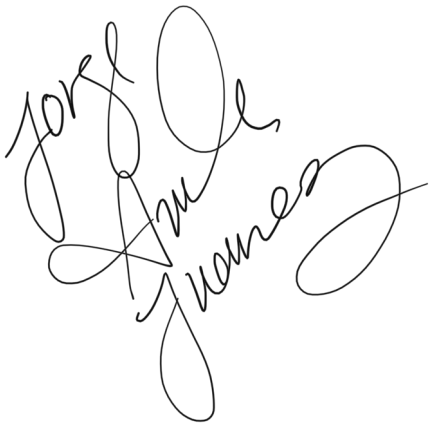
Jorge Avila

Dr. Bill Carroll

Advanced Digital Logic

06 February 2021

Knight Rider Flash Report



Top Module:

```
module KnightRiderFlasher(

	// I will need CLOCK_50 -> PIN_AF14
	// On/Off Toggle Module
	// Clock Divider
	// Up/Down Counter
	// Module Instantiation
	// Pin Assignment -> The 0:9 LEDR on the DE1-Soc board

	input OnOff, //key1
	input Clock50, //clock_50
	output [9:0] LEDRArray); //the 10 LEDR on the board

	wire clock_toggle;
	wire clock_final;
	reg direction = 0; //direction where it will start
	wire [3:0] ledNumber;

	ToggleLatch toggy (OnOff,Clock50,clock_toggle);

	divideX d(clock_toggle,clock_final);

	UpDownCounter udc(clock_final,direction,OnOff,ledNumber);

	always @ (ledNumber)
		begin
			if(ledNumber == 15)
			  direction = 0;
			if(ledNumber == 10)
				direction = 1;
		end

	decoder2N d2n(ledNumber,clock_toggle,LEDRArray);

endmodule
```

On-Off Toggle Module:

```
//OnOff Toggle Latch. Assumes an normally-on push button switch for
OnOff.
module ToggleLatch (
      input OnOff, IN,
      output OUT);

      reg state, nextstate;
      parameter ON= 1, OFF= 0;

            always @ (negedge OnOff)
                  state <= nextstate;
            always @ (state)
                        case(state)
                              OFF: nextstate = ON;
                              ON: nextstate = OFF;
                              //CLR turns the switch off.
                              //Pushing OnOff turns the switch on.
//Pushing OnOff turns the switch off.
                              endcase
      assign OUT = state&IN; //Out = In when switch in on. Otherwise,
Out = 0.

endmodule
```

Clock-Divider Module:

```
module divideX (
      input CLK,
      output reg OUT);

      //parameter N = 5000000;
```

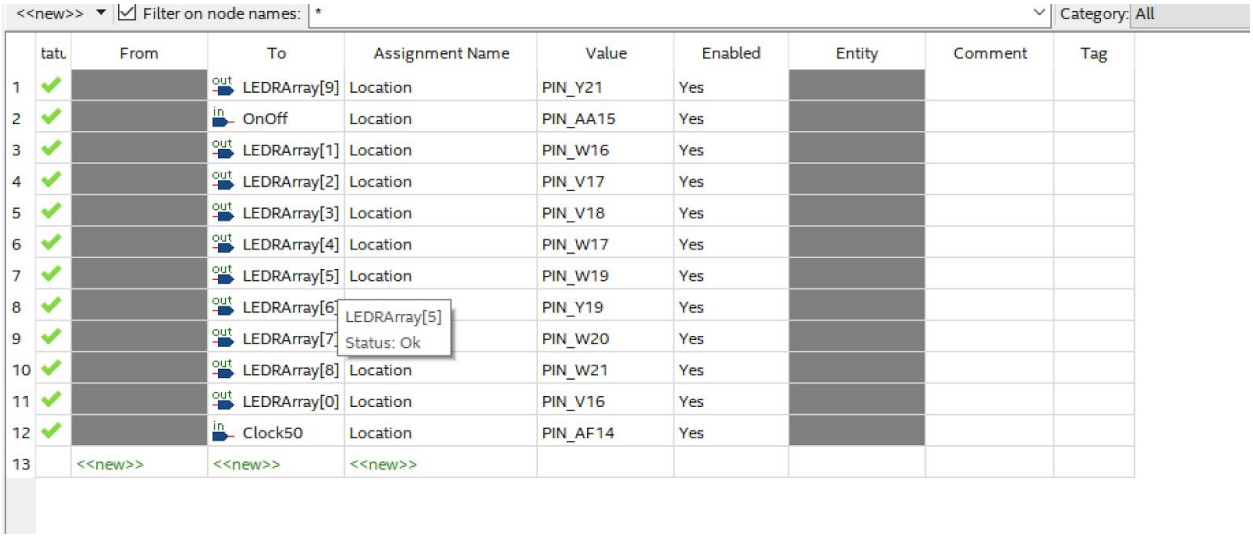
```
      //parameter N = 2500000;
      parameter N = 10000000;
      reg [31:0] count;

      always @ (negedge CLK)
      begin
            count = count + 1;
            if(count >= (N-1))
                  count = 0;
            if(count < (N/2))
                  OUT = 1;
            else
                  OUT=0;
      end
endmodule
```

In this piece of code I just uncommented and re commented the different rates I wanted the LEDR to light up.

