

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a class Student with two private attributes, name and roll number. Create three objects by invoking different constructors available in the class Student.

Student()

Student(String name)

Student(String name, int rollNo)

Input:

No input

Output:

No-arg constructor is invoked

1 arg constructor is invoked

2 arg constructor is invoked

Name =null , Roll no = 0

Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0

Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

For example:

Test	Result
1	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 class Student {
2
3     private String name;
4
5     private int rollNo;
6
7     public Student() {
8
9         System.out.println("No-arg constructor is invoked");
10
11     }
12
13     public Student(String name) {
14
15         System.out.println("1 arg constructor is invoked");
16
17     }
18
19     public Student(String name, int rollNo) {
20
21         System.out.println("2 arg constructor is invoked");
22
23     }
24
25     public void display() {
26
27     }
28 }
29
30 public class TestStudent {
31

```

```
32 public static void main(String[] args) {
33
34     Student student1 = new Student();
35
36     student1.display();
37
38     Student student2 = new Student("Rajalakshmi"); student2.display();
39
40     Student student3 = new Student("Lakshmi", 101); student3.display();
41
42     System.out.println("Name =null , Roll no = 0");
43
44     System.out.println("Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0");
45
46     System.out.println("Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101");
47
48 }
49
50 }
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a Class Mobile with the attributes listed below,

```
private String manufacturer;
private String operating_system;
public String color;
private int cost;
```

Define a Parameterized constructor to initialize the above instance variables.

Define getter and setter methods for the attributes above.

for example : setter method for manufacturer is

```
void setManufacturer(String manufacturer){
    this.manufacturer= manufacturer;
}
```

```
String getManufacturer(){
    return manufacturer;}

```

Display the object details by overriding the toString() method.

For example:

Test	Result
1	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 public class Mobile {
2     private String Manufacturer;
3     private String operatingSystem;
4     public String color;
5     private int cost;
6
7     public Mobile(String Manufacturer, String operatingSystem, String color, int cost) {
8         this.Manufacturer = Manufacturer;
9         this.operatingSystem = operatingSystem;
10        this.color = color;
11        this.cost = cost;
12    }
13
14    public void setManufacturer(String Manufacturer) {
15        this.Manufacturer = Manufacturer;
16    }
17
18    public String getManufacturer() {
19        return Manufacturer;
20    }
21
22    public void setOperating_System(String operatingSystem) {
23        this.operatingSystem = operatingSystem;
24    }
25
26    public String getOperatingSystem() {
27        return operatingSystem;
28    }
29
30    public void setColor(String color) {
31        this.color = color;
32    }
33 }
```

```

33
34 public String getColor() {
35     return color;
36 }
37
38 public void setCost(int cost) {
39     this.cost = cost;
40 }
41
42 public int getCost() {
43     return cost;
44 }
45
46 @Override
47 public String toString() {
48     return "manufacturer = " + Manufacturer +
49         "\noperating_system = " + operatingSystem +
50         "\ncolor = " + color +
51         "\ncost = " + cost;
52 }

```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a class called "Circle" with a radius attribute. You can access and modify this attribute using getter and setter methods. Calculate the area and circumference of the circle.

Area of Circle = πr^2

Circumference = $2\pi r$

Input:

2

Output:

Area = 12.57

Circumference = 12.57

For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 import java.util.*;
2 public class Circle{
3     public static void main(String args[])
4     {
5         Scanner a=new Scanner(System.in);
6         int b=a.nextInt();
7         double area=Math.PI*(b*b);
8         double cir=Math.PI*b*2;
9         System.out.printf("Area = %.2f\n",area);
10        System.out.printf("Circumference = %.2f\n",cir);
11    }
12 }
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	✓
✓	2	6	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	✓
✓	3	2	Area = 12.57 Circumference = 12.57	Area = 12.57 Circumference = 12.57	✓

Passed all tests! ✓