```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge, RidgeCV, Lasso
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

In [5]: ▶ #data

data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\jyothi reddy\Downloads\Advertising.csv")
data

Out[5]:

	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
0	230.1	37.8	69.2	22.1
1	44.5	39.3	45.1	10.4
2	17.2	45.9	69.3	12.0
3	151.5	41.3	58.5	16.5
4	180.8	10.8	58.4	17.9
195	38.2	3.7	13.8	7.6
196	94.2	4.9	8.1	14.0
197	177.0	9.3	6.4	14.8
198	283.6	42.0	66.2	25.5
199	232.1	8.6	8.7	18.4

200 rows × 4 columns

Out[6]:

	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
0	230.1	37.8	69.2	22.1
1	44.5	39.3	45.1	10.4
2	17.2	45.9	69.3	12.0
3	151.5	41.3	58.5	16.5
4	180.8	10.8	58.4	17.9

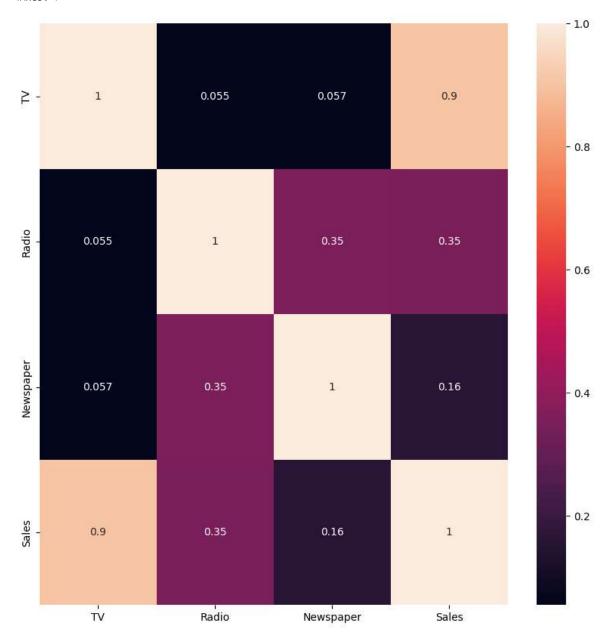
In [7]: ► data.tail()

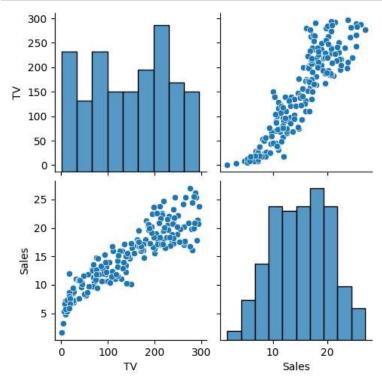
Out[7]:

	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
195	38.2	3.7	13.8	7.6
196	94.2	4.9	8.1	14.0
197	177.0	9.3	6.4	14.8
198	283.6	42.0	66.2	25.5
199	232 1	8.6	8.7	18 4

```
In [8]:  Plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
sns.heatmap(data.corr(), annot = True)
```

Out[8]: <Axes: >





The dimension of X_{train} is (140, 2) The dimension of X_{train} is (60, 2)

Linear Regression Model:

```
The train score for lr model is 1.0 The test score for lr model is 1.0
```

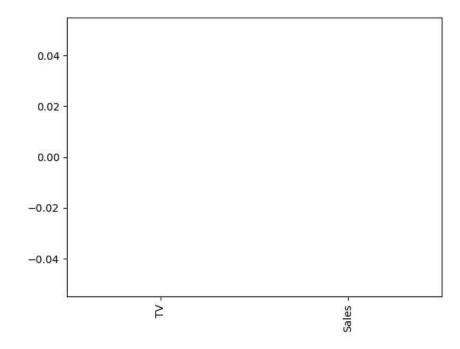
```
In [12]:
           ▶ #Ridge Regression Model
              ridgeReg = Ridge(alpha=10)
              ridgeReg.fit(X_train,y_train)
              #train and test scorefor ridge regression
              train_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(X_train, y_train)
              test_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(X_test, y_test)
              print("\nRidge Model:\n")
              print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(train_score_ridge))
              print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test_score_ridge))
              Ridge Model:
              The train score for ridge model is 0.990287139194161
              The test score for ridge model is 0.9844266285141221
In [13]: ▶ | plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
              plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='<mark>none</mark>',marker='*',markersize=5,color='<mark>red</mark>',label=r'<mark>Ridg</mark>
              plt.plot(features,lr.coef_,alpha=0.4,linestyle='none',marker='o',markersize=7,color='green',label='Linear Re
              plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
              plt.legend()
              plt.show()
                           Ridge; \alpha = 10
                           Linear Regression
               0.4
               0.3
               0.2
               0.1
               0.0 -
```

Lasso Model:

The train score for 1s model is 0.0 The test score for 1s model is -0.0042092253233847465

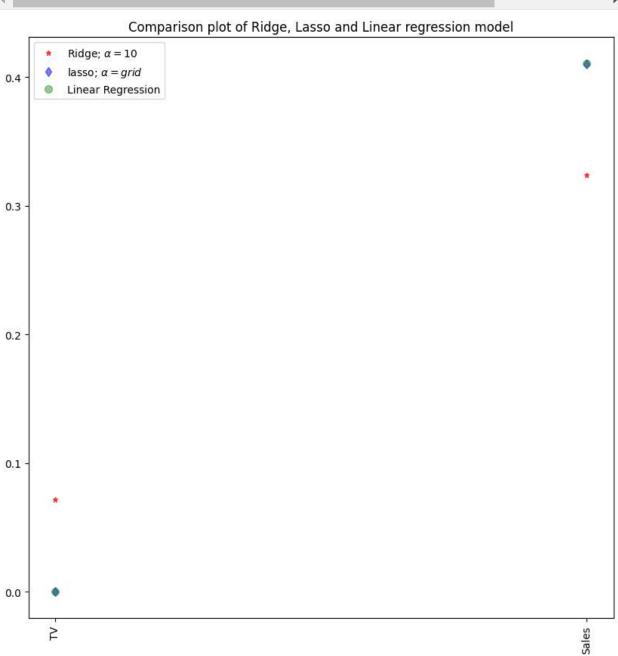
```
In [15]:  pd.Series(lasso.coef_, features).sort_values(ascending = True).plot(kind = "bar")
```

Out[15]: <Axes: >



0.9999999343798134
0.9999999152638072