Demonstration:

The demonstration is this LINK here. It shows the different rates that were required in the lab report.

Pin Assignments:



<<new>> Filter on node names: * Category: All

	tatu	From	To	Assignment Name	Value	Enabled	Entity	Comment	Tag
1	✔		out LEDRArray[9]	Location	PIN_Y21	Yes			
2	✔		in OnOff	Location	PIN_AA15	Yes			
3	✔		out LEDRArray[1]	Location	PIN_W16	Yes			
4	✔		out LEDRArray[2]	Location	PIN_V17	Yes			
5	✔		out LEDRArray[3]	Location	PIN_V18	Yes			
6	✔		out LEDRArray[4]	Location	PIN_W17	Yes			
7	✔		out LEDRArray[5]	Location	PIN_W19	Yes			
8	✔		out LEDRArray[6]		PIN_Y19	Yes			
9	✔		out LEDRArray[7]		PIN_W20	Yes			
10	✔		out LEDRArray[8]	Location	PIN_W21	Yes			
11	✔		out LEDRArray[0]	Location	PIN_V16	Yes			
12	✔		in Clock50	Location	PIN_AF14	Yes			
13		<<new>>	<<new>>	<<new>>					

LEDRArray[5]
Status: Ok

Full Code Below:

```
//Jorge Avila
//mavID: 1001543128
//Assignment #2

//This acts as the main code where everything will be called
module KnightRiderFlasher(

    // I will need CLOCK_50 -> PIN_AF14
    // On/Off Toggle Module
    // Clock Divider
    // Up/Down Counter
    // Module Instantiation
    // Pin Assignment -> The 0:9 LEDR on the DE1-Soc board

    input OnOff, //key1
    input Clock50, //clock_50
    output [9:0] LEDRArray); //the 10 LEDR

    wire clock_toggle;
    wire clock_final;
    reg direction = 0; //direction where it will start
```

```
      wire [3:0] ledNumber;

      ToggleLatch toggy (OnOff,Clock50,clock_toggle);

      divideX d(clock_toggle,clock_final);

      UpDownCounter udc(clock_final,direction,OnOff,ledNumber);

      decoder2N d2n(ledNumber,clock_toggle,LEDRArray);

endmodule


//OnOff Toggle Latch. Assumes an normally-on push button switch for
OnOff.
module ToggleLatch (
      input OnOff, IN,
      output OUT);

      reg state, nextstate;
      parameter ON= 1, OFF= 0;

            always @ (negedge OnOff)
                  state <= nextstate;
            always @ (state)
                        case(state)
                              OFF: nextstate = ON;
                              ON: nextstate = OFF;
                              //CLR turns the switch off.
                              //Pushing OnOff turns the switch on.
//Pushing OnOff turns the switch off.
                              endcase
      assign OUT = state&IN; //Out = In when switch in on. Otherwise,
Out = 0.

endmodule

module divideX (
```

```
      input CLK,
      output reg OUT);

      //parameter N = 5000000;
      //parameter N = 2500000;
      parameter N = 10000000;
      reg [31:0] count;

      always @ (negedge CLK)
      begin
            count = count + 1;
            if(count >= (N-1))
                  count = 0;
            if(count < (N/2))
                  OUT = 1;
            else
                  OUT=0;
      end
endmodule

module UpDownCounter(

      input CLK, UP, clr,
      output reg [N-1:0] COUNT);
      parameter N = 4;
            always @ (posedge CLK, negedge clr)
                        if(clr == 0)
                              COUNT <= 0; //clear this b
                        else
                              if (UP == 0)
                                    COUNT <= COUNT + 1;
                              else
                                    COUNT <= COUNT - 1;

endmodule

//N to 2**N decoder - Bill Carroll's
module decoder2N #(parameter N = 4)
```

```
      (input[N-1:0] in,
      input enable,output[2**N-1:0] out);
      assign out = (enable) ? (1 << in) : 0;
endmodule
```