ----Replace----
     Replacin 'Jay' with 'Jiv': Jivesh
     Index of V in last name is 1
     Surname is lower case verma
     Surname is upper case VERMA
     Before trim: It's 1:28pm now, Are you tired??
     After trim: It's 1:28pm now, Are you tired??
2. Write a java program to accept n strigns and sort names in ascending order.
Program:
     import java.util.Scanner;
     public class sortNames {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             try (Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in)) {
                  int n;
                  String temp;
                  System.out.print("Enter number of names you want to
                  enter: ");
                  n = input.nextInt();
                  input.nextLine();
```

String[] names = new String[n];

Fetching the substring starting with index 2: yesh R. Verma Fetching the substring starting with index 3 and ending to index

----Substring Demo----

```
System.out.println("Enter " + n + " names: ");
                  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                      names[i] = input.nextLine();
                  }
                  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                      for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
                          if (names[i].compareTo(names[j]) >= 0) {
                              temp = names[i];
                              names[i] = names[j];
                              names[j] = temp;
                          }
                      }
                  }
                  System.out.println("\nNames in sorted order: ");
                  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                      System.out.println((i+1)+". "+names[i]);
                  }
             }
         }
     }
Output:
     Enter number of names you want to enter: 4
     Enter 4 names:
     Jayesh
     Jay
     Yash
     Rohan
     Names in sorted order:
     1. Jay
     2. Jayesh
     3. Rohan
     4. Yash
```

Aim: To learn the basic concepts of core java.

1. Write a java program to create a package MyPack with the class Balance to check the account balance of user. If it is less than 0 then show message.

```
Program:
```

package MyPack;

class Balance{

String name;

```
double bal;
         Balance(String n, double b){
             name = n;
             bal = b;
         }
         void show(){
             if (bal < 0 )
                  System.out.println("-->");
             System.out.println(name+" :Rs"+bal);
         }
     }
     public class AccountBalance{
         public static void main(String[] args){
             Balance[] cur = new Balance[3];
             cur[0] = new Balance("Jayesh", 123.123);
             cur[1] = new Balance("Yash", 6234.6234);
             cur[2] = new Balance("Jay", -2856.25);
             for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
                  cur[i].show();
         }
     }
Output:
     PS F:\CS\SEM 3\P2 - Core JAVA\programs\java practicals\4th prac>
     javac -d . AccountBalance.java
     PS F:\CS\SEM 3\P2 - Core JAVA\programs\java practicals\4th prac>
     java MyPack.AccountBalance
     Jayesh :Rs123.123
     Yash :Rs6234.6234
     Jay :Rs-2856.25
```

Explanation:

1. javac -d . Program_name.java
-d <directory> Specify where to place generated class
files
The above command states that put Program_name.class in the
current
directory. Hence package MyPack will be automatically created
with 2 class
files AccountBalance.class and Balance.class. MyPack will be
placed in
jdk1.6\bin directory.

2. Write a java program to create a package and display a message.

Program:

```
package SecondPack;
class pack{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        System.out.println("This is an second package!!!");
    }
}
```

Output:

PS F:\CS\SEM 3\P2 - Core JAVA\programs\java practicals\4th prac> javac -d . pack.java PS F:\CS\SEM 3\P2 - Core JAVA\programs\java practicals\4th prac> java SecondPack.pack

This is an second package!!!