```
In [17]: ## #plot size
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
#add plot for ridge regression
plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=5,color='red',label=r'Ridge
#add plot for Lasso regression
plt.plot(lasso_cv.coef_,alpha=0.5,linestyle='none',marker='d',markersize=6,color='blue',label=r'lasso; $\alpha \text{add plot for Linear modeL}}
plt.plot(features,lr.coef_,alpha=0.4,linestyle='none',marker='o',markersize=7,color='green',label='Linear Regression to the state axis
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
plt.legend()
plt.title("Comparison plot of Ridge, Lasso and Linear regression model")
plt.show()
```



```
In [18]: #Using the Linear CV model
from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeCV
#Ridge Cross validation
ridge_cv = RidgeCV(alphas = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.1, 1, 10]).fit(X_train, y_train)
#score
print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(ridge_cv.score(X_train, y_train)))
print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(ridge_cv.score(X_test, y_test)))
The train score for ridge model is 0.99999999997627
The train score for ridge model is 0.999999999962467
```

Elastic Net Regression

In [19]: ▶ from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet

Mean Squared Error on test set 0.5538818050142158

print("Mean Squared Error on test set", mean_squared_error)

Vehicle Selection

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge, RidgeCV, Lasso
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

Out[23]:

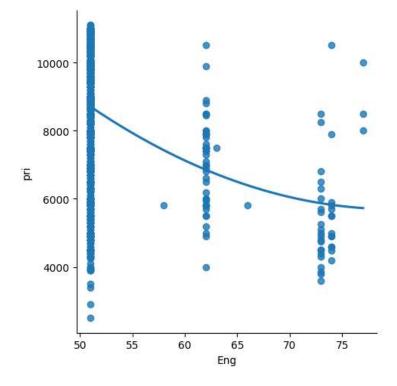
	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon	price
0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.611560	8900
1	2	pop	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.241890	8800
2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.417840	4200
3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.634609	6000
4	5	рор	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.495650	5700
1533	1534	sport	51	3712	115280	1	45.069679	7.704920	5200
1534	1535	lounge	74	3835	112000	1	45.845692	8.666870	4600
1535	1536	рор	51	2223	60457	1	45.481541	9.413480	7500
1536	1537	lounge	51	2557	80750	1	45.000702	7.682270	5990
1537	1538	pop	51	1766	54276	1	40.323410	17.568270	7900

1538 rows × 9 columns

```
In [24]:
         M data = data[['engine_power', 'price']]
            data.columns=['Eng', 'pri']
Out[25]:
               Eng
                     pri
                   8900
             0
                51
                51
                   8800
                74 4200
                51 6000
                73 5700
In [26]:

▶ data.tail()
   Out[26]:
                 Eng
                       pri
             1533
                     5200
             1534
                   74 4600
             1535
                   51 7500
             1536
                   51 5990
             1537
                   51 7900
```

Out[27]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1b618feb210>



```
In [28]:

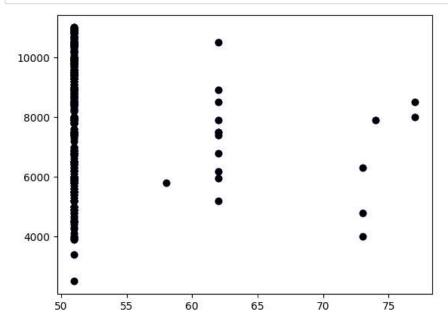
    data.info()

