Linear Regression- Salinity and temperature

```
In [22]: #step 1-importing all the requried libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import preprocessing, svm
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

C:\Users\jyothi reddy\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_13408\715749884.py:2: DtypeWarning: Co
lumns (47,73) have mixed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low_memory=False.
 df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\jyothi reddy\Downloads\bottle.csv.zip")

Out[2]:

	Cst_Cnt	Btl_Cnt	Sta_ID	Depth_ID	Depth	T_degC	SaInty	O2mI_L	STheta	O2Sat	 R_PHAEO
0	1	1	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0000A-3	0	10.500	33.4400	NaN	25.64900	NaN	 NaN
1	1	2	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0008A-3	8	10.460	33.4400	NaN	25.65600	NaN	 NaN
2	1	3	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0010A-7	10	10.460	33.4370	NaN	25.65400	NaN	 NaN
3	1	4	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0019A-3	19	10.450	33.4200	NaN	25.64300	NaN	 NaN
4	1	5	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0020A-7	20	10.450	33.4210	NaN	25.64300	NaN	 NaN
864858	34404	864859	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0000A-7	0	18.744	33.4083	5.805	23.87055	108.74	 0.18
864859	34404	864860	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0002A-3	2	18.744	33.4083	5.805	23.87072	108.74	 0.18
864860	34404	864861	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0005A-3	5	18.692	33.4150	5.796	23.88911	108.46	 0.18
864861	34404	864862	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0010A-3	10	18.161	33.4062	5.816	24.01426	107.74	 0.31
864862	34404	864863	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0015A-3	15	17.533	33.3880	5.774	24.15297	105.66	 0.61

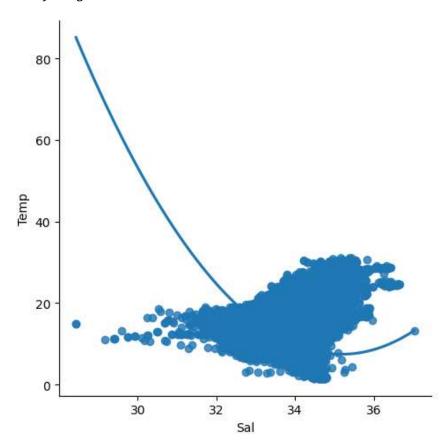
864863 rows × 74 columns

4 33.421 10.45

```
In [6]: #Step-3: Exploring the Data Scatter - plotting the data scatter
sns.lmplot(x="Sal",y="Temp", data = df, order = 2, ci = None)
df.describe()
df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 864863 entries, 0 to 864862
Data columns (total 2 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dtype
-----0 Sal 817509 non-null float64
1 Temp 853900 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(2)
memory usage: 13.2 MB



In [7]: ▶ df.describe()

Out[7]:

	Sal	Temp
count	817509.000000	853900.000000
mean	33.840350	10.799677
std	0.461843	4.243825
min	28.431000	1.440000
25%	33.488000	7.680000
50%	33.863000	10.060000
75%	34.196900	13.880000
max	37.034000	31.140000

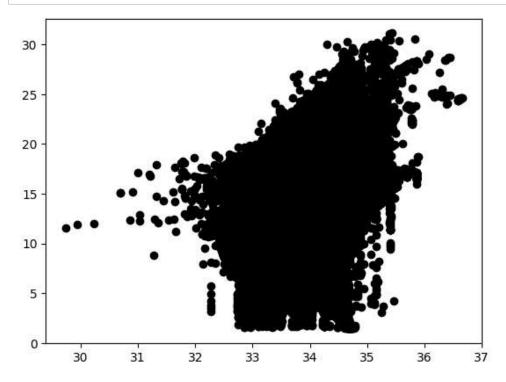
```
In [8]:

    df.info()
             <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
             RangeIndex: 864863 entries, 0 to 864862
             Data columns (total 2 columns):
                 Column Non-Null Count
                                          Dtype
             ---
                 -----
              0
                 Sal
                          817509 non-null float64
                          853900 non-null float64
              1
                  Temp
             dtypes: float64(2)
             memory usage: 13.2 MB
In [10]:
          ▶ #Step-4: Data cleaning - Eliminating NaN OR missing input numbers
             df.fillna(method ='ffill', inplace = True)
             C:\Users\jyothi reddy\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_13408\3532286049.py:3: SettingWithCopy
             Warning:
             A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
             See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_g
             uide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/
             stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)
               df.fillna(method ='ffill', inplace = True)
          # Step-5: Training Our Model
In [11]:
             X = np.array(df['Sal']).reshape(-1, 1)
             y = np.array(df['Temp']).reshape(-1, 1)
             #Seperating the data into independent and dependent variables and convert
             #Now each dataset contains only one column
In [12]:

    df.dropna(inplace = True)

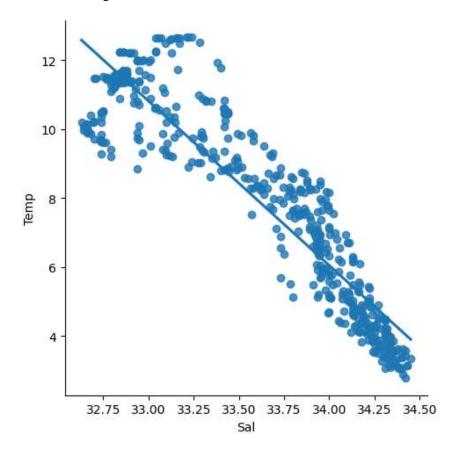
             C:\Users\jyothi reddy\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_13408\1791587065.py:1: SettingWithCopy
             Warning:
             A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
             See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_g
             uide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/
             stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)
               df.dropna(inplace = True)
In [13]:
          ▶ X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.25)
             # Splitting the data into training data and test data
             regr = LinearRegression()
             regr.fit(X train, y train)
             print(regr.score(X_test, y_test))
             0.20113565587943782
```

```
In [14]:  #step-6: Exploring Our Results
    y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
    plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'k')
    plt.show()
    # Data scatter of predicted valueS
```

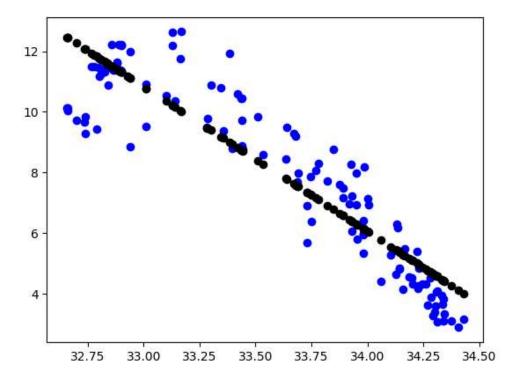


```
In [15]:  # Step-7: Working with a smaller Dataset
    df500 = df[:][:500]
    # Selecting the 1st 500 rows of the data
    sns.lmplot(x ="Sal", y ="Temp", data = df500, order = 1, ci = None)
```

Out[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x133c17d0a50>



Regression: 0.846425087424722



R2 score: 0.846425087424722

#step 9-conclusion: #Data set we have taken is poor for linear model but with the smaller data works well with Linear Model

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In [ ]: 🔰
```