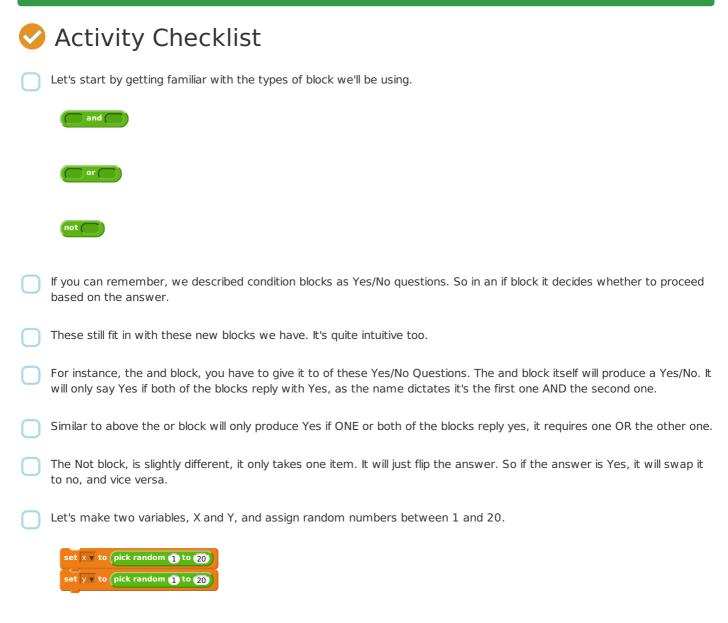
Extra Boolean Operators

Introduction

We've used a lot of conditions in previous exercises, those are the things inside of if blocks. We're going to look at how we can group these together, using some more operators on Scratch!

Step 1: The blocks



```
when clicked

if x > 10 and y > 10 then

Move Forward y
```

Great - Now we'll try out the different blocks that we've seen.

Now this functionality isn't anything particularly useful, but it's showing you how the block works. Try it with the or block,

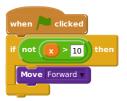
too.

```
when clicked

if x > 10 or y > 10 then

Move Forward y
```

One last thing we'll try the not block.



Test your project

Activity Checklist

- We've made some structures with these new blocks.
- At the moment the behaviour will be unpredictable, it relies on random numbers!
- At this stage it will be useful to use non-random x and y values and predict whether the Turtlebot will move forward or not
- Don't be afraid to move things around!

Step 2: Make it more useful

Activity Checklist

- I hope you're more confident with these new blocks by now, we're going to put them into practice.
- We'll use our laser data sensor. We will want information about the furthest left and furthest right laser.
- If you've been paying attention you should be able to guess that will be Laser Data at position 0, and at position (Length -
- It's not 1 and Length because the array starts at 0! So we minus one from both of these.

Laser data at position 0

Laser data at position (Laser Array Length

	We want to move backwards if both the Left laser and the Right laser have a value greater than the middle laser!
	First we'll make blocks for these two, using the > block.
	Laser data at position
	Laser data at position Laser Array Length > Front Laser Distance
	Do we want an and, or an or?
	An and, right? We want both of these things to be true.
	Laser data at position (Laser Array Length) > Front Laser Distance and (Laser data at position () > Front Laser Distance)
	As before let's put this into an if block! And if it's true, move backwards.
	when Clicked
	if (Laser data at position (Laser Array Length) > Front Laser Distance) and (Laser data at position () > Front Laser Distance) then Move backward •
	Excellent, Test it out! It won't ever rotate, and if it's going to move, it should only do it once.
	You probably guessed, we want to put this in a forever loop so it keeps going!
	when clicked forever
	if (Laser data at position (Laser Array Length) > Front Laser Distance) and (Laser data at position ()) > Front Laser Distance) then Move backward v
	Again, at some point it will stop because once the front laser distance is not lower than the other two, it has nothing to perform.
	Make it so that, after the above, if the front laser distance is lower than the left, or lower than the right, it rotates left.

```
when clicked

forever

if Laser data at position Laser Array Length > Front Laser Distance and Laser data at position > Front Laser Distance then

Move backward v

if Front Laser Distance > Laser data at position Laser Array Length or Front Laser Distance < Laser data at position then

Move backward v
```

That's a lot of blocks! Make sure to play around with it and test things out before moving on.

Step 3: One last block, not!

Activity Checklist

- The only thing we're missing now is the not block.
- We'll have a new if, below the current two, that says if the front laster distance is not below 5 we'll move forwards.
- Let's start by creating the condition.

```
not Front Laser Distance < 5
```

- The not block can make it confusing, but read them seperately.
- The bit inside of the not block will return Yes if the distance is lower than 5.
- The not swaps this to a no!
- Now let's add the if block.

```
forever

if Laser data at position Laser Array Length > Front Laser Distance and Laser data at position (i) > Front Laser Distance then

Move backward v

if Front Laser Distance > Laser data at position Laser Array Length or Front Laser Distance < Laser data at position (if not Front Laser Distance < 5) then

Move Forward v
```

Set yourself some of your own tasks, what conditions can you combine to produce something interesting?



Save your project