             <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
             RangeIndex: 1538 entries, 0 to 1537
             Data columns (total 2 columns):
                  Column Non-Null Count Dtype
              0
                  Eng
                          1538 non-null
                                           int64
              1
                  pri
                          1538 non-null
                                           int64
             dtypes: int64(2)
             memory usage: 24.2 KB
Out[29]:
                          Eng
                                       pri
              count 1538.000000
                                1538.000000
              mean
                      51.904421
                                8576.003901
                                1939.958641
                std
                      3.988023
               min
                      51.000000
                                2500.000000
               25%
                      51.000000
                               7122.500000
               50%
                      51.000000
                               9000.000000
               75%
                      51.000000
                               10000.000000
                      77.000000 11100.000000
               max
          data.fillna(method='ffill')
In [30]:
   Out[30]:
                   Eng
                         pri
                    51
                        8900
                    51
                       8800
                       4200
                    51 6000
                 3
                 4
                    73
                       5700
                ...
              1533
                    51 5200
              1534
                    74 4600
              1535
                    51 7500
              1536
                    51 5990
              1537
                    51 7900
             1538 rows × 2 columns
In [31]:
          x=np.array(data['Eng']).reshape(-1,1)
             y=np.array(data['pri']).reshape(-1,1)
In [32]: | data.dropna(inplace=True)
             C:\Users\jyothi reddy\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_5528\1368182302.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
             A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
             See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html
             #returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#retu
```

rning-a-view-versus-a-copy)
data.dropna(inplace=True)

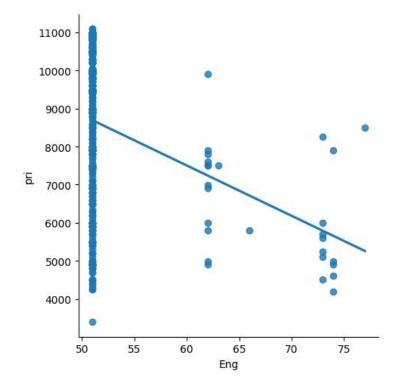
```
In [33]: N
X_train,X_test,y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.25)
# Splitting the data into training data and test data
regr= LinearRegression()
regr.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(regr.score(X_test, y_test))
```

-0.016741612096668357

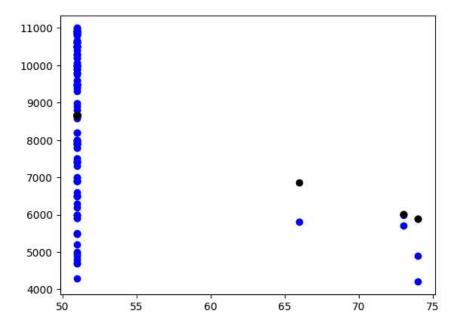


```
In [35]:  M df500 = data[:][:500]
# Selecting the 1st 500 rows of teh data
sns.lmplot(x = "Eng", y = "pri", data = df500, order = 1, ci = None)
```

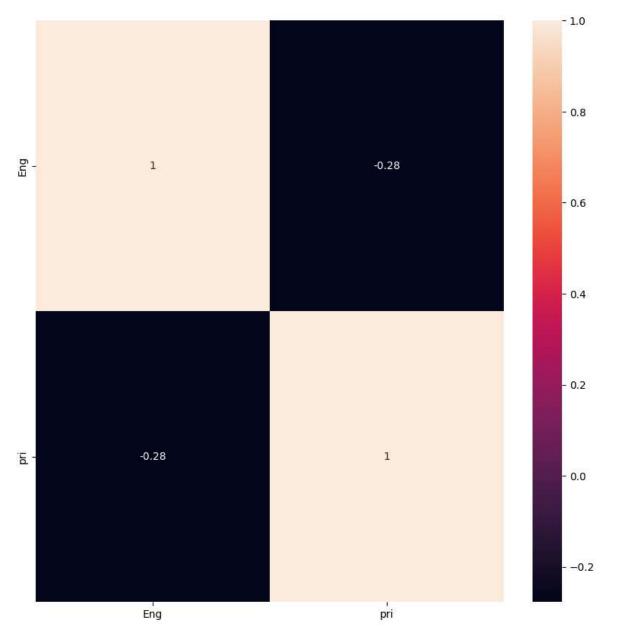
Out[35]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1b6194e5310>



Regression: 0.10448726124609498



Out[37]: <Axes: >



Linear Regression Model:

The train score for lr model is 0.05626825330673724 The test score for lr model is 0.10448726124609498

Ridge Model:

The train score for ridge model is 0.05626809512387643 The test score for ridge model is 0.10441122874197295

In [40]: #Lasso regression model print("\nLasso Model: \n") lasso = Lasso(alpha = 10) lasso.fit(X_train,y_train) train_score_ls =lasso.score(X_train,y_train) test_score_ls =lasso.score(X_test,y_test) print("The train score for ls model is {}".format(train_score_ls)) print("The test score for ls model is {}".format(test_score_ls))

Lasso Model:

The train score for ls model is 0.056266711934339186 The test score for ls model is 0.10424876847964815

0.056268253306737015

0.1044872588781085

C:\Users\jyothi reddy\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model_coord inate_descent.py:1568: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Pl ease change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

